COVERSHEET DOCUMENTS POSTED ON BUILDER'S EXCHANGE OF WASHINGTON



Project Name	Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor, City of Everett, WA #3785
Contractor Name	Earthworks Solutions, LLC
Bid Opening Date	10/1/2024 @ 2:00 pm PDT
City Clerk's Digital Certification Stamp	

CITY OF EVERETT

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS FOR

FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

COE PW# 3785 FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026)



PREPARED BY:

CITY OF EVERETT

PUBLIC WORKS - ENGINEERING & PUBLIC SERVICES DEPARTMENT 3200 CEDAR STREET EVERETT, WA 98201

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CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

COE PW# 3785 FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026)

SEPTEMBER 2024

Prepared By:

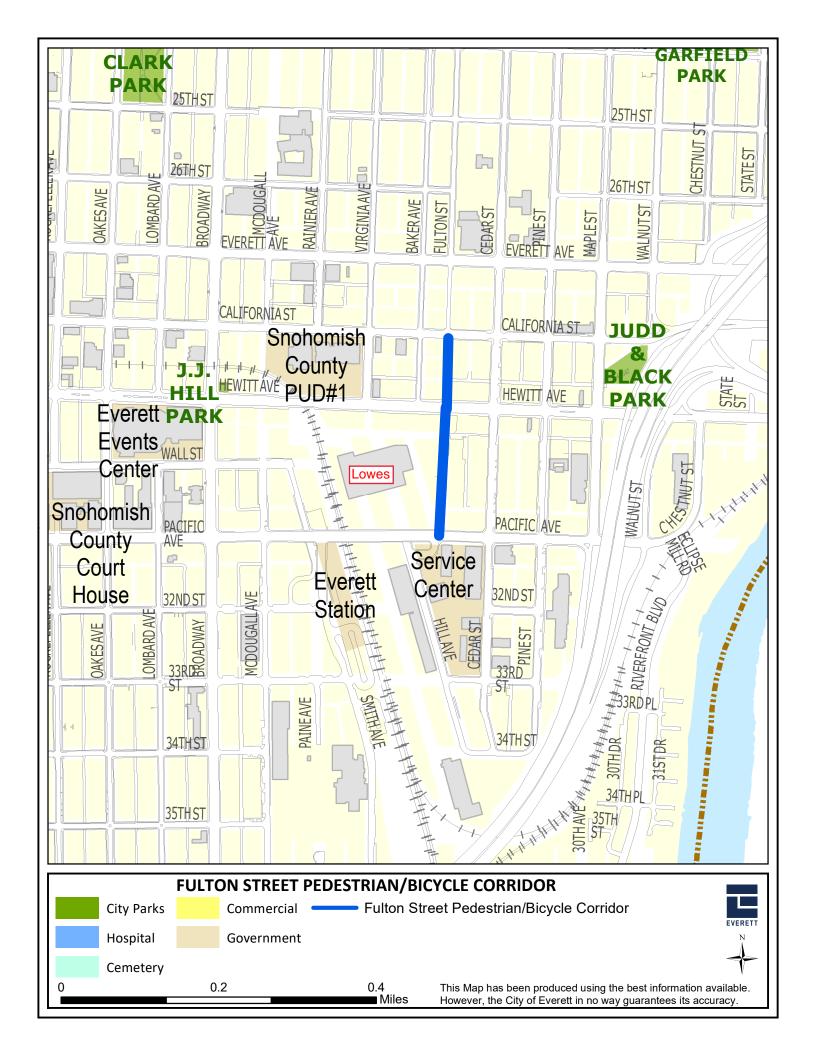
Laura Claywell City of Everett, Public Works Department 425-257-8909 Iclaywell@everettwa.gov



City of Everett Principal Engineer



City of Everett City Engineer This page intentionally left blank



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CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS FOR

FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

COE # 3785 FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026)

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

ADVERTISEMENT FOR BIDS

Notice is hereby given that sealed bids/proposals for the **Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor** will be received at the City Clerk, 1st Floor Everett Municipal Building, 2930 Wetmore, Everett, WA, 98201, until 2:00 p.m. on Tuesday, **October 1, 2024**. At this appointed time, all bids/proposals will be opened and read aloud publicly via live streaming, or bidders may attend the bid opening in person at 2930 Wetmore Ave, Suite 9E, Everett, WA 98201. The link to view the live streaming bid opening can be found at: https://everettwa.gov/319/Procurement.

The engineer's estimate for this project is \$882,000, not including sales tax.

The project includes, is not limited to, The construction of up to 135 tons of Hot Mix Asphalt, Class ½-inch, PG 64-22, two inches (2") thick, on Fulton Street from Hewitt to California, including grinding, 353 SY cement concrete pavement panel replacement on Fulton from Pacific to Hewitt intersections, utility adjustments, such as catch basin, inlet, valve box, monument case and cover, striping, channelization, video traffic detection, and performing all other work as required by the contract.

Free-of-charge access to project bidding documents (plans, specifications, addenda, bidders list, and other documents, if any) is provided to bidders, subcontractors, and vendors at www.bxwa.com by clicking on "Posted Projects", "Public Works", and "City of Everett". This online plan room provides bidders with fully usable online documents with the ability to: download, view, print, order full/partial plan sets from numerous reprographic sources, and a free online digitizer/take-off tool. It is recommended that Bidders "Register" in order to receive automatic e-mail notification of future addenda and to place themselves on the "Self-Registered Bidders List". Bidders that do not register will not be automatically notified of addenda and will need to periodically check the on-line plan room for addenda issued on this project. Contact Builders Exchange of Washington at (425) 258-1303 should you require assistance with access or registration.

All bids/proposals must be made upon the City forms provided in the bidding documents and must be accompanied by a bid bond or certified check or cashier's check in an amount not less than five percent (5%) of the total amount of the bid/proposal, all in accordance with the bidding documents. A one hundred percent (100%) performance bond (and a one hundred percent (100%) payment bond, as may be required in the bidding documents), on form(s) provided by the City, will be required of the successful bidder to guarantee faithful performance of the Contract.

Bidders are made aware of the requirement to include a Bidders Questionnaire (WSDOT form 272-022) in accordance with special provisions section 1-02.6. Bids that do not include this form at the time of bid will be rejected in accordance with Section 1-02.13 of the special provisions.

The City reserves the right to reject any and all bids/proposals and to waive any irregularities or informalities. Except as may be provided in the bidding documents, no bidder may withdraw its Bid after the hour set for the

opening thereof. The City further reserves the right to make the award as deemed in the best interest of the City. The right is reserved by the City to postpone the award for a period of 45 days after bid opening.

The Contractor will be required to comply with all local, State, and Federal laws and regulations pertaining to equal employment opportunities.

The City, in accordance with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively ensure that, in any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full and fair opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award.

By order of the City Council, Everett, Washington.

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BENEFITS CODE KEY

STATE PREVAILING WAGES

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- D) FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION; REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS (FHWA-1273, 10/23/23)
- E) SAMPLE CHANGE ORDER FORMS; AGREED AND UNILATERAL

NOTE: PDF FILL-ABLE WSDOT FORMS FOUND AT https://www.wsdot.wa.gov/forms/pdfForms.html MAY BE SUBSTITUED FOR PROVIDED FORMS IF MATCHING FORM NUMBER AND REVISION DATE IS USED.

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CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR WORK ORDER NO.: PW 3785 FEDERAL AID NO.: TAP-0420(026)

INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS FOR FEDERAL-AID PROJECTS

1.0 Design Engineer

Questions and inquiries about these Contract Provisions should be directed to the attention of Laura Claywell, (425) 257-8909 or Iclaywell@everettwa.gov.

2.0 Bidder's Check List

The bidder's attention is directed to the following City-provided forms which must be executed in full as required and submitted with the bid. Online fill-able forms may be downloaded from https://www.wsdot.wa.gov/forms/pdfForms.html, exact form number and revision date must be used:

- 1. **Proposal:** The lump sum and unit price items must be shown in the space provided. Show unit prices in figures.
- 2. **Proposal Signature Sheet:** To be filled in and signed by the Bidder.
- 3. Local Agency Subcontractor List (DOT Form 271-15A Rev 06/2020): To be filled in by the Bidder.
- 4. Local Agency Certification for Federal-Aid Contracts (DOT Form 272-040A Rev 07/2011): To be submitted with the bid.
- **5.** Local Agency Non-Collusion Declaration (DOT Form 272-036l Rev 07/2011): To be submitted with the bid.
- 6. **Bid Bond:** This form provided by the City is to be executed by the Bidder and the surety company unless bid is accompanied by a certified check or cashier's check. The amount of this bond shall be not less than five percent (5%) of the total amount bid and may be shown in dollars or on a percentage basis. Cash will not be accepted.
- 7. **Bidder Questionnaire (DOT Form 272-022):** To be filled in and signed by the bidder (if DBE goal is assigned.)
- 8. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification (DOT Form 272-056 Rev 12/2021): To be filled in and signed by the bidder (if DBE goal is assigned.)
- 9. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Written Confirmation Document (DOT Form 422-031 Rev 07/2016): To be filled in and signed by DBEs (if DBE goal is assigned.)
- 10. Disadvantaged business enterprise (DBE) Bid Item Breakdown Form (DOT Form 272-054 Rev 09/2020): To be filled in by Bidder (if DBE goal is assigned.)
- 11. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Trucking Credit Form (DOT Form 422-058 Rev 09/2020): To be filled in and signed by DBE Trucking Firms (if DBE goal is assigned.)
- 12. **Proposal for Incorporating Recycled Materials into the Project:** To be filled in and signed by the Bidder. (http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/partners/apwa/recycledmatsbidform.pdf)

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR WORK ORDER NO.: PW 3785 FEDERAL AID NO.: TAP-0420(026)

Failure to complete the aforementioned forms and to submit said forms with the bid may be due cause for rejection of bid. All protests by Bidders must be in accordance with Chapter 3.46 of the Everett Municipal Code, "Bid Protest Procedures."

3.0 Pre-Award Forms

The following form is required to be signed and submitted prior to award of Contract:

Certification of Compliance with Wage Payment Statutes: To be filled in and signed. This
certification is not required to be submitted with the bid proposal and may be submitted
after bid opening. The Contract cannot be awarded without this certification.

4.0 Contract Forms

The following forms are to be executed and/or delivered after the award of Contract:

- 1. **Contract:** This Contract to be executed by the successful bidder with the City's AdobeSign system within twenty (20) calendar days after the award date.
- 2. **Performance Bond (DOT Form 272-002A Rev 12/2019)**: This form is to be executed by the successful bidder and surety company in duplicate and delivered to the City within twenty (20) calendar days after the award date. The amount of this bond shall be one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of the bid and shall be submitted with the contract.
- 3. Payment Bond (DOT Form 272-003A Rev 12/2019): This form is to be executed by the successful bidder and surety company in duplicate and delivered to the City within twenty (20) calendar days after the award date. The amount of this bond shall be one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of the bid and shall be submitted with the contract.
- 4. **Proof of Insurance:** Insurance certificates and endorsements shall be obtained and maintained in force in accordance with Section 1-07.18 of the Special Provisions. Pdf copies of the certification and endorsements must be delivered to the City within twenty (20) calendar days after the award date.
- 5. **Power of Attorney:** Attorneys-in-fact who sign bonds must file with each bond a certified and effectively dated copy of their Power of Attorney.
- 6. Statement of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wage (L&I Form 700-29) and Affidavit of Wages Paid (K-700-007-000) from the Contractor, Subcontractor and any agent to the Subcontractor shall be submitted to the Employment Standards Division, State Department of Labor and Industries, Olympia, Washington.
- 7. Weekly Statement with Respect to Payment of Wages (Form WH347): Contractors, Subcontractors, and agents to Subcontractors using Payroll Form WH347) may use State of Compliance found on back of form. Contractors, Subcontractors, or agents to Subcontractors not using Payroll Form WH347 shall attach the Statement of Compliance Form WH348 to each payroll. Submittal of Certified Payrolls and Statements of

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON CONTRACT PROVISIONS FOR WORK ORDER NO.: PW 3785 FEDERAL AID NO.: TAP-0420(026)

Compliance is required for projects utilizing federal funds, or when requested in writing by the Engineer.

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1 **COE INTRO OptionA.RTF** 2 INTRODUCTION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS 3 4 5 6 (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP, Option A) 7 8 The work on this project shall be accomplished in accordance with the Standard Specifications 9 for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction, 2024 edition, as issued by the Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) and the American Public Works Association (APWA), 10 11 Washington State Chapter (hereafter "Standard Specifications"). The Standard Specifications, as modified or supplemented by these Special Provisions, all of which are 12 13 made a part of the Contract Documents, shall govern all of the Work. 14 15 These Special Provisions are made up of both General Special Provisions (GSPs) from various sources, which may have project-specific fill-ins; and project-specific Special 16 Provisions. Each ProvFision either supplements, modifies, or replaces the comparable 17 Standard Specification, or is a new Provision. The deletion, amendment, alteration, or addition 18 19 to any subsection or portion of the Standard Specifications is meant to pertain only to that 20 particular portion of the section, and in no way should it be interpreted that the balance of the 21 section does not apply. 22 23 The GSPs are labeled under the headers of each GSP, with the effective date of the GSP and 24 its source. For example: 25 26 (March 8, 2013 APWA GSP) 27 (April 1, 2013 WSDOTGSP) 28 (May 1, 2013 City of Everett COE GSP) Agency Special Provision 29 30 31 Project specific special provisions are labeled without a date as such: 32 33 34 Also incorporated into the Contract Documents by reference are: 35 Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, currently adopted 36 edition, with Washington State modifications, if any 37 • Standard Plans for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction, WSDOT Manual 38 M21-01, current edition 39 Design and Construction Standards & Specifications for Development, City of Everett. 40 current edition 41 42 Contractor shall obtain copies of these publications, at Contractor's own expense. 43 DIVISION1.GR1 44 45 Division 1 **General Requirements** 46

DESCRIPTION OF WORK

DESWORK.GR1

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2 (March 13, 1995)

This Contract provides for the improvement of ***The construction of up to 130 tons of Hot Mix Asphalt, Class ½-inch, PG 64-22, two inches (2") thick, on Fulton Street from Hewitt Ave to California, including grinding, sidewalk construction, driveway ramps, Concrete panel replacement for up to 410 SY from Pacific to Hewitt, signing, bike lanes, utility adjustments, valve box, J-box, striping, video traffic detection, *** and other work, all in accordance with the attached Contract Plans, these Contract Provisions, and the Standard Specifications.

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1-01.3.RTF

1-01.3 **Definitions**

(January 19, 2022 APWA GSP)

12 13 14

Delete the heading Completion Dates and the three paragraphs that follow it, and replace them with the following:

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Dates

Bid Opening Date

The date on which the Contracting Agency publicly opens and reads the Bids.

Award Date

The date of the formal decision of the Contracting Agency to accept the lowest responsible and responsive Bidder for the Work.

Contract Execution Date

The date the Contracting Agency officially binds the Agency to the Contract.

Notice to Proceed Date

The date stated in the Notice to Proceed on which the Contract time begins.

Substantial Completion Date

The day the Engineer determines the Contracting Agency has full and unrestricted use and benefit of the facilities, both from the operational and safety standpoint, any remaining traffic disruptions will be rare and brief, and only minor incidental work, replacement of temporary substitute facilities, plant establishment periods, or correction or repair remains for the Physical Completion of the total Contract.

Physical Completion Date

The day all of the Work is physically completed on the project. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law does not necessarily need to be furnished by the Contractor by this date.

Completion Date

The day all the Work specified in the Contract is completed and all the obligations of the Contractor under the contract are fulfilled by the Contractor. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law must be furnished by the Contractor before establishment of this date.

Final Acceptance Date

The date on which the Contracting Agency accepts the Work as complete.

43 44 45

Supplement this Section with the following:

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All references in the Standard Specifications or WSDOT General Special Provisions, to the terms "Department of Transportation", "Washington State Transportation Commission", "Commission", "Secretary of Transportation", "Secretary", "Headquarters", and "State Treasurer" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency".

All references to the terms "State" or "state" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency" unless the reference is to an administrative agency of the State of Washington. a State statute or regulation, or the context reasonably indicates otherwise.

5 6

All references to "State Materials Laboratory" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency designated location".

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10

All references to "final contract voucher certification" shall be interpreted to mean the Contracting Agency form(s) by which final payment is authorized, and final completion and acceptance granted.

11 12 13

Additive

14 15 16

A supplemental unit of work or group of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, which may, at the discretion of the Contracting Agency, be awarded in addition to the base bid.

17 18

Alternate

19 20 21 One of two or more units of work or groups of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, from which the Contracting Agency may make a choice between different methods or material of construction for performing the same work.

22 23

24

Business Day

A business day is any day from Monday through Friday except holidays as listed in Section 1-08.5.

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Contract Bond

28 29 30 The definition in the Standard Specifications for "Contract Bond" applies to whatever bond form(s) are required by the Contract Documents, which may be a combination of a Payment Bond and a Performance Bond.

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Contract Documents

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See definition for "Contract".

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Contract Time

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The period of time established by the terms and conditions of the Contract within which the Work must be physically completed.

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Notice of Award

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The written notice from the Contracting Agency to the successful Bidder signifying the Contracting Agency's acceptance of the Bid Proposal.

42 43

Notice to Proceed

44 45 46 The written notice from the Contracting Agency or Engineer to the Contractor authorizing and directing the Contractor to proceed with the Work and establishing the date on which the Contract time begins.

47 48

Traffic

49 50 Both vehicular and non-vehicular traffic, such as pedestrians, bicyclists, wheelchairs, and equestrian traffic.

Information as to where Bid Documents can be obtained or reviewed can be found in the Call for Bids (Advertisement for Bids) for the work.

After award of the contract, plans and specifications will be issued to the Contractor at no

To Prime Contractor	No. of Sets	Basis of Distribution
Reduced plans (11" x 17")	5	Furnished automatically upon award.
Contract Provisions	5	Furnished automatically upon award.
Large plans (e.g., 22" x 34")	3	Furnished only upon request.

Additional plans and Contract Provisions may be obtained by the Contractor from the source stated in the Call for Bids, at the Contractor's own expense.

F1-02.4(1).OptionB.docx 1-02.4(1) General

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP Option B)

The first sentence of the ninth paragraph, beginning with "Prospective Bidder desiring...", is revised to read:

Prospective Bidders desiring an explanation or interpretation of the Bid Documents, shall request the explanation or interpretation in writing by close of business ***3*** business days preceding the bid opening to allow a written reply to reach all prospective Bidders before the submission of their Bids.

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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also list estimated quantities, units of measurement, the items of work, and the materials to be furnished at the unit bid prices. The bidder shall complete spaces on the proposal form that call for, but are not limited to, unit prices; extensions; summations; the total bid amount; signatures; date; and, where applicable, retail sales taxes and acknowledgment of addenda; the bidder's name, address, telephone number, and signature; the bidder's UDBE/DBE/M/WBE commitment, if applicable; a State of Washington Contractor's Registration Number; and a Business License Number, if applicable. Bids shall be completed by typing or shall be printed in ink by hand, preferably in black ink. The required certifications are included as part of the Proposal Form.

The Contracting Agency reserves the right to arrange the proposal forms with alternates

and additives, if such be to the advantage of the Contracting Agency. The bidder shall

bid on all alternates and additives set forth in the Proposal Form unless otherwise

The Proposal Form will identify the project and its location and describe the work. It will

17 18 19

20 21 22

23 24

1-02.6.GR1

Preparation of Proposal

25 26 27

1-02.6.INST3.GR1

specified.

Section 1-02.6 is supplemented with the following:

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1-02.6.OPT3.NEW.GR1

(November 20, 2023)

The Bidder shall submit with the Bid the following:

- 1) Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056)
- 2) DBE Written Confirmation Form (WSDOT Form 422-031) For each and every DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification, the Bidder shall submit written confirmation from that DBE firm that the DBE is in agreement with the DBE participation commitment that the Bidder has made in the Bidder's completed Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification.
- 3) Good Faith Effort Documentation Bidder must submit good faith effort documentation with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification ONLY In The Event the bidder's efforts to solicit sufficient DBE participation have been unsuccessful.
- 4) DBE Item Breakdown (WSDOT Form 272-054) The Bidder shall submit a DBE Item Breakdown form defining the scope of work to be performed by each DBE listed on the DBE Utilization Certification.

1 2 3 4	Directions for delivery of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise, Written Confirmation Documents, and Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Good Faith Effort documentation are included in Sections 1-02.9 and 1-02.10.
5 6 7	1-02.6.OptionB.RTF (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP 1-02.6, Option B)
8	Supplement the second paragraph with the following:
9 10	 If a minimum bid amount has been established for any item, the unit or lump sum price must equal or exceed the minimum amount stated.
11 12	 Any correction to a bid made by interlineation, alteration, or erasure, shall be initialed by the signer of the bid.
13 14	Delete the last two paragraphs, and replace them with the following:
15 16 17 18 19 20 21	The Bidder shall submit with their Bid a completed Contractor Certification Wage Law Compliance form, provided by the Contracting Agency. Failure to return this certification as part of the Bid Proposal package will make this Bid Nonresponsive and ineligible for Award. A Contractor Certification of Wage Law Compliance form is included in the Proposal Forms.
22	The Bidder shall make no stipulation on the Bid Form, nor qualify the bid in any manner.
23 24 25 26	A bid by a corporation shall be executed in the corporate name, by the president or a vice president (or other corporate officer accompanied by evidence of authority to sign).
27 28 29	A bid by a partnership shall be executed in the partnership name, and signed by a partner. A copy of the partnership agreement shall be submitted with the Bid Form if any DBE requirements are to be satisfied through such an agreement.
30 31 32 33 34	A bid by a joint venture shall be executed in the joint venture name and signed by a member of the joint venture. A copy of the joint venture agreement shall be submitted with the Bid Form if any DBE requirements are to be satisfied through such an agreement.
35 36 37 38	1-02.6(1).RTF Add the following new section:
39 40 41	1-02.6(1) Recycled Materials Proposal (January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)
42 43	The Bidder shall submit with the Bid, its proposal for incorporating recycled materials into the project, using the form provided in the Contract Provisions.
44 45 46 47	1-02.7.RTF 1-02.7 Bid Deposit (March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)
48 49 50	Supplement this section with the following:

Bid bonds shall contain the following:

- 1 1. Contracting Agency-assigned number for the project;
 - 2. Name of the project;

- 3. The Contracting Agency named as obligee;
- 4. The amount of the bid bond stated either as a dollar figure or as a percentage which represents five percent of the maximum bid amount that could be awarded;
- 5. Signature of the bidder's officer empowered to sign official statements. The signature of the person authorized to submit the bid should agree with the signature on the bond, and the title of the person must accompany the said signature;
- 6. The signature of the surety's officer empowered to sign the bond and the power of attorney.

If so stated in the Contract Provisions, bidder must use the bond form included in the Contract Provisions.

If so stated in the Contract Provisions, cash will not be accepted for a bid deposit.

1-02.9.OptionB.RTF 1-02.9 Delivery of Proposal

(July 8, 2024 APWA GSP Option B)

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

DBE DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

General

Each Proposal shall be submitted in a sealed envelope, with the Project Name and Project Number as stated in the Call for Bids clearly marked on the outside of the envelope, or as otherwise required in the Bid Documents, to ensure proper handling and delivery.

To be considered responsive on a FHWA-funded project, the Bidder may be required to submit the following items, as required by Section 1-02.6:

- DBE Utilization Certification (WSDOT 272-056)
- DBE Written Confirmation Document (WSDOT 422-031) from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization Certification
- Good Faith Effort (GFE) Documentation (if applicable)
- DBE Bid Item Breakdown (WSDOT 272-054)

Proposals that are received as required will be publicly opened and read as specified in Section 1-02.12. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any Bid Proposal that is received after the time specified in the Call for Bids for receipt of Bid Proposals or received in a location other than that specified in the Call for Bids. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any "Supplemental Information" (Written Confirmation Documents or GFE Documentation) that is received after the time specified or received in a location other than that specified in the Call for Bids.

If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal work processes of the Contracting Agency so that Proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of bids as specified in Section 1-02.12 the time specified for receipt of the Proposal will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the

solicitation on the first work day on which the normal work processes of the Contracting Agency resume.

Supplemental bid information submitted after the proposal submittal but within 48 hours of the time and date the proposal is due, shall be submitted as follows:

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- In a sealed envelope labeled the same as for the Proposal, with "Supplemental Information" added, or
- 2. By facsimile to the following FAX number: 425 257-8882, or
- 3. By e-mail to the following e-mail address: sbridge@everettwa.gov

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DBE Utilization Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056)

The DBE Utilization Certification shall be received at the same location and no later than the time required for delivery of the Proposal. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any Proposal when the DBE Utilization Certification is received after the time specified for receipt of Proposals or received in a location other than that specified for receipt of Proposals. The DBE Utilization Certification may be submitted in the same envelope as the Bid deposit.

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DBE Written Confirmation Document (WSDOT Form 422-031) and/or GFE Documentation, (if applicable)

The DBE Written Confirmation Documents and/or GFE Documentation are not required to be submitted with the Proposal. The DBE Written Confirmation Document(s) and/or GFE Documentation(if applicable) shall be received either with the Bid Proposal or as a Supplement to the Bid. The Written Confirmation and/or GFE Documentation shall be received no later than 48 hours (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays) after the time for delivery of the Proposal. To be considered responsive, Bidders shall submit a Written Confirmation Document from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization Certification and/or the GFE Documentation as required by Section 1-02.6.

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DBE Bid Item Breakdown Form (WSDOT Form 272-054)

The DBE Bid Item Breakdown shall be received either with the Bid Proposal or as a Supplement to the Bid. The documents shall be received no later than 48 hours (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays) after the time for delivery of the Proposal. To be considered responsive. Bidders shall submit a completed DBE Bid Item Breakdown. however, the Contractor may correct minor errors to the DBE Bid Item Breakdown for a period up to five calendar days after bid opening (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays). DBE Bid Item Breakdowns that are still incorrect after the correction period will be determined to be non-responsive.

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The DBE Bid Item Breakdown will not be included as part of the executed Contract.

1-02.13.RTF

1-02.13 **Irregular Proposals**

(January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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- 1. A Proposal will be considered irregular and will be rejected if:
- 49 The Bidder is not pregualified when so required: a. 50
 - The Bidder adds provisions reserving the right to reject or accept the Award. b. or enter into the Contract:
 - A price per unit cannot be determined from the Bid Proposal; C.

- d. 1 The Proposal form is not properly executed; 2 The Bidder fails to submit or properly complete a subcontractor list (WSDOT e. 3 Form 271-015), if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6; 4 f. The Bidder fails to submit or properly complete a Disadvantaged Business 5 Enterprise Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056), if applicable, as required in 6 Section 1-02.6: 7 The Bidder fails to submit Written Confirmations (WSDOT Form 422-031) g. 8 from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization
 - Certification that they are in agreement with the bidder's DBE participation commitment, if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the written confirmation that is submitted fails to meet the requirements of the Special Provisions:
 - h. The Bidder fails to submit DBE Good Faith Effort documentation, if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the documentation that is submitted fails to demonstrate that a Good Faith Effort to meet the Condition of Award in accordance with Section 1-07.11:
 - i. The Bidder fails to submit a DBE Bid Item Breakdown (WSDOT Form 272-054), if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the documentation that is submitted fails to meet the requirements of the Special Provisions;
 - j. The Bid Proposal does not constitute a definite and unqualified offer to meet the material terms of the Bid invitation.
 - 2. A Proposal may be considered irregular and may be rejected if:
 - The Proposal does not include a unit price for every Bid item; a.
 - b. Any of the unit prices are excessively unbalanced (either above or below the amount of a reasonable Bid) to the potential detriment of the Contracting
 - The authorized Proposal Form furnished by the Contracting Agency is not C. used or is altered;
 - The completed Proposal form contains unauthorized additions, deletions, d. alternate Bids, or conditions;
 - Receipt of Addenda is not acknowledged; e.
 - f. A member of a joint venture or partnership and the joint venture or partnership submit Proposals for the same project (in such an instance, both Bids may be rejected); or
 - If Proposal form entries are not made in ink. g.

1-02.14.Option.A.RTF

1-02.14 Disqualification of Bidders

(May 17, 2018 APWA GSP, Option A)

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

A Bidder will be deemed not responsible if the Bidder does not meet the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1), as amended.

The Contracting Agency will verify that the Bidder meets the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1). To assess bidder responsibility, the Contracting Agency reserves the right to request documentation as needed from the Bidder and third parties concerning the Bidder's compliance with the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria.

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If the Contracting Agency determines the Bidder does not meet the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1) and is therefore not a responsible Bidder, the Contracting Agency shall notify the Bidder in writing, with the reasons for its determination. If the Bidder disagrees with this determination, it may appeal the determination within two (2) business days of the Contracting Agency's determination by presenting its appeal and any additional information to the Contracting Agency. The Contracting Agency will consider the appeal and any additional information before issuing its final determination. If the final determination affirms that the Bidder is not responsible, the Contracting Agency will not execute a contract with any other Bidder until at least two business days after the Bidder determined to be not responsible has received the Contracting Agency's final determination.

1-02.15.RTF

1-02.15 Pre Award Information

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Revise this section to read:

Before awarding any contract, the Contracting Agency may require one or more of these items or actions of the apparent lowest responsible bidder:

- A complete statement of the origin, composition, and manufacture of any or all materials to be used,
- 2. Samples of these materials for quality and fitness tests,
- 3. A progress schedule (in a form the Contracting Agency requires) showing the order of and time required for the various phases of the work,
- 4. A breakdown of costs assigned to any bid item,
- 5. Attendance at a conference with the Engineer or representatives of the Engineer,
- 6. Obtain, and furnish a copy of, a business license to do business in the city or county where the work is located.
- 7. Any other information or action taken that is deemed necessary to ensure that the bidder is the lowest responsible bidder.

1-03.1(1).RTF

1-03.1(1) Identical Bid Totals

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Revise this section to read:

After opening Bids, if two or more lowest responsive Bid totals are exactly equal, then the tie-breaker will be the Bidder with an equal lowest bid, that proposed to use the highest percentage of recycled materials in the Project, per the form submitted with the Bid Proposal. If those percentages are also exactly equal, then the tie-breaker will be determined by drawing as follows: Two or more slips of paper will be marked as follows: one marked "Winner" and the other(s) marked "unsuccessful". The slips will be folded to make the marking unseen. The slips will be placed inside a box. One authorized representative of each Bidder shall draw a slip from the box. Bidders shall draw in alphabetic order by the name of the firm as registered with the Washington State Department of Licensing. The slips shall be unfolded and the firm with the slip marked "Winner" will be determined to be the successful Bidder and eligible for Award of the Contract. Only those Bidders who submitted a Bid total that is exactly equal to the lowest

3 4 **Execution of Contract** 1-03.3 5 (July 8, 2024 APWA GSP Option B) 6 7 This section is supplemented with the following: 8 No later than 5 calendar days after the Award date (not including Saturdays, Sundays and 9 Holidays), the successful Bidder shall provide DBE Trucking Credit Form(s) (WSDOT Form 272-058) when trucking appears on the DBE Utilization Certificate (WSDOT Form 272-10 11 056). The DBE Trucking Credit Form shall document how the DBE Trucking firm will be able to perform the scope of work subcontracted to them. 12 13 14 Trucking forms will be returned for correction. Trucking Credit Form(s) will not be included 15 as part of the executed Contract. 16 17 DBE Trucking Credit Forms shall be submitted in one of the following ways: 18 1. By E-mail Sbridge@everettwa.gov 2. By Mail to: 3200 Cedar Street Everett, WA 98201 19 20 21 22 23 24 1-03.4.RTF 25 1-03.4 Contract Bond 26 (July 23, 2015 APWA GSP) 27 28 Delete the first paragraph and replace it with the following: 29 30 The successful bidder shall provide executed payment and performance bond(s) for the 31 full contract amount. The bond may be a combined payment and performance bond; or 32 be separate payment and performance bonds. In the case of separate payment and 33 performance bonds, each shall be for the full contract amount. The bond(s) shall: 34 1. Be on Contracting Agency-furnished form(s); 35 2. Be signed by an approved surety (or sureties) that: 36 a. Is registered with the Washington State Insurance Commissioner, and 37 b. Appears on the current Authorized Insurance List in the State of Washington published by the Office of the Insurance Commissioner, 38 39 3. Guarantee that the Contractor will perform and comply with all obligations, duties, 40 and conditions under the Contract, including but not limited to the duty and obligation 41 to indemnify, defend, and protect the Contracting Agency against all losses and 42 claims related directly or indirectly from any failure: a. Of the Contractor (or any of the employees, subcontractors, or lower tier 43 44 subcontractors of the Contractor) to faithfully perform and comply with all contract 45 obligations, conditions, and duties, or b. Of the Contractor (or the subcontractors or lower tier subcontractors of the 46 47 Contractor) to pay all laborers, mechanics, subcontractors, lower tier 48 subcontractors, material person, or any other person who provides supplies or 49 provisions for carrying out the work; PAGE 11 OF 114

responsive Bid, and with a proposed recycled materials percentage that is exactly equal

to the highest proposed recycled materials amount, are eligible to draw.

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- 4. Be conditioned upon the payment of taxes, increases, and penalties incurred on the project under titles 50, 51, and 82 RCW; and
- 5. Be accompanied by a power of attorney for the Surety's officer empowered to sign the bond; and
- 6. Be signed by an officer of the Contractor empowered to sign official statements (sole proprietor or partner). If the Contractor is a corporation, the bond(s) must be signed by the president or vice president, unless accompanied by written proof of the authority of the individual signing the bond(s) to bind the corporation (i.e., corporate resolution, power of attorney, or a letter to such effect signed by the president or vice president).

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1-03.7.RTF

1-03.7 **Judicial Review**

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise this section to read:

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All decisions made by the Contracting Agency regarding the Award and execution of the Contract or Bid rejection shall be conclusive subject to the scope of judicial review permitted under Washington Law. Such review, if any, shall be timely filed in the Superior Court of the county where the Contracting Agency headquarters is located, provided that where an action is asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction.

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1-04.2.RTF

1-04.2 **Coordination of Contract Documents, Plans, Special Provisions,** Specifications, and Addenda

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

29 30

Revise the second paragraph to read:

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Any inconsistency in the parts of the contract shall be resolved by following this order of precedence (e.g., 1 presiding over 2, 2 over 3, 3 over 4, and so forth):

- 1. Addenda,
- 2. Proposal Form,
- 3. Special Provisions,
- 4. Contract Plans.
- 5. Standard Specifications,
- 6. Contracting Agency's Standard Plans or Details (if any), and
- 7. WSDOT Standard Plans for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction.

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1-04.4.RTF

1-04.4 Changes

(January 19, 2022 APWA GSP)

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The first two sentences of the last paragraph of Section 1-04.4 are deleted.

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48 1-04.4(1).RTF

49 **Minor Changes** 1-04.4(1)

(May 30, 2019 APWA GSP) 50

1 2	Delete the first paragraph and replace it with the following:
3 4 5 6 7 8	Payments or credits for changes amounting to \$\$\$25,000\$\$ or less may be made under the Bid item "Minor Change". At the discretion of the Contracting Agency, this procedure for Minor Changes may be used in lieu of the more formal procedure as outlined in Section 1-04.4, Changes. All "Minor Change" work will be within the scope of the Contract Work and will not change Contract Time.
9	1-05.4.GR1
10 11	Conformity with and Deviations from Plans and Stakes
12	1-05.4.INST1.GR1
13 14	Section 1-05.4 is supplemented with the following:
15	1-05.4.OPT4.GR1
16	(March 9, 2023)
17	Contractor Surveying – ADA Features
18	ADA Feature Staking Requirements
19	The Contractor shall be responsible for setting, maintaining, and resetting all
20	alignment stakes, and grades necessary for the construction of the ADA features.
21	Calculations, surveying, and measuring required for setting and maintaining the
22	necessary lines and grades shall be the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor
23	shall build the ADA features within the specifications in the Standard Plans and
24	contract documents.
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26	ADA Feature Contract Compliance
27	The Contractor shall be responsible for completing measurements to verify all ADA
28	features comply with the Contract in the presence of the Engineer.
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30	ADA Feature As-Built Measurements
31	The Contractor shall be responsible for providing the latitude and longitude of each
32	ADA feature as indicated on the ADA Inspection Form(s) (WSDOT Form 224-020).
33	
34	The completed ADA Inspection Form(s) (WSDOT Form 224-020) shall be submitted
35	as a Type 3 Working Drawing and transmitted to the Engineer within 30 calendar
36	days of completing the ADA feature. After acceptance, the Contracting Agency will
37	submit the final form(s) to the WSDOT ADA Steward.
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40	Payment
41	Payment will be made for the following bid item that is included in the Proposal:
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43	"ADA Features Surveying", lump sum.
44	
45	The lump sum Contract price for "ADA Features Surveying" shall be full pay for all the
46	Work as specified.
47	
48	In the instance where an ADA feature does not meet accessibility requirements, all work
49	to replace non-compliant work and then to measure, record the as-built measurements,
50	and transmit the electronic forms to the Engineer shall be completed at no additional cost
51	to the Contracting Agency.
52	

 Supplement this section with the following:

If the Contractor fails to remedy defective or unauthorized work within the time specified in a written notice from the Engineer, or fails to perform any part of the work required by the Contract Documents, the Engineer may correct and remedy such work as may be identified in the written notice, with Contracting Agency forces or by such other means as the Contracting Agency may deem necessary.

If the Contractor fails to comply with a written order to remedy what the Engineer determines to be an emergency situation, the Engineer may have the defective and unauthorized work corrected immediately, have the rejected work removed and replaced, or have work the Contractor refuses to perform completed by using Contracting Agency or other forces. An emergency situation is any situation when, in the opinion of the Engineer, a delay in its remedy could be potentially unsafe, or might cause serious risk of loss or damage to the public.

Direct or indirect costs incurred by the Contracting Agency attributable to correcting and remedying defective or unauthorized work, or work the Contractor failed or refused to perform, shall be paid by the Contractor. Payment will be deducted by the Engineer from monies due, or to become due, the Contractor. Such direct and indirect costs shall include in particular, but without limitation, compensation for additional professional services required, and costs for repair and replacement of work of others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal, or replacement of the Contractor's unauthorized work.

No adjustment in contract time or compensation will be allowed because of the delay in the performance of the work attributable to the exercise of the Contracting Agency's rights provided by this Section.

The rights exercised under the provisions of this section shall not diminish the Contracting Agency's right to pursue any other avenue for additional remedy or damages with respect to the Contractor's failure to perform the work as required.

1-05.11.RTF 1-05.11 Final Inspection

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

1-05.11 Final Inspections and Operational Testing (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)

1-05.11(1) Substantial Completion Date

When the Contractor considers the work to be substantially complete, the Contractor shall so notify the Engineer and request the Engineer establish the Substantial Completion Date. The Contractor's request shall list the specific items of work that remain to be completed in order to reach physical completion. The Engineer will schedule an inspection of the work with the Contractor to determine the status of

completion. The Engineer may also establish the Substantial Completion Date unilaterally.

If, after this inspection, the Engineer concurs with the Contractor that the work is substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer, by written notice to the Contractor, will set the Substantial Completion Date. If, after this inspection the Engineer does not consider the work substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer will, by written notice, so notify the Contractor giving the reasons therefor.

Upon receipt of written notice concurring in or denying substantial completion, whichever is applicable, the Contractor shall pursue vigorously, diligently and without unauthorized interruption, the work necessary to reach Substantial and Physical Completion. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a revised schedule indicating when the Contractor expects to reach substantial and physical completion of the work.

The above process shall be repeated until the Engineer establishes the Substantial Completion Date and the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection.

1-05.11(2) Final Inspection and Physical Completion Date

When the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection, the Contractor by written notice, shall request the Engineer to schedule a final inspection. The Engineer will set a date for final inspection. The Engineer and the Contractor will then make a final inspection and the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of all particulars in which the final inspection reveals the work incomplete or unacceptable. The Contractor shall immediately take such corrective measures as are necessary to remedy the listed deficiencies. Corrective work shall be pursued vigorously, diligently, and without interruption until physical completion of the listed deficiencies. This process will continue until the Engineer is satisfied the listed deficiencies have been corrected.

If action to correct the listed deficiencies is not initiated within 7 days after receipt of the written notice listing the deficiencies, the Engineer may, upon written notice to the Contractor, take whatever steps are necessary to correct those deficiencies pursuant to Section 1-05.7.

The Contractor will not be allowed an extension of contract time because of a delay in the performance of the work attributable to the exercise of the Engineer's right hereunder.

Upon correction of all deficiencies, the Engineer will notify the Contractor and the Contracting Agency, in writing, of the date upon which the work was considered physically complete. That date shall constitute the Physical Completion Date of the contract, but shall not imply acceptance of the work or that all the obligations of the Contractor under the contract have been fulfilled.

1-05.11(3) Operational Testing

It is the intent of the Contracting Agency to have at the Physical Completion Date a complete and operable system. Therefore when the work involves the installation of machinery or other mechanical equipment; street lighting, electrical distribution or signal

1 systems; irrigation systems; buildings; or other similar work it may be desirable for the 2 Engineer to have the Contractor operate and test the work for a period of time after final 3 inspection but prior to the physical completion date. Whenever items of work are listed in 4 the Contract Provisions for operational testing they shall be fully tested under operating 5 conditions for the time period specified to ensure their acceptability prior to the Physical 6 Completion Date. During and following the test period, the Contractor shall correct any 7 items of workmanship, materials, or equipment which prove faulty, or that are not in first 8 class operating condition. Equipment, electrical controls, meters, or other devices and 9 equipment to be tested during this period shall be tested under the observation of the 10 Engineer, so that the Engineer may determine their suitability for the purpose for which 11 they were installed. The Physical Completion Date cannot be established until testing 12 and corrections have been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. 13 14 The costs for power, gas, labor, material, supplies, and everything else needed to 15 successfully complete operational testing, shall be included in the unit contract prices 16 related to the system being tested, unless specifically set forth otherwise in the proposal. 17 18 Operational and test periods, when required by the Engineer, shall not affect a 19 manufacturer's guaranties or warranties furnished under the terms of the contract. 20 21 22 1-05.13.RTF 23 **Superintendents, Labor and Equipment of Contractor** 1-05.13 24 (August 14, 2013 APWA GSP) 25 26 Delete the sixth and seventh paragraphs of this section. 27 28 1-05.14.GR1 29 **Cooperation with Other Contractors** 30 31 1-05.14.INST1.GR1 32 Section 1-05.14 is supplemented with the following: 33 34 F1-05.14.OPT1.DOCX 35 (March 13, 1995) Other Contracts Or Other Work 36 37 It is anticipated that the following work adjacent to or within the limits of this project will 38 be performed by others during the course of this project and will require coordination of 39 the work: 40 *** 41 42 43 2024 Pavement Maintenance Overlay project is adjacent to the Work on Pacific Ave 44 at Fulton Ave. 45 46 *** 47 48 49 1-05.15.RTF

1-05.15 Method of Serving Notices

(January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)

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Revise the second paragraph to read:

All correspondence from the Contractor shall be served and directed to the Engineer. All correspondence from the Contractor constituting any notification, notice of protest, notice of dispute, or other correspondence constituting notification required to be furnished under the Contract, must be written in paper format, hand delivered or sent via certified mail delivery service with return receipt requested to the Engineer's office. Electronic copies such as e-mails or electronically delivered copies of correspondence will not constitute such notice and will not comply with the requirements of the Contract.

1-05.16.RTF

 Add the following new section:

1-05.16 Water and Power (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall make necessary arrangements, and shall bear the costs for power and water necessary for the performance of the work, unless the contract includes power and water as a pay item.

1-05.18.RTF

 Add the following new section:

1-05.18 Record Drawings

(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall maintain one set of full size plans for Record Drawings, updated

with clear and accurate red-lined field revisions on a daily basis, and within 2 business days after receipt of information that a change in Work has occurred. The Contractor shall not conceal any work until the required information is recorded.

shall not conceal any work until the required information is recorde

This Record Drawing set shall be used for this purpose alone, shall be kept separate from other Plan sheets, and shall be clearly marked as Record Drawings. These Record Drawings shall be kept on site at the Contractor's field office, and shall be available for review by the Contracting Agency at all times. The Contractor shall bring the Record Drawings to each progress meeting for review.

The preparation and upkeep of the Record Drawings is to be the assigned responsibility of a single, experienced, and qualified individual. The quality of the Record Drawings, in terms of accuracy, clarity, and completeness, is to be adequate to allow the Contracting Agency to modify the computer-aided drafting (CAD) Contract Drawings to produce a complete set of Record Drawings for the Contracting Agency without further investigative

The Record Drawing markups shall document all changes in the Work, both concealed and visible. Items that must be shown on the markups include but are not limited to:

• Actual dimensions, arrangement, and materials used when different than shown in the Plans.

• Changes made by Change Order or Field Order.

Changes made by the Contractor.

effort by the Contracting Agency.

 Accurate locations of storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water mains and other water appurtenances, structures, conduits, light standards, vaults, width of roadways, sidewalks, landscaping areas, building footprints, channelization and pavement markings, etc. Include pipe invert elevations, top of castings (manholes, inlets, etc.).

If the Contract calls for the Contracting Agency to do all surveying and staking, the Contracting Agency will provide the elevations at the tolerances the Contracting Agency requires for the Record Drawings.

When the Contract calls for the Contractor to do the surveying/staking, the applicable tolerance limits include, but are not limited to the following:

	Vertical	Horizontal
As-built sanitary & storm invert and grate elevations	± 0.01 foot	± 0.01 foot
As-built monumentation	± 0.001 foot	± 0.001 foot
As-built waterlines, inverts, valves, hydrants	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built ponds/swales/water features	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built buildings (fin. Floor elev.)	± 0.01 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built gas lines, power, TV, Tel, Com	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built signs, signals, etc.	N/A	± 0.10 foot

Making Entries on the Record Drawings:

• Use erasable colored pencil (not ink) for all markings on the Record Drawings, conforming to the following color code:

Additions - Red

Deletions - GreenComments - Blue

• Dimensions- Graphite

 • Provide the applicable reference for all entries, such as the change order number, the request for information (RFI) number, or the approved shop drawing number.

Date all entries.

• Clearly identify all items in the entry with notes similar to those in the Contract Drawings (such as pipe symbols, centerline elevations, materials, pipe joint abbreviations, etc.).

 The Contractor shall certify on the Record Drawings that said drawings are an accurate depiction of built conditions, and in conformance with the requirements detailed above. The Contractor shall submit final Record Drawings to the Contracting Agency. Contracting Agency acceptance of the Record Drawings is one of the requirements for achieving Physical Completion.

Payment will be made for the following bid item:

Record Drawings (Minimum Bid \$ \$2,000.00) Lump Sum

Payment for this item will be made on a prorated monthly basis for work completed in accordance with this section up to 75% of the lump sum bid. The final 25% of the lump sum item will be paid upon submittal and approval of the completed Record Drawings set prepared in conformance with these Special Provisions.

A minimum bid amount has been entered in the Bid Proposal for this item. The Contractor must bid at least that amount.

1-06.GR1

Control of Material

1-06.INST1.GR1

Section 1-06 is supplemented with the following:

1-06.OPT2.GR1

Build America/Buy America

1-06.OPT2(A).GR1

(December 20, 2023)

General Requirements

In accordance with Buy America Preferences for Infrastructure Projects requirements contained in 2 CFR 184 and Division G, Title IX - Build America, Buy America Act (BABA), of Public Law 117-58 (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act), the following materials must be American-made:

- 1. All steel and iron used in the project are produced in the United States. This means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.
- 2. All manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States. This means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States, and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product has been established under applicable law or regulation.
- 3. All construction materials are manufactured in the United States. This means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States.

An article, material, or supply will be classified in one of three categories: 1) Steel and Iron, 2) Manufactured Product or 3) Construction Material. Only a single category will apply to an item and be subject to the requirements of the BABA requirements of that category. Some contract items are composed of multiple parts that may fall into different categories. Individual components will be categorized as a construction material, manufactured product, or steel and iron based on their composition when they arrive at the staging area or work site. When steel or iron are a component of a manufactured product or construction material, the steel and iron components will be subject to "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

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Definitions

- Construction Material: Defined as any article, material, or supply brought to the construction site for incorporation into the final product. Construction materials include an article, material, or supply that is or consists primarily of:
 - Non-ferrous metals including all manufacturing processes, from initial smelting a. or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly;
 - Plastic and polymer-based products including all manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form);
 - Glass including all manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting);
 - Fiber optic cable (includes drop cable) including all manufacturing processes, from initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, (fiber optic cable also includes the standards for glass and optical fiber):
 - Optical fiber including all manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage, though the completion of the draw;
 - f. Lumber including all manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planing;
 - Drywall including all manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels; or
 - h. Engineered wood including all manufacturing processes from the initial combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form.

Construction Materials do not include items of primarily iron or steel; manufactured products; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives.

If a Construction Material is not manufactured in the United States it shall be considered a Foreign Construction Material.

- Manufactured Product: A Manufactured product includes any item produced as a result of the manufacturing process. Items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process, should be treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.
- Manufactured in the United States: A construction material will be considered as manufactured in the United States if all manufacturing processes have occurred in the United States.
- Structural Steel: Defined as all structural steel products included in the project.

5. United States: To further define the coverage, a domestic product is a manufactured steel construction material that was produced in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or in the territories and possessions of the United States.

Steel and Iron Requirements

Major quantities of steel and iron construction materials that are permanently incorporated into the project shall consist of American-made materials only. BABA requirements do not apply to temporary steel or iron items, e.g., temporary sheet piling, temporary bridges, steel scaffolding and falsework.

Minor amounts of foreign steel and iron may be utilized in this project provided the cost of the foreign material used does not exceed one-tenth of one percent of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater.

American-made material is defined as material having all manufacturing processes occurring domestically.

If domestically produced steel billets or iron ingots are exported outside of the area of coverage, as defined above, for any manufacturing process then the resulting product does not conform to the BABA requirements. Additionally, products manufactured domestically from foreign source steel billets or iron ingots do not conform to the BABA requirements because the initial melting and mixing of alloys to create the material occurred in a foreign country.

Manufacturing begins with the initial melting and mixing and continues through the coating stage. Any process which modifies the chemical content, the physical size or shape, or the final finish is considered a manufacturing process. The processes include rolling, extruding, machining, bending, grinding, drilling, welding, and coating. The action of applying a coating to steel or iron is deemed a manufacturing process. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, aluminizing, painting, and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of steel or iron. Any process from the original reduction from ore to the finished product constitutes a manufacturing process for iron.

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to raw materials (iron ore and alloys), scrap (recycled steel or iron), and pig iron ore processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore.

The following are considered to be steel manufacturing processes:

- 1. Production of steel by any of the following processes:
 - a. Open hearth furnace.
 - b. Basic oxygen.
 - c. Electric furnace.
 - d. Direct reduction.
- 2. Rolling, heat treating, and any other similar processing.

- 3. Fabrication of the products:
 - a. Spinning wire into cable or strand.
 - b. Corrugating and rolling into culverts.
 - c. Shop fabrication.

A certification of materials origin will be required for all items comprised of, or containing, steel or iron construction materials prior to such items being incorporated into the permanent work. The Contractor will not receive payment until the certification is received by the Engineer. The certification shall be on WSDOT Form 350-109 provided by the Engineer, or such other form the Contractor chooses, provided it contains the same information as WSDOT Form 350-109.

Manufactured Products

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to manufactured products. Manufactured products that contain steel and iron, regardless of a nationwide waiver, will follow "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

Construction Material Requirements

A Contractor provided certification of materials origin will be required before each progress estimate or payment. The Contractor will not receive payment until the certification is received by the Engineer. The Contractor shall certify that all construction materials installed during the current progress estimate period meets the Build America, Buy America Act. The certification shall be on WSDOT Form 350-111 provided by the Engineer, or such other form the Contractor chooses, provided it contains the same information as WSDOT Form 350-111.

Waiver for De Minimis Costs

Minor amounts of Foreign Construction Materials may be utilized in this project, provided that the total cost of the Foreign Construction Materials does not exceed \$1,000,000 and does not exceed 5 percent of the total applicable material costs calculated as follows:

 $\frac{Total\ cost\ of\ Foreign\ Construction\ Materials}{Total\ applicable\ material\ costs} < 0.05$

The total applicable material costs shall be the sum of the costs all Construction Materials, all Steel and Iron, and all Manufactured Products. Total applicable material costs does not include the cost of cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives.

Steel and iron materials shall follow the "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

1-06.2(2)B.docx **1-06.2(2)B** Financial Incentive (January 4, 2024 AWPA GSP) 1-06.6.RTF

1-06.6 Recycled Materials

(January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

Delete this section, including its subsections, and replace it with the following:

The Contractor shall make their best effort to utilize recycled materials in the construction of the project. Approval of such material use shall be as detailed elsewhere in the Standard Specifications.

Prior to Physical Completion the Contractor shall report the quantity of recycled materials that were utilized in the construction of the project for each of the items listed in Section 9-03.21. The report shall include hot mix asphalt, recycled concrete aggregate, recycled glass, steel furnace slag and other recycled materials (e.g. utilization of on-site material and aggregates from concrete returned to the supplier). The Contractor's report shall be provided on DOT form 350-075 Recycled Materials Reporting.

1-07.GR1

Legal Relations and Responsibilities to the Public

1-07.2.RTF

1-07.2 State Taxes

Delete this section, including its sub-sections, in its entirety and replace it with the following:

1-07.2 State Sales Tax

(June 27, 2011 APWA GSP)

The Washington State Department of Revenue has issued special rules on the State sales tax. Sections 1-07.2(1) through 1-07.2(3) are meant to clarify those rules. The Contractor should contact the Washington State Department of Revenue for answers to questions in this area. The Contracting Agency will not adjust its payment if the Contractor bases a bid on a misunderstood tax liability.

The Contractor shall include all Contractor-paid taxes in the unit bid prices or other contract amounts. In some cases, however, state retail sales tax will not be included. Section 1-07.2(2) describes this exception.

The Contracting Agency will pay the retained percentage (or release the Contract Bond if a FHWA-funded Project) only if the Contractor has obtained from the Washington State Department of Revenue a certificate showing that all contract-related taxes have been paid (RCW 60.28.051). The Contracting Agency may deduct from its payments to the Contractor any amount the Contractor may owe the Washington State Department of Revenue, whether the amount owed relates to this contract or not. Any amount so deducted will be paid into the proper State fund.

1-07.2(1) State Sales Tax — Rule 171

WAC 458-20-171, and its related rules, apply to building, repairing, or improving streets, roads, etc., which are owned by a municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the state, or by the United States, and which are used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic. This includes storm or combined sewer systems within and included as a part of the street or road drainage system and power lines when such are part of the roadway lighting system. For work performed in such cases, the Contractor shall include Washington State Retail Sales Taxes in the various unit bid item prices, or other contract amounts, including those that the Contractor pays on the purchase of the materials, equipment, or supplies used or consumed in doing the work.

1-07.2(2) State Sales Tax — Rule 170

WAC 458-20-170, and its related rules, apply to the constructing and repairing of new or existing buildings, or other structures, upon real property. This includes, but is not limited to, the construction of streets, roads, highways, etc., owned by the state of Washington; water mains and their appurtenances; sanitary sewers and sewage disposal systems unless such sewers and disposal systems are within, and a part of, a street or road drainage system; telephone, telegraph, electrical power distribution lines, or other conduits or lines in or above streets or roads, unless such power lines become a part of a street or road lighting system; and installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property in or to real property, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation.

For work performed in such cases, the Contractor shall collect from the Contracting Agency, retail sales tax on the full contract price. The Contracting Agency will automatically add this sales tax to each payment to the Contractor. For this reason, the Contractor shall not include the retail sales tax in the unit bid item prices, or in any other contract amount subject to Rule 170, with the following exception.

Exception: The Contracting Agency will not add in sales tax for a payment the Contractor or a subcontractor makes on the purchase or rental of tools, machinery, equipment, or consumable supplies not integrated into the project. Such sales taxes shall be included in the unit bid item prices or in any other contract amount.

1-07.2(3) Services

The Contractor shall not collect retail sales tax from the Contracting Agency on any contract wholly for professional or other services (as defined in Washington State Department of Revenue Rules 138 and 244).

1-07.5.GR1

Environmental Regulations

1-07.5.INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.5 is supplemented with the following:

1	1-07.5.0P11.GR1
2	(September 20, 2010)
3	Environmental Commitments
4	The following Provisions summarize the requirements, in addition to those required
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
5	elsewhere in the Contract, imposed upon the Contracting Agency by the various
6	documents referenced in the Special Provision Permits and Licenses. Throughout the
7	work, the Contractor shall comply with the following requirements:
8	
9	1-07.5.OPT2.GR1
10	(August 3, 2009)
11	Payment
12	•
	All costs to comply with this special provision for the environmental commitments and
13	requirements are incidental to the contract and are the responsibility of the Contractor
14	The Contractor shall include all related costs in the associated bid prices of the contract
15	
16	
17	1-07.7.GR1
18	Load Limits
19	
20	1-07.7.INST1.GR1
21	Section 1-07.7 is supplemented with the following:
22	Coulon 1 07:7 is supplemented with the following.
23	1-07.7.OPT6.GR1
24	(March 13, 1995)
25	If the sources of materials provided by the Contractor necessitates hauling over roads
26	other than State Highways, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make al
27	arrangements for the use of the haul routes.
28	
29	1-07.9.GR1
30	Wages
31	
32	1-07.9(1).GR1
33	General
34	
35	1-07.9(1).INST1.GR1
	Section 1-07.9(1) is supplemented with the following:
36	Section 1-07.9(1) is supplemented with the following.
37	4 07 0/4) ODT4 OD4
38	1-07.9(1).OPT1.GR1
39	(January 10, 2024)
40	The Federal wage rates incorporated in this contract have been established by the
41	Secretary of Labor under United States Department of Labor General Decision No
42	WA20240001.
43	
44	The State rates incorporated in this contract are applicable to all construction
45	activities associated with this contract.
46	
47	1-07.9(5)A.RTF
48	
	1-07.9(5)A Required Documents
49 50	(July 8, 2024 APWA GSP)
50	
51	This section is revised to read as follows:
52	

1 All Statements of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages, Affidavits of Wages Paid and Certified 2 Payrolls, including a signed Statement of Compliance for Federal-aid projects, shall be 3 submitted to the Engineer and to the State L&I online Prevailing Wage Intent & Affidavit 4 (PWIA) system. When apprenticeship is a requirement of the contract, include in PWIA all 5 apprentices. 6 7 1-07.11.GR1 8 **Requirements for Nondiscrimination** 9 10 1-07.11.INST1.GR1 11 Section 1-07.11 is supplemented with the following: 12 13 1-07.11.OPT1.GR1 14 (October 3, 2022) 15 Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity (Executive 16 Order 11246) 17 18 The Contractor's attention is called to the Equal Opportunity Clause and the Standard 19 Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set 20 forth herein. 21 22 The goals and timetables for minority and female participation set by the Office of 23 Federal Contract Compliance Programs, expressed in percentage terms for the 24 Contractor's aggregate work force in each construction craft and in each trade on all 25 construction work in the covered area, are as follows: 26 27 Women - Statewide 28 29 Timetable Goal 30 31 6.9% Until further notice 32 Minorities - by Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) 33 34 Spokane, WA: 35 SMSA Counties: 36 Spokane, WA 2.8 37 WA Spokane. 38 Non-SMSA Counties 3.0 39 WA Adams; WA Asotin; WA Columbia; WA Ferry; WA Garfield; WA 40 Lincoln, WA Pend Oreille; WA Stevens; WA Whitman. 41 42 Richland, WA 43 SMSA Counties: 44 Richland Kennewick, WA 5.4 45 WA Benton; WA Franklin. 46 Non-SMSA Counties 3.6 47 WA Walla Walla.

1	Yakima, WA:	
2	SMSA Counties:	
3	Yakima, WA	9.7
4	WA Yakima.	
5	Non-SMSA Counties	7.2
6	WA Chelan; WA Douglas; WA Grant; V	VA Kittitas; WA Okanogan.
7	•	•
8	Seattle, WA:	
9	SMSA Counties:	
10	Seattle Everett, WA	7.2
11	WA King; WA Snohomish.	
12	Tacoma, WA	6.2
13	WA Pierce.	
14	Non-SMSA Counties	6.1
15	WA Clallam; WA Grays Harbor; WA Is	sland: WA Jefferson: WA Kitsap:
16	WA Lewis; WA Mason; WA Pacific;	•
17	Thurston; WA Whatcom.	, , ,
18	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
19	Portland, OR:	
20	SMSA Counties:	
21	Portland, OR-WA	4.5
22	WA Clark.	
23	Non-SMSA Counties	3.8
24	WA Cowlitz; WA Klickitat; WA S	
25	Country Withouting, With	mana, m. mananam.
26	These goals are applicable to each nonexempt Cont	ractor's total on-site construction
27	workforce regardless of whether or not part of that	

These goals are applicable to each nonexempt Contractor's total on-site construction workforce, regardless of whether or not part of that workforce is performing work on a Federal, or federally assisted project, contract, or subcontract until further notice. Compliance with these goals and time tables is enforced by the Office of Federal Contract compliance Programs.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, in each construction craft and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goal shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 or more that are Federally funded, at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the

1 2		geograp sent to:	hical area	a in which the contract is to be performed. The notification shall be
3 4 5 6 7		Offi Attr	ce of Fed n: Region	nent of Labor leral Contract Compliance Programs Pacific Region al Director co Federal Building
8		90 – 7 th Street, Suite 18-300		
9				co, CA 94103(415) 625-7800 Phone
10			5) 625-77	
11		•	,	
12 13	4.			otice, and in the contract resulting from this solicitation, the Covered ated herein.
14 15 16		Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications (Executive Order 11246)		
17				
18	1.	As used	in these	specifications:
19				
20		a.		I Area means the geographical area described in the solicitation
21			from wh	ich this contract resulted;
22				
23		b.		means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs,
24				States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director
25			delegate	es authority;
26				
27		C.		er Identification Number means the Federal Social Security number
28 29				n the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U. S. Treasury nent Form 941;
30 31 32		d.	Minority	includes:
33 34 35			(1)	Black, a person having origins in any of the Black Racial Groups of Africa.
36			(2)	Hispanic, a fluent Spanish speaking, Spanish surnamed person of
37			(-)	Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central American, South
38				American, or other Spanish origin.
39				- and and an extensive sugarine
40			(3)	Asian or Pacific Islander, a person having origins in any of the
41			(-)	original peoples of the Pacific rim or the Pacific Islands, the
42				Hawaiian Islands and Samoa.
43				
14			(4)	American Indian or Alaskan Native, a person having origins in any
45			. ,	of the original peoples of North America, and who maintain cultural
46				identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.
47				
48	2.	Whenev	er the Co	entractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of
49		the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each		
50				xcess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the
51				tains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and
52		which is	set forth	in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.

- 3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to take good faith effort to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
- 4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through 7p of this Special Provision. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
- 5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- 6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.
- 7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its action. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the

Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

- b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
- c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
- d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
- e. Develop on-the-job training opportunity and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the U.S. Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
- f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- I. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
- p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
- 8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through 7p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of the obligations under 7a through 7p of this Special

Provision provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensure that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work-force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrate the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

- 9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the
- 10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).

- 11. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
- 12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspensions, terminations and cancellations of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
- 13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of this Special Provision, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.
- 14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the government and to keep records. Records shall at least include, for each employee, their name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, the Contractors will not be required to maintain separate records.

- 15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).
- 16. Additional assistance for Federal Construction Contractors on contracts administered by Washington State Department of Transportation or by Local Agencies may be found at:

Washington State Dept. of Transportation
Office of Equity and Civil Rights
PO Box 47314
310 Maple Park Ave. SE
Olympia WA
98504-7314
Ph: 360-705-7000

Ph: 360-705-7090 Fax: 360-705-6801

http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/equalopportunity/default.htm

F1-07.11.OptionB.DOCX

1-07.11 Requirements for Nondiscrimination

(October 1, 2020 APWA GSP, Option B)

Supplement this section with the following:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation

The Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and USDOT's official interpretations (i.e., Questions & Answers) apply to this Contract. Demonstrating compliance with these Specifications is a Condition of Award (COA) of this Contract. Failure to comply with the requirements of this Specification may result in your Bid being found to be nonresponsive resulting in rejection or other sanctions as provided by Contract.

DBE Abbreviations and Definitions

Broker – A business firm that provides a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant or managerial services and assistance in the procurement of essential personnel, facilities, equipment, materials, or supplies required for the performance of the Contract; or, persons/companies who arrange or expedite transactions.

Certified Business Description – Specific descriptions of work the DBE is certified to perform, as identified in the Certified Firm Directory, under the Vendor Information page.

Certified Firm Directory – A database of all Minority, Women, and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises currently certified by Washington State. The on-line Directory is available to Bidders for their use in identifying and soliciting interest from DBE firms. The database is located under the Firm Certification section of the Diversity Management and Compliance System web page at: https://omwbe.diversitycompliance.com.

Commercially Useful Function (CUF) — 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1) defines commercially useful function as: "A DBE performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by actually performing, managing, and supervising the work involved. To perform a commercially useful function, the DBE must also be responsible, with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, and installing (where applicable) and paying for the material itself. To determine whether a DBE is performing a commercially useful function, you must evaluate the amount of work subcontracted, industry practices, whether the amount the firm is to be paid under the contract is commensurate with the work it is actually performing and the DBE credit claimed for its performance of the work, and other relevant factors."

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) – A business firm certified by the Washington State Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises, as meeting the criteria outlined in 49 CFR 26 regarding DBE certification.

Force Account Work – Work measured and paid in accordance with Section 1-09.6.

Good Faith Efforts – Efforts to achieve the DBE COA Goal or other requirements of this part which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, can reasonably be expected to fulfill the program requirement.

Manufacturer (DBE) – A DBE firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the Contract. A DBE Manufacturer shall produce finished goods or products from raw or unfinished material or purchase and substantially alters goods and materials to make them suitable for construction use before reselling them.

Reasonable Fee (DBE) – For purposes of Brokers or service providers a reasonable fee shall not exceed 5% of the total cost of the goods or services brokered.

Regular Dealer (DBE) – A DBE firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of a Contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. To be a Regular Dealer, the DBE firm must be an established regular business that engages in as its principal business and in its own name the purchase and sale of the products in question. A Regular Dealer in such items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not own, operate or maintain a place of business if it both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by long-term formal lease agreements and not on an ad-hoc basis. Brokers, packagers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions shall not be regarded as Regular Dealers within the meaning of this definition.

DBE Commitment – The scope of work and dollar amount the Bidder indicates they will be subcontracting to be applied towards the DBE Condition of Award Goal as shown on the DBE Utilization Certification Form for each DBE Subcontractor. This DBE Commitment amount will be incorporated into the Contract and shall be considered a Contract requirement. The Contractor shall utilize the COA DBEs to perform the work and supply the materials for which they are committed. Any changes to the DBE Commitment require the Engineer's prior written approval.

DBE Condition of Award (COA) Goal – An assigned numerical amount specified as a percentage of the Contract. Initially, this is the minimum amount that the Bidder must commit to by submission of the Utilization Certification Form and/or by Good Faith Effort (GFE).

DBE COA Goal

The Contracting Agency has established a DBE COA Goal for this Contract in the amount of: *** 12% ***

Crediting DBE Participation

Subcontractors proposed as COA must be certified prior to the due date for bids on the Contract. All non-COA DBE Subcontractors shall be certified before the subcontract on which they are participating is executed.

DBE participation is only credited upon payment to the DBE.

The following are some definitions of what may be counted as DBE participation.

DBE Prime Contractor

Only take credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the Contract equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the Work that the DBE Prime Contractor performs with its own forces and is certified to perform.

DBE Subcontractor

Only take credit for that portion of the total dollar value of the subcontract that is equal to the distinct, clearly defined portion of the Work that the DBE performs with its own forces and is certified to perform. The value of work performed by the DBE includes the cost of supplies and materials purchased by the DBE and equipment leased by the DBE, for its work on the contract. Supplies, materials or equipment obtained by a DBE that are not utilized or incorporated in the contract work by the DBE will not be eligible for DBE credit.

The supplies, materials, and equipment purchased or leased from the Contractor or its affiliate, including any Contractor's resources available to DBE subcontractors at no cost, shall not be credited.

DBE credit will not be given in instances where the equipment lease includes the operator. The DBE is expected to operate the equipment used in the performance of its work under the contract with its own forces. Situations where equipment is leased and used by the DBE, but payment is deducted from the Contractor's payment to the DBE is not allowed.

When the subcontractor is part of a DBE Commitment, the following apply:

- 1. If a DBE subcontracts a portion of the Work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted Work may be counted toward the DBE COA Goal only if the Lower-Tier Subcontractor is also a DBE.
- 2. Work subcontracted to a Lower-Tier Subcontractor that is a DBE, may be counted toward the DBE COA Goal.
- 3. Work subcontracted to a non-DBE does not count towards the DBE COA Goal.

DBE Subcontract and Lower Tier Subcontract Documents

There must be a subcontract agreement that complies with 49 CFR Part 26 and fully describes the distinct elements of Work committed to be performed by the DBE.

DBE Service Provider

The value of fees or commissions charged by a DBE firm behaving in a manner of a Broker, or another service provider for providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, consultant, managerial services, or for providing bonds or insurance specifically required for the performance of the contract will only be credited as DBE participation, if the fee/commission is determined by the Contracting Agency to be reasonable and the firm has performed a CUF.

Force Account Work

When the Bidder elects to utilize force account Work to meet the DBE COA Goal, as demonstrated by listing this force account Work on the DBE Utilization Certification Form, for the purposes of meeting the DBE COA Goal, only 50% of the Proposal amount shall be credited toward the Bidder's Commitment to meet the DBE COA Goal.

One hundred percent of the actual amounts paid to the DBE for the force account Work shall be credited towards the DBE COA Goal or DBE participation.

Temporary Traffic Control

If the DBE firm only provides "Flagging", the DBE firm must provide a Traffic Control Supervisor (TCS) and flagger, which are under the direct control of the DBE. The DBE firm shall also provide all flagging equipment for it's employees (e.g. paddles, hard hats, and vests).

If the DBE firm provides "Traffic Control Services", the DBE firm must provide a TCS, flaggers, and traffic control items (e.g., cones, barrels, signs, etc.) and be in total control of all items in implementing the traffic control for the project.

Trucking

DBE trucking firm participation may only be credited as DBE participation for the value of the hauling services, not for the materials being hauled unless the trucking firm is also certified as a supplier of those materials. In situations where the DBE's work is priced per ton, the value of the hauling service must be calculated separately from the value of the materials in order to determine DBE credit for hauling

The DBE trucking firm must own and operate at least one licensed, insured and operational truck on the contract. The truck must be of the type that is necessary to perform the hauling duties required under the contract. The DBE receives credit for the value of the transportation services it provides on the Contract using trucks it owns or leases, licenses, insures, and operates with drivers it employs.

The DBE may lease additional trucks from another DBE firm. The DBE who leases additional trucks from another DBE firm receives credit for the value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the Contract.

The trucking Work subcontracted to any non-DBE trucking firm will not receive credit for Work done on the project.

The DBE may lease trucks from a truck leasing company (recognized truck rental center), but can only receive credit towards DBE participation if the DBE uses its own employees as drivers.

DBE Manufacturer and DBE Regular Dealer

One hundred percent (100%) of the cost of the manufactured product obtained from a DBE manufacturer may count towards the DBE COA Goal.

Sixty percent (60%) of the cost of materials or supplies purchased from a DBE Regular Dealer may be credited towards the DBE Goal. If the role of the DBE Regular Dealer is determined to be that of a Broker, then DBE credit shall be limited to the fee or commission it receives for its services. Regular Dealer status and the amount of credit is determined on a Contract-by-Contract basis.

DBE firms proposed to be used as a Regular Dealer must be approved before being listed as a COA/used on a project. The WSDOT Approved Regular Dealer list published on WSDOT's Office of Equal Opportunity (OEO) web site must include the specific project for which approval is being requested. For purposes of the DBE COA Goal participation, the Regular Dealer must submit the Regular Dealer Status Request form a minimum of five calendar days prior to bid opening.

Purchase of materials or supplies from a DBE which is neither a manufacturer nor a regular dealer, (i.e. Broker) only the fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on the job site, may count towards the DBE COA Goal provided the fees are not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. Documentation will be required to support the fee/commission charged by the DBE. The cost of the materials and supplies themselves cannot be counted toward the DBE COA Goal.

Note: Requests to be listed as a Regular Dealer will only be processed if the requesting firm is a material supplier certified by the Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises in a NAICS code that falls within the 42XXXX NAICS Wholesale code section.

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The successful Bidder shall be selected on the basis of having submitted the lowest responsive Bid, which demonstrates a good faith effort to achieve the DBE COA Goal. The Contracting Agency, at any time during the selection process, may request

a breakdown of the bid items and amounts that are counted towards the overall contract goal for any of the DBEs listed on the DBE Utilization Certification. Achieving the DBE COA Goal may be accomplished in one of two ways:

By meeting the DBE COA Goal

Submission of the DBE Utilization Certification, supporting DBE Written Confirmation Document(s) showing the Bidder has obtained enough DBE participation to meet or exceed the DBE COA Goal, the DBE Bid Item Breakdown and the DBE Trucking Credit Form, if applicable.

2. By documentation that the Bidder made adequate GFE to meet the DBE COA Goal

The Bidder may demonstrate a GFE in whole or part through GFE documentation ONLY IN THE EVENT a Bidder's efforts to solicit sufficient DBE participation have been unsuccessful. The Bidder must supply GFE documentation in addition to the DBE Utilization Certification, supporting DBE Written Confirmation Document(s), the DBE Bid Item Breakdown form and the DBE Trucking Credit Form, if applicable.

Note: In the case where a Bidder is awarded the contract based on demonstrating adequate GFE, the advertised DBE COA Goal will not be reduced. The Bidder shall demonstrate a GFE during the life of the Contract to attain the advertised DBE COA Goal.

GFE documentation, the DBE Bid Item Breakdown form, and the DBE Trucking Credit Form, if applicable, shall be submitted as specified in Section 1-02.9.

The Contracting Agency will review the GFE documentation and will determine if the Bidder made an adequate good faith effort.

Good Faith Effort (GFE) Documentation

GFE is evaluated when:

- Determining award of a Contract that has COA goal,
- 2. When a COA DBE is terminated and substitution is required, and
- Prior to Physical Completion when determining whether the Contractor has satisfied its DBE commitments.

49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A is intended as general guidance and does not, in itself, demonstrate adequate good faith efforts. The following is a list of types of actions, which would be considered as part of the Bidder's GFE to achieve DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.

Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at pre-bid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the Work of the Contract. The Bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. The Bidder must determine with certainty if

- the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- Selecting portions of the Work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE COA Goal will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract Work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Bidder might otherwise prefer to perform these Work items with its own forces.
- Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the Plans, Specifications, and requirements of the Contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
 - Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the Bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the Work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the Work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the Plans and Specifications for the Work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the Work.
 - b. A Bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of negotiating with subcontractors, factors in including subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the DBE COA Goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a Bidder's failure to meet the DBE COA Goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a Bidder to perform the Work of a Contract with its own organization does not relieve the Bidder of the responsibility to make Good Faith Efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.
- Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The Bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the Bidder's efforts to meet the DBE COA Goal.
- 5. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Bidder.
- Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, State, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other

- organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- Documentation of GFE must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quotes submitted to the Bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for Work on the Contract. (ref. updated DBE regulations – 26.53(b)(2)(vi) & App. A)

Administrative Reconsideration of GFE Documentation

A Bidder has the right to request reconsideration if the GFE documentation submitted with their Bid was determined to be inadequate.

- The Bidder must request within 48 hours of notification of being nonresponsive or forfeit the right to reconsideration.
- The reconsideration decision on the adequacy of the Bidder's GFE documentation shall be made by an official who did not take part in the original determination.
- Only original GFE documentation submitted as a supplement to the Bid shall be considered. The Bidder shall not introduce new documentation at the reconsideration hearing.
- The Bidder shall have the opportunity to meet in person with the official for the purpose of setting forth the Bidder's position as to why the GFE documentation demonstrates a sufficient effort.
- The reconsideration official shall provide the Bidder with a written decision on reconsideration within five working days of the hearing explaining the basis for their finding.

DBE Bid Item Breakdown

The Bidder shall submit a DBE Bid Item Breakdown Form (WSDOT Form 272-054) as specified in the Special Provisions for Section 1-02.9, Delivery of Proposal.

DBE Trucking Credit Form

The Bidder shall submit a DBE Trucking Credit Form (WSDOT Form 272-058), as specified in the Special Provisions for Section 1-02.9, Delivery of Proposal.

Note:

The DBE Trucking Credit Form is only required for a DBE Firm listed on the DBE Utilization Certification as a subcontractor for "Trucking" or "Hauling" and are performing a part of a bid item. For example, if the item of Work is Structure Excavation including Haul, and another firm is doing the excavation and the DBE Trucking firm is doing the haul, the form is required. For a DBE subcontractor that is responsible for an entire item of work that may require some use of trucks, the form is not required.

Procedures between Award and Execution

After Award and prior to Execution, the Contractor shall provide the additional information described below. Failure to comply shall result in the forfeiture of the Bidder's Proposal bond or deposit.

 A list of all firms who submitted a bid or quote in attempt to participate in this project whether they were successful or not. Include the business name and mailing address.

Note:

The firms identified by the Contractor may be contacted by the Contracting Agency to solicit general information as follows: age of the firm and average of its gross annual receipts over the past three years.

Procedures after Execution

Commercially Useful Function (CUF)

The Contractor may only take credit for the payments made for Work performed by a DBE that is determined to be performing a CUF. Payment must be commensurate with the work actually performed by the DBE. This applies to all DBEs performing Work on a project, whether or not the DBEs are COA, if the Contractor wants to receive credit for their participation. The Engineer will conduct CUF reviews to ascertain whether DBEs are performing a CUF. A DBE performs a CUF when it is carrying out its responsibilities of its contract by actually performing, managing, and supervising the Work involved. The DBE must be responsible for negotiating price; determining quality and quantity; ordering the material, installing (where applicable); and paying for the material itself. If a DBE does not perform "all" of these functions on a furnish-and-install contract, it has not performed a CUF and the cost of materials cannot be counted toward DBE COA Goal. Leasing of equipment from a leasing company is allowed. However, leasing/purchasing equipment from the Contractor is not allowed. Lease agreements shall be provided prior to the Subcontractor beginning Work. Any use of the Contractor's equipment by a DBE may not be credited as countable participation.

The DBE does not perform a CUF if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or project through which the funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DBE participation.

In order for a DBE traffic control company to be considered to be performing a CUF, the DBE must be in control of its work inclusive of supervision. The DBE shall employ a Traffic Control Supervisor who is directly involved in the management and supervision of the traffic control employees and services.

The following are some of the factors that the Engineer will use in determining whether a DBE trucking company is performing a CUF:

- The DBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on the contract. The owner demonstrates business related knowledge, shows up on site and is determined to be actively running the business.
- The DBE itself shall own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the Contract. The drivers of the

trucks owned and leased by the DBE must be exclusively employed by the DBE and reflected on the DBE's payroll.

- Lease agreements for trucks shall indicate that the DBE has exclusive
 use of and control over the truck(s). This does not preclude the leased
 truck from working for others provided it is with the consent of the DBE
 and the lease provides the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased
 truck.
- Leased trucks shall display the name and identification number of the DBF

UDBE/DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Log

In addition to the subcontracting requirements of Section 1-08.1, each DBE trucking firm shall submit supplemental information consisting of a completed Primary UDBE/DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Log (WSDOT Form 350-077), copy of vehicle registrations, and all Rental/Lease agreements (if applicable). The supplemental information shall be submitted to the Engineer prior to any trucking services being performed for DBE credit. Incomplete or incorrect supplemental information will be returned for correction. The corrected Primary UDBE/DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Log and any Updated Primary UDBE/DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Logs shall be submitted and accepted by the Engineer no later than ten calendar days of utilizing applicable trucks. Failure to submit or update the DBE Truck Unit Listing Log may result in trucks not being credited as DBE participation.

Each DBE trucking firm shall complete a Daily UDBE/DBE/FSBE Trucking Unit Listing Log for each day that the DBE performs trucking services for DBE credit. The Daily UDBE/DBE/FSBE Trucking Unit Listing Log forms shall be submitted to the Engineer by Friday of the week after the work was performed.

Joint Checking

A joint check is a check between a Subcontractor and the Contractor to the supplier of materials/supplies. The check is issued by the Contractor as payer to the Subcontractor and the material supplier jointly for items to be incorporated into the project. The DBE must release the check to the supplier, while the Contractor acts solely as the guarantor.

A joint check agreement must be approved by the Engineer and requested by the DBE involved using the DBE Joint Check Request Form (form # 272-053) prior to its use. The form must accompany the DBE Joint Check Agreement between the parties involved, including the conditions of the arrangement and expected use of the joint checks.

The approval to use joint checks and the use will be closely monitored by the Engineer. To receive DBE credit for performing a CUF with respect to obtaining materials and supplies, a DBE must "be responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, installing and paying for the material itself." The Contractor shall submit DBE Joint Check Request Form to the Engineer and be in receipt of written approval prior to using a joint check.

Material costs paid by the Contractor directly to the material supplier are not allowed. If proper procedures are not followed or the Engineer determines that the arrangement results in lack of independence for the DBE involved, no DBE credit will be given for the DBE's participation as it relates to the material cost.

Prompt Payment

Prompt payment to all subcontractors shall be in accordance with Section 1-08.1. Prompt payment requirements apply to progress payments as well as return of retainage.

Subcontracts

Prior to a DBE performing Work on the Contract, an executed subcontract between the DBE and the Contractor shall be submitted to the Engineer. The executed subcontracts shall be submitted by email to the following email address

*** NWRegionOEO@wsdot.wa.gov ***

The prime contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing within five calendar days of subcontract submittal.

Reporting

The Contractor and all subcontractors/suppliers/service providers that utilize DBEs to perform work on the project, shall maintain appropriate records that will enable the Engineer to verify DBE participation throughout the life of the project.

Refer to Section 1-08.1 for additional reporting requirements associated with this contract.

Changes in COA Work Committed to DBE

The Contractor shall utilize the COA DBEs to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is committed unless prior written approval by the Engineer is received by the Contractor. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work or material completed by the Contractor or subcontractors that was committed to be completed by the COA DBEs in the DBE Utilization Certification form.

Owner Initiated Changes

In instances where the Engineer makes changes that result in changes to Work that was committed to a COA DBE the Contractor may be directed to substitute for the Work.

Contractor Initiated Changes

The Contractor cannot change the scope or reduce the amount of work committed to a COA DBE without good cause. Reducing DBE Commitment is viewed as partial DBE termination, and therefore subject to the termination procedures below.

Original Quantity Underruns

In the event that Work committed to a DBE firm as part of the COA underruns the original planned quantities the Contractor may be required to substitute other remaining Work to another DBE.

Contractor Proposed DBE Substitutions

Requests to substitute a COA DBE must be for good cause (see DBE termination process below), and requires prior written approval of the Engineer. After receiving a termination with good cause approval, the Contractor may only replace a DBE with another certified DBE. When any changes between Contract Award and Execution result in a substitution of COA DBE, the substitute DBE shall have been certified prior to the bid opening on the Contract.

DBE Termination

Termination of a COA DBE (or an approved substitute DBE) is only allowed in whole or in part for good cause and with prior written approval of the Engineer. If the Contractor terminates a COA DBE without the prior written approval of the Engineer, the Contractor shall not be entitled to payment for work or material committed to, but not performed/supplied by the COA DBE. In addition, sanctions may apply as described elsewhere in this specification.

Prior to requesting approval to terminate a COA DBE, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate DBE Work and the reasons for doing so. The DBE shall have five (5) days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE's response shall either support the termination or advise the Engineer and the Contractor of the reasons it objects to the termination of its subcontract.

If the request for termination is approved, the Contractor is required to substitute with another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work as the DBE that was terminated (or provide documentation of GFE). A plan to replace the COA DBE Commitment amount shall be submitted to the Engineer within 2 days of the approval of termination. The plan to replace the Commitment shall provide the same detail as that required in the DBE Utilization Certification.

The Contractor must have good cause to terminate a COA DBE.

Good cause typically includes situations where the DBE Subcontractor is unable or unwilling to perform the work of its subcontract. Good cause may exist if:

- The DBE fails or refuses to execute a written contract.
- The DBE fails or refuses to perform the Work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards.
- The DBE fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable nondiscriminatory bond requirements.
- The DBE becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness.

- The DBE is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to federal law or applicable State law.
- The DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work involved.
- The DBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of its withdrawal.
- The DBE's work is deemed unsatisfactory by the Engineer and not in compliance with the Contract.
- The DBE's owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the DBE is unable to complete its Work on the Contract.

Good cause does not exist if:

- The Contractor seeks to terminate a COA DBE so that the Contractor can self-perform the Work.
- The Contractor seeks to terminate a COA DBE so the Contractor can substitute another DBE contractor or non-DBE contractor after Contract Award.
- The failure or refusal of the COA DBE to perform its Work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor (e.g., the failure of the Contractor to make timely payments or the unnecessary placing of obstacles in the path of the DBE's Work).

Decertification

When a DBE is "decertified" from the DBE program during the course of the Contract, the participation of that DBE shall continue to count as DBE participation as long as the subcontract with the DBE was executed prior to the decertification notice. The Contractor is obligated to substitute when a DBE does not have an executed subcontract agreement at the time of decertification.

Consequences of Non-Compliance

Breach of Contract

Each contract with a Contractor (and each subcontract the Contractor signs with a Subcontractor) must include the following assurance clause:

The Contractor, subrecipient, or Subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Contract, which may result in the termination of this Contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

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- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions:
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

Notice

If the Contractor or any Subcontractor, Consultant, Regular Dealer, or service provider is deemed to be in non-compliance, the Contractor will be informed in writing, by certified mail by the Engineer that sanctions will be imposed for failure to meet the DBE COA Commitment and/or submit documentation of good faith efforts. The notice will state the specific sanctions to be imposed which may include impacting a Contractor or other entity's ability to participate in future contracts.

Sanctions

If it is determined that the Contractor's failure to meet all or part of the DBE COA Commitment is due to the Contractor's inadequate good faith efforts throughout the life of the Contract, including failure to submit timely, required Good Faith Efforts information and documentation, the Contractor may be required to pay DBE penalty equal to the amount of the unmet Commitment, in addition to the sanctions outlined in Section 1-07.11(5).

Payment

Compensation for all costs involved with complying with the conditions of this Specification and any other associated DBE requirements is included in payment for the associated Contract items of Work, except otherwise provided in the Specifications.

1-07.11(2).GR1

Contractual Requirements

1-07.11(2).INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.11(2) is supplemented with the following:

1-07.11(2).OPT1.2025.GR1

(January 24, 2024)

- 11. The Contractor shall comply with the following nondiscrimination provisions, and the Contractor shall ensure the nondiscrimination provisions are included in all subcontracts:
 - Nondiscrimination Requirement. During the term of this Contract, the Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall not discriminate on the bases enumerated at RCW 49.60.530(3). In addition, the Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall give written notice of this nondiscrimination requirement to any labor organizations with which the Contractor, or subcontractor, has a collective bargaining or other agreement.
 - Obligation to Cooperate. The Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall cooperate and comply with any Washington state agency investigation

regarding any allegation that the Contractor, including any subcontractor, has engaged in discrimination prohibited by this Contract pursuant to RCW 49.60.530(3).

- Default. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the Contracting Agency may suspend the Contract in accordance with Section 1-08.6, upon notice of a failure to participate and cooperate with any state agency investigation into alleged discrimination prohibited by this Contract, pursuant to RCW 49.60.530(3). Any such suspension will remain in place until the Contracting Agency receives notification that Contractor, including any subcontractor, is cooperating with the investigating state agency. In the event the Contractor, or subcontractor, is determined to have engaged in discrimination identified at RCW 49.60.530(3), the Contracting Agency may terminate this Contract in whole or in part in accordance with Section 1-08.10(1), and in addition to the sanctions listed in Section 1-07.11(5), the Contractor, subcontractor, or both, may be referred for debarment as provided in RCW 39.26.200. The Contractor or subcontractor may be given a reasonable time in which to cure this noncompliance, including implementing conditions consistent with any court-ordered injunctive relief or settlement agreement.
- Remedies for Breach. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, in the event of Contract termination or suspension for engaging in discrimination, the Contractor, subcontractor, or both, shall be liable for contract damages as authorized by law including, but not limited to, any cost difference between the original contract and the replacement or cover contract and all administrative costs directly related to the replacement contract, which damages are distinct from any penalties imposed under Chapter 49.60, RCW. The Contracting Agency shall have the right to deduct from any monies due to Contractor or subcontractor, or that thereafter become due, an amount for damages Contractor or subcontractor will owe Contracting Agency for default under this Provision.

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1-07.12.GR1

Federal Agency Inspection

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1-07.12.INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.12 is supplemented with the following:

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1-07.12.OPT1.GR1

(October 3, 2023)

Required Federal Aid Provisions

The Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273) Revised October 23, 2023 and the amendments thereto supersede any conflicting provisions of the Standard Specifications and are made a part of this Contract; provided, however, that if any of the provisions of FHWA 1273, as amended, are less restrictive than Washington State Law, then the Washington State Law shall prevail.

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The provisions of FHWA 1273, as amended, included in this Contract require that the Contractor insert the FHWA 1273 and amendments thereto in each subcontract, together with the wage rates which are part of the FHWA 1273, as amended. Also, a clause shall be included in each subcontract requiring the subcontractors to insert the FHWA 1273

1 and amendments thereto in any lower tier subcontracts, together with the wage rates. 2 The Contractor shall also ensure that this section, REQUIRED FEDERAL AID 3 PROVISIONS, is inserted in each subcontract for subcontractors and lower tier 4 subcontractors. For this purpose, upon request to the Engineer, the Contractor will be 5 provided with extra copies of the FHWA 1273, the amendments thereto, the applicable 6 wage rates, and this Special Provision. 7 8 1-07.17.GR1 9 **Utilities and Similar Facilities** 10 11 1-07.17.INST1.GR1 12 Section 1-07.17 is supplemented with the following: 13 14 COE 1-07.17.OPT1.RTF 15 (April 2, 2007) Locations and dimensions shown in the Plans for existing facilities are in accordance with 16 17 available information obtained without uncovering, measuring, or other verification. 18 19 The following addresses and telephone numbers of utility companies known or suspected 20 of having facilities within the project limits are supplied for the Contractor's convenience: 21 22 23 CITY OF EVERETT UTILITIES (SANITARY SEWER, STORMWATER, WATER) 24 ATTENTION: **GRANT MOEN** 25 TELEPHONE: (425) 257-8800 26 EMAIL: GMOEN@EVERETTWA.GOV 27 ADDRESS: PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT 28 3200 CEDAR ST 29 EVERETT, WA 98201 30 31 **ALDERWOOD WATER & WASTEWATER DISTRICT** 32 ATTENTION: JOE SKEENS DESK PHONE: (425) 743-8912 33 34 CELL PHONE: (425) 478-8839 35 EMAIL: JSKEENS@AWWD.COM 36 ADDRESS: 15204 35TH AVE W 37 LYNNWOOD, WA 98087-5021 38 39 LUMEN 40 ATTENTION: CHRISTIAN MARSHALL 41 DESK PHONE: (206) 485-5322 42 CELL PHONE: (206) 485-5322 43 EMAIL: CHRISTIAN.MARSHALL@LUMEN.COM ADDRESS: 44 1208 NE 64TH STREET 45 SEATTLE, WA 98115-6722 46 47 COMCAST 48 ATTENTION: JOHN WARRICK - RESIDENTIAL 49 DESK PHONE: (425) 263-5328 50 CELL PHONE: (425) 757-1794 EMAIL: JOHN WARRICK@CABLE.COMCAST.COM 51

1525 – 75TH ST SW STE #200

ADDRESS:

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PAGE 49 OF 114

1		EVERETT, WA 98203
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	CASEY BROWN (425) 263-5345 (425) 754-0064 <u>CASEY_BROWN2@CABLE.COMCAST.COM</u> 1525 – 75 TH ST SW STE #200 EVERETT, WA 98203
9	ATTENTION:	SHANE TURNER
11 12 13 14 15	DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	(425) 316-9405 SHANE_TURNER2@CABLE.COMCAST.COM 400 SEQUIOA DR BELLINGHAM, WA 98226
16 17	ZIDI V COMMUN	UCATIONS
17 18	ZIPLY COMMUN ATTENTION:	SAMANTHA JOHNSTON (EVERETT)
19 20 21 22	DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	(208) 810-5640 SAMANTHA.JOHNSTON1@ZIPLY.COM
23 24 25	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE:	MIKE HAKAHAN (SILVER LAKE)
26	CELL PHONE:	(425) 949-0230
27	EMAIL:	MIKE.HAKAHAN@ZIPLY.COM
28	ADDRESS:	9
29		
30	MUKILTEO WAT	
31		RICK MATTHEWS
32		(425) 355-3355
33 34	CELL PHONE: EMAIL:	(425) 359-1021 RICKM@MUKILTEOWWD.ORG
3 4 35	ADDRESS:	7824 MUKILTEO SPEEDWAY
36	ADDITEOU.	MUKILTEO, WA 98275
37		
38	PUGET SOUND	ENERGY
39	ATTENTION:	MARDY PUNTENEY
40	DESK PHONE:	
41		(425) 754-8053
42	EMAIL:	MARDY.PUNTENEY@PSE.COM
43	ADDRESS:	3630 RAILWAY AVE
44		EVERETT, WA 98201
45 46	RUBATINO REF	TUCE
46 47	ATTENTION:	UJL
48	DESK PHONE:	(425) 259-0044
49	CELL PHONE:	(.25) 255 5511
50	EMAIL:	INFO@RUBATINO.COM
51	MAILING	
52	VDDDE66.	DO BOY 1020

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026) WO #3785

ADDRESS:

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P.O. BOX 1029

1			EVERETT, WA 98206
2		OULVED LAKE V	WATER RIGIDIOT
3			VATER DISTRICT
4		ATTENTION:	
5			(425) 337-3647 EXT. 216
6		CELL PHONE:	COMITH ACIMOD COM
7		EMAIL: ADDRESS:	SSMITH@SLWSD.COM 15205 41ST AVE SE
8 9		ADDRESS.	BOTHELL, WA 98201-6114
10			DOTTIELE, WA 90201-0114
11			
12		SNOHOMISH C	OUNTY PUD #1
13			ANDRA SHAUGHNESSY FLAHERTY
14		DESK PHONE:	
15		CELL PHONE:	
16		EMAIL:	ÀLFĹAHERTY@SNOPUD.COM
17		ADDRESS:	
18			EVERETT, WA 98206
19			
20			D COMMUNICATION
21		ATTENTION:	
22		DESK PHONE:	(206) 786-8720
23		CELL PHONE:	WAR DIG GO GA GTOUND GOAL
24		EMAIL:	JIM.BIGGS@ASTOUND.COM
25		4 D D D E 0 0	WA-CONSTRUCTION@ASTOUND.COM
26		ADDRESS:	4766 1 ST AVE S
27		***	SEATTLE, WA 98134
28 29			
29 30	CO	E 1-07.18.RTF	
31			ility and Property Damage Insurance
32	. •	THE TUBIL LIGHT	mity and i reporty barnage medianes
33	Del	ete this section in	its entirety, and replace it with the following:
34			<i>y,</i> 1
35	1-0	7.18 Insurance	
36		nuary 4, 2024 AP	WA GSP)
37			
38		7.18(1) General	
39	Α.		nall procure and maintain the insurance described in all subsections of
40			f these Special Provisions, from insurers with a current A. M. Best
41		•	than A-: VII and licensed to do business in the State of Washington.
42			Agency reserves the right to approve or reject the insurance provided,
43		based on the inst	urer's financial condition.
44	_	The Oracles of the of	and the same their for a common and the former could be set that a more than the same the same than
45 46	В.		hall keep this insurance in force without interruption from the
46 47			of the Contractor's Work through the term of the Contract and for thirty
47 48		(30) days after the	e Physical Completion date, unless otherwise indicated below.
40 49	C	If any incurance r	policy is written on a claims-made form, its retroactive date, and that of
4 9 50	Ο.		newals, shall be no later than the effective date of this Contract. The
51		-	that coverage is claims made and state the retroactive date. Claims-
52			age shall be maintained by the Contractor for a minimum of 36 months
			_

following the Completion Date or earlier termination of this Contract, and the Contractor shall annually provide the Contracting Agency with proof of renewal. If renewal of the claims made form of coverage becomes unavailable, or economically prohibitive, the Contractor shall purchase an extended reporting period ("tail") or execute another form of guarantee acceptable to the Contracting Agency to assure financial responsibility for liability for services performed.

D. The Contractor's Automobile Liability, Commercial General Liability and Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance policies shall be primary and non-contributory insurance as respects the Contracting Agency's insurance, self-insurance, or self-insurance, or self-insurance pool coverage. Any insurance, self-insurance, or self-insured pool coverage maintained by the Contracting Agency shall be excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not contribute with it.

E. The Contractor shall provide the Contracting Agency and all additional insureds with written notice of any policy cancellation, within two business days of their receipt of such notice.

F. The Contractor shall not begin work under the Contract until the required insurance has been obtained and approved by the Contracting Agency

G. Failure on the part of the Contractor to maintain the insurance as required shall constitute a material breach of contract, upon which the Contracting Agency may, after giving five business days' notice to the Contractor to correct the breach, immediately terminate the Contract or, at its discretion, procure or renew such insurance and pay any and all premiums in connection therewith, with any sums so expended to be repaid to the Contracting Agency on demand, or at the sole discretion of the Contracting Agency, offset against funds due the Contractor from the Contracting Agency.

H. All costs for insurance shall be incidental to and included in the unit or lump sum prices of the Contract and no additional payment will be made.

I. Under no circumstances shall a wrap up policy be obtained, for either initiating or maintaining coverage, to satisfy insurance requirements for any policy required under this Section. A "wrap up policy" is defined as an insurance agreement or arrangement under which all the parties working on a specified or designated project are insured under one policy for liability arising out of that specified or designated project.

1-07.18(2) Additional Insured

All insurance policies, with the exception of Workers Compensation, and of Professional Liability and Builder's Risk (if required by this Contract) shall name the following listed entities as additional insured(s) using the forms or endorsements required herein:

• the Contracting Agency and its officers, elected officials, employees, agents, and

volunteers

The above-listed entities shall be additional insured(s) for the full available limits of liability maintained by the Contractor, irrespective of whether such limits maintained by the Contractor are greater than those required by this Contract, and irrespective of whether the Certificate of Insurance provided by the Contractor pursuant to 1-07.18(4) describes limits lower than those maintained by the Contractor.

For Commercial General Liability insurance coverage, the required additional insured endorsements shall be at least as broad as ISO forms CG 20 10 10 01 for ongoing operations and CG 20 37 10 01 for completed operations.

1-07.18(3) Subcontractors

The Contractor shall cause each subcontractor of every tier to provide insurance coverage that complies with all applicable requirements of the Contractor-provided insurance as set forth herein, except the Contractor shall have sole responsibility for determining the limits of coverage required to be obtained by subcontractors.

The Contractor shall ensure that all subcontractors of every tier add all entities listed in 1-07.18(2) as additional insureds, and provide proof of such on the policies as required by that section as detailed in 1-07.18(2) using an endorsement as least as broad as ISO CG 20 10 10 01 for ongoing operations and CG 20 37 10 01 for completed operations.

Upon request by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall forward to the Contracting Agency evidence of insurance and copies of the additional insured endorsements of each subcontractor of every tier as required in 1-07.18(4) Verification of Coverage.

1-07.18(4) Verification of Coverage

The Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Agency a Certificate(s) of Insurance and endorsements for each policy of insurance meeting the requirements set forth herein when the Contractor delivers the signed Contract for the work. Failure of Contracting Agency to demand such verification of coverage with these insurance requirements or failure of Contracting Agency to identify a deficiency from the insurance documentation provided shall not be construed as a waiver of Contractor's obligation to maintain such insurance.

Verification of coverage shall include:

- 1. An ACORD certificate or a form determined by the Contracting Agency to be equivalent.
- Copies of all endorsements naming Contracting Agency and all other entities listed in
 1-07.18(2) as additional insured(s), showing the policy number. The Contractor may
 submit a copy of any blanket additional insured clause from its policies instead of a
 separate endorsement.
- 34 3. Any other amendatory endorsements to show the coverage required herein.
 - 4. A notation of coverage enhancements on the Certificate of Insurance shall <u>not</u> satisfy these requirements actual endorsements must be submitted.

Upon request by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall forward to the Contracting Agency a full and certified copy of the insurance policy(s). If Builders Risk insurance is required on this Project, a full and certified copy of that policy is required when the Contractor delivers the signed Contract for the work.

1-07.18(5) Coverages and Limits

The insurance shall provide the minimum coverages and limits set forth below. Contractor's maintenance of insurance, its scope of coverage, and limits as required herein shall not be construed to limit the liability of the Contractor to the coverage provided by such insurance, or otherwise limit the Contracting Agency's recourse to any remedy available at law or in equity.

All deductibles and self-insured retentions must be disclosed and are subject to approval by the Contracting Agency. The cost of any claim payments falling within the deductible or self-3 insured retention shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. In the event an additional 4 insured incurs a liability subject to any policy's deductibles or self-insured retention, said deductibles or self-insured retention shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

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1-07.18(5)A Commercial General Liability

Commercial General Liability insurance shall be written on coverage forms at least as broad as ISO occurrence form CG 00 01, including but not limited to liability arising from premises, operations, stop gap liability, independent contractors, products-completed operations, personal and advertising injury, and liability assumed under an insured contract. There shall be no exclusion for liability arising from explosion, collapse or underground property damage.

13 14 15

The Commercial General Liability insurance shall be endorsed to provide a per project general aggregate limit, using ISO form CG 25 03 05 09 or an equivalent endorsement.

16 17 18

19

Contractor shall maintain Commercial General Liability Insurance arising out of the Contractor's completed operations for at least three years following Substantial Completion of the Work.

20 21 22

Such policy must provide the following minimum limits:

23	\$2,000,000	Each Occurrence
24	\$3,000,000	General Aggregate
25	\$3,000,000	Products & Completed Operations Aggregate
26	\$2,000,000	Personal & Advertising Injury each offence
27	\$2,000,000	Stop Gap / Employers' Liability each accident

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1-07.18(5)B Automobile Liability

Automobile Liability shall cover owned, non-owned, hired, and leased vehicles; and shall be written on a coverage form at least as broad as ISO form CA 00 01. If the work involves the transport of pollutants, the automobile liability policy shall include MCS 90 and CA 99 48 endorsements.

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Such policy must provide the following minimum limit:

\$1,000,000 Combined single limit each accident

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1-07.18(5)C Workers' Compensation

The Contractor shall comply with Workers' Compensation coverage as required by the Industrial Insurance laws of the State of Washington.

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COE 1-07.18(5)D.RTF

1-07.18(5)D Excess or Umbrella Liability

(January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

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The Contractor shall provide Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance with limits of not less than *** **Two** *** million each occurrence and annual aggregate. This excess or umbrella liability coverage shall be excess over and as least as broad in coverage as the Contractor's Commercial General and Auto Liability insurance

1 All entities listed under 1-07.18(2) of these Special Provisions shall be named as additional 2 insureds on the Contractor's Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance policy. 3 4 This requirement may be satisfied instead through the Contractor's primary Commercial 5 General and Automobile Liability coverages, or any combination thereof that achieves the 6 overall required limits of insurance. 7 8 9 1-07.18(5)E.rtf 10 1-07.18(5)E LHWCA Insurance 11 (January 4, 2016 APWA GSP) 12 13 If this Contract involves work on or adjacent to Navigable Waters of the United States, the Contractor shall procure and maintain insurance coverage in compliance with the statutory 14 15 requirements of the U.S. Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA). 16 Such policy must provide the following minimum limits: 17 18 \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Accident – each accident 19 \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease – each employee 20 \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease - policy limits 21 22 COE 1-07.18(5)J.RTF 23 1-07.18(5)J Pollution Liability 24 (January 4, 2016 APWA GSP) 25 26 The Contractor shall provide a Contractors Pollution Liability policy, providing coverage for 27 claims involving bodily injury, property damage (including loss of use of tangible property 28 that has not been physically injured), cleanup costs, remediation, disposal or other handling 29 of pollutants, including costs and expenses incurred in the investigation, defense, or 30 settlement of claims, arising out of any one or more of the following: 31 1. Contractor's operations related to this project. 32 2. Remediation, abatement, repair, maintenance or other work with lead-based paint or 33 materials containing asbestos. 34 3. Transportation of hazardous materials away from any site related to this project. 35 36 All entities listed under 1-07.18(2) of these Special Provisions shall be named by 37 endorsement as additional insureds on the Contractors Pollution Liability insurance policy. 38 39 Such Pollution Liability policy shall provide the following minimum limits: *** \$2,000,000 *** 40 each loss and annual aggregate 41 42 43 1-07.23.GR1 44 **Public Convenience and Safety** 45 46 1-07.23(1).GR1 47 Construction Under Traffic 48 49 1-07.23(1).INST1.GR1 50 Section 1-07.23(1) is supplemented with the following: 51

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1	F1-07.23(1).OPT5.DOCX
2	(February 6, 2023)
3	Lane, ramp, shoulder, and roadway closures are subject to the following restrictions:
4	
5	*** Fulton St – Pacific Ave to Hewitt Ave
6	Street closures will be allowed for up to one half block for up to 14 days.
7	One business access on the west side shall remain open at all times.
8	one business access on the west side shall remain open at all times.
9	Fulton St – Hewitt Ave to California St
10	
	Street closures will be allowed for grinding and paving operations for up
11	to a total of 3 days. The street will be open to traffic at night unless
12	paving operations begin the morning following the completion of
13	grinding operations.
14	~
15	Other
16	All construction activity that blocks access to private property shall be
17	coordinated with the Engineer five (5) days prior. At that time, contractor
18	shall also provide notification of access limitation to the affected
19	property owner(s)
20	***
21	
22	If the Engineer determines the permitted closure hours adversely affect traffic, the
23	Engineer may adjust the hours accordingly. The Engineer will notify the Contractor
24	in writing of any change in the closure hours. Exceptions to these restrictions are
25	listed below and when applicable take precedence over closures listed above. The
26	Engineer may also consider on a case-by-case basis additional exceptions following
27	a written request by the Contractor.
28	3
29	Lane, ramp, shoulder, and roadway closures are not allowed on any of the following:
30	zame, ramp, emediaci, and readinal energial metallened em any en and remembly.
31	1. A holiday,
32	1. Attoriday,
33	2. A holiday weekend; holidays that occur on Friday, Saturday, Sunday or
34	Monday are considered a holiday weekend. A holiday weekend includes
35	Saturday, Sunday, and the holiday.
36	Saturday, Suriday, and the holiday.
37	3. After *** 10:00 pm *** on the day prior to a holiday or holiday weekend, and
	5. After 10.00 pm of the day phor to a holiday of holiday weekend, and
38	4. Before *** 7:00 am *** on the day after the holiday or holiday weekend.
39	4. Before *** 7:00 am *** on the day after the holiday or holiday weekend.
40	
41	
42	It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to obtain the dates and times of all
43	events.
44	
45	Traffic Delays
46	When Automated Flagger Assistance Devices (AFADs) or flaggers are used to
47	control traffic, traffic shall not be stopped for more than *** 20 *** minutes at any time.
48	All traffic congestion shall be allowed to clear before traffic is delayed again.
49	
50	If the delay becomes greater than *** 20 *** minutes, the Contractor shall immediately
51	begin to take action to cease the operations that are causing the delays. If the *** 20
52	*** minute delay limit has been exceeded, as determined by the Engineer, the

2 3	operations to meet the *** 20 *** minute limit. This proposal shall be accepted by the Engineer prior to resuming any work requiring traffic control.		
4 5 6	There shall be no delay to medical, fire, or other emergency vehicles. The Contractorshall alert all flaggers and personnel of this requirement.		
7 8 9 10 11	General Restrictions Construction vehicles using a closed traffic lane shall travel only in the normal direction of traffic flow unless expressly allowed in an accepted traffic control plan. Construction vehicles shall be equipped with flashing or rotating amber lights.		
13 14 15 16	No two consecutive on-ramps, off-ramps, or intersections shall be closed at the san time and only one ramp at an interchange shall be closed, unless specifically show in the Plans.		
17 18 19 20	Roads or ramps that are designated as part of a detour shall not be closed or restricted during the implementation of that detour, unless specifically shown in the Plans.		
21 22 23 24	Controlled Access No special access or egress shall be allowed by the Contractor other than normal legal movements or as shown in the Plans.		
25 26 27	Contractor's vehicles of 10,000 GVW or greater shall not exit or enter a lane open public traffic except as follows:		
28 29 30	Egress and ingress shall only occur during the hours of allowable lane closures, and:		
31 32 33	 For exiting an open lane of traffic, by decelerating in a lane that is closed during the allowable hours for lane closures. 		
34 35 36	For entering an open lane of traffic, by accelerating in a closed lane during the allowable hours for lane closures.		
37 38 39 40	Traffic control vehicles are excluded from the gross vehicle weight requirement. If placing construction signs will restrict traveled lanes, then the work will be permitted during the hours of allowable lane closures.		
41 42 43 44 45	Advance Notification The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of any traffic impacts related to lane closure, shoulder closure, sidewalk closure, or any combination for the week by 12:00 p.m. (noon) Wednesday the week prior to the stated impacts.		
46 47 48	The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing ten working days in advance of any traffic impacts related to full roadway closure, ramp closure, or both.		
49 50 51	The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of any changes to the stated traffic impacts a minimum of 48 hours prior to the traffic impacts.		

Contractor shall provide to the Engineer, a written proposal to revise his work

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1 2 3	1-07.23(1).RTF 1-07.23(1) Construction Under Traffic (May 2, 2017 APWA GSP)
4 5 6	Revise the third sentence of the second paragraph to read:
7 8 9	Accessibility to existing or temporary pedestrian push buttons shall not be impaired; if approved by the Contracting Agency activating pedestrian recall timing or other accommodation may be allowed during construction.
10 11 12	1-07.24.GR1 Rights of Way
13 14	1-08.GR1
15	Prosecution and Progress
16 17	1-08.0.RTF
18	1-08 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS
19 20 21	Add the following new section:
22 23 24	1-08.0 Preliminary Matters (May 25, 2006 APWA GSP)
2 4 25	1-08.0(1).RTF
26 27	Add the following new section:
28	1-08.0(1) Preconstruction Conference
29	(October 10, 2008 APWA GSP)
30 31	Prior to the Contractor beginning the work, a preconstruction conference will be held
32	between the Contractor, the Engineer and such other interested parties as may be
33	invited. The purpose of the preconstruction conference will be:
34	 To review the initial progress schedule;
35 36	To establish a working understanding among the various parties associated or affected by the work;
37 38	 To establish and review procedures for progress payment, notifications, approvals, submittals, etc.;
39	To establish normal working hours for the work;
40	5. To review safety standards and traffic control; and
41 42	6. To discuss such other related items as may be pertinent to the work.
42 43	The Contractor shall prepare and submit at the preconstruction conference the following:
44	A breakdown of all lump sum items;
45	2. A preliminary schedule of working drawing submittals; and

3. A list of material sources for approval if applicable.

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1-08.0(2).RTF

Add the following new section:

1-08.0(2) Hours of Work

(December 8, 2014 APWA GSP)

Except in the case of emergency or unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, the normal working hours for the Contract shall be any consecutive 8-hour period between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, exclusive of a lunch break. If the Contractor desires different than the normal working hours stated above, the request must be submitted in writing prior to the preconstruction conference, subject to the provisions below. The working hours for the Contract shall be established at or prior to the preconstruction conference.

All warding be

All working hours and days are also subject to local permit and ordinance conditions (such as noise ordinances).

If the Contractor wishes to deviate from the established working hours, the Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer for consideration. This request shall state what hours are being requested, and why. Requests shall be submitted for review no later than ***72 hours for day work and 30 days for night work*** prior to the day(s) the Contractor is requesting to change the hours.

If the Contracting Agency approves such a deviation, such approval may be subject to certain other conditions, which will be detailed in writing. For example:

1. On non-Federal aid projects, requiring the Contractor to reimburse the Contracting Agency for the costs in excess of straight-time costs for Contracting Agency representatives who worked during such times. (The Engineer may require designated representatives to be present during the work. Representatives who may be deemed necessary by the Engineer include, but are not limited to: survey crews; personnel from the Contracting Agency's material testing lab; inspectors; and other Contracting Agency employees or third party consultants when, in the opinion of the Engineer, such work necessitates their presence.)

2. Considering the work performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays as working days with regard to the contract time.

3. Considering multiple work shifts as multiple working days with respect to contract time even though the multiple shifts occur in a single 24-hour period.

4. If a 4-10 work schedule is requested and approved the non working day for the week will be charged as a working day.

 5. If Davis Bacon wage rates apply to this Contract, all requirements must be met and recorded properly on certified payroll

1-08.1.OptionA.RTF 1-08.1 Subcontracting

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP, Option A)

Section 1-08.1 is supplemented with the following:

Prior to any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor beginning work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a certification (WSDOT Form 420-004) that a written agreement between the Contractor and the subcontractor or between the subcontractor and any lower tier subcontractor has been executed. This certification shall also guarantee that these subcontract agreements include all the documents required by the Special Provision Federal Agency Inspection.

A subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor will not be permitted to perform any work under the contract until the following documents have been completed and submitted to the Engineer:

- 1. Request to Sublet Work (WSDOT Form 421-012), and
- 2. Contractor and Subcontractor or Lower Tier Subcontractor Certification for Federalaid Projects (WSDOT Form 420-004).

The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a completed Monthly Retainage Report (WSDOT Form 272-065) within 15 calendar days after receipt of every monthly progress payment until every subcontractor and lower tier subcontractor's retainage has been released.

The Contractor's records pertaining to the requirements of this Special Provision shall be open to inspection or audit by representatives of the Contracting Agency during the life of the contract and for a period of not less than three years after the date of acceptance of the contract. The Contractor shall retain these records for that period. The Contractor shall also guarantee that these records of all subcontractors and lower tier subcontractors shall be available and open to similar inspection or audit for the same time period.

1-08.1(7).GR1

Payments to Subcontractors and Lower-Tier Subcontractors

1-08.1(7)A.OPT1.2025.GR1

(July 2, 2024)

The Contractor shall report the actual amounts paid to all firms that were used as subcontractors of any tier, materials suppliers, manufacturers, regular dealers, or service providers on the Contract, including all Disadvantaged, Minority, Small, Veteran, or Women's Business Enterprise firms. The following do not need reported: (1) retail sales or services that are paid for at the time of purchase; (2) payments to materials suppliers or manufacturers that are in normal course of business. The Contractor shall report this information by entering it into the Contracting Agency's Diversity Management and Compliance System at: https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com. Payments shall be reported no later than the 20th of the month for all payments made to firms during the previous calendar month. For example, the Contractor shall enter all payments made to firms during the month of March into DMCS by April 20th. Payments shall be reported between execution of the Contract and the Contract Completion Date. When no Work occurred or no payments were made for a firm, the reported payment shall be zero.

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preconstruction conference for all Type B and Type C progress schedules.

1-08.4.RTF

1-08.4 Prosecution of Work

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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1-08.4 Notice to Proceed and Prosecution of Work (July 23, 2015 APWA GSP)

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Notice to Proceed will be given after the contract has been executed and the contract bond and evidence of insurance have been approved and filed by the Contracting Agency. The Contractor shall not commence with the work until the Notice to Proceed has been given by the Engineer. The Contractor shall commence construction activities on the project site within ten days of the Notice to Proceed Date, unless otherwise approved in writing. The Contractor shall diligently pursue the work to the physical completion date within the time specified in the contract. Voluntary shutdown or slowing of operations by the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to complete the work within the time(s) specified in the contract.

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When shown in the Plans, the first order of work shall be the installation of high visibility fencing to delineate all areas for protection or restoration, as described in the Contract. Installation of high visibility fencing adjacent to the roadway shall occur after the placement of all necessary signs and traffic control devices in accordance with 1-10.1(2). Upon construction of the fencing, the Contractor shall request the Engineer to inspect the fence. No other work shall be performed on the site until the Contracting Agency has accepted the installation of high visibility fencing, as described in the Contract.

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1-08.5.GR1

Time for Completion

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1-08.5.INST2.GR1

Section 1-08.5 is supplemented with the following:

31 32 33

F1-08.5.OPT7.DOCX

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(March 13, 1995)

This project shall be physically completed within *** forty eight (48) *** working days.

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1-08.5.OptionA.RTF

1-08.5 **Time for Completion**

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP, Option A)

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Revise the third and fourth paragraphs to read:

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Contract time shall begin on the first working day following the Notice to Proceed Date.

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Each working day shall be charged to the contract as it occurs, until the contract work is physically complete. If substantial completion has been granted and all the authorized working days have been used, charging of working days will cease. Each week the Engineer will provide the Contractor a statement that shows the number of working days: (1) charged to the contract the week before; (2) specified for the physical completion of the contract; and (3) remaining for the physical completion of the contract. The statement will also show the nonworking days and all partial or whole days the Engineer declares

as unworkable The statement will be identified as a Written Determination by the Engineer. If the Contractor does not agree with the Written Determination of working days, the Contractor shall pursue the protest procedures in accordance with Section 1-04.5. By failing to follow the procedures of Section 1-04.5, the Contractor shall be deemed as having accepted the statement as correct. If the Contractor is approved to work 10 hours a day and 4 days a week (a 4-10 schedule) and the fifth day of the week in which a 4-10 shift is worked would ordinarily be charged as a working day then the fifth day of that week will be charged as a working day whether or not the Contractor works on that day.

Revise the sixth paragraph to read:

The Engineer will give the Contractor written notice of the completion date of the contract after all the Contractor's obligations under the contract have been performed by the Contractor. The following events must occur before the Completion Date can be established:

- 1. The physical work on the project must be complete; and
- 2. The Contractor must furnish all documentation required by the contract and required by law, to allow the Contracting Agency to process final acceptance of the contract. The following documents must be received by the Project Engineer prior to establishing a completion date:
 - a. Certified Payrolls (per Section 1-07.9(5)).
 - b. Material Acceptance Certification Documents
 - c. Monthly Reports of Amounts Credited as DBE Participation, as required by the Contract Provisions.
 - d. Final Contract Voucher Certification
 - e. Copies of the approved "Affidavit of Prevailing Wages Paid" for the Contractor and all Subcontractors
 - f. A copy of the Notice of Termination sent to the Washington State Department of Ecology (Ecology); the elapse of 30 calendar days from the date of receipt of the Notice of Termination by Ecology; and no rejection of the Notice of Termination by Ecology. This requirement will not apply if the Construction Stormwater General Permit is transferred back to the Contracting Agency in accordance with Section 8-01.3(16).
 - g. Property owner releases per Section 1-07.24

1-08.6.GR1 Suspension of Work

1-08.6.INST1.GR1

Section 1-08.6 is supplemented with the following:

F1-08.6.OPT2.DOCX

(February 6, 2023)

Contract time may be suspended for procurement of critical materials (Procurement Suspension). In order to receive a Procurement Suspension, the Contractor shall within 21 calendar days after execution by the Contracting Agency, place purchase orders for all materials deemed critical by the Contracting Agency for physical completion of the contract. The Contractor shall provide copies of purchase orders for the critical materials.

Such purchase orders shall disclose the purchase order date and estimated delivery dates for such critical material.

The Contractor shall show procurement of the materials listed below as activities in the Progress Schedule. If the approved Progress Schedule indicates that the materials procurement are critical activities, and if the Contractor has provided documentation that purchase orders are placed for the critical materials within the prescribed 21 calendar days, then contract time will be suspended upon physical completion of all critical work except that work dependent upon the below listed critical materials:

*** Video Detection Camera ***

Charging of contract time will resume upon delivery of the critical materials to the Contractor or *** 35 *** calendar days after execution by the Contracting Agency, whichever occurs first.

1-08.9.GR1

Liquidated Damages

1-08.9.INST1.GR1

Section 1-08.9 is supplemented with the following:

F1-08.9.OptionA Liquid Dam.DOCX 1-08.9 Liquidated Damages

(March 3, 2021 APWA GSP, Option A)

Replace Section 1-08.9 with the following:

Time is of the essence of the Contract. Delays inconvenience the traveling public, obstruct traffic, interfere with and delay commerce, and increase risk to Highway users. Delays also cost tax payers undue sums of money, adding time needed for administration, engineering, inspection, and supervision.

Accordingly, the Contractor agrees:

1. To pay liquidated damages in the amount of *** \$1,150 *** for each working day beyond the number of working days established for Physical Completion, and

2. To authorize the Engineer to deduct these liquidated damages from any money due or coming due to th Contractor.

When the Contract Work has progressed to Substantial Completion as defined in the Contract, the Engineer may determine the Contract Work is Substantially Complete. The Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of the Substantial Completion Date. For overruns in Contract time occurring after the date so established, liquidated damages identified above will not apply. For overruns in Contract time occurring after the Substantial Completion Date, liquidated damages shall be assessed on the basis of direct engineering and related costs assignable to the project until the actual Physical Completion Date of all the Contract Work. The Contractor shall complete the remaining

1 Work as promptly as possible. Upon request by the Project Engineer, the Contractor 2 shall furnish a written schedule for completing the physical Work on the Contract. 3 4 Liquidated damages will not be assessed for any days for which an extension of time is 5 granted. No deduction or payment of liquidated damages will, in any degree, release the 6 Contractor from further obligations and liabilities to complete the entire Contract. 7 8 1-09.2(1).OptionB.rtf 9 1-09.2(1) General Requirements for Weighing Equipment 10 (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP, Option B) 11 12 Revise item 4 of the fifth paragraph to read: 13 14 4. Test results and scale weight records for each day's hauling operations are provided to the Engineer daily. Reporting shall utilize WSDOT form 422-027A, Scaleman's 15 Daily Report, unless the printed ticket contains the same information that is on the 16 17 Scaleman's Daily Report Form. The scale operator must provide AM and/or PM tare 18 weights for each truck on the printed ticket. 19 20 1-09.2(5).RTF 21 1-09.2(5) **Measurement** 22 (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP) 23 24 Revise the first paragraph to read: 25 26 Scale Verification Checks – At the Engineer's discretion, the Engineer may perform 27 verification checks on the accuracy of each batch, hopper, or platform scale used in 28 weighing contract items of Work. 29 30 1-09.6.RTF 31 1-09.6 Force Account 32 (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP) 33 34 Supplement this section with the following: 35 36 The Contracting Agency has estimated and included in the Proposal, dollar amounts for 37 all items to be paid per force account, only to provide a common proposal for Bidders. All 38 such dollar amounts are to become a part of Contractor's total bid. However, the 39 Contracting Agency does not warrant expressly or by implication, that the actual amount 40 of work will correspond with those estimates. Payment will be made on the basis of the 41 amount of work actually authorized by the Engineer. 42 43 1-09.7.RTF 1-09.7 Mobilization 44 45 (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP) 46 47 Delete this Section and replace it with the following: 48 49 Mobilization consists of preconstruction expenses and the costs of preparatory Work and 50 operations performed by the Contractor typically occurring before 10 percent of the total 51 original amount of an individual Bid Schedule is earned from other Contract items on that

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Bid Schedule. Items which are not to be included in the item of Mobilization include but are not limited to:

- 1. Portions of the Work covered by the specific Contract item or incidental Work which is to be included in a Contract item or items.
- 2. Profit, interest on borrowed money, overhead, or management costs.
- 3. Costs incurred for mobilizing equipment for force account Work.

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Based on the lump sum Contract price for "Mobilization", partial payments will be made as follows:

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- 1. When 5 percent of the total original Bid Schedule amount is earned from other Contract items on that original Bid Schedule, excluding amounts paid for materials on hand, 50 percent of the Bid Item for mobilization on that original Bid Schedule, 5 percent of the total of that original Bid Schedule, or 5 percent of the total original Contract amount, whichever is the least, will be paid.
- 2. When 10 percent of the total original Bid Schedule amount is earned from other Contract items on that original Bid Schedule, excluding amounts paid for materials on hand, 100 percent of the Bid Item for mobilization on that original Bid Schedule, 10 percent of the total of that original Bid Schedule, or 10 percent of the total original Contract amount, whichever is the least, will be paid.
- 3. When the Substantial Completion Date has been established for the project, payment of any remaining amount Bid for mobilization will be paid.

Nothing herein shall be construed to limit or preclude partial payments otherwise provided by the Contract.

1-09.8.GR1

Payment For Material On Hand

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1-09.8.INST1.GR1

The last paragraph of Section 1-09.8 is revised to read:

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1-09.8.OPT1.GR1

(August 3, 2009)

The Contracting Agency will not pay for material on hand when the invoice cost is less than \$2,000. As materials are used in the work, credits equaling the partial payments for them will be taken on future estimates. Each month, no later than the estimate due date, the Contractor shall submit a letter to the Engineer that clearly states: 1) the amount originally paid on the invoice (or other record of production cost) for the items on hand, 2) the dollar amount of the material incorporated into each of the various work items for the month, and 3) the amount that should be retained in material on hand items. If work is performed on the items and the Contractor does not submit a letter, all of the previous material on hand payment will be deducted on the estimate. Partial payment for materials on hand shall not constitute acceptance. Any material will be rejected if found to be faulty even if partial payment for it has been made.

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1-09.9.GR1

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Payments

Vacant

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Revise this section to read:

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For the convenience of the parties to the Contract it is mutually agreed by the parties that all claims or causes of action which the Contractor has against the Contracting Agency arising from the Contract shall be brought within 180 calendar days from the date of final acceptance (Section 1-05.12) of the Contract by the Contracting Agency; and it is further agreed that all such claims or causes of action shall be brought only in the Superior Court of the county where the Contracting Agency headquarters is located, provided that where an action is asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction. The parties understand and agree that the Contractor's failure to bring suit within the time period provided, shall be a complete bar to all such claims or causes of action. It is further mutually agreed by the parties that when claims or causes of action which the Contractor asserts against the Contracting Agency arising from the Contract are filed with the Contracting Agency or initiated in court, the Contractor shall permit the Contracting Agency to have timely access to all records deemed necessary by the Contracting Agency to assist in evaluating the claims or action.

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1-09.13(3)A.RTF 1-09.13(3)A Arbitration General

(January 19, 2022 APWA GSP)

24 25 26

Revise the third paragraph to read:

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The Contracting Agency and the Contractor mutually agree to be bound by the decision of the arbitrator, and judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in the Superior Court of the county in which the Contracting Agency's headquarters is located, provided that where claims subject to arbitration are asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction of the Superior Court. The decision of the arbitrator and the specific basis for the decision shall be in writing. The arbitrator shall use the Contract as a basis for decisions.

34 35 36

1-09.13(4).RTF

1-09.13(4) Venue for Litigation (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise this section to read:

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Litigation shall be brought in the Superior Court of the county in which the Contracting Agency's headquarters is located, provided that where claims are asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction of the Superior Court. It is mutually agreed by the parties that when litigation occurs, the Contractor shall permit the Contracting Agency to have timely access to all records deemed necessary by the Contracting Agency to assist in evaluating the claims or action.

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1-10.GR1

Temporary Traffic Control

1	1-10.2.GR1			
2	Traffic Control Management			
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4				
5	Section 1-10.2 is supplemented with the following:			
6				
7	1-10.2.OPT1.GR1			
8	(November 2, 2022)			
9	Work Zone Safety Contingency			
10	Enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the accepted traffic control plans to			
11	increase the safety of the work zones shall be discussed on a weekly basis between the			
12	Contractor and the Contracting Agency. Enhancements shall be mutually agreed upon by			
13	the Contractor and Engineer prior to performing any Work to implement the enhancement.			
14				
15	Enhancements do not include the use of Uniformed Police Officers or WSP, address			
16	changes to the allowed work hour restrictions, or changes to the staging plans in the			
17	Contract (if applicable). If allowed by the Engineer, these items will be addressed in			
18	accordance with Section 1-04.4.			
19 20	The Contractor shall be solely responsible for submitting any traffic control plan revision			
21	to implement the enhancement in accordance with Section 1-10.2(2).			
22	to implement the enhancement in accordance with Section 1-10.2(2).			
23	1-10.2(1).GR1			
24	General General			
25	Ocherui -			
26	1-10.2(1).INST1.GR1			
27	Section 1-10.2(1) is supplemented with the following:			
28				
29	1-10.2(1).OPT1.GR1			
30	(October 3, 2022)			
31	The Traffic Control Supervisor shall be certified by one of the following:			
32				
33	The Northwest Laborers-Employers Training Trust			
34	27055 Ohio Ave.			
35	Kingston, WA 98346			
36	(360) 297-3035			
37	https://www.nwlett.edu			
38				
39	Evergreen Safety Council			
40	12545 135 th Ave. NE			
41	Kirkland, WA 98034-8709			
42	1-800-521-0778			
43	https://www.esc.org			
44	The American Traffic Outstand Commisses Accessing			
45	The American Traffic Safety Services Association			
46 47	15 Riverside Parkway, Suite 100			
47 40	Fredericksburg, Virginia 22406-1022			
48 49	Training Dept. Toll Free (877) 642-4637 Phone: (540) 368-1701			
49 50	https://atssa.com/training			
51	ntips.//atssa.com/training			
52	Integrity Safety			
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1 2 3 4 5 6 7		13912 NE 20th Ave. Vancouver, WA 98686 (360) 574-6071 https://www.integritysafety.com US Safety Alliance (904) 705-5660
8		https://www.ussafetyalliance.com
9 10		K&D Services Inc.
11		2719 Rockefeller Ave.
12		Everett, WA 98201
13		(800) 343-4049
14		https://www.kndservices.net
15 16	1-10.3.GR	1
17		ontrol Labor, Procedures and Devices
18		
19	1-10.3(1).0	
20	Traffi	c Control Labor
21 22	COE 1-10	3(1)C FED.RTF
23		3(1)C FED.RTF
24		of Everett, January 19, 2020 (WSDOT approved 1/8/20, amended 3/2/23)]
25	Sectio	n 1-10.3(1)C is added as follows:
26	4	40 2/4)C Uniformed Bolice Officer
27 28		-10.3(1)C Uniformed Police Officer *****)
29	(,
30	Т	he Contractor shall provide commissioned uniformed police control at any time a
31		gnalized intersection is dark, flashing red, or inoperative, such as during grinding
32		r paving operations where the traffic signal must be put into flashing operation.
33 34		ignalized intersections shall not be police controlled between the hours of 6:00am nd 8:30am nor 12:00pm to 7:30pm, unless approved by the Engineer.
35	a	nd 0.00am nor 12.00pm to 7.00pm, diffees approved by the Engineer.
36	Т	he following list is provided for contractor convenience for the Coordination of
37	Co	ommissioned uniformed Police control personnel:
38	4	City of Franch Daling Officers Association
39 40	1	. City of Everett Police Officers Association Post Office Box 1253
41		Everett, WA 98201
42		Contacts:
43		Detective Todd Israel 425-740-4951, tisrael@everettwa.gov
44		Officer Omar Estrada 425-512-7186, oestrada@everettwa.gov
45 46	,	2. Washington State Patrol
40 47	4	2. Washington State Patrol Contact:
48		D7services@wsp.wa.gov
49		Provide: Name, Phone, and Nature of Request
50		Dispatch: (360)654-1204
51		

1 2 3 4		At the time of returning signals to normal operation, a City of Everett traffic signal technician shall be present and on standby since most signals will not return to normal operation with a turn of the police panel switch and require a conflict monitor reset.
5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		Coordination of traffic signal technician shall be coordinated with the following personnel: City of Everett Public Works 3200 Cedar Street Everett, WA 98201 Contact: Steve Sawyer (425) 328-0643
15		
16	1-10.5(2	(Mary 99, 9999)
17 18		(May 20, 2020)
19		"Contractor Provided Uniformed Police Officer", per hour.
20 21 22 23 24 25		The unit Contract price per hour for "Contractor Provided Uniformed Police Officer" shall be full pay for performing the Work as specified and as shown in the Plans, including all costs for arrangement for and supervision of a uniformed law enforcement personnel and vehicles to participate in the Contractor's traffic control activities.
26	1-10.5(2).OPT7.GR1
27 28	•	(November 2, 2022) "Work Zone Safety Contingency", by force account.
29 30 31 32		All costs as authorized by the Engineer will be paid for by force account as specified in Section 1-09.6.
33		For purpose of providing a common proposal for all bidders, the Contracting Agency
34		has entered an amount for the item "Work Zone Safety Contingency" in the Proposal
35 36		to become a part of the Contractor's total bid.
37 38		The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items for the implementation of the agreed upon enhancement.
39	END D"	(IOLONA DEF
40	END DI	VISION1.RTF
41		END DIVISION 1
42		

2-00-011

(*****

Section 2-08 of the standard specifications is vacant shall be replaced by the following:

2-08.1 Description

This work shall consist of sweeping all construction related roads, and cleaning the pavement and removing debris from the roadway.

2-08.2 Vacant

2-08.3 Construction Requirements

The use of water to perform street sweeping work shall be held to a minimum unless designated otherwise by the Engineer. The contractor shall provide self-propelled pickup sweepers and/or vacuum pick up sweepers for pavement cleaning and debris removal whenever their use is ordered by the Engineer. The type and number of sweepers are subject to the approval of the Engineer.

Daily sweeping shall continue on all construction related roads at least once per day until said surface is covered with new HMA. In the event the Contractor sweeper will not be able to work daily on ground surfaces, the City Forces will provide services, and the Contractor will be billed for each hour of operation.

The following work shall not be paid by "Street Cleaning", it shall be included in the bid item "Planing Bituminous Pavement" (2" Deep), per square yard:

1. Sweepers following the grinding work.

 2. Debris left in the road or on the side of the road from Planing Bituminous Pavement.

The Contractor shall plan the operation to minimize the need for street cleaning.

2-08.4 Measurement

Street cleaning will be measured by the hour for the actual time consumed in sweeping, pavement cleaning, and debris removal. No allowance will be made for time consumed in making repairs to the equipment or for moving the equipment to or from the site on which the street cleaning is ordered. No separate payment will be made for water required for the normal operation of the pickup sweepers.

1	2-08.5 Payment		
2			
3	Payment will be made in accordance with Section 1-04.1 for the following bid item:		
4			
	"Street Cleaning", per hour.		
6			
/ 0	END DIVISIONS DE		
_			
	END DIVISION 2		
5 6 7 8 9	"Street Cleaning", per hour. END DIVISION2.RTF END DIVISION 2		

Division 5 **Surface Treatments and Pavements**

6 7 COE 5-04.RTF

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5-04 **Hot Mix Asphalt**

(December 3, 2018 City of Everett based on APWA GSP)

Delete Section 5-04 and amendments, Hot Mix Asphalt and replace it with the following:

5-04.1 Description

This Work shall consist of providing and placing one or more layers of plant mixed hot mix asphalt (HMA) on a prepared foundation or base in accordance with these Specifications and the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross-sections shown in the Plans. The manufacture of HMA may include warm mix asphalt (WMA) processes in accordance with these Specifications. WMA processes include organic additives, chemical additives, and foaming.

HMA shall be composed of asphalt binder and mineral materials as may be required, mixed in the proportions specified to provide a homogeneous, stable, and workable mixture.

5-04.2 Materials

Materials shall meet the requirements of the following sections:

27	Asphalt Binder	9-02.1(4)
28	Cationic Emulsified Asphalt	9-02.1(6)
29	Anti-Stripping Additive	9-02.4
30	HMA Additive	9-02.5
31	Aggregates	9-03.8
32	Recycled Asphalt Pavement	9-03.8(3)B
33	Mineral Filler	9-03.8(5)
34	Recycled Material	9-03.21
35	Portland Cement	9-01
36	Sand	9-03.1(2)
37	(As noted in 5-04.3(5)	C for crack se

ealing)

Joint Sealant 9-04.2 9-04.2(3)A Foam Backer Rod

> The Contract documents may establish that the various mineral materials required for the manufacture of HMA will be furnished in whole or in part by the Contracting Agency. If the documents do not establish the furnishing of any of these mineral materials by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall be required to furnish such materials in the amounts required for the designated mix. Mineral materials include coarse and fine aggregates, and mineral filler.

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1 2 3 4	The Contractor may choose to utilize recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) in the production of HMA. The RAP may be from pavements removed under the Contract, if any, or pavement material from an existing stockpile.
5 6 7 8 9 10	The Contractor may use up to 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA with no additional sampling or testing of the RAP. The RAP shall be sampled and tested at a frequency of one sample for every 1,000 tons produced and not less than ten samples per project. The asphalt content and gradation test data shall be reported to the Contracting Agency when submitting the mix design for approval on the QPL. The Contractor shall include the RAP as part of the mix design as defined in these Specifications.
12 13 14	The grade of asphalt binder shall be as required by the Contract. Blending of asphalt binder from different sources is not permitted.
15 16 17 18 19	The Contractor may only use warm mix asphalt (WMA) processes in the production of HMA with 20 percent or less RAP by total weight of HMA. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval the process that is proposed and how it will be used in the manufacture of HMA.
20 21 22 23	Production of aggregates shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-01. Preparation of stockpile site, the stockpiling of aggregates, and the removal of aggregates from stockpiles shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-02.
24 25 26 27	5-04.2(1) How to Get an HMA Mix Design on the QPL If the contractor wishes to submit a mix design for inclusion in the Qualified Products List (QPL), please follow the WSDOT process outlined in Standard Specification 5-04.2(1).
28	5-04.2(2) Mix Design – Obtaining Project Approval
29 30	No paving shall begin prior to the approval of the mix design by the Engineer.
31 32 33	Nonstatistical evaluation will be used for all HMA not designated as Commercial HMA in the contract documents.
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Commercial evaluation will be used for Commercial HMA and for other classes of HMA in the following applications: sidewalks, road approaches, ditches, slopes, paths, trails, gores, prelevel, and pavement repair. Other nonstructural applications of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation shall be as approved by the Project Engineer. Sampling and testing of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation will be at the option of the Project Engineer. The Proposal quantity of HMA that is accepted by commercial evaluation will be excluded from the quantities used in the determination of nonstatistical evaluation.
42 43 44 45	Nonstatistical Mix Design . Fifteen days prior to the first day of paving the contractor shall provide one of the following mix design verification certifications for Contracting Agency review;
46 47	 The WSDOT Mix Design Evaluation Report from the current WSDOT QPL, or one of the mix design verification certifications listed below.

months from the original verification date with a certification from the Contractor that the

Commercial Evaluation Approval of a mix design for "Commercial Evaluation" will be based on a review of the Contractor's submittal of WSDOT Form 350-042 (For commercial mixes, AASHTO T 324 evaluation is not required) or a Mix Design from the current WSDOT QPL or from one of the processes allowed by this section. Testing of the HMA by the Contracting Agency for mix design approval is not required.

For the Bid Item Commercial HMA, the Contractor shall select a class of HMA and design level of Equivalent Single Axle Loads (ESAL's) appropriate for the required use.

5-04.2(2)A Vacant

5-04.2(2)B Using Warm Mix Asphalt Processes

The Contractor may elect to use additives that reduce the optimum mixing temperature or serve as a compaction aid for producing HMA. Additives include organic additives, chemical additives and foaming processes. The use of Additives is subject to the following:

- Do not use additives that reduce the mixing temperature more than allowed in Section 5-04.3(6) in the production of mixtures.
- Before using additives, obtain the Engineer's approval using WSDOT Form 350-076 to describe the proposed additive and process.

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1 5-04.3 Construction Requirements 2 3 5-04.3(1) Weather Limitations 4 Do not place HMA for wearing course on any Traveled Way beginning October 1st 5 through March 31st of the following year without written concurrence from the Engineer. 6 7 Do not place HMA on any wet surface, or when the average surface temperatures are 8 less than those specified below, or when weather conditions otherwise prevent the 9 proper handling or finishing of the HMA. 10 11 **Minimum Surface Temperature for Paving** Compacted Thickness Wearing Course Other Courses (Feet) Less than 0.10 45∘F 55∘F 0.10 to .20 45∘F 35∘F 35∘F More than 0.20 35∘F 12 13 5-04.3(2) Paving Under Traffic 14 When the Roadway being paved is open to traffic, the requirements of this Section 15 shall apply. 16 17 The Contractor shall keep intersections open to traffic at all times except when paving 18 the intersection or paving across the intersection. During such time, and provided that 19 there has been an advance warning to the public, the intersection may be closed for the 20 minimum time required to place and compact the mixture. In hot weather, the Engineer 21 may require the application of water to the pavement to accelerate the finish rolling of the 22 pavement and to shorten the time required before reopening to traffic. 23 24 Before closing an intersection, advance warning signs shall be placed and signs shall 25 also be placed marking the detour or alternate route. 26 27 During paving operations, temporary pavement markings shall be maintained throughout 28 the project. Temporary pavement markings shall be installed on the Roadway prior to 29 opening to traffic. Temporary pavement markings shall be in accordance with Section 8-30 23. 31 32 All costs in connection with performing the Work in accordance with these requirements 33 shall be included in the unit Contract prices for the various Bid items involved in the 34 Contract. 35

5-04.3(3) **Equipment**

5-04.3(3)A Mixing Plant

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- 1. Equipment for Preparation of Asphalt Binder Tanks for the storage of asphalt binder shall be equipped to heat and hold the material at the required temperatures. The heating shall be accomplished by steam coils, electricity, or other approved means so that no flame shall be in contact with the storage tank. The circulating system for the asphalt binder shall be designed to ensure proper and continuous circulation during the operating period. A valve for the purpose of sampling the asphalt binder shall be placed in either the storage tank or in the supply line to the mixer.
- 2. Thermometric Equipment An armored thermometer, capable of detecting temperature ranges expected in the HMA mix, shall be fixed in the asphalt binder feed line at a location near the charging valve at the mixer unit. The thermometer location shall be convenient and safe for access by Inspectors. The plant shall also be equipped with an approved dial-scale thermometer, a mercury actuated thermometer, an electric pyrometer, or another approved thermometric instrument placed at the discharge chute of the drier to automatically register or indicate the temperature of the heated aggregates. This device shall be in full view of the plant operator.
- 3. **Heating of Asphalt Binder** The temperature of the asphalt binder shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the asphalt binder manufacturer nor shall it be below the minimum temperature required to maintain the asphalt binder in a homogeneous state. The asphalt binder shall be heated in a manner that will avoid local variations in heating. The heating method shall provide a continuous supply of asphalt binder to the mixer at a uniform average temperature with no individual variations exceeding 25°F. Also, when a WMA additive is included in the asphalt binder, the temperature of the asphalt binder shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the manufacturer of the WMA additive.
- 4. **Sampling and Testing of Mineral Materials** The HMA plant shall be equipped with a mechanical sampler for the sampling of the mineral materials. The mechanical sampler shall meet the requirements of Section 1-05.6 for the crushing and screening operation. The Contractor shall provide for the setup and operation of the field testing facilities of the Contracting Agency as provided for in Section 3-01.2(2).
- 5. **Sampling HMA** The HMA plant shall provide for sampling HMA by one of the following methods:
 - a. A mechanical sampling device attached to the HMA plant.
 - b. Platforms or devices to enable sampling from the hauling vehicle without entering the hauling vehicle.

5-04.3(3)B Hauling Equipment

Trucks used for hauling HMA shall have tight, clean, smooth metal beds and shall have a cover of canvas or other suitable material of sufficient size to protect the mixture from adverse weather. Whenever the weather conditions during the work shift include, or are forecast to include, precipitation or an air temperature less than 45°F or when time from loading to unloading exceeds 30 minutes, the cover shall be securely attached to protect the HMA.

The contractor shall provide an environmentally benign means to prevent the HMA mixture from adhering to the hauling equipment. Excess release agent shall be drained prior to filling hauling equipment with HMA. Petroleum derivatives or other coating material that contaminate or alter the characteristics of the HMA shall not be used. For live bed trucks, the conveyer shall be in operation during the process of applying the release agent.

5-04.3(3)C Pavers

 HMA pavers shall be self-contained, power-propelled units, provided with an internally heated vibratory screed and shall be capable of spreading and finishing courses of HMA plant mix material in lane widths required by the paving section shown in the Plans.

The HMA paver shall be in good condition and shall have the most current equipment available from the manufacturer for the prevention of segregation of the HMA mixture installed, in good condition, and in working order. The equipment certification shall list the make, model, and year of the paver and any equipment that has been retrofitted.

The screed shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and shall effectively produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, segregating, or gouging the mixture. A copy of the manufacturer's recommendations shall be provided upon request by the Contracting Agency. Extensions will be allowed provided they produce the same results, including ride, density, and surface texture as obtained by the primary screed. Extensions without augers and an internally heated vibratory screed shall not be used in the Traveled Way.

When specified in the Contract, reference lines for vertical control will be required. Lines shall be placed on both outer edges of the Traveled Way of each Roadway. Horizontal control utilizing the reference line will be permitted. The grade and slope for intermediate lanes shall be controlled automatically from reference lines or by means of a mat referencing device and a slope control device. When the finish of the grade prepared for paving is superior to the established tolerances and when, in the opinion of the Engineer, further improvement to the line, grade, cross-section, and smoothness can best be achieved without the use of the reference line, a mat referencing device may be substituted for the reference line. Substitution of the device will be subject to the continued approval of the Engineer. A joint matcher may be used subject to the approval of the Engineer. The reference line may be removed after the completion of the first course of HMA when approved by the Engineer. Whenever the Engineer determines that any of these methods are failing to provide the necessary vertical control, the reference lines will be reinstalled by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall furnish and install all pins, brackets, tensioning devices, wire, and accessories necessary for satisfactory operation of the automatic control equipment.

If the paving machine in use is not providing the required finish, the Engineer may suspend Work as allowed by Section 1-08.6. Any cleaning or solvent type liquids spilled on the pavement shall be thoroughly removed before paving proceeds.

5-04.3(3)D Material Transfer Device or Material Transfer Vehicle

1 2 3	A Material Transfer Device/Vehicle (MTD/V) shall only be used with the Engineer's approval, unless otherwise required by the contract.
4 5 6 7	Where an MTD/V is required by the contract, the Engineer may approve paving without an MTD/V, at the request of the Contractor. The Engineer will determine if an equitable adjustment in cost or time is due.
8 9 10 11 12 13	When used, the MTD/V shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to laydown by the paving machine. Mixing of the HMA shall be sufficient to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture. If a windrow elevator is used, the length of the windrow may be limited in urban areas or through intersections, at the discretion of the Engineer.
14	To be approved for use, an MTV:
15	To be approved for dee, all first.
16 17	 Shall be self-propelled vehicle, separate from the hauling vehicle or paver. Shall not be connected to the hauling vehicle or paver.
18	May accept HMA directly from the haul vehicle or pick up HMA from a windrow
19 20	 Shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to placement into the paving machine.
21 22	Shall mix the HMA sufficiently to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture.
23	To be approved for one or MTD.
24 25	To be approved for use, an MTD:
26	Shall be positively connected to the paver.
27	 May accept HMA directly from the haul vehicle or pick up HMA from a windrow
28 29	 Shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to placement into the paving machine.
30 31	4. Shall mix the HMA sufficiently to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture.
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33	5-04.3(3)E Rollers
34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Rollers shall be of the steel wheel, vibratory, oscillatory, or pneumatic tire type, in good condition and capable of reversing without backlash. Operation of the roller shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. When ordered by the Engineer for any roller planned for use on the project, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the manufacturer's recommendation for the use of that roller for compaction of HMA. The number and weight of rollers shall be sufficient to compact the mixture in compliance with the requirements of Section 5-04.3(10). The use of equipment that results in crushing of the aggregate will not be permitted. Rollers producing pickup, washboard, uneven compaction of the surface, displacement of the mixture or other undesirable results shall not be used.
45	5-04.3(4) Preparation of Existing Paved Surfaces

1 When the surface of the existing pavement or old base is irregular, the Contractor shall 2 bring it to a uniform grade and cross section as shown on the Plans or approved by the 3 Engineer. 4 5 Preleveling of uneven or broken surfaces over which HMA is to be placed may be 6 accomplished by using an asphalt paver, a motor patrol grader, or by hand raking, as 7 approved by the Engineer. 8 9 Compaction of preleveling HMA shall be to the satisfaction of the Engineer and may 10 require the use of small steel wheel rollers, plate compactors, or pneumatic rollers to 11 avoid bridging across preleveled areas by the compaction equipment. Equipment used 12 for the compaction of preleveling HMA shall be approved by the Engineer. 13 14 Before construction of HMA on an existing paved surface, the entire surface of the 15 payement shall be clean. All fatty asphalt patches, grease drippings, and other 16 objectionable matter shall be entirely removed from the existing pavement. All 17 pavements or bituminous surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, soil, pavement 18 grindings, and other foreign matter. All holes and small depressions shall be filled with an 19 appropriate class of HMA. The surface of the patched area shall be leveled and 20 compacted thoroughly. Prior to the application of tack coat, or paving, the condition of 21 the surface shall be approved by the Engineer. 22 23 A tack coat of asphalt shall be applied to all paved surfaces on which any course of HMA 24 is to be placed or abutted; except that tack coat may be omitted from clean, newly paved 25 surfaces at the discretion of the Engineer. Tack coat shall be uniformly applied to cover 26 the existing pavement with a thin film of residual asphalt free of streaks and bare spots at 27 a rate between 0.02 and 0.10 gallons per square yard of retained asphalt. The rate of 28 application shall be approved by the Engineer. A heavy application of tack coat shall be 29 applied to all joints. For Roadways open to traffic, the application of tack coat shall be 30 limited to surfaces that will be paved during the same working shift. The spreading 31 equipment shall be equipped with a thermometer to indicate the temperature of the tack 32 coat material. 33 34 Equipment shall not operate on tacked surfaces until the tack has broken and cured. If 35 the Contractor's operation damages the tack coat it shall be repaired prior to placement 36 of the HMA. 37 38 The tack coat shall be CSS-1, or CSS-1h emulsified asphalt. The CSS-1 and CSS-1h 39 emulsified asphalt may be diluted once with water at a rate not to exceed one part water 40 to one part emulsified asphalt. The tack coat shall have sufficient temperature such that 41 it may be applied uniformly at the specified rate of application and shall not exceed the 42 maximum temperature recommended by the emulsified asphalt manufacturer. 43 44 5-04.3(4)A Crack Sealing

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5-04.3(4)A1 General

When the Proposal includes a pay item for crack sealing, seal all cracks ¼ inch in width and greater.

Joint sealant shall be used for transverse joints in paving.

Cleaning: Ensure that cracks are thoroughly clean, dry and free of all loose and foreign material when filling with crack sealant material. Use a hot compressed air lance to dry and warm the pavement surfaces within the crack immediately prior to filling a crack with the sealant material. Do not overheat pavement. Do not use direct flame dryers. Routing cracks is not required.

Sand Slurry: For cracks that are to be filled with sand slurry, thoroughly mix the components and pour the mixture into the cracks until full. Add additional CSS-1 cationic emulsified asphalt to the sand slurry as needed for workability to ensure the mixture will completely fill the cracks. Strike off the sand slurry flush with the existing pavement surface and allow the mixture to cure. Top off cracks that were not completely filled with additional sand slurry. Do not place the HMA overlay until the slurry has fully cured.

The sand slurry shall consist of approximately 20 percent CSS-1 emulsified asphalt, approximately 2 percent portland cement, water (if required), and the remainder clean Class 1 or 2 fine aggregate per section 9-03.1(2). The components shall be thoroughly mixed and then poured into the cracks and joints until full. The following day, any cracks or joints that are not completely filled shall be topped off with additional sand slurry. After the sand slurry is placed, the filler shall be struck off flush with the existing pavement surface and allowed to cure. The HMA overlay shall not be placed until the slurry has fully cured. The requirements of Section 1-06 will not apply to the portland cement and sand used in the sand slurry.

In areas where HMA will be placed, use sand slurry to fill the cracks.

In areas where HMA will not be placed, fill the cracks as follows:

- 1. Cracks ¼ inch to 1 inch in width fill with hot poured sealant.
- 2. Cracks greater than 1 inch in width fill with sand slurry.

Hot Poured Sealant: For cracks that are to be filled with hot poured sealant, apply the material in accordance with these requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations. Furnish a Type 1 Working Drawing of the manufacturer's product information and recommendations to the Engineer prior to the start of work, including the manufacturer's recommended heating time and temperatures, allowable storage time and temperatures after initial heating, allowable reheating criteria, and application temperature range. Confine hot poured sealant material within the crack. Clean any overflow of sealant from the pavement surface. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's method of sealing the cracks with hot poured sealant results in an excessive amount of material on the pavement surface, stop and correct the operation to eliminate the excess material.

5-04.3(4)A2 Crack Sealing Areas Prior to Paving

In areas where HMA will be placed, use sand slurry to fill the cracks.

5-04.3(4)A3 Crack Sealing Areas Not to be Paved

In areas where HMA will not be placed, fill the cracks as follows:

- A. Cracks $\frac{1}{4}$ inch to 1 inch in width fill with hot poured sealant.

B. Cracks greater than 1 inch in width – fill with sand slurry.

5-04.3(4)B Vacant

5-04.3(4)C Pavement Repair

The Contractor shall excavate pavement repair areas and shall backfill these with HMA in accordance with the details shown in the Plans and as marked in the field. The Contractor shall conduct the excavation operations in a manner that will protect the pavement that is to remain. Pavement not designated to be removed that is damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Contracting Agency. The Contractor shall excavate only within one lane at a time unless approved otherwise by the Engineer. The Contractor shall not excavate more area than can be completely finished during the same shift, unless approved by the Engineer.

Unless otherwise shown in the Plans or determined by the Engineer, excavate to a depth of 1.0 feet. The Engineer will make the final determination of the excavation depth required. The minimum width of any pavement repair area shall be 40 inches unless shown otherwise in the Plans. Before any excavation, the existing pavement shall be sawcut or shall be removed by a pavement grinder. Excavated materials will become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of in a Contractor provided site off the Right of Way or used in accordance with Sections 2-02.3(3) or 9-03.21.

Asphalt for tack coat shall be required as specified in Section 5-04.3(4). A heavy application of tack coat shall be applied to all surfaces of existing pavement in the pavement repair area.

Placement of the HMA backfill shall be accomplished in lifts not to exceed 0.35-foot compacted depth. Lifts that exceed 0.35-foot of compacted depth may be accomplished with the approval of the Engineer. Each lift shall be thoroughly compacted by a mechanical tamper or a roller.

5-04.3(5) Producing/Stockpiling Aggregates and RAP

 Aggregates and RAP shall be stockpiled according to the requirements of Section 3-02. Sufficient storage space shall be provided for each size of aggregate and RAP. Materials shall be removed from stockpile(s) in a manner to ensure minimal segregation when being moved to the HMA plant for processing into the final mixture. Different aggregate sizes shall be kept separated until they have been delivered to the HMA plant.

5-04.3(6) Mixing

 After the required amount of mineral materials, asphalt binder, recycling agent and antistripping additives have been introduced into the mixer the HMA shall be mixed until complete and uniform coating of the particles and thorough distribution of the asphalt binder throughout the mineral materials is ensured.

When discharged, the temperature of the HMA shall not exceed the optimum mixing temperature by more than 25°F as shown on the reference mix design report or as approved by the Engineer. Also, when a WMA additive is included in the manufacture of HMA, the discharge temperature of the HMA shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the manufacturer of the WMA additive. A maximum water content of 2 percent in the mix, at discharge, will be allowed providing the water causes no problems with handling, stripping, or flushing. If the water in the HMA causes any of these problems, the moisture content shall be reduced as directed by the Engineer.

Storing or holding of the HMA in approved storage facilities will be permitted with approval of the Engineer, but in no event shall the HMA be held for more than 24 hours. HMA held for more than 24 hours after mixing shall be rejected. Rejected HMA shall be disposed of by the Contractor at no expense to the Contracting Agency. The storage facility shall have an accessible device located at the top of the cone or about the third point. The device shall indicate the amount of material in storage. No HMA shall be accepted from the storage facility when the HMA in storage is below the top of the cone of the storage facility, except as the storage facility is being emptied at the end of the working shift.

Recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) utilized in the production of HMA shall be sized prior to entering the mixer so that a uniform and thoroughly mixed HMA is produced. If there is evidence of the recycled asphalt pavement not breaking down during the heating and mixing of the HMA, the Contractor shall immediately suspend the use of the RAP until changes have been approved by the Engineer. After the required amount of mineral materials, RAP, new asphalt binder and asphalt rejuvenator have been introduced into the mixer the HMA shall be mixed until complete and uniform coating of the particles and thorough distribution of the asphalt binder throughout the mineral materials, and RAP is ensured.

5-04.3(7) Spreading and Finishing

The mixture shall be laid upon an approved surface, spread, and struck off to the grade and elevation established. HMA pavers complying with Section 5-04.3(3) shall be used to distribute the mixture. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, the nominal compacted depth of any layer of any course shall not exceed the following:

39	HMA Class 1"	0.35 feet
40	HMA Class ¾" and HMA	Class ½"
41	wearing cou	irse 0.30 feet
42	other course	es 0.35 feet
43	HMA Class ¾"	0.15 feet

On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impractical, the paving may be done with other equipment or by hand.

1 When more than one JMF is being utilized to produce HMA, the material produced for 2 each JMF shall be placed by separate spreading and compacting equipment. The 3 intermingling of HMA produced from more than one JMF is prohibited. Each strip of HMA 4 placed during a work shift shall conform to a single JMF established for the class of HMA 5 specified unless there is a need to make an adjustment in the JMF. 6 7 5-04.3(8) Aggregate Acceptance Prior to Incorporation in HMA 8 For HMA accepted by nonstatistical evaluation the aggregate properties of sand 9 equivalent, uncompacted void content and fracture will be evaluated in accordance with 10 Section 3-04. Sampling and testing of aggregates for HMA accepted by commercial 11 evaluation will be at the option of the Engineer. 12 13 5-04.3(8)A1 General 14 Nonstatistical evaluation shall be used for the acceptance of HMA for this project. 15 16 The Equivalent Single Axle Load (ESAL) for the mix design for the following area: 17 18 Broadway - 7,000,000.00 Hewitt - 7,500,000.00 19 20 Rucker Avenue - 8,500,000.00 21 22 The mix design will be the initial JMF for the class of HMA. The contractor may request a 23 change in the JMF. Any adjustment to the JMF will require the approval of the Project 24 Engineer and may be made in accordance with Section 9-03.8(7). 25 26 5-04.3(9) HMA Mixture Acceptance 27 Acceptance of HMA shall be as provided under nonstatistical, or commercial evaluation. 28 29 Nonstatistical evaluation will be used for the acceptance of HMA unless Commercial 30 Evaluation is specified. 31 32 Commercial evaluation will be used for Commercial HMA and for other classes of HMA 33 in the following applications: sidewalks, road approaches, ditches, slopes, paths, trails, 34 gores, prelevel, temporary pavement, and pavement repair. Other nonstructural 35 applications of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation shall be as approved by the 36 Engineer. Sampling and testing of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation will be at the 37 option of the Engineer. 39

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The mix design will be the initial JMF for the class of HMA. The Contractor may request a change in the JMF. Any adjustments to the JMF will require the approval of the Engineer and may be made in accordance with this section.

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HMA Tolerances and Adjustments

44 45 46 1. Job Mix Formula Tolerances – The constituents of the mixture at the time of acceptance shall be within tolerance. The tolerance limits will be established as follows:

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For Asphalt Binder and Air Voids (Va), the acceptance limits are determined by adding the tolerances below to the approved JMF values. These values

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All of the test results obtained from the acceptance samples from a given lot shall be

evaluated collectively. If the Contractor requests a change to the JMF that is approved,

will be a minimum of 400 tons and may be increased to 1200 tons.

1 the material produced after the change will be evaluated on the basis of the new JMF for 2 the remaining sublots in the current lot and for acceptance of subsequent lots. For a lot 3 in progress with a CPF less than 0.75, a new lot will begin at the Contractor's request 4 after the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be 5 produced. 6 7 Sampling and testing for evaluation shall be performed on the frequency of one sample per sublot. 8 9 10 5-04.3(9)C2 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation Sampling 11 Samples for acceptance testing shall be obtained by the Contractor when ordered by the 12 Engineer. The Contractor shall sample the HMA mixture in the presence of the Engineer and in accordance with AASHTO T 168. A minimum of three samples should be taken 13 14 for each class of HMA placed on a project. If used in a structural application, at least one 15 of the three samples shall to be tested. 16 17 Sampling and testing HMA in a Structural application where quantities are less than 400 18 tons is at the discretion of the Engineer. 19 20 For HMA used in a structural application and with a total project quantity less than 800 21 tons but more than 400 tons, a minimum of one acceptance test shall be performed. In 22 all cases, a minimum of 3 samples will be obtained at the point of acceptance, a 23 minimum of one of the three samples will be tested for conformance to the JMF: 24 25 If the test results are found to be within specification requirements, additional 26 testing will be at the Engineer's discretion. 27 If test results are found not to be within specification requirements, additional 28 testing of the remaining samples to determine a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) shall 29 be performed. 30 31 5-04.3(9)C3 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Acceptance Testing 32 Testing of HMA for compliance of Va will at the option of the Contracting Agency. If 33 tested, compliance of Va will use WSDOT SOP 731. 34 35 Testing for compliance of asphalt binder content will be by WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 36 308. 37 38 Testing for compliance of gradation will be by FOP for WAQTC T 27/T 11. 39 40 5-04.3(9)C4 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Pay Factors 41 For each lot of material falling outside the tolerance limits in 5-04.3(9), the Contracting 42

Agency will determine a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) using the following price adjustment factors:

Table of Price Adjustment Factors	
Constituent	Factor

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	"f"
All aggregate passing: 1½", 1", ¾", ½", ¾" and No.4 sieves	2
All aggregate passing No. 8 sieve	15
All aggregate passing No. 200 sieve	20
Asphalt binder	40
Air Voids (Va) (where applicable)	20

Each lot of HMA produced under Nonstatistical Evaluation and having all constituents falling within the tolerance limits of the job mix formula shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When one or more constituents fall outside the nonstatistical tolerance limits in the Job Mix Formula shown in Table of Price Adjustment Factors, the lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The nonstatistical tolerance limits will be used in the calculation of the CPF and the maximum CPF shall be 1.00. When less than three sublots exist, backup samples of the existing sublots or samples from the Roadway shall be tested to provide a minimum of three sets of results for evaluation.

5-04.3(9)C5 Vacant

5-04.3(9)C6 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Price Adjustments

For each lot of HMA mix produced under Nonstatistical Evaluation when the calculated CPF is less than 1.00, a Nonconforming Mix Factor (NCMF) will be determined. The NCMF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 60 percent. The total job mix compliance price adjustment will be calculated as the product of the NCMF, the quantity of HMA in the lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

If a constituent is not measured in accordance with these Specifications, its individual pay factor will be considered 1.00 in calculating the Composite Pay Factor (CPF).

5-04.3(9)C7 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation - Retests

The Contractor may request a sublot be retested. To request a retest, the Contractor shall submit a written request within 7 calendar days after the specific test results have been received. A split of the original acceptance sample will be retested. The split of the sample will not be tested with the same tester that ran the original acceptance test. The sample will be tested for a complete gradation analysis, asphalt binder content, and, at the option of the agency, Va. The results of the retest will be used for the acceptance of the HMA in place of the original sublot sample test results. The cost of testing will be deducted from any monies due or that may come due the Contractor under the Contract at the rate of \$500 per sample.

5-04.3(9)D Mixture Acceptance – Commercial Evaluation

If sampled and tested, HMA produced under Commercial Evaluation and having all constituents falling within the tolerance limits of the job mix formula shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When one or more constituents fall outside the commercial tolerance limits in the Job Mix Formula shown in 5-04.3(9), the

lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The commercial tolerance limits will be used in the calculation of the CPF and the maximum CPF shall be 1.00. When less than three sublots exist, backup samples of the existing sublots or samples from the street shall be tested to provide a minimum of three sets of results for evaluation.

For each lot of HMA mix produced and tested under Commercial Evaluation when the calculated CPF is less than 1.00, a Nonconforming Mix Factor (NCMF) will be determined. The NCMF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 60 percent. The Job Mix Compliance Price Adjustment will be calculated as the product of the NCMF, the quantity of HMA in the lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

If a constituent is not measured in accordance with these Specifications, its individual pay factor will be considered 1.00 in calculating the Composite Pay Factor (CPF).

5-04.3(10) HMA Compaction Acceptance

HMA mixture accepted by nonstatistical evaluation that is used in traffic lanes, including lanes for intersections, ramps, truck climbing, weaving, and speed change, and having a specified compacted course thickness greater than 0.10-foot, shall be compacted to a specified level of relative density. The specified level of relative density shall be a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) of not less than 0.75 when evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2, using a LSL of 91.0 (minimum of 91 percent of the maximum density). The maximum density shall be determined by WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 729. The specified level of density attained will be determined by the evaluation of the density of the pavement. The density of the pavement shall be determined in accordance with WSDOT FOP for WAQTC TM 8, except that gauge correlation will be at the discretion of the Engineer, when using the nuclear density gauge and WSDOT SOP 736 when using cores to determine density.

Tests for the determination of the pavement density will be taken in accordance with the required procedures for measurement by a nuclear density gauge or roadway cores after completion of the finish rolling.

If the Contracting Agency uses a nuclear density gauge to determine density the test procedures FOP for WAQTC TM 8 and WSDOT SOP T 729 will be used on the day the mix is placed and prior to opening to traffic.

 Roadway cores for density may be obtained by either the Contracting Agency or the Contractor in accordance with WSDOT SOP 734. The core diameter shall be 4-inches minimum, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Roadway cores will be tested by the Contracting Agency in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 166.

If the Contract includes the Bid item "Roadway Core" the cores shall be obtained by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer on the same day the mix is placed and at locations designated by the Engineer. If the Contract does not include the Bid item "Roadway Core" the Contracting Agency will obtain the cores.

For a lot in progress with a CPF less than 0.75, a new lot will begin at the Contractor's request after the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be produced.

HMA mixture accepted by commercial evaluation and HMA constructed under conditions other than those listed above shall be compacted on the basis of a test point evaluation of the compaction train. The test point evaluation shall be performed in accordance with instructions from the Engineer. The number of passes with an approved compaction train, required to attain the maximum test point density, shall be used on all subsequent paving.

HMA for preleveling shall be thoroughly compacted. HMA that is used for preleveling wheel rutting shall be compacted with a pneumatic tire roller unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

Test Results

For a sublot that has been tested with a nuclear density gauge that did not meet the minimum of 91 percent of the reference maximum density in a compaction lot with a CPF below 1.00 and thus subject to a price reduction or rejection, the Contractor may request that a core be used for determination of the relative density of the sublot. The relative density of the core will replace the relative density determined by the nuclear density gauge for the sublot and will be used for calculation of the CPF and acceptance of HMA compaction lot.

When cores are taken by the Contracting Agency at the request of the Contractor, they shall be requested by noon of the next workday after the test results for the sublot have been provided or made available to the Contractor. Core locations shall be outside of wheel paths and as determined by the Engineer. Traffic control shall be provided by the Contractor as requested by the Engineer. Failure by the Contractor to provide the requested traffic control will result in forfeiture of the request for cores. When the CPF for the lot based on the results of the HMA cores is less than 1.00, the cost for the coring will be deducted from any monies due or that may become due the Contractor under the Contract at the rate of \$200 per core and the Contractor shall pay for the cost of the traffic control.

5-04.3(10)A HMA Compaction – General Compaction Requirements

Compaction shall take place when the mixture is in the proper condition so that no undue displacement, cracking, or shoving occurs. Areas inaccessible to large compaction equipment shall be compacted by other mechanical means. Any HMA that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of asphalt, or is in any way defective, shall be removed and replaced with new hot mix that shall be immediately compacted to conform to the surrounding area.

The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option, provided the specified densities are attained. Unless the Engineer has approved otherwise, rollers shall only be operated in the static mode when the internal temperature of the mix is less than 175°F. Regardless of mix temperature, a roller shall not be operated in a mode that results in checking or cracking of the mat. Rollers shall only be operated in static mode on bridge decks.

HMA mixture accepted by commercial evaluation and HMA constructed under conditions other than those listed above shall be compacted on the basis of a test point evaluation of the compaction train. The test point evaluation shall be performed in accordance with train, required to attain the maximum test point density, shall be used on all subsequent

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HMA for preleveling shall be thoroughly compacted. HMA that is used to prelevel wheel ruts shall be compacted with a pneumatic tire roller unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

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5-04.3(10)D2 HMA Compaction Nonstatistical Evaluation – Acceptance Testing The location of the HMA compaction acceptance tests will be randomly selected by the Engineer from within each sublot, with one test per sublot.

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5-04.3(10)D3 HMA Nonstatistical Compaction – Price Adjustments

For each compaction lot with one or two sublots, having all sublots attain a relative density that is 91 percent of the reference maximum density the HMA shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When a sublot does not attain a relative density that is 91 percent of the reference maximum density, the lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The maximum CPF shall be 1.00, however, lots with a calculated CPF in excess of 1.00 will be used to offset lots with CPF values below 1.00 but greater than 0.90. Lots with CPF lower than 0.90 will be evaluated for compliance per 5-04.3(11). Additional testing by either a nuclear moisture-density gauge or cores will be completed as required to provide a minimum of three tests for evaluation.

For compaction below the required 91% a Non-Conforming Compaction Factor (NCCF) will be determined. The NCCF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 40 percent. The Compaction Price Adjustment will be calculated as the product of CPF, the quantity of HMA in the compaction control lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

5-04.3(11) Reject Work

5-04.3(11)A Reject Work General

Work that is defective or does not conform to Contract requirements shall be rejected. The Contractor may propose, in writing, alternatives to removal and replacement of rejected material. Acceptability of such alternative proposals will be determined at the sole discretion of the Engineer. HMA that has been rejected is subject to the requirements in Section 1-06.2(2) and this specification, and the Contractor shall submit a corrective action proposal to the Engineer for approval.

5-04.3(11)B Rejection by Contractor

The Contractor may, prior to sampling, elect to remove any defective material and replace it with new material. Any such new material will be sampled, tested, and evaluated for acceptance.

5-04.3(11)C Rejection Without Testing (Mixture or Compaction)

The Engineer may, without sampling, reject any batch, load, or section of Roadway that appears defective. Material rejected before placement shall not be incorporated into the pavement. Any rejected section of Roadway shall be removed.

 No payment will be made for the rejected materials or the removal of the materials unless the Contractor requests that the rejected material be tested. If the Contractor elects to have the rejected material tested, a minimum of three representative samples will be obtained and tested. Acceptance of rejected material will be based on conformance with the nonstatistical acceptance Specification. If the CPF for the rejected material is less than 0.75, no payment will be made for the rejected material; in addition, the cost of sampling and testing shall be borne by the Contractor. If the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, the cost of sampling and testing will be borne by the Contracting Agency. If the material is rejected before placement and the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, compensation for the rejected material will be at a CPF of 0.75. If rejection occurs after placement and the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, compensation for

1 2 3	the rejected material will be at the calculated CPF with an addition of 25 percent of the unit Contract price added for the cost of removal and disposal.
4	5-04.3(11)D Rejection - A Partial Sublot
5 6 7 8 9	In addition to the random acceptance sampling and testing, the Engineer may also isolate from a normal sublot any material that is suspected of being defective in relative density, gradation or asphalt binder content. Such isolated material will not include an original sample location. A minimum of three random samples of the suspect material will be obtained and tested. The material will then be statistically evaluated as an independent lot in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2).
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12	5-04.3(11)E Rejection - An Entire Sublot
13 14 15 16 17	An entire sublot that is suspected of being defective may be rejected. When a sublot is rejected a minimum of two additional random samples from this sublot will be obtained. These additional samples and the original sublot will be evaluated as an independent lot in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2).
18	5-04.3(11)F Rejection - A Lot in Progress
19 20 21 22	The Contractor shall shut down operations and shall not resume HMA placement until such time as the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be produced:
23 24	 When the Composite Pay Factor (CPF) of a lot in progress drops below 1.00 and the Contractor is taking no corrective action, or
25 26	 When the Pay Factor (PF) for any constituent of a lot in progress drops below 95 and the Contractor is taking no corrective action, or
27 28 29	 When either the PFi for any constituent or the CPF of a lot in progress is less than 0.75.
30	5-04.3(11)G Rejection - An Entire Lot (Mixture or Compaction)
31 32	An entire lot with a CPF of less than 0.75 will be rejected.
33 34	5-04.3(12) Joints
35 36	5-04.3(12)A HMA Joints
37	5-04.3(12)A1 Transverse Joints
38 39 40 41	The Contractor shall conduct operations such that the placing of the top or wearing course is a continuous operation or as close to continuous as possible. Unscheduled transverse joints will be allowed and the roller may pass over the unprotected end of the freshly laid mixture only when the placement of the course must be discontinued for such
42	a length of time that the mixture will cool below compaction temperature. When the Work

a length of time that the mixture will cool below compaction temperature. When the Work is resumed, the previously compacted mixture shall be cut back to produce a slightly beveled edge for the full thickness of the course.

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44 45 A temporary wedge of HMA constructed on a 20H:1V shall be constructed where a transverse joint as a result of paving or planing is open to traffic. The HMA in the temporary wedge shall be separated from the permanent HMA by strips of heavy wrapping paper or other methods approved by the Engineer. The wrapping paper shall be removed and the joint trimmed to a slightly beveled edge for the full thickness of the course prior to resumption of paving.

The material that is cut away shall be wasted and new mix shall be laid against the cut. Rollers or tamping irons shall be used to seal the joint.

5-04.3(12)A2 Longitudinal Joints

The longitudinal joint in any one course shall be offset from the course immediately below by not more than 6 inches nor less than 2 inches. All longitudinal joints constructed in the wearing course shall be located at a lane line or an edge line of the Traveled Way. A notched wedge joint shall be constructed along all longitudinal joints in the wearing surface of new HMA unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The notched wedge joint shall have a vertical edge of not less than the maximum aggregate size or more than ½ of the compacted lift thickness and then taper down on a slope not steeper than 4H:1V. The sloped portion of the HMA notched wedge joint shall be uniformly compacted.

5-04.3(12)B Bridge Paving Joint Seals

5-04.3(12)B1 HMA Sawcut and Seal

Prior to placing HMA on the bridge deck, establish sawcut alignment points at both ends of the bridge paving joint seals to be placed at the bridge ends, and at interior joints within the bridge deck when and where shown in the Plans. Establish the sawcut alignment points in a manner that they remain functional for use in aligning the sawcut after placing the overlay.

Submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the sealant manufacturer's application procedure.

Construct the bridge paving joint seal as specified ion the Plans and in accordance with the detail shown in the Standard Plans. Construct the sawcut in accordance with the detail shown in the Standard Plan. Construct the sawcut in accordance with Section 5-05.3(8)B and the manufacturer's application procedure.

5-04.3(12)B2 Paved Panel Joint Seal

Construct the paved panel joint seal in accordance with the requirements specified in section 5-04.3(12)B1 and the following requirement:

1. Clean and seal the existing joint between concrete panels in accordance with Section 5-01.3(8) and the details shown in the Standard Plans.

5-04.3(13) Surface Smoothness

The completed surface of all courses shall be of uniform texture, smooth, uniform as to crown and grade, and free from defects of all kinds. The completed surface of the wearing course shall not vary more than $\frac{1}{16}$ inch from the lower edge of a 10-foot straightedge placed on the surface parallel to the centerline. The transverse slope of the completed surface of the wearing course shall vary not more than $\frac{1}{16}$ inch in 10 feet from the rate of transverse slope shown in the Plans.

When deviations in excess of the above tolerances are found that result from a high place in the HMA, the pavement surface shall be corrected by one of the following methods:

- 1. Removal of material from high places by grinding with an approved grinding machine, or
- 2. Removal and replacement of the wearing course of HMA, or
- 3. By other method approved by the Engineer.

Correction of defects shall be carried out until there are no deviations anywhere greater than the allowable tolerances.

Deviations in excess of the above tolerances that result from a low place in the HMA and deviations resulting from a high place where corrective action, in the opinion of the Engineer, will not produce satisfactory results will be accepted with a price adjustment. The Engineer shall deduct from monies due or that may become due to the Contractor the sum of \$500.00 for each and every section of single traffic lane 100 feet in length in which any excessive deviations described above are found.

When utility appurtenances such as manhole covers and valve boxes are located in the traveled way, the utility appurtenances shall be adjusted to the finished grade prior to paving. This requirement may be waived when requested by the Contractor, at the discretion of the Engineer or when the adjustment details provided in the project plan or specifications call for utility appurtenance adjustments after the completion of paving.

Utility appurtenance adjustment discussions will be included in the Pre-Paving planning (5-04.3(14)B3). Submit a written request to waive this requirement to the Engineer prior to the start of paving.

5-04.3(14) Planing (Milling) Bituminous Pavement

The Contractor shall call for locates before planing any HMA pavement. Any induction loop vehicle detectors which are within the planing area shall be discussed with the inspector prior to planing to see if the planing limits can be modified to save the loops. Any loops which are damaged in the planing process shall be replaced prior to the final overlay. The electrical subcontractor shall be on-call and the loops shall be replaced within **5 working days** of the planing operation and paved within **3 working days** of the loop installation. See Section 8-20 of the Specifications for details on loop installation and payment.

Planing shall be performed in such a manner that the underlying pavement is not torn, broken, or otherwise damaged by the planing operation. The surface of the underlying

1 pavement shall be slightly grooved or roughened sufficiently to ensure a bond when 2 overlaid. All areas to be ground shall be completed with a grinder. The use of other 3 methods must be approved by the Engineer. 4 5 If, after planing a thin veneer layer remains, the contractor shall replane the roadway as 6 directed by the Engineer, paid under "Additional Planing Bituminous Pavement". The 7 Contractor shall adjust their schedule at no additional cost to the owner. 8 9 The planings shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the 10 right-of-way. The planings may be utilized as RAP, within the requirements of Section 5-11 04.2 or 9-03.21. The Contractor shall immediately dispose of all other debris resulting 12 from the planing operation in a Contractor-provided site off the right-of-way. 13 14 Immediately after grinding, the Contractor shall construct an asphalt transition 15 (temporary paper joints or ramps), on all traveled ways, wheel chair ramps, and exposed manholes, inlets, catch basins, monuments, valve boxes, and other structures on the 16 17 street, regardless of depth in grinding. Asphalt transition must be removed prior to 18 overlay. Cast iron structures left higher than 2" must be removed and steel plates 19 installed to protect the opening and provide a suitable driving surface. 20 21 Sweeping of roadway surface shall immediately follow all grinding. Sweeping of roadway 22 surface is required prior to tack placement and paving. 23 24 The road shall be overlayed within 3 working days after planing operation for streets 25 without loops. On streets where loops will be replaced, the overlay shall be completed 26 within **8 working days** after planing operation. 27 28 Sweepers following the grinding work will not be paid separately, and is included in the bid item "Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", per square yard. 30 31 For mainline planing operations, the equipment shall have automatic controls, with 32 sensors for either or both sides of the equipment. The controls shall be capable of 33 sensing the proper grade from an outside reference line, or a mat-referencing device. 34 The automatic controls shall also be capable of maintaining the desired transverse slope.

desired slope (expressed as a percentage) within plus or minus 0.1 percent.

strongly encouraged to bid the work to cover their cost of pre-level operations.

Pre-level course is not anticipated on any of the selected streets. If, however, after

plaining operations, drivability issues cannot be resolved with 2" overlay, pre-level will be

required as directed and paid for by "HMA Class 1/2" PG 64-22", per ton. Contractor is

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The transverse slope controller shall be capable of maintaining the mandrel at the

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5-04.3(14)A1 General

5-04.3(14)A Paving and Planing Under Traffic

In addition the requirements of Section 1-07.23 and the traffic controls required in Section 1-10, and unless the Contract specifies otherwise or the Engineer approves, the Contractor must comply with the following:

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1. Intersections:

- c. Allow new compacted HMA asphalt to cool to ambient temperature before any traffic is allowed on it. Traffic is not allowed on newly placed asphalt until approval has been obtained from the Engineer.
- 2. Temporary centerline marking, post-paving temporary marking, temporary stop bars, and maintaining temporary pavement marking must comply with Section 8-23.
- 3. Permanent pavement marking must comply with Section 8-22.

5-04.3(15) Vacant

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5-04.3(16) HMA Road Approaches

HMA approaches shall be constructed at the locations shown in the Plans or where staked by the Engineer. The Work shall be performed in accordance with Section 5-04.

5-04.4 Measurement

"Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", shall be measured by the square yard.

"HMA Class ½", PG 64-22", shall be measured by the ton.

5-04.5 Payment

Payment will be made in accordance with Section 1-04.1, for each of the following bid items that are included in the proposal:

"HMA Class ½" PG 64-22", per ton.

The unit contract price per ton for "HMA Class $\frac{1}{2}$ " PG 64-22", shall be full compensation for all costs incurred to carry out the requirements of Section 5-04 except for those costs included in other items which are included in the sub-section and which are included in the proposal.

All costs for "Asphalt Tack Coat", "Anti Stripping Additive", "Compaction Adjustment" and "Joint Sealing Transverse Joints in Paving" shall be included in the unit contract price per ton for "HMA Class ½" PG 64-22", per ton.

"Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", per square yard.

The Unit contract price for "Planing Bituminus Pavement (2" Deep), per square yard shall be full payment for all costs incurred to perform the work described in Section 5-04.3(14).

Approved Div 5.DOCX

5-05 **CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT**

5-05.2 **Materials**

Section 5-05.2 is supplemented with the following:

Epoxy Coated Dowel Bars

9-07.5(1) Standard Specifications

The reference to Section 9-07.5(2) Corrosion Resistant Dowel Bars is deleted.

5-05.3 **Construction Requirements**

5-05.3(1) Concrete Mix Design for Paving

Section 5-05.3(1) is deleted and replaced with the following:

The Contractor shall provide a concrete mix design for each design age of concrete specified in the Contract. The Contractor shall use ACI 211.1 as a guide to determine Concrete strength, placeability, and workability shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Following approval of the Contractor's proposal, all other requirements of Section 5-05 shall apply.

 Materials. Materials shall conform to Section 5-05.2. Fine aggregate shall conform to Section 9-03.1(2)B, Class 1. Coarse aggregate shall conform to Section 9-03.1(4) and shall conform to Section 9-03.1(4)C AASHTO grading No. 467 or an alternate gradation which has a minimum of 5 percent retained on the 1½-inch square sieve. Fly ash, if used, shall conform to Section 9-23.9 and shall be limited to Class F with a maximum CaO content of 15 percent by weight. The fly ash shall be limited to 20 percent by weight, of the total cementitious material. As an alternative to the use of fly ash and cement as separate components, a blended hydraulic cement may be used. Blended hydraulic cement shall conform to ASTM C 595 Type IP(MS).

In making calculations relative to cement factor or allowable water/cement ratio, the total cementitious material shall be taken as the weight of Portland cement plus the weight of fly ash.

2. Submittals. The Contractor's submittal for approval shall include the mix proportions per cubic yard and the proposed sources for all ingredients including the power plant that generated the fly ash. The mix shall be capable of providing a minimum flexural strength of 650 psi at 14 days. Evaluation of strength shall be based on statistically analyzed results of 5 beam specimens and demonstrate a quality level of not less than 80 percent analyzed in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2)D. In addition the Contractor shall fabricate, cure, and test 5 sets of cylinders using the same mixture as

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The completed patch shall match the existing paved surface for texture, density, and

uniformity of grade. The joint between the patch and the existing pavement shall

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1 2	then be carefully painted with hot asphalt cement or asphalt emulsion and shall be immediately covered with dry paving sand before the asphalt cement solidifies.
3 4 5	The inside throat of the structure shall be thoroughly mortared and plastered through to the outside of the structure's concrete adjustment rings.
6 7 8 9	Castings that need replacement shall be identified by the City of Everett. Replacement casting will be supplied by the City of Everett and original casting will be picked up by the City of Everett.
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3	GLF 7-05.3(5).DOCX Adjusting Valve Boxes to Grade
4	(*****)
5 6 7	Section 7-05.3 of the standard specifications is supplemented with the following:
8	(*****)
9 20 21 22 23	Adjustment of valve boxes to grade shall occur only as needed and/or directed by the engineer. Existing valve boxes and covers shall be adjusted to the grade as staked or otherwise designated by the Engineer. The adjustment of the valve box to grade by the use of riser rings is not allowed.
24 25 26 27	Removal operations shall be conducted to prevent damage to the valve boxes. Any parts or materials damaged due to the Contractor's operations shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense. Castings that need replacement shall be identified by the City of Everett.
28 29 30 31 32	The Contractor shall conduct the valve box adjustments so that the fully-adjusted box allows the respective valve to be fully operational. The Contractor shall remove all debris from the adjusted valve boxes to ensure such operational condition.
33 34 35	GLF 7-05.4.DOCX 7-05.4 Measurement
36	
37 38	Section 7-05.4 of the standard specifications is deleted and replaced with the following:
39	(*****)
Ю	"Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", shall be measured per each.
1 2 3	"Adjust Valve Box to Grade", shall be measured per each.
14 15 16	GLF 7-05.5.DOCX 7-05.5 Payment
ŀ7 ŀ8	Section 7-05.5 of the standard specifications is deleted and replaced with the following:

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2	(*****)
3	Payment will be made for each of the following bid items that are included in the proposal:
4	
5	"Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", per each.
6	
7	"Adjust Valve Box to Grade", per each.
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9	The payment for "Adjust Manhole to Grade", "Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", shall be
10	full compensation for all costs necessary to make the adjustment including temporary
11	cover to adjust the existing structure to required elevation, construction of the asphalt
12	transition around the structure, and restoration of the adjacent area. Adjustment of any
13	structures twice will be paid as one adjustment.
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15	END DIVISION7.RTF
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17	END DIVISION 7
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3	DIVISION8.0	GR8
4		Division 8
5		Miscellaneous Construction
6		
7	8-14.GR8	
8	Cement Co	ncrete Sidewalks
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10	8-14.3.GR8	
11	Construction	on Requirements
12		
13	8-14.3.INST1	I.GR8
14	Section 8-14	.3 is supplemented with the following:
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16	8-14.3.OPT1	
17		r 3, 2022)
18		tractor shall request a pre-construction meeting with the Engineer to be held two
19		orking days before any work can start on cement concrete sidewalks, curb ramps
20		pedestrian access routes to discuss construction requirements. Those attending
21	shall inc	lude:
22	4	
23	1.	The Contractor and subcontractor in charge of constructing forms, and placing,
24		and finishing the cement concrete.
25	2.	Engineer (or representative) and Project Inspectors for the comput concrete
26	۷.	Engineer (or representative) and Project Inspectors for the cement concrete sidewalk, curb ramp or pedestrian access route Work.
27 28		sidewalk, curb ramp of pedestrian access route work.
29	Items to	be discussed in this meeting shall include, at a minimum, the following:
30	items to	be discussed in this meeting shall include, at a millimum, the following.
31	1.	Slopes shown on the Plans.
32		cloped driewn on the Flanc.
33	2.	Inspection
34		
35	3.	Traffic control
36	0.	
37	4.	Pedestrian control, access routes and delineation
38	•	
39	5.	Accommodating utilities
40		•
41	6.	Form work
42		
43	7.	Installation of detectable warning surfaces
44		
45	8.	Contractor ADA survey and ADA Feature as-built requirements
46		
47	9.	Cold Weather Protection
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1 2 3 4	8-20.GR8 Illumination, Traffic Signal Systems, Intelligent Transportation Systems, and Electrical
5 6 7	8-20.2.GR8 Materials
8 9 10	8-20.2.INST1.GR8 Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:
11 12 13 14	FCNH 8-20.2(9-29.18) VIDEO DETECTION.rtf.DOCX 9-29.18 Vehicle Detector Section 9-29.18 is supplemented with the following:
15 16 17 18	9-29.18(3) Video detection All components needed to provide a complete thermal detection system shall be supplied and installed per manufacturer's recommendation.
19 20 21 22	The thermal detection equipment shall include, but not be limited to, Cameras, Camera Housings, Camera Lens, Camera Mounting Hardware, Video Image Processors, Input File Adapters, Iens Adjustment Modules, Keypad and Monitor.
23 24 25	The thermal detection system shall be capable of supplying video detection to the signal controller phases as indicated in the plans.
26 27 28	9-29.18(3)A Thermal Detection System
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	The thermal traffic detector sensor shall have 24 vehicle presence detection zones, 8 bicycle presence detection zones, 8 pedestrian presence detection zones, 8 traffic data detection zones, and 8 wrong way driver detection zones per sensor. Data zones shall collect and store vehicle counts, volume, speed, gap time, headway, occupancy, and classification. Data shall be timestamped and stored onboard (non-volatile memory) in a user selectable interval, from 1-60 minutes.
37 38 39	Data alarms are generated for: queue, inverse direction, speed drop, no video, and other errors.
40 41 42 43 44	The EDGE interface card shall be modular by design and housed in either a self-contained stand-alone unit or fit directly into NEMA TS1 & TS2 type racks as well as Type 170/2070 input files. The edge card shall be interchangeable between a shelf or rack mount installation without replacing or modifying existing units.
45 46 47 48	DIMENSIONS 115mm x 28.5mm x 165mm – typical US EDGE rack height, dual slot
49	COMMUNICATIONS

1 2	RJ 45 Ethernet
3 4 5 6 7	ENVIRONMENTAL -34°C to +74°C (-29.2°F to + 165.2°F) 0 to 95% relative humidity – non-condensing NEMA TS2 Environmental compliant
7 8 9 10 11	A single EDGE card shall communicate with 1 to 8 sensors and include interface to the agencies existing IP network. Only a single IP address should be necessary for all sensors and allow for independent streaming of the thermal video streams by using ports.
13 14 15 16	The system shall be designed to operate reliably in the adverse environment of roadside cabinets and shall meet or exceed all NEMA TS1 and TS2, as well as Type 170/2070 environmental specifications.
17 18 19 20	Ambient operating temperature shall be from -34 to +74 degrees Centigrade (-29.2 to +165.2 degrees Fahrenheit) at 0 to 95% relative humidity non-condensing.
21 22	The system shall be powered by 12-60 VDC or 12-42 VAC.
23 24	Surge ratings shall be set forth in the NEMA TS1 and TS2 specifications.
25 26 27	The EDGE interface board shall have 4 opto-isolated open collector outputs. Twenty-four (24) additional outputs shall be available via the USB expansion port and up to five (5) 4 I/O USB expansion modules.
28 29 30	Must be able to provide loop emulation for presence, bike presence, counting and data collection.
31 32 33	Presence hold time must have parameters that range from 10 to 600 seconds.
34 35 36	Each TI BPL2 EDGE card shall allow for up to 24 digital inputs into the traffic controller via the 4 I/O USB Expansion boards or up to 64 digital inputs into the traffic controller via the PIM Module using an SDLC interface.
37 38 39 40 41 42 43	Each TI BPL2 EDGE card shall have error detection. Outputs will be turned "ON" if the video signal is bad or the card is not functioning properly. A user defined quality level will automatically put selected outputs to recall in cases of severe degraded visibility (i.e., fog, blizzard, etc.). Normal detection resumes when visibility improves above the user defined thermal quality level.
44 45 46 47	Using an agencies network, the TI BPL2 Edge card shall be capable of streaming all connected sensors video streams simultaneously via MPEG-4/H.264/MJPEG. These streams are available with or without detection overlay.

1 2 The TI BPL2 EDGE board shall have a reset button on the front panel to reset 3 the thermal sensors to "learn" the roadway image. During "learn", selectable recall can be enabled or disabled for immediate operation. Learning time of 4 video detectors shall be less than 6 minutes. 5 6 7 The video detection sensor and TI BPL2 EDGE card shall have internal surge 8 suppression. 9 10 The BPL2 EDGE board shall have separate light emitting diodes (LEDs) that 11 indicate: 12 **POWER** LED to verify power and reboot TI board 13 LED to verify sensor power and reboot sensors 14 POWER Dual color status LED for PIM Connection 15 PIM 16 **OUTPUT Status** LED if the corresponding detection group is active INPUT Status LED if the corresponding detection group is active 17 8 BPL Sensors 18 **Dual color LED Status** RJ45 The TI BPL2 EDGE card has 2 RJ45 connectors 19 20 (10/100Mbit/s auto switching) USB 2 USB ports for connection to 4 I/O USB 21 22 expansion boards 23 24 25 The 4 I/O USB Expansion board shall also have separate LEDs that indicate: 26 POWER Power LED 27 OUTPUT LED to indicate Output Status 28 29 INPUT LED to indicate Input Status Rotary Switch that defines output numbers 30 Rotary 31 32 **Event Log Database** 33 34 The thermal traffic detector system shall store an onboard database capable of time stamping and storing 500 events. The Event Log Database can be 35 viewed or downloaded as a comma separated value (csv) file and Extensible 36 Markup Language (xml) file. Erasure of the Event Log Database shall not alter 37 38 programmed configurations. As a minimum, the thermal traffic detector shall log and time stamp the following events: 39 40 41 Firmware upgrade Loss of signal 42

- Resumption of signal
- Configuration change
- Bad thermal quality

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Loss of power to thermal traffic sensor 46

1 2	 Resumption of power to thermal traffic sensor Recall activated 			
3				
4 5	Video System Communications Module			
6	The Communication board shall be integrated with the TI BPL2 EDGE card			
7	and fit directly into NEMA TS1 & TS2 type racks as well as Type 170/2070			
8	input files.			
9	input nies.			
10	9-29.18(3)B Functional Capabilities			
	9-29.10(3)B Tunctional Capabilities			
11	Deal Time Detection of validace and his vales value the mandage. Disvales			
12	Real Time Detection of vehicles and bicycles using the roadway. Bicycles			
13	using the roadway can be detected regardless of which lane they are using			
14	even if vehicle traffic is present. Bicycles detected can have a separate output			
15	to allow bikes a pre-call or a longer minimum green.			
16 17	The TI BPL2 EDGE system shall be expandable up to 8 FLIR sensors that			
18	may be programmed independently. Up to four (4) TI BPL2 EDGE cards may			
19	be used if more than 8 sensors are necessary – up to 32 FLIR sensors.			
20	be used if filore than 6 sensors are necessary – up to 32 i Lift sensors.			
21	The system shall be capable of displaying detection zones on the thermal			
22	image with associated outputs. Outputs/Inputs status will be indicated on the			
23	screen. Parameters will also include the ability to view raw video without any			
24	verbiage and/or detectors for surveillance purposes. Signal phasing can also			
25	be displayed in a NEMA TS2-1 cabinet with an accompanied PIM Module and			
26	SDLC interface (optional).			
27	02 <u>2</u> 0 mionaio (opiionai).			
28				
29	Each thermal traffic detector will detect within its view the presence of			
30	vehicles or bicycles in user defined zones. Detectors available shall be			
31	presence, count, delay, extension, or pulse mode for either arrival or			
32	departure of vehicles. Delay and extension shall be defined between 0.1 -			
33	99.9 seconds and pulse mode between 0 – 200ms in 33ms increments if			
34	NTSC is used. Each thermal traffic sensor shall also detect and collect traffic			
35	data of passing vehicles in user-defined zones.			
36				
37	Collected traffic data by direction shall include:			
38				
39	 Volume (absolute numbers) per length class and per lane. 			
40	 Average speed (km/h or mph) per length class and per lane. 			
41	 Average gap time (1/10 sec) per length class and per lane. 			
42	 Average headway (m or feet) per lane. 			
43	Occupancy (%) per lane			
44	 Confidence (0-10) depending on Thermal Quality of Image 			
45	Density (Vehicles / KM) Number of Vehicles over distance			

46

1 2 3	Once an IP address is set up the thermal traffic detector shall be programmed with the use of a computer or network connection. A standard computer running a web browser is necessary.
4	ranning a was stawage to hooddary.
5 6	Detector configurations shall be able to be stored. These "offline" networks can be saved and easily reinstalled if needed.
7	
8	Detectors may be linked to 24 outputs and 20 inputs using Boolean Logic
9 10	features: AND, OR, NOT. It will be possible to generate conditional outputs based upon inputs from a controller.
11	
12	It shall be possible to make a detector directional sensitive. Options will
13	include an omni-directional detector or a detector that only senses movement:
14	from right to left, left to right, up to down or down to up as you look at the
15	screen.
16	
17	8 data detection zones per sensor may be used for collection of vehicle count,
18	speed, classification, occupancy, density, headway, and gap time. These
19	detectors will detect and store traffic data in no-volatile memory at user-
20	defined intervals of 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30, and 60 minutes.
21	
22	Traficon Data Tool (TDT) software may be used with a PC to download data
23	and export to a spreadsheet. A standard web browser will be used to upload
24	and download detector configurations, technical events, send software
25	versions upgrades, and do remote setup of detectors.
26	· ·
27	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to detect vulnerable roadway users
28	such as bicyclists and is capable of outputting a separate call allowing an
29	agency to give early or extended time to these users.
30	
31	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to delay or extend a detector zone
32	output in combination with an input from the controller.
33	
34	The thermal traffic detector shall be capable of detecting wrong-way drivers
35	and shall provide an alarm/event via communication and/or output.
36	
37	The thermal traffic detector shall provide an alarm and/or output when the
38	user selected queue detection threshold of occupancy is exceeded for more
39	than a user selected time threshold.
40	
41	The thermal traffic detector shall distinguish up to five classes of detected
42	vehicles based upon user selectable vehicle length thresholds. Using optional
43	premium traffic data, the sensor can classify up to 3 classes of vehicles using
44	vehicle width and up to 5 classes combining both length and width.
45 40	The thermodynette data tangled the effective contest to the contest of the contes
46	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to emulate loop emulation with user

selectable loop dimensions.

47

1 2 3 4 5	directional d	traffic detector shall be able to detect letection zones for crossing or waiting ust be considered if using this feature	pedestrians. Optical
6 7	9-29.18(3)C	System Communications	
8 9	The TI BPL2	2 EDGE shall control from 1 to 8 FLIR	Traffic sensors.
10 11 12 13	communicat	2 EDGE has 2 RJ45 connections for E ion to provide traffic data and allow re ations Center.	
14 15 16	The LAN po following sp	rt shall meet IEEE 802.3 with a RJ-45 ecification:	connector and meet the
17 18 19	Data	rates for Ethernet via LAN port:	10/100Mbps TCP/IP based protocol
20 21	The commu	nication shall support all functions of t	he detection system.
22 23 24		smissions shall be protected by CRC an equivalent error detection method	` •
25 26 27		nication shall support MPEG-4/H.264, et with the following programmable pa	
28 29 30 31 32		Streaming video frame rate over Eth frames/second. Programmable bit/data rate of up to 2 video streams are available with o	4 Mbps.
33 34 35 36 37 38	non-essentia user authen	rity – the thermal detection product wi al services, disabling non-essential ph tication, configuring encryption certific r and physical access.	nysical access ports, have
39 40 41 42	to communi	ser connection with a standard interne cate with each Thermal traffic detecto and real-time data using the systems a	r sensor for remote
43 44	9-29.18(3)D	Image Sensor Mounting Brackets	
45 46 47		stallations shall be mounted at a suffic om cross traffic between the stop bar	

1 the camera is installed. A 6' riser and mounting base is required to get enough 2 height on the mounting position to prevent occlusion from cross traffic. 3 4 Luminaire arm installations shall be installed on the luminaire arm, with the 5 sensor manufacturers included brackets. Camera luminaire brackets shall 6 provide adjustments for both vertical and horizontal positioning of the camera. 7 Camera attachments shall be designed to securely fasten the camera to the luminaire arm. Miscellaneous hardware shall be stainless steel or galvanized 8 9 steel. 10 11 12 9-29.18(3)D Image Sensor Cable (BPL Power) 13 Power cable shall be installed in conduits or overhead as indicated in the 14 15 plans. Power cable shall be suitable for exterior use and in direct sunlight. Power cable will have a minimum of 3 conductors. 16 17 Description of cable: 18 AWG three conductor PVC/Nylon 600V Tray Cable. 18 Electrical Power and Control tray cable, direct burial. 19 20 21 CONDUCTORS/PAIR COUNT: 3 CONDUCTORS 22 **GUAGE & STRANDING:** 18 AWG 7 strand (600V) 23 PRIMARY INSULATION TYPE: POLYVINYLCHLORIDE **INSULATION THICKNESS:** 0.015"24 25 COLOR CODE: BLUE, WHITE, GREEN Sunlight 26 JACKET TYPE: burial resistant direct 27 polyvinylchloride 28 JACKET COLOR: BLACK 29 **JACKET THICKNESS:** 0.045" 0.280"30 NOMIMAL OD: 31 32 OVERALL ASSEMBLY OF WIRE 33 34 **JACKET THICKNESS:** 0.045" 35 JACKET COLOR: BLACK **JACKET MATERIAL:** 36 Sunlight resistant direct burial 37 polyvinylchloride 38 RIPCORD: YES **NOMINAL OD:** 0.280"39 **VOLTAGE RATING:** 600V 40 -39°C to 90°C (-38.2°F to 194°F) 41 TEMP. RATING: UL TYPE OR STYLE: Type TC or TC-ER 42 43 PACKAGING: 500' spools 44 SHIPPING WEIGHT: 25 lbs per 500' spool 45

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026) WO #3785

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PAGE 110 OF 114

CONTRACT

1 2	9-29.18(3)C	Thermal Sensor	
3 4 5 6 7	(infrared) illu Thermal Tra emit light in	al Traffic Sensor shall not depend on any visible or invisible umination or image intensifier to "see" i.e. produce images. The affic Sensor shall be totally passive and not produce any energy any bandwidth. The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall allow the use entify images in the total absence of light.	or or
8 9 10	microbolom	al Traffic Sensor shall utilize a Vanadium Oxide (VOx) uncooled leter sensor responding in the LWIR (Long Wave Infrared) spec - 14 µm, which is beyond what is visible to the human eye.	
11 12 13 14 15	microbolom permanent o systems bas	al Traffic Sensor shall be based on Vanadium Oxide (VOx) leter detector technology and shall not be susceptible to damage after imaging the sun. This is in contrast to some sed on amorphous silicon detector technology, which can be y damaged when viewing the sun or even reflections of the sun.	
16 17 18	the sun, but	al Traffic Sensor shall not utilize shutters to prevent damage fron t rather the Thermal Traffic Sensor shall provide uninterrupted n shall be required for traffic and ITS installations.	m
19 20 21 22	image sense period of tim	al Traffic Sensor shall not utilize dynamic apertures to protect the or because these mechanisms reduce sensitivity for an extendene, thus reducing the Thermal Traffic Sensors performance, while acceptable for traffic installations.	ed
23 24 25	adjust to ba	al Traffic Sensor shall provide a thermal optics that automatically ackground thermal changes, and therefore do not require reand/or thermal refocusing.	y
26 27 28		al Traffic Sensor shall not be susceptible to "image blooming" oright lights as are image intensifiers and visible spectrum	
29 30 31 32 33 34	smallest obj relative to th value. This and a true n	Equivalent Temperature Difference (NETD) is the measure of the ject temperature that can be detected by the thermal image send the system noise. The measurement is usually quantified as an it is the most common Figure of Merit of a thermal imaging system to the thermal camera's sensitivity. The Thermal image sensor shall provide a NETD of <50mK f/1.0 or lower	isor mK m
35 36 37 38 39 40	(Auto DDE) The Auto DI from the use total dynam	al Traffic Sensor shall include Auto Digital Detail Enhancement which is an advanced non-linear image processing algorithm. DE function is fully automatic and requires no input or adjustme er. The Auto DDE shall enhance the image detail to match the lic range of the original image allowing details to be visible to the scenes with low or high thermal contrast. Auto DDE will increa	Э

1 2	the probability of detection of low contrast images. These settings shall be optimized for performance with Traffic Video Detection.			
3 4 5	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall utilize Non-Uniformity Correction (NUC) which is a set of compensation factors for each pixel. NUC shall enable the following features and benefits:			
6 7	Eliminate th stabilization		A (Focal Plane Array) temperature	
8	Allow for ne	ar instantaneo	us camera turn-on.	
9	Reduced sy	stem complexi	ty and power consumption.	
10	Allow for a v	vider operating	temperature range.	
11 12 13 14	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall include Automatic Gain Control (AGC) circuitry to compensate for scene variations, improve image quality by avoiding saturation and distortion, and to balance signal levels prior to display to maximize image quality.			
15 16 17 18 19	operating modes. In the displayed in white or light Black-Hot mode warmer i	The Thermal Traffic Camera shall feature both White-Hot and Black-Hot operating modes. In the White-Hot (default) mode warmer objects will be displayed in white or lighter shades than cooler or background areas. In the Black-Hot mode warmer images will be displayed as black or dark gray as compared to cooler background objects.		
20 21 22 23 24	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall be furnished in an IP-67 rated outdoor enclosure with mounting bracket. The mounting bracket shall be provided with holes for mounting to a pole, pedestal, or wall mount. All cable connections shall be quick connect. No tools are required to connect the sensor once the original adapter has been installed on the wire.			
25 26	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
27	The Thermal Traffic Sens	or shall operat	e on 12-60 VDC.	
28 29				
30	The Thermal Traffic Sens	or shall meet t	he following minimum requirements:	
31				
	Sensor Type		Long-life VOx Uncooled Microbolometer w/10-year warranty	
	Spectral Response		7 to 14µm	

<50mK f/1.0

Sensitivity (Thermal Camera

sensor) Pixel Resolution / Pitch 640x480 / 17 microns BPL - Broadband over Power Line Output User Interface Web Interface 12-60V DC Input Voltage Power Consumption max 9.6W, 400mA@24 VDC -34°C to +74°C / -29.2°F to +165.2°F Operating Temperature Range (Continuous Operation) NEMA TS 2 Environmental testing by IAW w/Section 2.1 of NEMA TS 2-2003 and either meets or exceeds those requirements in the following categories: Operating Voltage, Operating Frequency, Ambient Temperature, Humidity, Vibration and Shock IP-68 - IP 67 Connector **Enclosure Rating** Weight 1.5kg/3.3lbs (bracket, sunshield, housing sensor and video detection module) **Dimensions** 9.8" x 6.3" x 4.7" (w/mounting bracket) 1 2 3 Video detections shall be in place and functioning prior to disabling the associated 4 loop detectors. 5 6 7 8 9-29.18(3)B Permanent Video detection 9 10 A permanent video detection system shall be required at the following locations 11 during construction: 12 13 14 Pacific & Fulton Northbound and Southbound (installed by others) **Hewitt & Fulton Northbound and Southbound** 15 16 *** 17 18 19 The permanent thermal detection system shall be installed on the signal mast 20 arm on a 6' long camera mount bracket at a location directed by the Engineer,

as close as practical to the end of the mast arm. The video detection cable shall be installed in the mast arm per manufacturers recommendations. Any coiled slack cable shall be mounted to the camera mount bracket at the back of the pole. In the signal control cabinet, a video detection module shall be installed, along with a surge protector and 4x6 fuse kit assembly. Video detection cable hall be connectorized and all cables terminated to complete the system. City of Everett signal technician will direct location of cable terminations, VIP module, and other hardware. Through the Engineer, the contractor shall contact Steve Sawyer (425)328-0643 a minimum 3 days prior to activation to coordinate a signal technician to be on site.

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON

CONTRACT PROVISIONS

FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

WORK ORDER #3785

Federal Aid # TAP-0420(026)

BID PROPOSAL

To the City Council Everett, Washington

The undersigned bidder declares that they have carefully examined the Plans and Specifications, Notice to Contractors, Instructions to Bidders, Standard Specifications, Special Provisions, Appendices, Proposal, and Contract for * The construction of up to 135 tons of Hot Mix Asphalt, Class ½-inch, PG 64-22, two inches (2") thick, on Fulton Street from Hewitt Ave to California, including grinding, sidewalk construction, driveway ramps, Concrete panel replacement for up to 353 SY from Pacific to Hewitt, signing, bike lanes, utility adjustments, valve box, J-box, striping, video traffic detection, * and other such work as may be necessary, in accordance with the Specifications, as shown on the Plans. The undersigned bidder declares that it has made such investigations as are necessary to determine the conditions to be encountered, and that if this Proposal is accepted the undersigned bidder will enter into a contract with the City of Everett, Washington, in the form of Contract hereto annexed, will, to the extent required, provide the necessary equipment, tools, apparatus, and other means of construction, and will furnish all labor and materials as specified in the Contract, or called for in the plans, or necessary to complete the work in the manner herein specified and according to the requirements of the Engineer.

The undersigned bidder certifies that this Proposal is in all respects fair and is made without collusion on the part of any person, firm or corporation mentioned below, and no officer or employee of the City of Everett is personally or financially interested, directly or indirectly, in the Proposal or in any purchase of or sale of any materials or supplies for the work to which it relates, or any portion of the profits thereof.

The undersigned bidder agrees that it will complete the work in all respects within *forty eight (48)* working days from the date of written Notice to Proceed; that they will pay liquidated damages to the City in the amount specified in the Contract.

Accompanying this Proposal is a bid bond or certified check or cashier's check in the amount of five percent (5%) of the Proposal according to the conditions of the "Notice to Contractors" and the Standard Specifications, the Special Provisions, and the "Instructions to Bidders" hereby attached. If this Proposal shall be accepted by the City of Everett, Washington, and the undersigned shall fail to execute the Contract and provide the required bonds as stated in the Instructions to Bidders hereto attached, within twenty (20) calendar days after the award date, then the City may, at its option, determine that the undersigned has abandoned the Contract and thereupon this Contract shall be null and void and the amount of the bid bond or certified check or cashier's check accompanying this Proposal shall be forfeited and become the property of the City of Everett, Washington.

PROPOSAL: LETTER TO COUNCIL

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Note: Unit prices for all items, all extensions, and the total amount bid must be shown. Where conflict occurs between the unit price and the total amount named for any item, the unit price shall prevail, and totals shall be corrected to conform thereto. All entries must be typed or entered in ink.

BID SCHEDULES, FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR WO# 3785

BIDDER:____

Item No.	Item Description	Unit	Bid Qty	Unit Cost	Total
1	Mobilization 10%	L.S.	1.0	\$	\$
2	REMOVING PLASTIC LINE	LF	1201	\$	\$
3	REMOVING PLASTIC TRAFFIC MARKING	EA	3	\$	\$
4	REMOVING PLASTIC CROSSWALK LINE	SF	720	\$	\$
5	ROADWAY EXCAVATION, INCL. HAUL	CY	72	\$	\$
6	CRUSH SURFACING BASE COURSE	TON	177	\$	\$
7	GRAVEL BORROW INCL HAUL	TON	19	\$	\$
8	REPLACE CEMENT CONCRETE PANEL	SY	353	\$	\$
9	SAWCUT CONCRETE	LF	35	\$	\$
10	SAWCUT ASPHALT	LF	473	\$	\$
11	Planing Bituminous Pavement	SY	1,299	\$	\$
12	HMA Class 1/2 inch, PG 64-22	TON	135	\$	\$
13	INLET PROTECTION	EA	4	\$	\$
14	TOPSOIL TYPE A	SY	64	\$	\$
15	SOD INSTALLATION	SY	64	\$	\$
16	STREET CLEANING	HR	140	\$	\$
17	SPCC PLAN	LS	1	\$500	\$500
18	CEMENT CONC. TRAFFIC CURB Type E-1	LF	450	\$	\$
19	PLASTIC LINE	LF	520	\$	\$
20	WIDE LINE	LF	1,934	\$	\$
21	24" PLASTIC CROSSWALK LINE	SF	720	\$	\$
22	24" PLASTIC STOP LINE	LF	92	\$	\$
23	PLASTIC TRAFFIC SHARO STRAIGHT	EA	2	\$	\$
24	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE SYMBOL	EA	10	\$	\$
25	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE SYMBOL (STRAIGHT)	EA	1	\$	\$
26	PLASTIC BICYCLE DETECTOR SYMBOL	EA	3	\$	\$
27	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE LEFT/RIGHT TURN ARROW (WHITE)	EA	1	\$	\$
28	PLASTIC BIKE LANE EXTENTION LINE (GREEN AND WHITE)	SF	216	\$	\$
29	PROJECT TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL	LS	1	\$27,500	\$27,500
30	TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM VIDEO	EA	3	\$	\$
31	PERMANENT SIGNING	LS	1	\$5,250	\$ <u></u> 5,250. <u></u>
32	ADA FEATURES SURVEYING	LS	1	\$5,000	\$5,000

PROPOSAL: BID ITEM TABLE

33	ADJUST VALVE BOX TO GRADE	EA	2	\$	\$
34	ADJUST JUNCTION BOX TO GRADE	EA	1	\$	\$
35	CEMENT CONCRETE CURB RAMP TYPE PARALLEL	EA	1	\$	\$
36	Temporary ACP Ramp	SY	24	\$	\$
37	CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK	SY	255	\$	\$
38	CEMENT CONC. DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE TYPE 1	SY	264	\$	\$
39	Mailbox SUPPORT TYPE	EA	1	\$	\$
40	Minor Change	CALC	1	\$25,000	\$ 25,000.00
41	WORK ZONE SAFETY CONTINGENCY	EST	1,375	1.00	<u>\$ 1,350.00</u>
42	UNIFORM POLICE OFFICER	HOUR	32	\$	\$
43	RECORD DRAWINGS (MINIMUM BID)	LS	1	\$2,000	\$ 2,000.00
				TOTAL	\$

PROPOSAL: BID ITEM TABLE

PROPOSAL SIGNATURE SHEET

The undersigned bidder understands that the quantities mentioned herein are approximate only and are subject to increase or decrease, and hereby proposes to perform all quantities of work as either increased or decreased in accordance with the provisions of the Drawings and Specifications and at the unit prices bid in the Bid Schedule, unless such schedule designates lump sum bids, or force account items.

The full names and residences of all persons and parties interested in the foregoing bid as principals are as follows:

Name	Title	Address
		
		-
Bidder acknowledges receipt of	Addenda	through
Bidder has reviewed the insuran provided as required Ye	ice provisions of the Contract and s No	hereby certifies that coverage will be
Name of Bidder:		
Bidder Mailing Address:		
Phone:	Email:	
State of Washington Contractor'	s License No	
Contractor's Washington Employ	yment Security Department No	
Signature of Bidder's Authorized	Agent:	
Dated at:		Pate:

PROPOSAL: SIGNATURE SHEET

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PROPOSAL: SIGNATURE SHEET

Local Agency Certification for Federal-Aid Contracts

The prospective participant certifies by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

- (1) No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan or cooperative agreement.
- (2) If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

This certification is material representation of the fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. <u>Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by Section 1352, Title 31, U.S. Code.</u> Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each failure.

The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such subrecipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

Failure to return this Declaration as part of the bid proposal package will make the bid nonresponsive and ineligible for award.

NON-COLLUSION DECLARATION

I, by signing the proposal, hereby declare, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the following statements are true and correct:

- That the undersigned person(s), firm, association or corporation has (have) not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with the project for which this proposal is submitted.
- That by signing the signature page of this proposal, I am deemed to have signed and to have agreed to the provisions of this declaration.

NOTICE TO ALL BIDDERS

To report rigging activities call:

1-800-424-9071

The U.S. Department of Transportation (USDOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of USDOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the USDOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

DOT Form 272-036I EF 07/2011

PROPOSAL: NON-COLLUSION DECLARATION

BID GUARANTY

		th guarantees its bi or more of the bidd	•	•	following	g with its	bid/pro	posal in a	an amou	int of five
•		Certified check								
		Cashier's check								
		Bid Bond								
				Signature						
				BID BO	ND					
				Bond N	0					
				Project						
				W.O.#						
that _ unde Wash	r the lav	MEN BY THESE For the State of the State of the der the laws of the state of the sta	f	, and contractor,	[C registe	ontractored to as	or], a c do bus F Surety	corporationsiness in Principal, /], a	on orga the St corpo	nized ate of and ration in the
State are jo "City" and _	of Was pintly an , and ar _/100's	chington, as Sure nd severally held e similarly held a Dollars (\$ Ir heirs, executors	ty, their he and bound nd bound u),	eirs, executors d to the City of unto the City in the payment	s, admir of Ever n the su of whic	nistratorett, Wa rett, Wa ım of :h, well	rs, suce ashingto and tru	cessors on, here ly to be p	and as inafter paid, w	signs, called e bind
the C condi	City to positions co	EFORE, the conc ay and forfeit to ontained herein, unived in a writing s	the City tunless the	the amount of conditions for	f this b releas	ond as	provid	ded here	in, upo	n the
It is ex	xpressly	understood and ag	reed that:							
	ssors an	and Surety, jointly ad assigns to pay to								
Docur bonds	ments the required	of Bidder shall occu e executed Agreer d by the Bidding Do ocuments and Con	ment require ocuments ar	ed by the Biddi nd Contract Do	ing Doc	uments,	any pe	rformanc	e and p	ayment
3.	This obli	gation shall be null	and void if:							
3.1.	City ac	cepts Bidder's bid	and Bidder	delivers within	the time	e require	d by the	e Bidding	Docum	ents (or

any extension thereof agreed to in writing by City) the executed Agreement required by the Bidding Documents, any performance and payment bonds required by the Bidding Documents and Contract Documents, and evidence of insurance required by the Bidding Documents and Contract Documents, o

- 3.2. All bids are rejected by City, or
- 4. Payment under this Bond will be due and payable upon default of Bidder and within thirty (30) calendar days after receipt by Bidder and Surety of written notice of default from the City, which notice will be given with reasonable promptness, identifying this Bond and the Project and including a statement of the amount due.
- 5. Surety waives notice of any and all defenses based on or arising out of any time extension to issue notice of award agreed to in writing by City and Bidder, provided that the time for issuing notice of award including extensions shall not in the aggregate exceed one hundred twenty (120) days from Bid Due Date without Surety's written consent.
- 6. No suit or action shall be commenced under this Bond prior to thirty (30) calendar days after the notice of default required in paragraph 4 above is received by Bidder and Surety. Any suit or action under this bond must be instituted within the time period provided by applicable law.
- 7. The laws of the State of Washington shall apply to the determination of the rights and obligations of the parties hereunder. Venue for any dispute or claim hereunder shall be the state courts of Washington in Snohomish County, Washington.
- 8. Notice required hereunder shall be in writing sent to Bidder and Surety at their respective addresses shown on the face of this Bond. Such notices may be sent by personal delivery, commercial courier or United States Registered or Certified Mail, return receipt requested, postage prepaid, and shall be deemed to be effective upon receipt by the party concerned.
- 9. Surety shall cause to be attached to this Bond current and effective Power of Attorney evidencing authority of the officer, agent or representative to execute this Bond on behalf of Surety to execute and deliver such Bond and bind the Surety thereby.
- 10. This Bond is intended to conform to all applicable statutory requirements. Any applicable requirement of any applicable statute that has been omitted from this Bond shall be deemed to be included herein as if set forth at length. If any provision of the Bond conflicts with any applicable provision of any applicable statue, then the provision of said statue shall govern and the remainder of this Bond that is not in conflict therewith shall continue in full force and effect.
- 11. The term "bid" as used herein includes a bid, offer or proposal as applicable.

BIDDER	SURETY
Bidder's Name and Corporate Seal	Surety's Name and Corporate Seal
By: Signature, Title, and Date	By: Signature, Title, and Date
Address:	Address:
Attest:	Attest:
Signature, Title and Date	Signature, Title and Date

Washington State Department of Transportation

Bidder Questionnaire

Federal Aid Number	Contract Number		Firm Gross Receipts						
			Firm Age						
			Scope of Work						
			NAICS						·s
			Gender						ditional form
			Race						3ids, please complete ad
			DBE Status						t submitted E
	Ф		Address (incl. Zipcode)						If you have additional Firms or Subcontractors that submitted Bids, please complete additional forms.
Agency Name	Prime Contractor Name	Contract Name	Firm/ Subcontractor Name						If you have additional

Prime Contractor Signature

Lite |

DOT Form 272-022 Revised 08/2024 • Previous Versions Obsolete •

Form Instructions

The following information on each firm that submitted a bid is required as part of part of 49 CFR 26.11(c)(2):

Firm/Subcontractor Name: Enter the name of each firm or subcontractor who submitted a quote or a bid on the contract.

Address: Enter the date the main address of the firm/subcontractor. Include the zip code.

DBE Status: Enter the DBE status. Options are DBE and Non-DBE.

Race: Enter the race of the majority DBE Owner. Options are "Black American", "Hispanic American", "Native American", "Asian-Pacific American", "Subcontinent Asian American", and "White".

Gender: Enter the gender of the majority DBE Owner. Options are "Female" and "Male".

NAICS Codes: Enter the appropriate NAICS Codes for the work the bid was submitted.

Scope of Work: Enter the scope of the work the bid was submitted for.

Firm Age: Enter the age of the Firm.

Firm Gross Receipts: Enter the annual gross receipts. Options are "Less than \$1 million", "\$1-\$3 million", "\$3-\$6 million", "\$6-\$10 million", "\$10-\$20 million", "\$20-\$30.72 million ", "Greater than \$30.72 million ".



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification

To be eligible for Award of this Contract the Bidder shall fill out and submit, as a supplement to its sealed Bid Proposal, a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Utilization Certification. The Contracting Agency shall consider as non-responsive and shall reject any Bid Proposal that does not contain a DBE Utilization Certification which properly demonstrates that the Bidder will meet the DBE participation requirements in one of the manners provided for in the proposed Contract. Refer to the instructions on Page 2 when filling out this form or the Bid may be rejected. An example form has been provided on Page 3. The successful Bidder's DBE Utilization Certification shall be deemed a part of the resulting Contract.

x 1:		certifies that the DBE firn	ns listed below have bee	en contacted
arding participa sure that subcor	tion on this project. I ntracts or supply agre	f this Bidder is successful on this project eements are executed with named DBE	et and is awarded the Co s. (If necessary, use add	ontract, it shall ditional sheets.)
x 2:				
lumn 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Name of DBE (See instructions)	Project Role (See instructions)	Description of Work (See instructions)	Dollar Amount Subcontracted to DBE (See instructions)	Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal (See instructions)

5 By checking Box 5 the Bidder is stating that their attempts to solicit sufficient DBE participation to meet the COA Contract goal has been unsuccessful and good faith effort will be submitted in accordance with Section 1-02.9 of the Contract

Instructions for Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification Form

- Box 1: Name of Bidder (Proposal holder) submitting Bid.
- Box 2: Name of the Project.
- Column 1: Name of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE). DBE firms can be found using the Diversity Management and Compliance System web page: https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com. Repeat the name of the DBE for each Project Role that will be performed.
- Column 2: The Project Role that the DBE will be performing as follows;
 - Prime Contractor
 - Subcontractor
 - Subcontractor (Force Account)
 - Work sublet as Force Account must be listed separately.
 - Manufacturer
 - Regular Dealer
 - Work sublet to a Regular Dealer must be listed separately.
 - Regular Dealer status must be approved prior to Bid submittal by the Office of Equal Opportunity, Washington State Department of Transportation, on each Contract.
 - Broker
 - Work sublet to a Broker must be listed separately.

List each project role to be performed by a single DBE individually on a separate row. The role is used to determine what portion of the amount to be subcontracted (Column 4) may be applied toward meeting the goal (column 5).

- Column 3: Provide a description of work to be performed by the DBE. The work to be performed must be consistent with the Certified Business Description of the DBE provided at the Diversity Management and Compliance System web page https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com
 - A Bidder subletting a portion of a bid item shall state "Partial" and describe the Work that is included.
 - For example; "Electrical (Partial) Trenching".
 - "Mobilization" will not be accepted as a description of Work.
- Column 4: List the total amount to be subcontracted to each DBE for each Project Role they are performing.
- Column 5: This is the dollar amount for each line listed in the certification that the prime intends to apply towards meeting the COA Contract goal. It may be that only a portion of the amount subcontracted to a DBE in Column 4 is eligible to be credited toward meeting the goal **See Note 1, Note 2, Note 3.** The Contracting Agency will utilize the sum of this column (Box 4) to determine whether or not the bidder has met the goal. In the event of an arithmetic error in summing column 5 or an error in making appropriate reductions in the amounts in column four, **See Note 1, Note 2, Note 3**, then the mathematics will be corrected and the total (Box 4) will be revised accordingly.
 - Note 1: For Work sublet as Force Account the bidder may only claim 50% of the amount subcontracted (Column 4) towards meeting the goal (Column 5). This information will be used to demonstrate that the DBE contract goal is met at the time that the bidder submits their bid. For example; amount sublet as force account = \$100,000 (Column 4) equates to (\$100,000 X 50%) = \$50,000 (Column 5) to be applied towards the goal.
 - **Note 2:** For Work sublet to a Regular Dealer the bidder **may only claim 60%** of the cost of the materials or supplies (Column 4) towards meeting the goal (Column 5). For example; Material cost = \$100,000 (Column 4) equates to (\$100,000 X 60%) = \$60,000 (Column 5) to be applied towards the goal
 - Note 3: For Work sublet to a Broker the bidder may only claim the fees paid to a Broker towards meeting the goal (Column 4). For example; amount sublet to a broker = \$100,000 (Column 4) equates to (\$100,000 X reasonable fee %) = \$ (Column 5) to be applied towards the goal.
- Box 3: Box 3 is the COA Contract goal which is the minimum required DBE participation. The goal stated in the Contract will be in terms of a dollar amount or a percentage in the Contract. When expressed as a percentage you must multiply the percentage times the sum total of all bid items as submitted in the Bidder's Proposal to determine the dollar goal and write it in Box 3. In the event of an error in this box, the Contracting Agency will revise the amount accordingly.
- Box 4: Box 4 is the sum of the values in column 5. This value must equal or exceed the COA Contract goal amount written in Box 3 or;
- Box 5: Check Box 5 if insufficient DBE Participation has been achieved and a good faith effort is required. Refer to the subsection titled, Selection of Successful Bidder/Good Faith Efforts (GFE) in the Contract.

See the *Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation* specification in the Contract for more information.



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification

To be eligible for Award of this Contract the Bidder shall fill out and submit, as a supplement to its sealed Bid Proposal, a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Utilization Certification. The Contracting Agency shall consider as non-responsive and shall reject any Bid Proposal that does not contain a DBE Utilization Certification which properly demonstrates that the Bidder will meet the DBE participation requirements in one of the manners provided for in the proposed Contract. **Refer to the instructions on Page 2 when filling out this form or the Bid may be rejected. An example form has been provided on Page 3.** The successful Bidder's DBE Utilization Certification shall be deemed a part of the resulting Contract.

Box 1: A Plus Construction Company certifies that the DBE firms listed below have been contacted regarding participation on this project. If this Bidder is successful on this project and is awarded the Contract, it shall assure that subcontracts or supply agreements are executed with named DBEs. (If necessary, use additional sheets.)

Box 2: US 395, Spokane City Limits to Stevens County Line - Paving and Safety

Column 1	Column 2	Column 3	Column 4	Column 5
Name of DBE See instructions)	Project Role See instructions)	Description of Work See instructions)	Dollar Amount Subcontracted to DBE See instructions)	Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal See instructions)
A Plus Construction Company	Prime	Asphalt and concrete paving, asphalt milling, preleveling and pavement repair	N/A	900,000
In the Line Services, Inc.	Subcontractor (Force Account)	Crack sealing	20,000	10,000
In the Line Services, Inc.	Subcontractor	Guideposts, joint seal, pavement markers, temporary signage, construction sign installation	200,000	200,000
The Everything Guys, LLC	Regular Dealer	Rental and sales of highway construction and related equipment and materials	100,000	60,000
Optimus Prime Trucking, Inc.	Subcontractor	Dump Trucking	50,000	50,000
Metalheads, Inc.	Manufacturer	Dowel Bars	75,000	75,000
Erosion Under Control Co.	Broker	Erosion control blankets, straw bales and wattles, sand bags	15,000	250
		_1	G.	
		NPL		
	5			

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise 356,968.16 Condition of Award Contract Goal

Total DBE Commitment Dollar Amount $\underline{1,295,250}$

DOX 4

5 By checking Box 5 the Bidder is stating that their attempts to solicit sufficient DBE participation to meet the COA Contract goal has been unsuccessful and good faith effort will be submitted in accordance with Section 1-02.9 of the Contract



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Written Confirmation Document

See Contract Provisions: DBE Document Submittal Requirements

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation

THIS FORM SHALL ONLY BE SUBMITTED TO A DBE THAT IS LISTED ON THE CONTRACTOR'S DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE UTILIZATION CERTIFICATION.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLETE PART A PRIOR TO SENDING TO THE DBE.

PART A: To be complete	ed by the bidder
	e consistent with what is shown on the Bidder's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Failure to do so will result in Bid rejection.
Contract Title:	
Bidder's Business Name:	
DBE's Business Name:	
	ork:
Dollar Amount to be App	lied Towards DBE Goal:
Dollar Amount to be Sub	contracted to DBE*: *Optional Field
PART B: To be complete	ed by the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise
contacted by the Bidder value. If the Bidder is aw	ntative of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise, I confirm that we have been with regard to the referenced project for the purpose of performing the Work described warded the Contract, we will enter into an agreement with the Bidder to participate in the information provided in Part A of this form.
Name (printed):	
Signature:	
Title:	
Address:	Date:



Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Bid Item Breakdown Form

_					()			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1. Contract Number 2. Contract Name								
3. Prime Contractor			4. Prime Contractor Representative Name					
5. Prime Contractor R	Representative	Phone Numb	er 6	6. Prim	ne Contractor Repres	sentative Email		
Column 1 Name of UDBE (See Instructions)	Column 2 Bid Item # (See Instructions)	Column 3 Full/Partial (See Instructions)	Column 4 Quantity (See Instruction		Column 5 Description (See Instructions)	Column 6 Unit Price (See Instructions)	Column 7 Total Unit Cost (See Instructions)	Column 8 Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal (See Instructions)
						Subtotal:		
Name of UDBE	Bid Item #	Full/Partial	Quantity		Description	Unit Price	Total Unit Cost	Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal
						Subtotal:		
Name of UDBE	Bid Item #	Full/Partial	Quantity		Description	Unit Price	Total Unit Cost	Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal
						Subtotal:		
Name of UDBE	Bid Item #	Full/Partial	Quantity		Description	Unit Price	Total Unit Cost	Dollar Amount to be Applied Towards Goal
						Subtotal:		
				TC	OTAL UDBE Dol			

Instructions for Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Bid Item Breakdown Form

- Box 1: Provide the Contract Number as stated in the project information webpage.
- Box 2: Provide the Name of the project as stated in the project information webpage.
- Box 3: Provide the Name of the bidder (Proposal holder) submitting Bid.
- Box 4: Provide the name of the prime contractor's representative available to contact regarding this form.
- Box 5: Provide the phone number of the prime contractor's representative available to contact regarding this form.
- Box 6: Provide the email of the prime contractor's representative available to contact regarding this form.
- Column 1: Provide the Name of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Firm. DBE Firms can be found using the search tools under the Firm Certification section of the Diversity Management and Compliance System (DMCS) webpage https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com.
- Column 2: Provide the Bid Item Number (as it appears in the engineer's estimate bid check report) available on the project information webpage.
- Column 3: If the DBE is performing only part of the bid item, mark "Partial". If the DBE is performing the entire bid item, mark "Complete".
- Column 4: Provide the estimated quantity for the specific bid item. For trucking firms, use hour or another unit of measure.
- Column 5: Provide a description of the work to be performed by the DBE.
- Column 6: Provide the price per unit and specify the type of unit used. For trucking firms, use hour or another unit of measure.
- Column 7: Provide the estimated total unit cost amount per bid item.
- Column 8: Provide the amount of the bid item being used to fulfil the DBE goal. The work to be performed must be consistent with the Certified Business Description of the DBE provided in the DMCS webpage https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com. Mobilization up to 10% is acceptable. If mobilization is more than 10% additional information and/or justification may be requested. The total amount shown for each DBE shall match the amount shown on the DBE Utilization Certification Form.

Use Additional Sheets if necessary.



Federal Aid #

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE)Trucking Credit Form

Project Name

PART A: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE BIDDER

This form is in support of the trucking commitment identified on the DBE Utilization Certification Form submitted with the proposal. Please note that DBE's must be certified prior to time of submittal.

Contract #

				•
If listing items by hou	rs, or by lump sum amounts, p	olease provide calcula	ations to substantiate	e the quantities listed.
Bid Item Item		Item [Description	
Use additional shee	ts as necessary.			
Bidder		Nam	ne/Title (please print	
Phone	Fax	Sign	nature	
Address				
		l cer	rtify that the above in	oformation is complete and accurate.
Email		Date		
_	ed unless the trucking firm is a egular dealer.	credited as DBE par	ticipation for the val	KING FIRM ue of the hauling services, not for the ials used on the project and approved
hauled? 2. Number of fully operated to be use		Tracto	or/trailers:	Dump trucks:
expected to be used on this project? 3. Number of trucks and trailers owned by the DBE that will be used on this project?		Tracto	Tractor/trailers: Dump trucks:	
Number of trucks and trailers leased by the DBE that will be used on this		Tracto	Tractor/trailers: Dump trucks:	
project? DBE Firm Name			Name/Title (please print)	
Certification Number				
Phone	Fax		Signature	
Address				
			I certify that the abo	ove information is complete and accurate.
Email			Date	piete and acounted

Submit this form to in accordance with section 1-02.9 of the Contract.

Instruction to Bidder: The Bidder shall complete and submit the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Trucking Credit Form in accordance with Section 1-02.9 of the Contract.

INSTRUCTIONS

Please note - All Fields are required

PART A: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE BIDDER

Federal Aid: Include the project federal-aid number.

County: Specify the County where the project will take place.

Contract #: Specify the Project Contract Number which can be found in the Engineer's estimate bid check report. **Bid Item:** Provide the Bid Item Number (as it appears in the engineer's estimate bid check report) for which trucking services will be utilized.

Item Description: Provide description of the bid item (as it appears in the engineer's estimate bid check report) for which trucking will be utilized.

Bidder: In this section, provide the bidder's legal name, title, Business address, Phone and email.

The bidder's representative signature is required in addition to the date the form was signed.

PART B: TO BE COMPLETED BY THE DBE TRUCKING FIRM

Question 1: Specify type of material that will be hauled (i.e. Sand, HMA, gravel)

Question 2: Specify the total number of operational trucks that will be used on the project.

Question 3: Specify the total number of operational trucks and trailers owned by the DBE that will be used on the project.

Question 4: Specify the total number of operational trucks and trailers leased by the DBE that will be used on the project.

DBE Firm: In this section, provide the DBE Firm's legal name, DBE Firm's representative legal name and title, certification Number (Found in the firm's OMWBE Profile page in the OMWBE directory), Business address, Phone, fax and email.

The DBE Firm's representative signature is required in addition to the date the form was signed.



Proposal for Incorporating Recycled Materials into the Project

In compliance with a new law that went into effect January 1, 2016 (SHB1695), the Bidder shall propose below, the total percent of construction aggregate and concrete materials to be incorporated into the Project that are recycled materials. Calculated percentages must be within the amounts allowed in Section 9-03.21(1)E, Table on Maximum Allowable Percent (By Weight) of Recycled Material, of the Standard Specifications.

the amounts allowed in Section 9-to of Recycled Material, of the Standa	03.21(1)E, Table on Maximum Allowable Percent (By Weight) ard Specifications.
Proposed total percentage:	percent.
not constitute a Bidder Preference more lowest responsive Bid totals percentages will be used as a tie-k Provisions. Regardless, the Bidde Contractor should do its best to ac	s highly encouraged within the limits shown above, but does e, and will not affect the determination of award, unless two or are exactly equal, in which case proposed recycling breaker, per the APWA GSP in Section 1-03.1 of the Special er's stated proposed percentages will become a goal the eccomplish. Bidders will be required to report on recycled to the Project, in accordance with the APWA GSP in Section
Bidder:	
Signature of Authorized Official:	
Date:	

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This form must be submitted with the Bid Proposal or as a Supplement to the Bid no later than 24 hours after the time for delivery of the Bid Proposal, as provided for in Section 1-02.9 of the Contract Provisions.

Certification of Compliance with Wage Payment Statutes

The bidder hereby certifies that, within the three-year period immediately preceding the bid solicitation date (October 1, 2024), the bidder is not a "willful" violator, as defined in RCW 49.48.082, of any provision of chapters 49.46, 49.48, or 49.52 RCW, as determined by a final and binding citation and notice of assessment issued by the Department of Labor and Industries or through a civil judgment entered by a court of limited or general jurisdiction.

I certify under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington that the foregoing is

true and correct. Bidder's Business Name Signature of Authorized Official* **Printed Name** Title Date City State Check One: Sole Proprietorship □ Partnership □ Joint Venture □ Corporation □ State of Incorporation, or if not a corporation, State where business entity was formed: If a co-partnership, give firm name under which business is transacted: * If a corporation, proposal must be executed in the corporate name by the president or vice-president (or any other corporate officer accompanied by evidence of authority to sign). If a co-partnership, proposal must be executed by a partner.

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CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON

CONTRACT

THIS CONTRACT is made and entered into this _____ day of _____, 2024, by and

between the Stat	n the City of Everett, Washington, a municipal corporation existing under the laws of te of Washington (the "City") and
a	(the "Contractor").
agrees workma Specific	ideration of the sums to be paid to it by the City, Contractor hereby covenants and to furnish all labor, tools, materials, equipment, and supplies required to complete in a unlike manner the work, improvements, and appurtenances in accordance with the cations and Plans and all other Contract Documents entitled: "Fulton Street rian Bicycle Corridor" (the "Project").
1. Con by refer	tract Documents . The following documents ("Contract Documents") are incorporated ence and are hereby made a part of this Contract:
A. N	Notice to Contractors
B. I	nstructions to Bidders
r	Vashington State Department of Transportation Standard Specifications 2023 as modified by all amendments thereto as of the date of bid opening of this Project "Standard Specifications").
D. (Contract Provisions, including without limitation the Special Provisions
E. F	Plans, Drawings and Project Specifications
F. <i>F</i>	Addenda (if any)
G. F	Performance Bond and Payment Bond
Н. С	Contractor's Proposal/Bid (conformed copy dated)
I. A	All provisions required by law whether set forth and reproduced herein or not.
J. [Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) utilization certification.
2. Con effective	tract Time . Substantial completion shall be achieved within 48 working days of the edate of the Notice to Proceed.
expense it ready	idated Damages. The parties agree the City will suffer damage and be put to additional e in the event that the Contractor does not complete the work in all respects and have for use by the substantial completion date stated. Because it is difficult to accurately e the amount of such costs and damages, the Contractor hereby covenants and agrees

to pay to the City liquidated damages as stated in Section 1-08.9 of the Special Provisions, for each and every <u>working</u> day required to accomplish substantial completion of the work in excess of the period established above for substantial completion.

- 4. Contract Sum. The amount of this Contract is (\$______) and is based on the proposal/bid submitted by Contractor dated _____. The basis for final payment will be the actual amount of work performed according to the Contract Documents and payments, whether partial or final shall be made as specified therein.
- **5. Compliance with Employment and Wage Laws**. Contractor agrees to comply with all state and federal laws relating to the employment of labor and wage rates to be paid.

6. Indemnification.

- A. Contractor will defend and indemnify and hold harmless the City from any and all Claims arising out of or relating to any acts, errors, omissions, or conduct by Contractor in connection with its performance of this Contract, including without limitation (and without limiting the generality of the foregoing) all Claims resulting from Contractor's performance of, or failure to perform, its express and implied obligations under the Contract. The Contractor will defend and indemnify and hold harmless the City whether a Claim is asserted directly against the City, or whether a Claim is asserted indirectly against the City, e.g., a Claim is asserted against someone else who then seeks contribution or indemnity from the City. The amount of insurance obtained by, obtainable by, or required of the Contractor does not in any way limit the Contractor's duty to defend and indemnify and hold harmless the City. The City retains the right to approve Claims investigation and counsel assigned to said Claim and all investigation and legal work regarding said Claim shall be performed under a fiduciary relationship to the City. This Section 6 is in addition to any other defense or indemnity or hold harmless obligation in the Contract Documents.
- B. The Contractor's obligations under this Section 6 shall not apply to Claims caused by the sole negligence of the City. If (1) RCW 4.24.115 applies to a particular Claim, and (2) such Claim is caused by or results from the concurrent negligence of (a) the Contractor and (b) the City, then the Contractor's liability under this Section 6 shall be only to the extent of the Contractor's negligence.
- C. As used in this section: (1) "City" includes the City's officers, employees, agents, and representatives; (2) "Claims" include all losses, claims, demands, expenses (including, but not limited to, attorney's fees and litigation expenses), suits, judgments, or damage, whether threatened, asserted or filed against the City, whether such Claims sound in tort, contract, or any other legal theory, whether such Claims have been reduced to judgment or arbitration award, irrespective of the type of relief sought or demanded (such as money or injunctive relief), and irrespective of the type of damage alleged (such as bodily injury, damage to property, economic loss, general damages, special damages, or punitive damages); and (3) "Contractor" includes Contractor, its employees, agents, representatives and subcontractors. If, and to the extent, Contractor employs or engages subcontractors, then Contractor shall ensure that each such subcontractor (and subsequent tiers of subcontractors) shall expressly agree to defend and indemnify and hold harmless the City to the extent and on the same terms and conditions as the Contractor pursuant to this section.
- **7. Insurance.** The Contractor shall purchase and maintain such insurance as set forth in the Contract Documents. Failure to maintain such insurance shall be a material breach of the Contract. The City shall be entitled to damages for such a breach that include, but are not limited to, any loss (including, but not limited to, third party litigation expenses and professional fees) suffered by the City if the City is determined to be solely or concurrently negligent, and if the City suffers any loss or must pay or defend against any such claim, suit, demand or damage as a result of such breach.
- 8. Waiver of Industrial Insurance Immunity. Contractor waives any right of contribution against the City. It is agreed and mutually negotiated that in any and all claims against the

City, its agents or employees, the Contractor, a subcontractor, anyone directly or indirectly employed by the Contractor or subcontractor, or anyone for whose acts any of them may be liable, the defense and indemnification obligations hereunder shall not be limited in any way by any limitation on the amount of damages, compensation, or benefits payable by or for the Contractor or any subcontractor under industrial worker's compensation acts, disability benefit acts, or other employees' benefit acts. Contractor's and City's signatures hereto indicate specific waiver of Contractor's industrial insurance immunity in order to fulfill the indemnities hereunder. Solely for the purpose of indemnification and defense as provided in this Contract, the Contractor specifically waives any immunity under the State Industrial Insurance Law, Title 51 RCW. The Contractor expressly acknowledges that this waiver of immunity under Title 51 RCW was the subject of mutual negotiation and was specifically entered into pursuant to the provisions of RCW 4.24.115.

- **9. Repair of Damage**. The Contractor agrees to repair and replace all property of the City and all property of others damaged by it, its employees, subcontractors, suppliers and agents.
- **10. Pre-Bid Inspection and Risk of Loss**. It is understood that the whole of the work under this contract is to be done at the Contractor's risk and that: (1) prior to submitting its proposal or bid, it became familiar with the conditions of excavation, subsurface, backfill, materials, climatic conditions, location, traffic, and other contingencies that may affect the work and has made its bid or proposal accordingly and (2) that it assumes the responsibility and risk of all loss or damage to materials or work that may arise from any cause whatsoever prior to completion.
- **11. Headings for Convenience Only**. The headings in this document are for convenience only, and shall not be used or considered to interpret or construe this document.
- **12. Effective Date**. This Contract is effective as of the date of the last person to sign it, and may be executed in multiple counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original.

	CONTRACTOR: Please fill in the spaces and sign in the box appropriate for your business entity.		
CITY OF EVERETT WASHINGTON	Corporation	[Contractor's Complete Legal Name]	
By: Cassie Franklin, Mayor Date		By	
Office of the City Clerk Date:	Partnership (general)	[Contractor's Complete Legal Name] a Washington general partnership	
		By	
STANDARD DOCUMENT APPROVED AS TO FORM	Partnership (limited)		
OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY	, ,	[Contractor's Complete Legal Name] a Washington limited partnership	
(6.9.22)		By Typed/Printed Name: General Partner Date:	
_	Sole proprietorship		
	proprietoramp	Typed/Printed Name:	
		Sole proprietor Date:	
	Limited Liability Company	[Contractor's Complete Legal Name] a Washington limited liability company Typed/Printed Name: Managing Member	
		Date:	

PUBLIC WORKS PERFORMANCE BOND to City of Everett, WA

Bond No.

Dolla	NO
	esignated as Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor, tract), and said Principal is required under the terms of that
Federal Register by the Audit Staff Bureau of Accordirmly bound to the	(Surety), a corporation organized under and licensed to do business in the State of Washington as ompanies Acceptable in Federal Bonds" as published in the ounts, U.S. Treasury Dept., are jointly and severally held and , in the sum of US Dollars
(\$) Total Co	ontract Amount, subject to the provisions herein.
administrators, successors, or assigns shall well the Contract and fulfill all the terms and conditions	rull and void, if and when the Principal, its heirs, executors, and faithfully perform all of the Principal's obligations under of all duly authorized modifications, additions, and changes the time and in the manner therein specified; and if such his bond shall remain in full force and effect.
loss resulting from the failure of the Principal, its	tect the City of Everett against any claim of direct or indirect heirs, executors, administrators, successors, or assigns (or tier subcontractors of the Principal) to faithfully perform the
the Contract, the specifications accompanying the shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, a or addition to the terms of the Contract or the victanges to the terms and conditions of the Contract.	ange, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of a Contract, or to the work to be performed under the Contract and waives notice of any change, extension of time, alteration work performed. The Surety agrees that modifications and tract that increase the total amount to be paid the Principal Surety on this bond and notice to Surety is not required for
	interparts, and shall be signed by the parties' duly authorized companied by a fully executed and original power of attorney
The Surety agrees to be bound by the laws of the state of Washington.	e state of Washington and subjected to the jurisdiction of the
PRINCIPAL	SURETY
Principal Signature Date	Surety Signature Date
Printed Name	Printed Name
Title	Title:
Local office/agent of Surety Company:	
Name	Telephone
Address	
STANDARD BONI OFFICE OF THE (APPROVED AS TO APPROVED AS TO	CITY ATTORNEY
DOT 12/2019	Form 272-002A

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor FEDERAL AID # Tap-0420(26) WORK ORDER #3785

PAGE 5 OF 9

CONTRACT

BOND APPROVED BY CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON	ATTEST:	STANDARD DOCUMENT APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
Ву:		OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY		
Cassie Franklin, Mayor	Office of the City Clerk Date:	(6.9.22)		

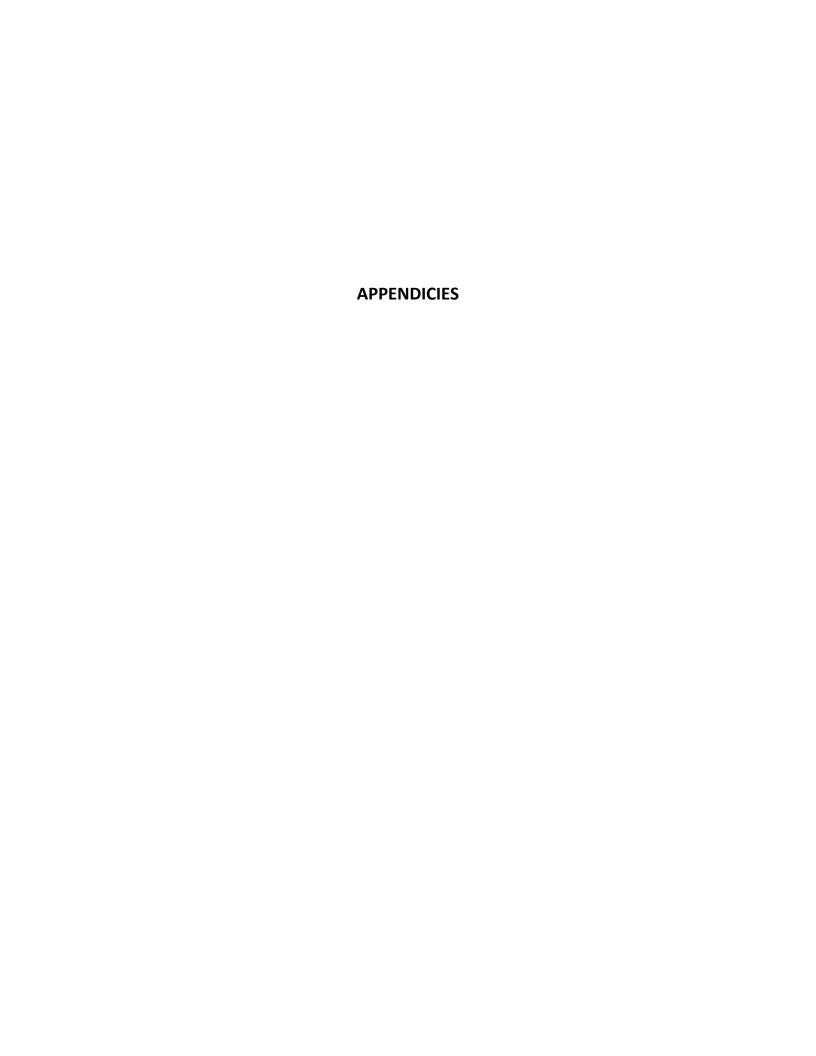
PUBLIC WORKS PAYMENT BOND to City of Everett, WA

Bond No.

Project No. 3785, in Everett, Washington (Conf	(Principal), signated as Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor, tract), and said Principal is required under the terms of that Title 39.08 Revised Code of Washington (RCW) and (where
surety and named in the current list of "Surety Co	(Surety), a corporation organized under the and licensed to do business in the State of Washington as ompanies Acceptable in Federal Bonds" as published in the bunts, U.S. Treasury Dept., are jointly and severally held and in the sum of US Dollars
(\$) Total C	ontract Amount, subject to the provisions herein.
administrators, successors, or assigns shall pay a 39.12 including all workers, laborers, mechanics suppliers, and all persons who shall supply such the carrying on of such work, and all taxes incurre	and void, if and when the Principal, its heirs, executors, Il persons in accordance with RCW Titles 60.28, 39.08, and s, subcontractors, lower tier subcontractors, and material contractor or subcontractor with provisions and supplies for d on said Contract under Title 50 and 51 RCW and all taxes nd if such payment obligations have not been fulfilled, this
loss resulting from the failure of the Principal, its I the subcontractors or lower tier subcontractors of t	ect the City of Everett against any claim of direct or indirect neirs, executors, administrators, successors, or assigns, (or the Principal) to pay all laborers, mechanics, subcontractors, persons who shall supply such contractor or subcontractors such work.
the Contract, the specifications accompanying the shall in any way affect its obligation on this bond, extension of time, alteration or addition to the term that modifications and changes to the terms and	nge, extension of time, alteration or addition to the terms of Contract, or to the work to be performed under the Contract except as provided herein, and waives notice of any change, as of the Contract or the work performed. The Surety agrees conditions of the Contract that increase the total amount to he obligation of the Surety on this bond and notice to Surety
	nterparts, and shall be signed by the parties' duly authorized companied by a fully executed and original power of attorney
The Surety agrees to be bound by the laws of the state of Washington.	state of Washington and subjected to the jurisdiction of the
PRINCIPAL	SURETY
Principal Signature Date	Surety Signature Date
Printed Name	Printed Name
Title	Title
Local office/agent of Surety Company:	
Name	Telephone
Address	
OFFICE O APPROVE	RD BOND FORM IF THE CITY ATTORNEY ED AS TO FORM ED AS TO CITY CHARTER § 4.1
	Form 272-003AEF

BOND APPROVED BY CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON	ATTEST:	STANDARD DOCUMENT APPROVED AS TO FORM:		
Ву:		OFFICE OF THE CITY ATTORNEY		
Cassie Franklin, Mayor	Office of the City Clerk Date:	(6.9.22)		

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APPENDIX A

STATE PREVAILING WAGES

INCLUDING:

POLICY STATEMENT

CODE KEY
STATE WAGE SUPPLEMENTAL

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Overtime Codes

Overtime calculations are based on the hourly rate actually paid to the worker. On public works projects, the hourly rate must be not less than the prevailing rate of wage minus the hourly rate of the cost of fringe benefits actually provided for the worker.

- 1. ALL HOURS WORKED IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) HOURS PER DAY OR FORTY (40) HOURS PER WEEK SHALL BE PAID AT ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE HOURLY RATE OF WAGE.
 - B. All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - C. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first ten (10) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other overtime hours and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - D. The first two (2) hours before or after a five-eight (8) hour workweek day or a four-ten (10) hour workweek day and the first eight (8) hours worked the next day after either workweek shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All additional hours worked and all worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - E. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other hours worked Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - F. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first ten (10) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other overtime hours worked, except Labor Day, shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Labor Day shall be paid at three times the hourly rate of wage.
 - G. The first ten (10) hours worked on Saturdays and the first ten (10) hours worked on a fifth calendar weekday in a fourten hour schedule, shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked in excess of ten (10) hours per day Monday through Saturday and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - H. All hours worked on Saturdays (except makeup days if work is lost due to inclement weather conditions or equipment breakdown) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked Monday through Saturday over twelve (12) hours and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - I. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall also be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - J. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first ten (10) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked over ten (10) hours Monday through Saturday, Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - K. All hours worked on Saturdays and Sundays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - M. All hours worked on Saturdays (except makeup days if work is lost due to inclement weather conditions) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

Benefit Code Key - Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

Overtime Codes Continued

- 1. N. All hours worked on Saturdays (except makeup days) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - O. The first ten (10) hours worked on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays, holidays and after twelve (12) hours, Monday through Friday and after ten (10) hours on Saturday shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - P. All hours worked on Saturdays (except makeup days if circumstances warrant) and Sundays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - Q. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and up to ten (10) hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked in excess of ten (10) hours per day Monday through Saturday and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays (except Christmas day) shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Christmas day shall be paid at two and one-half times the hourly rate of wage.
 - R. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at two times the hourly rate of wage.
 - U. All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays (except Labor Day) shall be paid at two times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Labor Day shall be paid at three times the hourly rate of wage.
 - V. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays (except Thanksgiving Day and Christmas day) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Thanksgiving Day and Christmas day shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - W. All hours worked on Saturdays and Sundays (except make-up days due to conditions beyond the control of the employer)) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - X. The first four (4) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first twelve (12) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked over twelve (12) hours Monday through Saturday, Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. When holiday falls on Saturday or Sunday, the day before Saturday, Friday, and the day after Sunday, Monday, shall be considered the holiday and all work performed shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - Y. All hours worked outside the hours of 5:00 am and 5:00 pm (or such other hours as may be agreed upon by any employer and the employee) and all hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day (10 hours per day for a 4 x 10 workweek) and on Saturdays and holidays (except labor day) shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. (except for employees who are absent from work without prior approval on a scheduled workday during the workweek shall be paid at the straight-time rate until they have worked 8 hours in a day (10 in a 4 x 10 workweek) or 40 hours during that workweek.) All hours worked Monday through Saturday over twelve (12) hours and all hours worked on Sundays and Labor Day shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - Z. All hours worked on Saturdays and Sundays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid the straight time rate of pay in addition to holiday pay.

- 2. ALL HOURS WORKED IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) HOURS PER DAY OR FORTY (40) HOURS PER WEEK SHALL BE PAID AT ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE HOURLY RATE OF WAGE.
 - B. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage.
 - F. The first eight (8) hours worked on holidays shall be paid at the straight hourly rate of wage in addition to the holiday pay. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - M. This code appears to be missing. All hours worked on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - R. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays and all hours worked over sixty (60) in one week shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - U. All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked over 12 hours in a day or on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
- 3. ALL HOURS WORKED IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) HOURS PER DAY OR FORTY (40) HOURS PER WEEK SHALL BE PAID AT ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE HOURLY RATE OF WAGE.
 - F. All hours worked on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sunday shall be paid at two times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on paid holidays shall be paid at two and one-half times the hourly rate of wage including holiday pay.
 - H. All work performed on Sundays between March 16th and October 14th and all Holidays shall be compensated for at two (2) times the regular rate of pay. Work performed on Sundays between October 15th and March 15th shall be compensated at one and one half (1-1/2) times the regular rate of pay.
 - J. All hours worked between the hours of 10:00 pm and 5:00 am, Monday through Friday, and all hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at a one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - K. Work performed in excess of eight (8) hours of straight time per day, or ten (10) hours of straight time per day when four ten (10) hour shifts are established, or forty (40) hours of straight time per week, Monday through Friday, or outside the normal 5 am to 6pm shift, and all work on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All work performed after 6:00 pm Saturday to 5:00 am Monday and Holidays, and all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a single shift shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

After an employee has worked eight (8) hours at an applicable overtime rate, all additional hours shall be at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours or more. When an employee returns to work without at least eight (8) hours time off since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until he/she shall have the eight (8) hours rest period.

- 4. ALL HOURS WORKED IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) HOURS PER DAY OR FORTY (40) HOURS PER WEEK SHALL BE PAID AT ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE HOURLY RATE OF WAGE.
 - A. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage
 - C. On Monday through Friday, the first four (4) hours of overtime after eight (8) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, unless a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek has been established. On a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek scheduled Monday through Thursday, or Tuesday through Friday, the first two (2) hours of overtime after ten (10) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay. On Saturday, the first twelve (12) hours of work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, except that if the job is down on Monday through Friday due to weather conditions or other conditions outside the control of the employer, the first ten (10) hours on Saturday may be worked at the straight time rate of pay. All hours worked over twelve (12) hours in a day and all hours worked on Sunday and Holidays shall be paid at two (2) times the straight time rate of pay.
 - D. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours per day or forty (40) hours per week shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Saturday, Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of pay. Rates include all members of the assigned crew.

EXCEPTION:

On all multipole structures and steel transmission lines, switching stations, regulating, capacitor stations, generating plants, industrial plants, associated installations and substations, except those substations whose primary function is to feed a distribution system, will be paid overtime under the following rates:

The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday of overtime on a regular workday, shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours in excess of ten (10) hours will be at two (2) times the hourly rate of wage. The first eight (8) hours worked on Saturday will be paid at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays will be at the double the hourly rate of wage.

All overtime eligible hours performed on the above described work that is energized, shall be paid at the double the hourly rate of wage.

E. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other hours worked Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

On a four-day, ten-hour weekly schedule, either Monday thru Thursday or Tuesday thru Friday schedule, all hours worked after ten shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. The Monday or Friday not utilized in the normal four-day, ten hour work week, and Saturday shall be paid at one and one half (1½) times the regular shift rate for the first eight (8) hours. All other hours worked Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

- G. All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked Monday through Saturday over twelve (12) hours and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
- I. The First eight (8) hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) per day on Saturdays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

- 4. J. The first eight (8) hours worked on a Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked in excess of eight (8) hours on a Saturday shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked over twelve (12) in a day, and all hours worked on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - K. All hours worked on a Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage, so long as Saturday is the sixth consecutive day worked. All hours worked over twelve (12) in a day Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - L. The first twelve (12) hours worked on a Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on a Saturday in excess of twelve (12) hours shall be paid at double the hourly rate of pay. All hours worked over twelve (12) in a day Monday through Friday, and all hours worked on Sundays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on a holiday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage, except that all hours worked on Labor Day shall be paid at double the hourly rate of pay.
 - S. On a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek scheduled Monday through Thursday, or Tuesday through Friday, work performed in excess of (10) hours shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the hourly rate of pay. On Monday through Friday, work performed outside the normal work hours of 6:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. shall be paid at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate, (except for special shifts or multiple shift operations).

All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All work performed on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. When an employee returns to work without at least eight (8) hours time off since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours.

Multiple Shift Operations: When the first shift of a multiple shift (a two or three shift) operation is started at the basic straight time rate or at a specific overtime rate, all shifts of that day's operation shall be completed at that rate. Special Shifts: The Special Shift Premium is the basic hourly rate of pay plus \$2.00 an hour. When due to conditions beyond the control of the employer or when an owner (not acting as the contractor), a government agency or the contract specifications require more than four (4) hours of a special shift can only be performed outside the normal 6am to 6pm shift then the special shift premium will be applied to the basic straight time for the entire shift. When an employee works on a special shift, they shall be paid the special shift premium for each hour worked unless they are in overtime or double-time status. (For example, the special shift premium does not waive the overtime requirements for work performed on Saturday or Sunday).

U. The first four (4) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first twelve (12) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. (Except on makeup days if work is lost due to inclement weather, then the first eight (8) hours on Saturday may be paid the regular rate.) All hours worked over twelve (12) hours Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

4. X. All hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. Work performed outside the normal shift of 6 am to 6pm shall be paid at one and one-half the straight time rate, (except for special shifts or three shift operations). All work performed on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. Shifts may be established when considered necessary by the Employer.

The Employer may establish shifts consisting of eight (8) or ten (10) hours of work (subject to WAC 296-127-022), that shall constitute a normal forty (40) hour work week. The Employer can change from a 5-eight to a 4-ten hour schedule or back to the other. All hours of work on these shifts shall be paid for at the straight time hourly rate. Work performed in excess of eight hours (or ten hours per day (subject to WAC 296-127-022) shall be paid at one and one-half the straight time rate.

When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer, or when contract specifications require that work can only be performed outside the regular day shift, then by mutual agreement a special shift may be worked at the straight time rate, eight (8) hours work for eight (8) hours pay. The starting time shall be arranged to fit such conditions of work.

When an employee returns to work without at a break of eight (8) hours since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours.

Overtime Codes Continued

- 11. ALL HOURS WORKED IN EXCESS OF EIGHT (8) HOURS PER DAY OR FORTY (40) HOURS PER WEEK SHALL BE PAID AT ONE AND ONE-HALF TIMES THE HOURLY RATE OF WAGE.
 - B After an employee has worked eight (8) hours, all additional hours worked shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours or more.
 - The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other overtime hours worked, except Labor Day, and all hours on Sunday shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Labor Day shall be paid at three times the hourly rate of wage. All non-overtime and non-holiday hours worked between 4:00 pm and 5:00 am, Monday through Friday, shall be paid at a premium rate of 15% over the hourly rate of wage.
 - D. All hours worked on Saturdays and holidays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on Sundays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - After an employee has worked eight (8) hours, all additional hours worked shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours or more.
 - E. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday, the first ten (10) hours on Saturday, and the first ten (10) hours worked on Holidays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked over ten (10) hours Monday through Saturday, and Sundays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
 - After an employee has worked eight (8) hours, all additional hours worked shall be paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours or more.

11. F. The first two (2) hours after eight (8) regular hours Monday through Friday and the first eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All other hours worked Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

On a four-day, ten-hour weekly schedule, either Monday thru Thursday or Tuesday thru Friday schedule, all hours worked after ten shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage. The Monday or Friday not utilized in the normal four-day, ten hour work week, and Saturday shall be paid at one-half times the hourly rate of wage for the first eight (8) hours. All other hours worked Monday through Saturday, and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

G. Work performed in excess of eight (8) hours of straight time per day, or ten (10) hours of straight time per day when four ten (10) hour shifts are established, or forty (40) hours of straight time per week, Monday through Friday, or outside the normal 5 am to 6pm shift, and all work on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage.

All work performed after 6:00 pm Saturday to 5:00 am Monday and Holidays, and all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a single shift shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

After an employee has worked eight (8) hours at an applicable overtime rate, all additional hours shall be at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of nine (9) hours or more. When an employee returns to work without at least nine (9) hours time off since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until he/she shall have the nine (9) hours rest period.

H. Work performed in excess of eight (8) hours of straight time per day, or ten (10) hours of straight time per day when four ten (10) hour shifts are established, or forty (40) hours of straight time per week, Monday through Friday, or outside the normal 5 am to 6pm shift, and all work on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage.

All work performed after 6:00 pm Saturday to 5:00 am Monday and Holidays, and all hours worked in excess of twelve (12) hours in a single shift shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

After an employee has worked eight (8) hours at an applicable overtime rate, all additional hours shall be at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of ten (10) hours or more. When an employee returns to work without at least ten (10) hours time off since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until he/she shall have the ten (10) hours rest period.

- J. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
- K. On Monday through Friday hours worked outside 4:00 am and 5:00 pm, and the first two (2) hours after eight (8) hours worked shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate. All hours worked over 10 hours per day Monday through Friday, and all hours worked on Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays worked shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
- L. An employee working outside 5:00 am and 5:00 pm shall receive an additional two dollar (\$2.00) per hour for all hours worked that shift. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage.

11. M. On Monday through Friday, the first four (4) hours of overtime after eight (8) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, unless a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek has been established. On a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek scheduled Monday through Thursday, or Tuesday through Friday, the first two (2) hours of overtime after ten (10) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay.

Work performed outside the normal work hours of 5:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. shall be paid at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate, (except for special shifts or multiple shift operations). When the first shift of a multiple shift (a two or three shift) operation is started at the basic straight time rate or at a specific overtime rate, all shifts of that day's operation shall be completed at that rate. When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when contract specifications require that work can only be performed outside the regular day shift of 5:00 am to 6:00 pm, then a special shift may be worked at the straight time rate, plus the shift pay premium when applicable. The starting time of work will be arranged to fit such conditions of work. Such shift shall consist of eight (8) hours work for eight (8) hours pay or ten (10) hours work for ten (10) hours pay for four ten shifts.

On Saturday, the first twelve (12) hours of work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay. All work performed after 6:00 pm Saturday to 5:00 am Monday, all work performed over twelve (12) hours, and all work performed on holidays shall be paid at double the straight time rate of pay.

Shift Pay Premium: In an addition to any overtime already required, all hours worked between the hours of 6:00 pm and 5:00 am shall receive an additional two dollars (\$2.00) per hour.

N. All work performed over twelve hours in a shift and all work performed on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid at double the straight time rate.

Any time worked over eight (8) hours on Saturday shall be paid double the straight time rate, except employees assigned to work six 10-hour shifts per week shall be paid double the straight time rate for any time worked on Saturday over 10 hours.

O. All work performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay.

11. P. Work performed in excess of ten (10) hours of straight time per day when four ten (10) hour shifts are established and all work on Saturdays, except for make-up days shall be paid at time and one-half (1 ½) the straight time rate.

Work performed outside the normal work hours of 5:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. shall be paid at one and one-half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate, (except for special shifts or multiple shift operations). When the first shift of multiple shift (a two or three shift) operation is started at the basic straight time rate or at a specific overtime rate, all shifts of that day's operation shall be completed at that rate. When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when contract specifications require that work can only be performed outside the regular day shift of 5:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m., then a special shift may be worked at the straight time rate, plus the shift pay premium when applicable. The starting time of work will be arranged to fit such conditions of work. Such shifts shall consist of eight (8) hours work for eight (8) hours pay or ten (10) hours work for ten (10) hours pay for four ten-hour shifts.

In the event the job is down due to weather conditions, then Saturday may, be worked as a voluntary make-up day at the straight time rate. However, Saturday shall not be utilized as a make-up day when a holiday falls on Friday. All work performed on Sundays and holidays and work in excess of twelve (12) hours per day shall be paid at double (2x) the straight time rate of pay.

After an employee has worked eight (8) hours at an applicable overtime rate, all additional hours shall be at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours.

When an employee returns to work without a break of eight (8) hours since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours.

- Q. All hours worked between the hours of 6:00 pm and 6:00 am, Monday through Saturday, shall be paid at a premium rate of 35% over the hourly rate of wage. Work performed on Sundays shall be paid at double time. All hours worked on holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.
- R On Monday through Saturday hours worked outside 6:00 am and 7:00 pm, and all hours after eight (8) hours worked shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate. All hours worked on Sundays and Holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

When a holiday falls on a Saturday, the Friday before shall be the observed holiday. When a holiday falls on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be the observed holiday.

S. The first ten (10) hours worked on Saturdays shall be paid at one and one-half times the hourly rate of wage. In the event the job is down due to weather conditions, or other conditions beyond the control of the Employer, then Saturday may be worked at the straight time rate, for the first eight (8) hours, or the first ten (10) hours when a four day ten hour workweek has been established.

All hours worked Monday through Saturday over twelve (12) hours and all hours worked on Sundays and holidays shall be paid at double the hourly rate of wage.

When an employee returns to work without a break of eight (8) hours since their previous shift, all such time shall be a continuation of shift and paid at the applicable overtime rate until such time as the employee has had a break of eight (8) hours.

Benefit Code Key - Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

11. T. On Monday through Friday, the first four (4) hours of overtime after eight (8) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, unless a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek has been established. On a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek scheduled Monday through Thursday, or Tuesday through Friday, the first two (2) hours of overtime after ten (10) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay.

On Saturday, the first twelve (12) hours of work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, except that if the job is down on Monday through Friday due to weather conditions or other conditions outside the control of the employer, the first ten (10) hours on Saturday may be worked at the straight time rate of pay.

All hours worked over twelve (12) hours in a day and all hours worked on Sunday and Holidays shall be paid at two (2) times the straight time rate of pay.

U. On Monday through Friday, the first four (4) hours of overtime after eight (8) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, unless a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek has been established. On a four (4) day ten (10) hour workweek scheduled Monday through Thursday, or Tuesday through Friday, the first two (2) hours of overtime after ten (10) hours of straight time work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay.

On Saturday, the first twelve (12) hours of work shall be paid at one and one half (1-1/2) times the straight time rate of pay, except that if the job is down on Monday through Friday due to weather conditions or other conditions outside the control of the employer, the first ten (10) hours on Saturday may be worked at the straight time rate of pay.

All hours worked over twelve (12) hours in a day and all hours worked on Sunday and Holidays shall be paid at two (2) times the straight time rate of pay.

If, due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when contract specifications require that work can only be performed outside the regular day shift, then a Special Shift may be worked, Monday through Friday, at the straight-time rate. The starting time of work for the Special Shift will be arranged to fit such conditions of work. Such Special Shift shall consist of eight (8) hours of work for eight (8) hours of pay or ten (10) hours of work for ten(10) hours of pay on a four-ten workday schedule.

Holiday Codes

- 5. A. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (7).
 - B. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, the day before Christmas, and Christmas Day (8).
 - C. Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8).
 - D. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8).
 - H. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Day after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas (6).

Holiday Codes Continued

- 5. I. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (6).
 - K. Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday After Thanksgiving Day, The Day Before Christmas, And Christmas Day (9).
 - L. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8).
 - N. Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanksgiving Day, The Friday After Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (9).
 - P. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday And Saturday After Thanksgiving Day, The Day Before Christmas, And Christmas Day (9). If A Holiday Falls On Sunday, The Following Monday Shall Be Considered As A Holiday.
 - Q. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (6).
 - R. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Day After Thanksgiving Day, One-Half Day Before Christmas Day, And Christmas Day. (7 1/2).
 - S. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (7).
 - Z. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8).

- 6. G. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veterans' Day, Thanks giving Day, the Friday after Thanks giving Day, Christmas Day, and Christmas Eve Day (11).
 - H. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, New Year's Eve Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday After Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, The Day After Christmas, And A Floating Holiday (10).
 - T. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, The Friday After Thanksgiving Day, The Last Working Day Before Christmas Day, And Christmas Day (9).
 - Z. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (7). If a holiday falls on Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be considered as the holiday. If a holiday falls on Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered as the holiday.

Holiday Codes Continued

- 7. A. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Any Holiday Which Falls On A Sunday Shall Be Observed As A Holiday On The Following Monday. If any of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a regular work day.
 - B. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - C. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - D. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Unpaid Holidays: President's Day. Any paid holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any paid holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - E. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (7). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - F. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, the last working day before Christmas day and Christmas day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.

- 7. G. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (6). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday.
 - H. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, the Last Working Day before Christmas Day and Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - I. Holidays: New Year's Day, President's Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, The Friday After Thanksgiving Day, The Day Before Christmas Day And Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - J. Holidays: New Year's Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day and Christmas Day (6). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.

- 7. K. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - L. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Last Work Day before Christmas Day, And Christmas Day (7). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - N. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (7). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. When Christmas falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be observed as a holiday.
 - P. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (7). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday.
 - Q. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, the Last Working Day before Christmas Day and Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. If any of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a regular work day.
 - S. Paid Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, Friday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, the Day after Christmas, and A Floating Holiday (9). If any of the listed holidays falls on a Sunday, the day observed by the Nation shall be considered a holiday and compensated accordingly.
 - V. Holidays: New Year's Day, President's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, the day before or after Christmas, and the day before or after New Year's Day. If any of the above listed holidays falls on a Sunday, the day observed by the Nation shall be considered a holiday and compensated accordingly.
 - W. Holidays: New Year's Day, Day After New Year's, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Eve Day, Christmas Day, the day after Christmas, the day before New Year's Day, and a Floating Holiday.
 - X. Holidays: New Year's Day, Day before or after New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Day, and the day before or after Christmas day. If a holiday falls on a Saturday or on a Friday that is the normal day off, then the holiday will be taken on the last normal workday. If the holiday falls on a Monday that is the normal day off or on a Sunday, then the holiday will be taken on the next normal workday.
 - Y. Holidays: New Year's Day, Presidents' Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day. (8) If the holiday falls on a Sunday, then the day observed by the federal government shall be considered a holiday and compensated accordingly.
 - Z. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Eve, and Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday. Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday.

Benefit Code Key – Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

- 15. G. New Year's Day, Washington's Birthday, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, The Friday After Thanksgiving Day, the last scheduled workday before Christmas, and Christmas Day (9). If any of the listed holidays falls on a Sunday, the day observed by the Nation shall be considered a holiday and compensated accordingly.
 - H. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, the Last Working Day before Christmas Day and Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - I. Holidays: New Year's Day, President's Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, The Friday After Thanksgiving Day, The Day Before Christmas Day And Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - J. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. If any of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a regular work day.
 - K. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, And Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. Any holiday which falls on a Saturday shall be observed as a holiday on the preceding Friday.
 - L. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. If any of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a regular work day.
 - M. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Independence Day, Memorial Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, Christmas Eve Day and Christmas Day (9). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday. If any of the listed holidays falls on a Saturday, the preceding Friday shall be a regular work day.
 - N. Holidays: New Year's Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Veteran's Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving Day, and Christmas Day (8). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday.
 - O. Holidays: New Year's Day, Martin Luther King Jr. Day, Memorial Day, Independence Day, Labor Day, Thanksgiving Day, the Friday and Saturday after Thanksgiving Day, the day before Christmas day, and Christmas Day (10). Any holiday which falls on a Sunday shall be observed as a holiday on the following Monday.

Benefit Code Key – Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

Note Codes

- 8. D. Workers working with supplied air on hazmat projects receive an additional \$1.00 per hour.
 - L. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows -Level A: \$0.75, Level B: \$0.50, And Level C: \$0.25.
 - M. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows: Levels A & B: \$1.00, Levels C & D: \$0.50.
 - N. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows -Level A: \$1.00, Level B: \$0.75, Level C: \$0.50, And Level D: \$0.25.
 - S. Effective August 31, 2012 A Traffic Control Supervisor shall be present on the project whenever flagging or spotting or other traffic control labor is being utilized. Flaggers and Spotters shall be posted where shown on approved Traffic Control Plans or where directed by the Engineer. All flaggers and spotters shall possess a current flagging card issued by the State of Washington, Oregon, Montana, or Idaho. This classification is only effective on or after August 31, 2012.
 - T. Effective August 31, 2012 A Traffic Control Laborer performs the setup, maintenance and removal of all temporary traffic control devices and construction signs necessary to control vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic during construction operations. Flaggers and Spotters shall be posted where shown on approved Traffic Control Plans or where directed by the Engineer. All flaggers and spotters shall possess a current flagging card issued by the State of Washington, Oregon, Montana, or Idaho. This classification is only effective on or after August 31, 2012.
 - U. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows Class A Suit: \$2.00, Class B Suit: \$1.50, And Class C Suit: \$1.00. Workers performing underground work receive an additional \$0.40 per hour for any and all work performed underground, including operating, servicing and repairing of equipment. The premium for underground work shall be paid for the entire shift worked. Workers who work suspended by a rope or cable receive an additional \$0.50 per hour. The premium for work suspended shall be paid for the entire shift worked. Workers who do "pioneer" work (break open a cut, build road, etc.) more than one hundred fifty (150) feet above grade elevation receive an additional \$0.50 per hour.
- 8. V. In addition to the hourly wage and fringe benefits, the following depth and enclosure premiums shall be paid. The premiums are to be calculated for the maximum depth and distance into an enclosure that a diver reaches in a day. The premiums are to be paid one time for the day and are not used in calculating overtime pay.

Depth premiums apply to depths of fifty feet or more. Over 50' to 100' - \$2.00 per foot for each foot over 50 feet. Over 101' to 150' - \$3.00 per foot for each foot over 101 feet. Over 151' to 220' - \$4.00 per foot for each foot over 220 feet. Over 221' - \$5.00 per foot for each foot over 221 feet.

Enclosure premiums apply when divers enter enclosures (such as pipes or tunnels) where there is no vertical ascent and is measured by the distance travelled from the entrance. 25' to 300' - \$1.00 per foot from entrance. 300' to 600' - \$1.50 per foot beginning at 300'. Over 600' - \$2.00 per foot beginning at 600'.

W. Meter Installers work on single phase 120/240V self-contained residential meters. The Lineman/Groundmen rates would apply to meters not fitting this description.

Benefit Code Key – Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

Note Codes Continued

X. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows - Class A Suit: \$2.00, Class B Suit: \$1.50, Class C Suit: \$1.00, and Class D Suit: \$0.50. Special Shift Premium: Basic hourly rate plus \$2.00 per hour.

When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when an owner (not acting as the contractor), a government agency or the contract specifications requires that work can only be performed outside the normal 5 am to 6pm shift, then the special shift premium will be applied to the basic hourly rate. When an employee works on a special shift, they shall be paid a special shift premium for each hour worked unless they are in OT or Double-time status. (For example, the special shift premium does not waive the overtime requirements for work performed on Saturday or Sunday.)

Y. Tide Work: When employees are called out between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. to work on tide work (work located in the tide plane) all time worked shall be at one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay.

Swinging Stage/Boatswains Chair: Employees working on a swinging state or boatswains chair or under conditions that require them to be tied off to allow their hands to be free shall receive seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per hour above the classification rate.

Z. Workers working with supplied air on hazmat projects receive an additional \$1.00 per hour.

Special Shift Premium: Basic hourly rate plus \$2.00 per hour. When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when an owner (not acting as a contractor), a government agency or the contract specifications require that more than (4) hours of a special shift can only be performed outside the normal 6 am to 6pm shift, then the special shift premium will be applied to the basic straight time for the entire shift. When an employee works on a special shift, they will be paid a special shift premium for each hour worked unless they are in overtime or double-time status. (For example, the special shift premium does not waive the overtime requirements for work performed on Saturday or Sunday.)

Note Codes Continued

9. A. Workers working with supplied air on hazmat projects receive an additional \$1.00 per hour.

Special Shift Premium: Basic hourly rate plus \$2.00 per hour. When due to conditions beyond the control of the Employer or when an owner (not acting as the contractor), a government agency or the contract specifications require that more than four (4) hours of a special shift can only be performed outside the normal 6 am to 6pm shift, then the special shift premium will be applied to the basic straight time for the entire shift. When an employee works on a special shift, they shall be paid a special shift premium for each hour worked unless they are in overtime or double-time status. (For example, the special shift premium does not waive the overtime requirements for work performed on Saturday or Sunday.)

Certified Crane Operator Premium: Crane operators requiring certifications shall be paid \$0.50 per hour above their classification rate.

Boom Pay Premium: All cranes including tower shall be paid as follows based on boom length:

- (A) 130' to 199' \$0.50 per hour over their classification rate.
- (B) 200' to 299' \$0.80 per hour over their classification rate.
- (C) -300' and over -\$1.00 per hour over their classification rate.

Benefit Code Key - Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

Note Codes Continued

- 9. B. The highest pressure registered on the gauge for an accumulated time of more than fifteen (15) minutes during the shift shall be used in determining the scale paid.
 - Tide Work: When employees are called out between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. to work on tide work (work located in the tide plane) all time worked shall be at one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay. Swinging Stage/Boatswains Chair: Employees working on a swinging stage or boatswains chair or under conditions that require them to be tied off to allow their hands to be free shall receive seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per hour above the classification rate.
 - C. Tide Work: When employees are called out between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. to work on tide work (work located in the tide plane) all time worked shall be at one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay. Swinging Stage/Boatswains Chair: Employees working on a swinging stage or boatswains chair or under conditions that require them to be tied off to allow their hands to be free shall receive seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per hour above the classification rate.
 - Effective August 31, 2012 A Traffic Control Supervisor shall be present on the project whenever flagging or spotting or other traffic control labor is being utilized. A Traffic Control Laborer performs the setup, maintenance and removal of all temporary traffic control devices and construction signs necessary to control vehicular, bicycle, and pedestrian traffic during construction operations. Flaggers and Spotters shall be posted where shown on approved Traffic Control Plans or where directed by the Engineer. All flaggers and spotters shall possess a current flagging card issued by the State of Washington, Oregon, Montana, or Idaho. These classifications are only effective on or after August 31, 2012.
 - D. Industrial Painter wages are required for painting within industrial facilities such as treatment plants, pipelines, towers, dams, bridges, power generation facilities and manufacturing facilities such as chemical plants, etc., or anywhere abrasive blasting is necessary to prepare surfaces, or hazardous materials encapsulation is required.
 - E. Heavy Construction includes construction, repair, alteration or additions to the production, fabrication or manufacturing portions of industrial or manufacturing plants, hydroelectric or nuclear power plants and atomic reactor construction. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows -Level A: \$1.00, Level B: \$0.75, Level C: \$0.50, And Level D: \$0.25.
 - F. Industrial Painter wages are required for painting within industrial facilities such as treatment plants, pipelines, towers, dams, power generation facilities and manufacturing facilities such as chemical plants, etc., or anywhere abrasive blasting is necessary to prepare surfaces, or hazardous materials encapsulation is required.
 - H. One (1) person crew shall consist of a Party Chief. (Total Station or similar one (1) person survey system). Two (2) person survey party shall consist of a least a Party Chief and a Chain Person. Three (3) person survey party shall consist of at least a Party Chief, an Instrument Person, and a Chain Person.

Benefit Code Key - Effective 8/1/2024 thru 3/4/2025

9. I. In addition to the hourly wage and fringe benefits, the following depth and enclosure premiums shall be paid. The premiums are to be calculated for the maximum depth and distance into an enclosure that a diver reaches in a day. The premiums are to be paid one time for the day and are not used in calculating overtime pay.

Depth premiums apply to depths of fifty feet or more. Over 50' to 100' - \$2.00 per foot for each foot over 50 feet. Over 101' to 150' - \$3.00 per foot for each foot over 101 feet. Over 151' to 220' - \$4.00 per foot for each foot over 220 feet. Over 221' - \$5.00 per foot for each foot over 221 feet.

Enclosure premiums apply when divers enter enclosures (such as pipes or tunnels) where there is no vertical ascent and is measured by the distance travelled from the entrance. 25' to 300' - \$1.00 per foot from entrance. 300' to 600' - \$1.50 per foot beginning at 300'. Over 600' - \$2.00 per foot beginning at 600'.

Employees may be required to perform any combination of work within the Diving team/crew, (with the exception of dive Supervisor) provided they are paid at the highest rate at which he/she has worked for the shift.

L. Workers on hazmat projects receive additional hourly premiums as follows -Level A: \$0.75, Level B: \$0.50, And Level C: \$0.25.

Tide Work: When employees are called out between the hours of 6:00 p.m. and 6:00 a.m. to work on tide work (work located in the tide plane) all time worked shall be at one and one-half times the hourly rate of pay.

Swinging Stage/Boatswains Chair: Employees working on a swinging stage or boatswains chair or under conditions that require them to be tied off to allow their hands to be free shall receive seventy-five cents (\$0.75) per hour above the classification rate.

State of Washington

Department of Labor & Industries

Prevailing Wage Section - Telephone 360-902-5335 PO Box 44540, Olympia, WA 98504-4540

Washington State Prevailing Wage

The PREVAILING WAGES listed here include both the hourly wage rate and the hourly rate of fringe benefits. On public works projects, worker's wage and benefit rates must add to not less than this total. A brief description of overtime calculation requirements are provided on the Benefit Code Key.

Journey Level Prevailing Wage Rates for the Effective Date: 08/31/2024

County	<u>Trade</u>	Job Classification	<u>Wage</u>	Holiday	Overtime	Note	*Risk Class
Snohomish	<u>Asbestos Abatement Workers</u>	Journey Level	\$63.87	<u>5D</u>	<u>1H</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Boilermakers</u>	Journey Level	\$81.48	<u>5N</u>	<u>1C</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Brick Mason	Journey Level	\$71.82	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Brick Mason	Pointer-Caulker-Cleaner	\$71.82	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Building Service Employees	Janitor	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Building Service Employees	Shampooer	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Building Service Employees	Waxer	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Building Service Employees	Window Cleaner	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Cabinet Makers (In Shop)</u>	Journey Level	\$27.33	<u>5C</u>	<u>2M</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Carpenters</u>	Acoustical Worker	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Carpenters</u>	Bridge Dock and Wharf Carpenter	\$80.50	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>	<u>9L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Carpenters</u>	Floor Layer & Floor Finisher	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Carpenters</u>	General Carpenter	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Carpenters</u>	Scaffold Erector	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Cement Masons</u>	Application of all Composition Mastic	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Cement Masons</u>	Application of all Epoxy Material	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Application of all Plastic Material	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Application of Sealing Compound	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Application of Underlayment	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Building General	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Composition or Kalman Floors	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Concrete Paving	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Curb & Gutter Machine	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Curb & Gutter, Sidewalks	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Curing Concrete	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Finish Colored Concrete	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Cement Masons	Floor Grinding	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Floor Grinding/Polisher	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Green Concrete Saw, self- powered	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Grouting of all Plates	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Grouting of all Tilt-up Panels	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Gunite Nozzleman	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Hand Powered Grinder	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Journey Level	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Patching Concrete	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Pneumatic Power Tools	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Power Chipping & Brushing	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Sand Blasting Architectural Finish	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Screed & Rodding Machine	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Spackling or Skim Coat Concrete	\$76.78	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Troweling Machine Operator	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Troweling Machine Operator on Colored Slabs	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Cement Masons	Tunnel Workers	\$77.30	<u>15J</u>	<u>4U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Bell/Vehicle/Submersible Operator (not under pressure)	\$156.25	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Dive Supervisor	\$157.75	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Diver	\$156.25	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Diver Tender	\$86.86	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 0- 30.00 PSI	\$118.99	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 0- 30.00 PSI	\$109.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 44.01 - 54.00 PSI	\$128.22	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 54.01 - 60.00 PSI	\$137.45	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 60.01 - 64.00 PSI	\$146.67	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 64.01 - 68.00 PSI	\$155.90	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 68.01 - 70.00 PSI	\$165.13	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 70.01 - 72.00 PSI	\$174.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Hyperbaric Worker - Compressed Air Worker 72.01 -	\$183.59	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>

		74.00 PSI					
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Lead Diver (Dive Master)	\$101.32	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Divers & Tenders</u>	Manifold Operator (Life Support Technician)	\$86.86	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Divers & Tenders</u>	Remote Operated Vehicle Operator/Technician	\$86.86	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Divers & Tenders</u>	Remote Operated Vehicle Operator/Technician	\$86.86	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Divers & Tenders</u>	Remote Operated Vehicle Tender	\$80.55	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Divers & Tenders	Stand-by Diver	\$96.32	<u>15J</u>	<u>11T</u>	<u>91</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Assistant Engineer	\$83.92	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Assistant Mate (Deckhand)	\$83.28	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Boatmen	\$83.92	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Engineer Welder	\$85.53	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Leverman, Hydraulic	\$87.24	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Mates	\$83.92	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Dredge Workers</u>	Oiler	\$83.28	<u>5D</u>	<u>3F</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Drywall Applicator</u>	Journey Level	\$78.76	<u>150</u>	<u>11S</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Drywall Tapers</u>	Journey Level	\$78.76	<u>150</u>	<u>115</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electrical Fixture Maintenance</u> <u>Workers</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		1		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Inside</u>	Cable Splicer	\$95.85	<u>7H</u>	<u>1E</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Inside</u>	Construction Stock Person	\$46.03	<u>7H</u>	<u>1D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Inside</u>	Journey Level	\$89.75	<u>7H</u>	<u>1E</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Motor Shop</u>	Craftsman	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Motor Shop</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Cable Splicer	\$97.76	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Certified Line Welder	\$89.71	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Groundperson	\$56.79	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Heavy Line Equipment Operator	\$89.71	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Journey Level Lineperson	\$89.71	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Line Equipment Operator	\$77.13	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Meter Installer	\$56.79	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>	<u>8W</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electricians - Powerline Construction	Pole Sprayer	\$89.71	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Electricians - Powerline</u> <u>Construction</u>	Powderperson	\$66.84	<u>5A</u>	<u>4D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Electronic Technicians	Electronic Technicians Journey Level	\$53.94	<u>5B</u>	<u>1B</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Elevator Constructors	Mechanic	\$111.26	<u>7D</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Elevator Constructors	Mechanic In Charge	\$120.27	<u>7D</u>	<u>4A</u>		View

Snohomish	<u>Fabricated Precast Concrete</u> Products	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Fabricated Precast Concrete Products	Journey Level - In-Factory Work Only	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Fence Erectors	Fence Erector	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Fence Erectors	Fence Laborer	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Flaggers</u>	Journey Level	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Glaziers</u>	Journey Level	\$82.16	<u>7L</u>	<u>1Y</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Heat & Frost Insulators And Asbestos Workers	Journey Level	\$91.81	<u>15H</u>	<u>11C</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Heating Equipment Mechanics	Journey Level	\$99.92	<u>7F</u>	<u>1E</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Hod Carriers & Mason Tenders	Journey Level	\$66.10	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Industrial Power Vacuum Cleaner	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Inland Boatmen</u>	Boat Operator	\$61.41	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Inland Boatmen</u>	Cook	\$56.48	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Inland Boatmen</u>	Deckhand	\$57.48	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Inland Boatmen</u>	Deckhand Engineer	\$58.81	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inland Boatmen	Launch Operator	\$58.89	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Inland Boatmen</u>	Mate	\$57.31	<u>5B</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	Cleaner Operator	\$51.27	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	Foamer Operator	\$51.27	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	Grout Truck Operator	\$51.27	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	Head Operator	\$49.20	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	Technician	\$42.99	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Inspection/Cleaning/Sealing Of Sewer & Water Systems By Remote Control	TV Truck Operator	\$46.10	<u>15M</u>	<u>110</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Insulation Applicators	Journey Level	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Ironworkers</u>	Journeyman	\$87.80	<u>15K</u>	<u>11N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Laborers	Air, Gas Or Electric Vibrating Screed	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Airtrac Drill Operator	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Ballast Regular Machine	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Batch Weighman	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Brick Pavers	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Brush Cutter	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Brush Hog Feeder	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Burner	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Caisson Worker	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Carpenter Tender	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Cement Dumper-paving	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Cement Finisher Tender	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Change House Or Dry Shack	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Chipping Gun (30 Lbs. And Over)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Chipping Gun (Under 30 Lbs.)	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Choker Setter	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Chuck Tender	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Clary Power Spreader	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Clean-up Laborer	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Concrete Form Stripper	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Concrete Placement Crew	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Concrete Saw Operator/Core Driller	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Crusher Feeder	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Curing Laborer	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Demolition: Wrecking & Moving (Incl. Charred Material)	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Ditch Digger	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Diver	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Drill Operator (Hydraulic, Diamond)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Dry Stack Walls	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Dump Person	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Epoxy Technician	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Erosion Control Worker	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Faller & Bucker Chain Saw	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Fine Graders	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Firewatch	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Form Setter	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Gabian Basket Builders	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	General Laborer	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Grade Checker & Transit Person	\$66.10	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Grinders	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Grout Machine Tender	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Groutmen (Pressure) Including Post Tension Beams	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Guardrail Erector	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A)	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C)	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Laborers	High Scaler	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	View
Snohomish		Jackhammer	\$63.76	15J	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish		Laserbeam Operator	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish	Laborers	Maintenance Person	\$62.68	 15J	11P	8Y	View
Snohomish		Manhole Builder-Mudman	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish		Material Yard Person	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish		Mold Abatement Worker	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish		Motorman-Dinky Locomotive	\$66.20	15J	<u>11P</u>	8Y	View
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air & water on concrete & rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster)	\$66.10	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	View
Snohomish		Pavement Breaker	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pilot Car	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pipe Layer (Lead)	\$66.10	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pipe Layer/Tailor	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pipe Pot Tender	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pipe Reliner	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pipe Wrapper	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Pot Tender	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Powderman	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Powderman's Helper	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Power Jacks	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Railroad Spike Puller - Power	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Raker - Asphalt	\$66.10	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Re-timberman	\$64.51	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Remote Equipment Operator	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Rigger/Signal Person	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Rip Rap Person	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Rivet Buster	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Rodder	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Scaffold Erector	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Scale Person	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Sloper (Over 20")	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Sloper Sprayer	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Spreader (Concrete)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	View
Snohomish	Laborers	Stake Hopper	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Laborers	Stock Piler	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Swinging Stage/Boatswain Chair	\$53.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tamper & Similar Electric, Air & Gas Operated Tools	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tamper (Multiple & Self- propelled)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Laborers	Timber Person - Sewer (Lagger, Shorer & Cribber)	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Laborers	Toolroom Person (at Jobsite)	\$62.68	15J	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	View
Snohomish		Topper	\$62.68	15J	11P	8Y	View
Snohomish		Track Laborer	\$62.68	15J	11P	8Y	View
Snohomish		Track Liner (Power)	\$63.76	15J	11P	<u>8Y</u>	View
Snohomish		Traffic Control Laborer	\$57.15	15J	11P	9C	View
Snohomish		Traffic Control Supervisor	\$60.34	15J	11P	9C	View
Snohomish		Truck Spotter	\$62.68	15J	11P	8Y	View
Snohomish		Tugger Operator	\$63.76	15J	11P	8Y	View
Snohomish		Tunnel Work-Compressed Air	\$200.40	15J	11P	9B	View
		Worker 0-30 psi					
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 30.01-44.00 psi	\$205.43	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 44.01-54.00 psi	\$209.11	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 54.01-60.00 psi	\$214.81	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 60.01-64.00 psi	\$216.93	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 64.01-68.00 psi	\$222.03	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 68.01-70.00 psi	\$223.93	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 70.01-72.00 psi	\$225.93	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Compressed Air Worker 72.01-74.00 psi	\$227.93	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>9B</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Guage and Lock Tender	\$66.20	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Tunnel Work-Miner	\$66.20	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Vibrator	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Vinyl Seamer	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Watchman	\$49.12	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Welder	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Well Point Laborer	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Laborers</u>	Window Washer/Cleaner	\$49.12	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
	Laborers - Underground Sewer & Water	General Laborer & Topman	\$62.68	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
	<u>Laborers - Underground Sewer</u> <u>& Water</u>	Pipe Layer	\$63.76	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Landscape Construction</u>	Landscape Construction/Landscaping Or Planting Laborers	\$49.12	<u>15J</u>	<u>11P</u>	<u>8Y</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Landscape Construction</u>	Landscape Operator	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Landscape Maintenance</u>	Groundskeeper	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Lathers</u>	Journey Level	\$78.76	<u>150</u>	<u>11S</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Marble Setters</u>	Journey Level	\$71.82	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Metal Fabrication (In Shop)</u>	Journey Level	\$37.56	<u>0</u>	<u>11D</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Millwright</u>	Journey Level	\$80.28	<u>15J</u>	<u>4C</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Modular Buildings</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		1		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Painters</u>	Journey Level	\$51.71	<u>6Z</u>	<u>11J</u>		<u>View</u>

	<u>Pile Driver</u>	Crew Tender	\$86.81	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>	<u>9L</u>	<u>View</u>
	<u>Pile Driver</u>	Journey Level	\$80.50	<u>15J</u>	<u>11U</u>	<u>9L</u>	<u>View</u>
	<u>Plasterers</u>	Journey Level	\$73.54	<u>7Q</u>	<u>1R</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Plasterers</u>	Nozzleman	\$77.54	<u>7Q</u>	<u>1R</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Playground & Park Equipment</u> <u>Installers</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Plumbers & Pipefitters</u>	Journey Level	\$90.87	<u>5A</u>	<u>1G</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Asphalt Plant Operators	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Assistant Engineer	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Barrier Machine (zipper)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Batch Plant Operator: concrete	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Boat Operator	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Bobcat	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Brokk - Remote Demolition Equipment	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Brooms	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Bump Cutter	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cableways	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Chipper	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	11G	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Compressor	\$82.29	15J	11G	<u>8X</u>	View
	Power Equipment Operators	Concrete Finish Machine - Laser Screed	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Concrete Pump - Mounted Or Trailer High Pressure Line Pump, Pump High Pressure	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Concrete Pump: Truck Mount With Boom Attachment Over 42 M	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Concrete Pump: Truck Mount With Boom Attachment Up To 42m	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Conveyors	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes Friction: 200 tons and over	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes, A-frame: 10 tons and under	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: 100 tons through 199 tons, or 150' of boom (including jib with attachments)	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: 20 tons through 44 tons with attachments	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: 200 tons- 299 tons, or 250' of boom including jib with attachments	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: 300 tons and over or 300' of boom including jib with attachments	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: 45 tons through 99 tons, under 150' of	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

		boom(including jib with attachments)					
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Cranes: Friction cranes through 199 tons	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Cranes: through 19 tons with attachments, a-frame over 10 tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Crusher	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Deck Engineer/Deck Winches (power)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Derricks, On Building Work	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Dozers D-9 & Under	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Drill Oilers: Auger Type, Truck Or Crane Mount	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Drilling Machine	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Elevator and man-lift: permanent and shaft type	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Finishing Machine, Bidwell And Gamaco & Similar Equipment	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Forklift: 3000 lbs and over with attachments	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Forklifts: under 3000 lbs. with attachments	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Grade Engineer: Using Blue Prints, Cut Sheets, Etc	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Gradechecker/Stakeman	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Guardrail Punch	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Hard Tail End Dump Articulating Off- Road Equipment 45 Yards. & Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Hard Tail End Dump Articulating Off-road Equipment Under 45 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Horizontal/Directional Drill Locator	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Horizontal/Directional Drill Operator	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Hydralifts/Boom Trucks Over 10 Tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Hydralifts/boom trucks: 10 tons and under	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Leverman	\$89.27	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Loader, Overhead, 6 Yards. But Not Including 8 Yards	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Loaders, Overhead Under 6 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Loaders, Plant Feed	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Loaders: Elevating Type Belt	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Locomotives, All	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Material Transfer Device	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Mechanics: All (Leadmen - \$0.50 per hour over mechanic)	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Motor Patrol Graders	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Mucking Machine, Mole, Tunnel Drill, Boring, Road Header And/or Shield	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Oil Distributors, Blower Distribution & Mulch Seeding Operator	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Outside Hoists (Elevators and Manlifts), Air Tuggers, Strato	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Overhead, bridge type Crane: 20 tons through 44 tons	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Overhead, bridge type: 100 tons and over	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Overhead, bridge type: 45 tons through 99 tons	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Pavement Breaker	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Pile Driver (other Than Crane Mount)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Plant Oiler - Asphalt, Crusher	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Posthole Digger, Mechanical	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Power Plant	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Pumps - Water	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Quad 9, Hd 41, D10 And Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Quick Tower: no cab, under 100 feet in height base to boom	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Remote Control Operator On Rubber Tired Earth Moving Equipment	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Rigger and Bellman	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Rigger/Signal Person, Bellman(Certified)	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Rollagon	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Roller, Other Than Plant Mix	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Roller, Plant Mix Or Multi-lift Materials	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Roto-mill, Roto-grinder	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Saws - Concrete	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Scraper, Self Propelled Under 45 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Scrapers - Concrete & Carry All	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Scrapers, Self-propelled: 45 Yards And Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Service Engineers: Equipment	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Shotcrete/Gunite Equipment	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoe, Tractors Under 15 Metric Tons	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoe: Over 30 Metric Tons To 50 Metric Tons	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes, Tractors: 15 To 30 Metric Tons	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes: Over 50 Metric Tons To 90 Metric Tons	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes: Over 90 Metric Tons	\$89.27	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Slipform Pavers	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Spreader, Topsider & Screedman	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Subgrader Trimmer	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Tower Bucket Elevators	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Tower Crane: over 175' through 250' in height, base to boom	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Tower crane: up to 175' in height base to boom	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Tower Cranes: over 250' in height from base to boom	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Transporters, All Track Or Truck Type	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Trenching Machines	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators</u>	Truck Crane Oiler/Driver: 100 tons and over	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Truck crane oiler/driver: under 100 tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Truck Mount Portable Conveyor	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Vac Truck (Vactor Guzzler, Hydro Excavator)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Welder	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Wheel Tractors, Farmall Type	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators	Yo Yo Pay Dozer	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Asphalt Plant Operators	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Assistant Engineer	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Barrier Machine (zipper)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Batch Plant Operator, Concrete	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Boat Operator	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Bobcat	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Brokk - Remote Demolition Equipment	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Brooms	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Bump Cutter	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Cableways	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Chipper	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Compressor	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Concrete Finish Machine - Laser Screed	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Concrete Pump - Mounted Or Trailer High Pressure Line Pump, Pump High Pressure	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Concrete Pump: Truck Mount With Boom Attachment Over 42 M	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Concrete Pump: Truck Mount With Boom Attachment Up To 42m	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Conveyors	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes Friction: 200 tons and over	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes, A-frame: 10 tons and under	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: 100 tons through 199 tons, or 150' of boom (including jib with attachments)	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: 20 tons through 44 tons with attachments	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: 200 tons- 299 tons, or 250' of boom including jib with attachments	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: 300 tons and over or 300' of boom including jib with attachments	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: 45 tons through 99 tons, under 150' of boom(including jib with attachments)	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: Friction cranes through 199 tons	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Cranes: through 19 tons with attachments, a-frame over 10 tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Crusher	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Deck Engineer/Deck Winches (power)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Derricks, On Building Work	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Dozers D-9 & Under	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Drill Oilers: Auger Type, Truck Or Crane Mount	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Drilling Machine	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Elevator and man-lift: permanent and shaft type	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	Viev
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Finishing Machine, Bidwell And Gamaco & Similar Equipment	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Forklift: 3000 lbs and over with attachments	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Forklifts: under 3000 lbs. with attachments	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Grade Engineer: Using Blue Prints, Cut Sheets, Etc	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Gradechecker/Stakeman	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Guardrail Punch	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Hard Tail End Dump Articulating Off- Road Equipment 45 Yards. & Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Hard Tail End Dump Articulating Off-road Equipment Under 45 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Horizontal/Directional Drill Locator	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Horizontal/Directional Drill Operator	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Hydralifts/boom trucks: 10 tons and under	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Hydralifts/boom trucks: over 10 tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Leverman	\$89.27	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Loader, Overhead, 6 Yards. But Not Including 8 Yards	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Loaders, Overhead Under 6 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Loaders, Plant Feed	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Loaders: Elevating Type Belt	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Locomotives, All	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Material Transfer Device	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Mechanics: All (Leadmen - \$0.50 per hour over mechanic)	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Motor Patrol Graders	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Mucking Machine, Mole, Tunnel Drill, Boring, Road Header And/or Shield	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Oil Distributors, Blower Distribution & Mulch Seeding	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>Vie</u>

		Operator					
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Outside Hoists (Elevators and Manlifts), Air Tuggers, Strato	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Overhead, bridge type Crane: 20 tons through 44 tons	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Overhead, bridge type: 100 tons and over	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Overhead, bridge type: 45 tons through 99 tons	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Pavement Breaker	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Pile Driver (other Than Crane Mount)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Plant Oiler - Asphalt, Crusher	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Posthole Digger, Mechanical	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Power Plant	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Pumps - Water	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Quad 9, Hd 41, D10 And Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Quick Tower: no cab, under 100 feet in height base to boom	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Remote Control Operator On Rubber Tired Earth Moving Equipment	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Rigger and Bellman	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Rigger/Signal Person, Bellman(Certified)	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Rollagon	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Roller, Other Than Plant Mix	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Roller, Plant Mix Or Multi-lift Materials	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Roto-mill, Roto-grinder	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Saws - Concrete	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Scraper, Self Propelled Under 45 Yards	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Scrapers - Concrete & Carry All	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Scrapers, Self-propelled: 45 Yards And Over	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Shotcrete/Gunite Equipment	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoe, Tractors Under 15 Metric Tons	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>

	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoe: Over 30 Metric Tons To 50 Metric Tons	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes, Tractors: 15 To 30 Metric Tons	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Power Equipment Operators-</u> <u>Underground Sewer & Water</u>	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes: Over 50 Metric Tons To 90 Metric Tons	\$88.36	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Shovel, Excavator, Backhoes: Over 90 Metric Tons	\$89.27	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Slipform Pavers	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Spreader, Topsider & Screedman	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Subgrader Trimmer	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Tower Bucket Elevators	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Tower Crane: over 175' through 250' in height, base to boom	\$89.60	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Tower crane: up to 175' in height base to boom	\$88.67	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Tower Cranes: over 250' in height from base to boom	\$90.46	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Transporters, All Track Or Truck Type	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Trenching Machines	\$86.05	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Truck Crane Oiler/Driver: 100 tons and over	\$87.03	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Truck crane oiler/driver: under 100 tons	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Truck Mount Portable Conveyor	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Vac Truck (Vactor Guzzler, Hydro Excavator)	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Welder	\$87.49	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Wheel Tractors, Farmall Type	\$82.29	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Equipment Operators- Underground Sewer & Water	Yo Yo Pay Dozer	\$86.71	<u>15J</u>	<u>11G</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Power Line Clearance Tree Trimmers	Journey Level In Charge	\$61.73	<u>5A</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>
	Power Line Clearance Tree Trimmers	Spray Person	\$58.44	<u>5A</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>
	Power Line Clearance Tree Trimmers	Tree Equipment Operator	\$61.73	<u>5A</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>
	Power Line Clearance Tree Trimmers	Tree Trimmer	\$55.14	<u>5A</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>
	Power Line Clearance Tree	Tree Trimmer Groundperson	\$41.68	<u>5A</u>	<u>4A</u>		<u>View</u>

Snohomish	Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Mechanics	Journey Level	\$90.96	<u>5A</u>	<u>1G</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Brick Mason	Journey Level	\$22.73		1	View
	Residential Carpenters	Journey Level	\$78.96	<u>15J</u>	<u>-</u> <u>4C</u>	View
	Residential Cement Masons	Journey Level	\$76.78	 15J	<u>4U</u>	View
Snohomish	Residential Drywall Applicators	Journey Level	\$51.52	 15J	<u>4C</u>	<u>View</u>
	Residential Drywall Tapers	Journey Level	\$77.66	<u></u>	<u>1E</u>	View
Snohomish	Residential Electricians	Journey Level	\$48.80		<u>1</u>	View
Snohomish	Residential Glaziers	Journey Level	\$27.66		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Insulation Applicators	Journey Level	\$27.61		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Laborers	Journey Level	\$28.78		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Marble Setters	Journey Level	\$39.71		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Painters	Journey Level	\$30.44		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Plumbers & Pipefitters	Journey Level	\$51.38		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Refrigeration & Air Conditioning Mechanics	Journey Level	\$99.92	<u>7F</u>	<u>1E</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Sheet Metal Workers	Journey Level	\$99.92	<u>7F</u>	<u>1E</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Soft Floor Layers	Journey Level	\$59.52	<u>5A</u>	<u>3J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Sprinkler Fitters (Fire Protection)	Journey Level	\$61.85		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Stone Masons	Journey Level	\$39.71		<u>1</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Terrazzo Workers	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Terrazzo/Tile Finishers	Journey Level	\$27.90		1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Residential Tile Setters	Journey Level	\$21.38		<u>1</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Roofers</u>	Journey Level	\$64.45	<u>5A</u>	<u>3H</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Roofers	Using Irritable Bituminous Materials	\$67.39	<u>5A</u>	<u>3H</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Sheet Metal Workers</u>	Journey Level (Field or Shop)	\$99.92	<u>7F</u>	<u>1E</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Boilermaker	\$58.73	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Carpenter	\$51.85	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Crane Operator	\$43.00	<u>7V</u>	1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Electrician	\$58.77	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	New Construction Heat & Frost Insulator	\$91.81	<u>15H</u>	<u>11C</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Laborer	\$58.41	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Machinist	\$58.59	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Operating Engineer	\$43.00	<u>7V</u>	1	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Painter	\$58.53	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Pipefitter	\$58.77	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Rigger	\$58.73	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Sheet Metal	\$58.49	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Shipwright	\$51.85	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>	<u>View</u>

Snohomish	<u>Shipbuilding & Ship Repair</u>	New Construction Warehouse/Teamster	\$43.00	<u>7V</u>	<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	New Construction Welder / Burner	\$58.73	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Boilermaker	\$58.73	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Carpenter	\$51.85	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Crane Operator	\$45.06	<u>7Y</u>	<u>4K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Electrician	\$58.77	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		View
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Heat & Frost Insulator	\$91.81	<u>15H</u>	<u>11C</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Laborer	\$58.41	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		<u>View</u>
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Machinist	\$58.59	7X	<u>4J</u>		View
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Operating Engineer	\$45.06	<u>7Y</u>	<u>4K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Painter	\$58.53	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		<u>View</u>
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Pipefitter	\$58.77	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		View
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Rigger	\$58.73	<u>7X</u>	<u>4J</u>		View
Snohomish	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Sheet Metal	\$58.49	<u></u>	<u></u>		View
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Shipwright	\$51.85	<u></u>	<u></u> <u>4J</u>		View
	Shipbuilding & Ship Repair	Ship Repair Warehouse / Teamster	\$45.06	<u></u>	<u>4K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Sign Makers & Installers (Electrical)	Sign Installer	\$26.56		1		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Sign Makers & Installers (Electrical)	Sign Maker	\$20.50		1		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Sign Makers & Installers (Non- Electrical)</u>	Sign Installer	\$22.56		1		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Sign Makers & Installers (Non- Electrical)</u>	Sign Maker	\$20.50		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Soft Floor Layers</u>	Journey Level	\$78.98	<u>15J</u>	<u>4C</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Solar Controls For Windows	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Sprinkler Fitters (Fire</u> <u>Protection)</u>	Journey Level	\$96.99	<u>5C</u>	<u>1X</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Stage Rigging Mechanics (Non Structural)</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Stone Masons	Journey Level	\$71.82	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Street And Parking Lot Sweeper</u> <u>Workers</u>	Journey Level	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Surveyors</u>	Assistant Construction Site Surveyor	\$86.36	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Surveyors</u>	Chainman	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Surveyors</u>	Construction Site Surveyor	\$87.82	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Surveyors</u>	Drone Operator (when used in conjunction with survey work only)	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Surveyors</u>	Ground Penetrating Radar Operator	\$82.59	<u>7A</u>	<u>11H</u>	<u>8X</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Telecommunication Technicians	Telecom Technician Journey Level	\$53.94	<u>5B</u>	<u>1B</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Telephone Line Construction - Outside</u>	Cable Splicer	\$41.35	<u>5A</u>	<u>2B</u>		<u>View</u>

Snohomish	<u>Telephone Line Construction - Outside</u>	Hole Digger/Ground Person	\$27.31	<u>5A</u>	<u>2B</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Telephone Line Construction - Outside</u>	Telephone Equipment Operator (Light)	\$34.53	<u>5A</u>	<u>2B</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Telephone Line Construction - Outside</u>	Telephone Lineperson	\$39.07	<u>5A</u>	<u>2B</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Terrazzo Workers</u>	Journey Level	\$67.51	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Tile Setters</u>	Journey Level	\$65.51	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Tile, Marble & Terrazzo</u> <u>Finishers</u>	Finisher	\$56.34	<u>7E</u>	<u>1N</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Traffic Control Stripers	Journey Level	\$92.44	<u>15L</u>	<u>1K</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Truck Drivers</u>	Asphalt Mix Over 16 Yards	\$79.40	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Truck Drivers</u>	Asphalt Mix To 16 Yards	\$78.56	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Truck Drivers</u>	Dump Truck	\$78.56	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Truck Drivers	Dump Truck & Trailer	\$79.40	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	<u>Truck Drivers</u>	Other Trucks	\$79.40	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Truck Drivers - Ready Mix	Transit Mix	\$79.40	<u>15J</u>	<u>11M</u>	<u>8L</u>	<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Well Drillers & Irrigation Pump Installers	Irrigation Pump Installer	\$17.05		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Well Drillers & Irrigation Pump Installers	Oiler	\$16.28		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>
Snohomish	Well Drillers & Irrigation Pump Installers	Well Driller	\$19.01		<u>1</u>		<u>View</u>

Washington State Department of Labor and Industries Policy Statement (Regarding the Production of "Standard" or "Non-standard" Items)

Below is the department's (State L&I's) list of criteria to be used in determining whether a prefabricated item is "standard" or "non-standard". For items not appearing on WSDOT's predetermined list, these criteria shall be used by the Contractor (and the Contractor's subcontractors, agents to subcontractors, suppliers, manufacturers, and fabricators) to determine coverage under RCW 39.12. The production, in the State of Washington, of non-standard items is covered by RCW 39.12, and the production of standard items is not. The production of any item outside the State of Washington is not covered by RCW 39.12.

- 1. Is the item fabricated for a public works project? If not, it is not subject to RCW 39.12. If it is, go to question 2.
- 2. Is the item fabricated on the public works jobsite? If it is, the work is covered under RCW 39.12. If not, go to question 3.
- 3. Is the item fabricated in an assembly/fabrication plant set up for, and dedicated primarily to, the public works project? If it is, the work is covered by RCW 39.12. If not, go to question 4.
- 4. Does the item require any assembly, cutting, modification or other fabrication by the supplier? If not, the work is not covered by RCW 39.12. If yes, go to question 5.
- 5. Is the prefabricated item intended for the public works project typically an inventory item which could reasonably be sold on the general market? If not, the work is covered by RCW 39.12. If yes, go to question 6.
- 6. Does the specific prefabricated item, generally defined as standard, have any unusual characteristics such as shape, type of material, strength requirements, finish, etc? If yes, the work is covered under RCW 39.12.

Any firm with questions regarding the policy, WSDOT's Predetermined List, or for determinations of covered and non-covered workers shall be directed to State L&I at (360) 902-5330.

WSDOT's Predetermined List for Suppliers - Manufactures - Fabricator

Below is a list of potentially prefabricated items, originally furnished by WSDOT to Washington State Department of Labor and Industries, that may be considered non-standard and therefore covered by the prevailing wage law, RCW 39.12. Items marked with an X in the "YES" column should be considered to be non-standard and therefore covered by RCW 39.12. Items marked with an X in the "NO" column should be considered to be standard and therefore not covered. Of course, exceptions to this general list may occur, and in that case shall be evaluated according to the criteria described in State and L&I's policy statement.

	ITEM DESCRIPTION	YES	NO
1.	Metal rectangular frames, solid metal covers, herringbone grates, and bi-directional vaned grates for Catch Basin Types 1, 1L, 1P, and 2 and Concrete Inlets. See Std. Plans		x
2.	Metal circular frames (rings) and covers, circular grates, and prefabricated ladders for Manhole Types 1, 2, and 3, Drywell Types 1, 2, and 3 and Catch Basin Type 2. See Std. Plans		x
3.	Prefabricated steel grate supports and welded grates, metal frames and dual vaned grates, and Type 1, 2, and 3 structural tubing grates for Drop Inlets. See Std. Plans.		X
4.	Concrete Pipe - Plain Concrete pipe and reinforced concrete pipe Class 2 to 5 sizes smaller than 60 inch diameter.		X
5.	Concrete Pipe - Plain Concrete pipe and reinforced concrete pipe Class 2 to 5 sizes larger than 60 inch diameter.		x
6.	Corrugated Steel Pipe - Steel lock seam corrugated pipe for culverts and storm sewers, sizes 30 inch to 120 inches in diameter. May also be treated, 1 thru 5.		x
7.	Corrugated Aluminum Pipe - Aluminum lock seam corrugated pipe for culverts and storm sewers, sizes 30 inch to 120 inches in diameter. May also be treated, #5.		x

ITEM DESCRIPTION

YES

NO

	ITEM DESCRIPTION	YES	NO
17.	Precast Concrete Inlet - with adjustment sections, See Std. Plans		x
18.	Precast Drop Inlet Type 1 and 2 with metal grate supports. See Std. Plans.		x
19.	Precast Grate Inlet Type 2 with extension and top units. See Std. Plans		X
20.	Metal frames, vaned grates, and hoods for Combination Inlets. See Std. Plans		X
21.	Precast Concrete Utility Vaults - Precast Concrete utility vaults of various sizes. Used for in ground storage of utility facilities and controls. See Contract Plans for size and construction requirements. Shop drawings are to be provided for approval prior to casting		x
22.	Vault Risers - For use with Valve Vaults and Utilities X Vaults.		X
23.	Valve Vault - For use with underground utilities. See Contract Plans for details.		X
24.	Precast Concrete Barrier - Precast Concrete Barrier for use as new barrier or may also be used as Temporary Concrete Barrier. Only new state approved barrier may be used as permanent barrier.		X
25.	Reinforced Earth Wall Panels – Reinforced Earth Wall Panels in size and shape as shown in the Plans. Fabrication plant has annual approval for methods and materials to be used. See Shop Drawing. Fabrication at other locations may be approved, after facilities inspection, contact HQ. Lab.	x	
26.	Precast Concrete Walls - Precast Concrete Walls - tilt-up wall panel in size and shape as shown in Plans. Fabrication plant has annual approval for methods and materials to be used	X	

	ITEM DESCRIPTION	YES	NO
27.	Precast Railroad Crossings - Concrete Crossing Structure Slabs.	X	
28.	 12, 18 and 26 inch Standard Precast Prestressed Girder – Standard Precast Prestressed Girder for use in structures. Fabricator plant has annual approval of methods and materials to be used. Shop Drawing to be provided for approval prior to casting girders. See Std. Spec. Section 6-02.3(25)A 	x	
29.	Prestressed Concrete Girder Series 4-14 - Prestressed Concrete Girders for use in structures. Fabricator plant has annual approval of methods and materials to be used. Shop Drawing to be provided for approval prior to casting girders. See Std. Spec. Section 6-02.3(25)A	x	
30.	Prestressed Tri-Beam Girder - Prestressed Tri-Beam Girders for use in structures. Fabricator plant has annual approval of methods and materials to be used. Shop Drawing to be provided for approval prior to casting girders. See Std. Spec. Section 6-02.3(25)A	x	
31.	Prestressed Precast Hollow-Core Slab – Precast Prestressed Hollow-core slab for use in structures. Fabricator plant has annual approval of methods and materials to be used. Shop Drawing to be provided for approval prior to casting girders. See Std. Spec. Section 6-02.3(25)A.	x	
32.	Prestressed-Bulb Tee Girder - Bulb Tee Prestressed Girder for use in structures. Fabricator plant has annual approval of methods and materials to be used. Shop Drawing to be provided for approval prior to casting girders. See Std. Spec. Section 6-02.3(25)A	x	
33.	Monument Case and Cover See Std. Plan.		X

	ITEM DESCRIPTION	YES	NO
53.	Fencing materials		X
54.	Guide Posts		X
55.	Traffic Buttons		X
56.	Ероху		X
57.	Cribbing		X
58.	Water distribution materials		X
59.	Steel "H" piles		X
60.	Steel pipe for concrete pile casings		X
61.	Steel pile tips, standard		X
62.	Steel pile tips, custom	X	

Prefabricated items specifically produced for public works projects that are prefabricated in a county other than the county wherein the public works project is to be completed, the wage for the offsite prefabrication shall be the applicable prevailing wage for the county in which the actual prefabrication takes place.

It is the manufacturer of the prefabricated product to verify that the correct county wage rates are applied to work they perform.

See RCW 39.12.010

(The definition of "locality" in RCW <u>39.12.010(2)</u> contains the phrase "wherein the physical work is being performed." The department interprets this phrase to mean the actual work site.

WSDOT's List of State Occupations not applicable to Heavy and Highway Construction Projects

This project is subject to the state hourly minimum rates for wages and fringe benefits in the contract provisions, as provided by the state Department of Labor and Industries.

The following list of occupations, is comprised of those occupations that are not normally used in the construction of heavy and highway projects.

When considering job classifications for use and / or payment when bidding on, or building heavy and highway construction projects for, or administered by WSDOT, these Occupations will be excepted from the included "Washington State Prevailing Wage Rates For Public Work Contracts" documents.

- Building Service Employees
- Electrical Fixture Maintenance Workers
- Electricians Motor Shop
- Heating Equipment Mechanics
- Industrial Engine and Machine Mechanics
- Industrial Power Vacuum Cleaners
- Inspection, Cleaning, Sealing of Water Systems by Remote Control
- Laborers Underground Sewer & Water
- Machinists (Hydroelectric Site Work)
- Modular Buildings
- Playground & Park Equipment Installers
- Power Equipment Operators Underground Sewer & Water
- Residential *** ALL ASSOCIATED RATES ***
- Sign Makers and Installers (Non-Electrical)
- Sign Makers and Installers (Electrical)
- Stage Rigging Mechanics (Non Structural)

The following occupations may be used only as outlined in the preceding text concerning "WSDOT's list for Suppliers - Manufacturers - Fabricators"

- Fabricated Precast Concrete Products
- Metal Fabrication (In Shop)

Definitions for the Scope of Work for prevailing wages may be found at the Washington State Department of Labor and Industries web site and in WAC Chapter 296-127.

Washington State Department of Labor and Industries Policy Statements (Regarding Production and Delivery of Gravel, Concrete, Asphalt, etc.)

WAC 296-127-018 Agency filings affecting this section

Coverage and exemptions of workers involved in the production and delivery of gravel, concrete, asphalt, or similar materials.

- (1) The materials covered under this section include but are not limited to: Sand, gravel, crushed rock, concrete, asphalt, or other similar materials.
- (2) All workers, regardless of by whom employed, are subject to the provisions of chapter 39.12 RCW when they perform any or all of the following functions:
- (a) They deliver or discharge any of the above-listed materials to a public works project site:
- (i) At one or more point(s) directly upon the location where the material will be incorporated into the project; or
 - (ii) At multiple points at the project; or
 - (iii) Adjacent to the location and coordinated with the incorporation of those materials.
- (b) They wait at or near a public works project site to perform any tasks subject to this section of the rule.
- (c) They remove any materials from a public works construction site pursuant to contract requirements or specifications (e.g., excavated materials, materials from demolished structures, clean-up materials, etc.).
- (d) They work in a materials production facility (e.g., batch plant, borrow pit, rock quarry, etc.,) which is established for a public works project for the specific, but not necessarily exclusive, purpose of supplying materials for the project.
- (e) They deliver concrete to a public works site regardless of the method of incorporation.
- (f) They assist or participate in the incorporation of any materials into the public works project.

- (3) All travel time that relates to the work covered under subsection (2) of this section requires the payment of prevailing wages. Travel time includes time spent waiting to load, loading, transporting, waiting to unload, and delivering materials. Travel time would include all time spent in travel in support of a public works project whether the vehicle is empty or full. For example, travel time spent returning to a supply source to obtain another load of material for use on a public works site or returning to the public works site to obtain another load of excavated material is time spent in travel that is subject to prevailing wage. Travel to a supply source, including travel from a public works site, to obtain materials for use on a private project would not be travel subject to the prevailing wage.
- (4) Workers are not subject to the provisions of chapter 39.12 RCW when they deliver materials to a stockpile.
- (a) A "stockpile" is defined as materials delivered to a pile located away from the site of incorporation such that the stockpiled materials must be physically moved from the stockpile and transported to another location on the project site in order to be incorporated into the project.
- (b) A stockpile does not include any of the functions described in subsection (2)(a) through (f) of this section; nor does a stockpile include materials delivered or distributed to multiple locations upon the project site; nor does a stockpile include materials dumped at the place of incorporation, or adjacent to the location and coordinated with the incorporation.
- (5) The applicable prevailing wage rate shall be determined by the locality in which the work is performed. Workers subject to subsection (2)(d) of this section, who produce such materials at an off-site facility shall be paid the applicable prevailing wage rates for the county in which the off-site facility is located. Workers subject to subsection (2) of this section, who deliver such materials to a public works project site shall be paid the applicable prevailing wage rates for the county in which the public works project is located.

[Statutory Authority: Chapter 39.12 RCW, RCW 43.22.051 and 43.22.270. 08-24-101, § 296-127-018, filed 12/2/08, effective 1/2/09. Statutory Authority: Chapters 39.04 and 39.12 RCW and RCW 43.22.270. 92-01-104 and 92-08-101, § 296-127-018, filed 12/18/91 and 4/1/92, effective 8/31/92.]

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APPENDIX B

FEDERAL PREVAILING WAGES

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"General Decision Number: WA20240001 05/24/2024 Superseded General Decision Number: WA20230001

State: Washington

Construction Type: Highway Counties: Washington Statewide.

HIGHWAY (Excludes D.O.E. Hanford Site in Benton and Franklin

Counties)

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

| If the contract is entered |into on or after January 30, | generally applies to the |2022, or the contract is |renewed or extended (e.g., an |. The contractor must pay |option is exercised) on or | all covered workers at |after January 30, 2022:

- I. Executive Order 14026 contract.
- | least \$17.20 per hour (or | the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.

|If the contract was awarded on|. Executive Order 13658 or between January 1, 2015 and generally applies to the |January 29, 2022, and the |contract is not renewed or |extended on or after January | covered workers at least 130, 2022:

- contract.
- |. The contractor must pay all| \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed| on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification	Number	Publication	Date
0		01/05/2024	
1		01/19/2024	
2		02/02/2024	
3		03/08/2024	
4		05/24/2024	

CARP0003-006 06/01/2021

SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON: CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, LEWIS(Piledriver only), PACIFIC (South of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to Willapa Bay to the Pacific Ocean), SKAMANIA, and WAHKIAKUM Counties.

	Rates	Fringes
Carpenters: CARPENTERS. DIVERS TENDERS. DIVERS. DRYWALL. MILLWRIGHTS.	.\$ 49.09 .\$ 93.09 .\$ 44.38	16.87 16.87 16.87 16.87
PILEDRIVERS		16.87
DEPTH PAY: 50 TO 100 FEET \$1.00 PER FOOT CONTROL TO 150 FEET \$1.50 PER FOOT 151 TO 200 FEET \$2.00 PER FOOT	OVER 101 FEET	
Zone Differential (Add up Zone 1 Zone 2 - \$0.85 Zone 3 - 1.25 Zone 4 - 1.70 Zone 5 - 2.00 Zone 6 - 3.00	rates):	

BASEPOINTS: ASTORIA, LONGVIEW, PORTLAND, THE DALLES, AND VANCOUVER, (NOTE: All dispatches for Washington State Counties: Cowlitz, Wahkiakum and Pacific shall be from Longview Local #1707 and mileage shall be computed from that point.)

ZONE 1: Projects located within 30 miles of the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 2: Projects located more than 30 miles and less than 40 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 3: Projects located more than 40 miles and less than 50 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 4: Projects located more than 50 miles and less than 60 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities.

ZONE 5: Projects located more than 60 miles and less than 70 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 6: Projects located more than 70 miles of the respected city of the above mentioned cities

CARP0030-004 06/01/2021

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (North of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM Counties

F	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER		
BRIDGE CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
CARPENTERS ON CREOSOTE		
MATERIAL\$	47.02	19.01
CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
DIVERS TENDER\$	54.54	19.01
DIVERS\$	103.43	19.01
MILLWRIGHT AND MACHINE		
ERECTORS\$	50.68	19.01
PILEDRIVER, DRIVING,		
PULLING, CUTTING, PLACING		
COLLARS, SETTING, WELDING		
OR CRESOTE TREATED		
MATERIAL, ALL PILING\$	49.58	19.01

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - ALL CLASSIFICATIONS EXCEPT MILLWRIGHTS AND PILEDRIVERS

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Seattle	Olympia	Bellingham
Auburn	Bremerton	Anacortes
Renton	Shelton	Yakima
Aberdeen-Hoquiam	Tacoma	Wenatchee
Ellensburg	Everett	Port Angeles
Centralia	Mount Vernon	Sunnyside
Chelan	Pt. Townsend	

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free
26-35 radius miles \$1.00/hour
36-45 radius miles \$1.15/hour
46-55 radius miles \$1.35/hour
Over 55 radius miles \$1.55/hour

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - MILLWRIGHT AND PILEDRIVER ONLY)

Hourly Zone Pay shall be computed from Seattle Union Hall, Tacoma City center, and Everett City center

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free 26-45 radius miles \$.70/hour Over 45 radius miles \$1.50/hour

CARP0059-002 06/01/2019

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN (East of 120th meridian), COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT (East of 120th meridian), KITTITAS (East of 120th meridian), LINCOLN, OKANOGAN (East of 120th meridian), PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN, and YAKIMA (East of 120th meridian) Counties

	I	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER			
GROUP	1\$	35.47	16.88
GROUP	2\$	47.42	18.96
GROUP	3\$	36.66	16.88
GROUP	4\$	36.66	16.88
GROUP	5\$	83.96	16.88
GROUP	6\$	40.23	16.88
GROUP	7\$	41.23	16.88
GROUP	8\$	37.66	16.88
GROUP	9\$	44.23	16.88

CARPENTER & DIVER CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: Carpenter

GROUP 2: Millwright, Machine Erector

GROUP 3: Piledriver - includes driving, pulling, cutting, placing collars, setting, welding, or creosote treated material, on all piling

GROUP 4: Bridge, Dock, and Wharf carpenters

GROUP 5: Diver Wet

GROUP 6: Diver Tender, Manifold Operator, ROV Operator

GROUP 7: Diver Standby

GROUP 8: Assistant Diver Tender, ROV Tender/Technician

GROUP 9: Manifold Operator-Mixed Gas

ZONE PAY:

ZONE 1 0-45 MILES FREE

ZONE 2 45-100 \$4.00/PER HOUR

ZONE 3 OVER 100 MILES \$6.00/PER HOUR

DISPATCH POINTS:

CARPENTERS/MILLWRIGHTS: PASCO (515 N Neel Street) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS/PILEDRIVER: SPOKANE (127 E. AUGUSTA AVE.) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: WENATCHEE (27 N. CHELAN) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: COEUR D' ALENE (1839 N. GOVERNMENT WAY) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: MOSCOW (306 N. JACKSON) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

DEPTH PAY FOR DIVERS BELOW WATER SURFACE:

50-100 feet \$2.00 per foot

101-150 feet \$3.00 per foot

151-220 feet \$4.00 per foot

221 feet and deeper \$5.00 per foot

PREMIUM PAY FOR DIVING IN ENCLOSURES WITH NO VERTICAL ASCENT: 0-25 feet Free

26-300 feet \$1.00 per Foot

SATURATION DIVING:

The standby rate applies until saturation starts. The saturation diving rate applies when divers are under pressure continuously until work task and decompression are complete. the diver rate shall be paid for all saturation hours.

WORK IN COMBINATION OF CLASSIFICATIONS:

Employees working in any combination of classifications within the diving crew (except dive supervisor) in a shift are paid in the classification with the highest rate for that shift.

HAZMAT PROJECTS:

Anyone working on a HAZMAT job (task), where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated at a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL D + \$.25 per hour - This is the lowest level of protection. No respirator is used and skin protection is minimal.

LEVEL C + \$.50 per hour - This level uses an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL B + \$.75 per hour - Uses same respirator protection as Level A. Supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit"".

LEVEL A +\$1.00 per hour - This level utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line.

CARP0770-003 06/01/2021

WEST OF 120TH MERIDIAN FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES: CHELAN, DOUGLAS, GRANT, KITTITAS, OKANOGAN, and YAKIMA

F	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER		
CARPENTERS ON CREOSOTE		
MATERIAL\$	47.02	19.01
CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
DIVERS TENDER\$	54.54	19.01
DIVERS\$	103.43	19.01
MILLWRIGHT AND MACHINE		
ERECTORS\$	50.68	19.01
PILEDRIVER, DRIVING,		
PULLING, CUTTING, PLACING		
COLLARS, SETTING, WELDING		
OR CRESOTE TREATED		
MATERIAL, ALL PILING\$	49.58	19.01

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - ALL CLASSIFICATIONS EXCEPT MILLWRIGHTS AND PILEDRIVERS

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Seattle Olympia Bellingham
Auburn Bremerton Anacortes
Renton Shelton Yakima
Aberdeen-Hoquiam Tacoma Wenatchee
Ellensburg Everett Port Angeles
Centralia Mount Vernon Sunnyside

Chelan Pt. Townsend

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free 26-35 radius miles \$1.00/hour 36-45 radius miles \$1.15/hour 46-55 radius miles \$1.35/hour Over 55 radius miles \$1.55/hour

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - MILLWRIGHT AND PILEDRIVER ONLY)

Hourly Zone Pay shall be computed from Seattle Union Hall, Tacoma City center, and Everett City center

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free

26-45 radius miles \$.70/hour Over 45 radius miles \$1.50/hour

ELEC0046-001 08/07/2023

CALLAM, JEFFERSON, KING AND KITSAP COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
		_
CABLE SPLICER	.\$ 76.99	28.60
ELECTRICIAN	.\$ 69.99	28.39

^{*} ELEC0048-003 01/01/2024

CLARK, KLICKITAT AND SKAMANIA COUNTIES

I	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER\$	44.22	21.50
ELECTRICIAN\$	60.50	28.64

HOURLY ZONE PAY:

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Portland, The Dalles, Hood River, Tillamook, Seaside and Astoria

Zone Pay:

Zone 1: 31-50 miles \$1.50/hour Zone 2: 51-70 miles \$3.50/hour Zone 3: 71-90 miles \$5.50/hour

Zone 4: Beyond 90 miles \$9.00/hour

*These are not miles driven. Zones are based on Delorrne Street Atlas USA 2006 plus.

ELEC0048-029 01/01/2024

COWLITZ AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		21.50 28.64

ELEC0073-001 08/01/2023

ADAMS, FERRY, LINCOLN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WHITMAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		16.68 16.03

ELEC0076-002 02/02/2024

GRAYS HARBOR, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC, PIERCE, AND THURSTON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		25.64 25.47

ELEC0112-005 06/01/2022

ASOTIN, BENTON, COLUMBIA, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, KITTITAS, WALLA WALLA, YAKIMA COUNTIES

I	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER\$	54.34	24.26
ELECTRICIAN\$	51.75	24.18

ELEC0191-003 06/01/2022

ISLAND, SAN JUAN, SNOHOMISH, SKAGIT AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
CABLE SPLICER		17.73 27.51	
ELEC0191-004 06/01/2018			_

CHELAN, DOUGLAS, GRANT AND OKANOGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		17.63 21.34

ENGI0302-003 06/01/2023

CHELAN (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), CLALLAM, DOUGLAS (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, KITTITAS, MASON, OKANOGAN (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), SAN JUNA, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, WHATCOM AND YAKIMA (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN) COUNTIES

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

I	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
Group 1A\$	54.93	25.57
Group 1AA\$	55.75	25.57
Group 1AAA\$	56.54	25.57
Group 1\$	54.13	25.57
Group 2\$	53.42	25.57
Group 3\$	52.83	25.57
Group 4\$	49.40	25.57

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates): Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) - \$1.00 Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: Aberdeen, Bellingham, Bremerton, Everett, Kent, Mount Vernon, Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Seattle, Shelton, Wenatchee, Yakima

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons, or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes 200 to 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Tower crane over 175 ft in height, base to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons, under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead 6 yards to, but not including 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9, HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all truck or track type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operaor-Concrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-overhead, bridge type-20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete Pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck Engineer/Deck Winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3yards and under; Finishing Machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Horizontal/directional drill operator; Loaders-overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics-all; Mixers-asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders-finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, roto-grinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment-under 45 yards; Subgrade trimmer; Tractors, backhoes-over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, blaw knox-roadtec; Truck crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount portable conveyor; Yo Yo Pay dozer

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes-thru 19 tons with attachments; A-frame crane over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozers-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loader-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pumps-concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lift materials; Saws-concrete; Scrpers-concrete and carry-all; Service engineer-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck Crane Oiler/Driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe 75 hp and under

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete finish mahine-laser screed; Cranes-A frame-10 tons and under; Elevator and Manlift-permanent or shaft type; Gradechecker, Stakehop; Forklifts under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger, mechanical; Power plant; Pumps, water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

HANDLING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS:

Personnel in all craft classifications subject to working inside a federally designated hazardous perimeter shall be elgible for compensation in accordance with the following group schedule relative to the level of hazardous waste as outlined in the specific hazardous waste project site safety plan.

H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing

H-2 Class ""C"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.25 per hour.

H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.75 per hour.

ENGI0370-002 06/01/2021

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN) COUNTIES

ZONE 1:

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
GROUP 1	\$ 29.76	20.65
GROUP 2	\$ 30.08	20.65
GROUP 3	\$ 30.69	20.65
GROUP 4	\$ 30.85	20.65
GROUP 5	\$ 31.01	20.65
GROUP 6	\$ 31.21	20.65
GROUP 7	\$ 31.56	20.65
GROUP 8	\$ 32.66	20.65

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (Add to Zone 1 rate): Zone 2 - \$2.00

Zone 1: Within 45 mile radius of Spokane, Pasco, Washington; Lewiston, Idaho

Zone 2: Outside 45 mile radius of Spokane, Pasco, Washington; Lewiston, Idaho

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Bit Grinders; Bolt Threading Machine; Compressors (under 2000 CFM, gas, diesel, or electric power); Deck Hand; Fireman & Heater Tender; Hydro-seeder, Mulcher, Nozzleman; Oiler Driver, & Cable Tender, Mucking Machine; Pumpman; Rollers, all types on subgrade, including seal and chip coatings (farm type, Case, John Deere & similar, or Compacting Vibrator), except when pulled by Dozer with operable blade; Welding Machine; Crane Oiler-Driver (CLD required) & Cable Tender, Mucking Machine

GROUP 2: A-frame Truck (single drum); Assistant Refrigeration Plant (under 1000 ton); Assistant Plant Operator, Fireman or Pugmixer (asphalt); Bagley or Stationary Scraper; Belt Finishing Machine; Blower Operator (cement); Cement Hog; Compressor (2000 CFM or over, 2 or more, gas diesel or electric power); Concrete Saw (multiple cut); Distributor Leverman; Ditch Witch or similar; Elevator Hoisting Materials; Dope Pots (power agitated); Fork Lift or Lumber Stacker, hydra-lift & similar; Gin Trucks (pipeline); Hoist, single drum; Loaders (bucket elevators and conveyors); Longitudinal Float; Mixer (portable-concrete); Pavement Breaker, Hydra-Hammer & similar; Power Broom; Railroad Ballast Regulation Operator (self-propelled); Railroad Power Tamper Operator (self-propelled); Railroad Tamper Jack Operator (self-propelled; Spray Curing Machine (concrete); Spreader Box (self-propelled); Straddle Buggy (Ross & similar on construction job only); Tractor (Farm type R/T with attachment, except Backhoe); Tugger Operator

GROUP 3: A-frame Truck (2 or more drums); Assistant Refrigeration Plant & Chiller Operator (over 1000 ton); Backfillers (Cleveland & similar); Batch Plant & Wet Mix Operator, single unit (concrete); Belt-Crete Conveyors with power pack or similar; Belt Loader (Kocal or similar); Bending Machine; Bob Cat (Skid Steer); Boring Machine (earth); Boring Machine (rock under 8 inch bit) (Quarry Master, Joy or similar); Bump Cutter (Wayne, Saginau or similar); Canal Lining Machine (concrete); Chipper (without crane); Cleaning & Doping Machine (pipeline); Deck Engineer; Elevating Belt-type Loader (Euclid, Barber Green & similar); Elevating Grader-type Loader (Dumor, Adams or similar); Generator Plant Engineers (diesel or electric); Gunnite Combination Mixer & Compressor; Locomotive Engineer; Mixermobile; Mucking Machine; Posthole Auger or Punch; Pump (grout or jet); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or similar); Spreader Machine; Dozer/Tractor (up to D-6 or equivalent) and Traxcavator; Traverse Finish Machine; Turnhead Operator

GROUP 4: Concrete Pumps (squeeze-crete, flow-crete, pump-crete, Whitman & similar); Curb Extruder (asphalt or concrete); Drills (churn, core, calyx or diamond); Equipment Serviceman; Greaser & Oiler; Hoist (2 or more drums or Tower Hoist); Loaders (overhead & front-end, under 4 yds. R/T); Refrigeration Plant Engineer (under 1000 ton); Rubber-tired Skidders (R/T with or without attachments); Surface Heater & Plant Machine; Trenching Machines (under 7 ft. depth capacity); Turnhead (with re-screening); Vacuum Drill (reverse circulation drill under 8 inch bit)

GROUP 5: Backhoe (under 45,000 gw); Backhoe & Hoe Ram (under 3/4 yd.); Carrydeck & Boom Truck (under 25 tons); Cranes (25 tons & under), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Derricks & Stifflegs (under 65 tons); Drilling Equipment(8 inch bit & over) (Robbins, reverse circulation & similar); Hoe Ram; Piledriving Engineers; Paving (dual drum); Railroad Track Liner Operaotr (self-propelled); Refrigeration Plant Engineer (1000 tons & over); Signalman (Whirleys, Highline Hammerheads or similar); Grade Checker

GROUP 6: Asphalt Plant Operator; Automatic Subgrader (Ditches & Trimmers) (Autograde, ABC, R.A. Hansen & similar on grade wire); Backhoe (45,000 gw and over to 110,000 gw); Backhoes & Hoe Ram (3/4 yd. to 3 yd.); Batch Plant (over 4 units); Batch & Wet Mix Operator (multiple units, 2 & incl. 4); Blade Operator (motor patrol & attachments); Cable Controller (dispatcher); Compactor (self-propelled with blade); Concrete Pump Boom Truck; Concrete Slip Form Paver; Cranes (over 25 tons, to and including 45 tons), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Crusher, Grizzle & Screening Plant Operator; Dozer, 834 R/T & similar; Drill Doctor; Loader Operator (front-end & overhead, 4 yds. incl. 8 yds.); Multiple Dozer Units with single blade; Paving Machine (asphalt and concrete); Quad-Track or similar equipment; Rollerman (finishing asphalt pavement); Roto Mill (pavement grinder); Scrapers, all, rubber-tired; Screed Operator; Shovel (under 3 yds.); Trenching Machines (7 ft. depth & over); Tug Boat Operator Vactor guzzler, super sucker; Lime Batch Tank Operator (REcycle Train); Lime Brain Operator (Recycle Train); Mobile Crusher Operator (Recycle Train)

GROUP 7: Backhoe (over 110,000 qw); Backhoes & Hoe Ram (3 yds & over); Blade (finish & bluetop) Automatic, CMI, ABC, Finish Athey & Huber & similar when used as automatic; Cableway Operators; Concrete Cleaning/Decontamination machine operator; Cranes (over 45 tons to but not including 85 tons), all attachments including clamshell and dragine; Derricks & Stiffleys (65 tons & over); Elevating Belt (Holland type); Heavy equipment robotics operator; Loader (360 degrees revolving Koehring Scooper or similar); Loaders (overhead & front-end, over 8 yds. to 10 yds.); Rubber-tired Scrapers (multiple engine with three or more scrapers); Shovels (3 yds. & over); Whirleys & Hammerheads, ALL; H.D. Mechanic; H.D. Welder; Hydraulic Platform Trailers (Goldhofer, Shaurerly and Similar); Ultra High Pressure Wateriet Cutting Tool System Operator (30,000 psi); Vacuum Blasting Machine Operator

GROUP 8: Cranes (85 tons and over, and all climbing, overhead, rail and tower), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Loaders (overhead and front-end, 10 yards and over); Helicopter Pilot

BOOM PAY: (All Cranes, Including Tower) 180 ft to 250 ft \$.50 over scale Over 250 ft \$.80 over scale

NOTE:

In computing the length of the boom on Tower Cranes, they shall be measured from the base of the Tower to the point of the boom.

HAZMAT:

Anyone working on HAZMAT jobs, working with supplied air shall receive \$1.00 an hour above classification.

ENGI0612-001 06/01/2023

PIERCE County

ON PROJECTS DESCRIBED IN FOOTNOTE A BELOW, THE RATE FOR EACH GROUP SHALL BE 90% OF THE BASE RATE PLUS FULL FRINGE BENEFITS. ON ALL OTHER WORK, THE FOLLOWING RATES APPLY.

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1A	56.89	25.07 25.07 25.07
GROUP 1	•	25.07
GROUP 2		25.07 25.07
GROUP 4	\$ 50.50	25.07

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates): Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) = \$1.00 Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: CENTRALIA, OLYMPIA, TACOMA

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes- 200 tonsto 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments; Tower crane over 175 ft in height, bas to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead, 6 yards to, but not including, 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9 HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self-propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all track or truck type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operatorconcrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-Overhead, bridge type, 20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck engineer/deck winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3 yards and under; Finishing machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Loaders, overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics- all; Mixers, asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders, finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, rotogrinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self- propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment- under 45 yards; Subgrader trimmer; Tractors, backhoe over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, Blaw Knox- Roadtec; Truck Crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount Portable Conveyor; Yo Yo pay

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes through 19 tons with attachments; Crane-A-frame over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozer-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside Hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loaders-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pump-Concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lfit materials; Saws-concrete; Scrapers, concrete and carry all; Service engineers-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck crane oiler/driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe under 75 hp

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete Finish Machine-laser screed; Cranes A-frame 10 tons and under; Elevator and manlift (permanent and shaft type); Forklifts-under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Gradechecker, stakehop; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger-mechanical; Power plant; Pumps-water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

FOOTNOTE A- Reduced rates may be paid on the following:

1. Projects involving work on structures such as buildings and bridges whose total value is less than \$1.5 million excluding mechanical, electrical, and utility portions of the contract.

- 2. Projects of less than \$1 million where no building is involved. Surfacing and paving included, but utilities excluded.
- 3. Marine projects (docks, wharfs, etc.) less than \$150,000.

HANDLING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS: Personnel in all craft classifications subject to working inside a federally designated hazardous perimeter shall be elgible for compensation in accordance with the following group schedule relative to the level of hazardous waste as outlined in the specific hazardous waste project site safety plan.

H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing, Class ""D"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-2 Class ""C"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.00 per hour. H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.50 per hour. H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$2.00 per hour. ______

ENGI0612-012 06/01/2023

LEWIS, PACIFIC (portion lying north of a parallel line extending west from the northern boundary of Wahkaikum County to the sea) AND THURSTON COUNTIES

ON PROJECTS DESCRIBED IN FOOTNOTE A BELOW, THE RATE FOR EACH GROUP SHALL BE 90% OF THE BASE RATE PLUS FULL FRINGE BENEFITS. ON ALL OTHER WORK, THE FOLLOWING RATES APPLY.

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

I	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1A		25.07 25.07
GROUP 1AAA \$ GROUP 1 AAAA \$ GROUP 2 \$ GROUP 3 \$ GROUP 4 \$	56.45 54.05 53.36 52.75	25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates):

Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) = \$1.00

Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: CENTRALIA, OLYMPIA, TACOMA

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes- 200 tonsto 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments; Tower crane over 175 ft in height, bas to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead, 6 yards to, but not including, 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9 HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self-propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all track or truck type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operatorconcrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-Overhead, bridge type, 20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck engineer/deck winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3 yards and under; Finishing machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Loaders, overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics- all; Mixers, asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders, finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, rotogrinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self- propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment- under 45 yards; Subgrader trimmer; Tractors, backhoe over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, Blaw Knox- Roadtec; Truck Crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount Portable Conveyor; Yo Yo pay

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes through 19 tons with attachments; Crane-A-frame over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozer-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside Hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loaders-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pump-Concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lfit materials; Saws-concrete; Scrapers, concrete and carry all; Service engineers-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck crane oiler/driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe under 75 hp

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete Finish Machine-laser screed; Cranes A-frame 10 tons and under; Elevator and manlift (permanent and shaft type); Forklifts-under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Gradechecker, stakehop; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger-mechanical; Power plant; Pumps-water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

FOOTNOTE A- Reduced rates may be paid on the following:

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- 2. Projects of less than \$1 million where no building is involved. Surfacing and paving included, but utilities excluded.
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H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing, Class ""D"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-2 Class ""C" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.00 per hour. H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.50 per hour. H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$2.00 per hour.

ENGI0701-002 01/01/2022

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

POWER RQUIPMENT OPERATORS: ZONE 1

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1	\$ 53.81 \$ 55.97 \$ 49.74 \$ 48.59	16.35 16.35 16.35 16.35
GROUP 4	\$ 44.02	16.35 16.35 16.35

Zone Differential (add to Zone 1 rates):

Zone 2 - \$3.00

Zone 3 - \$6.00

For the following metropolitan counties: MULTNOMAH; CLACKAMAS; MARION; WASHINGTON; YAMHILL; AND COLUMBIA; CLARK; AND COWLITZ COUNTY, WASHINGTON WITH MODIFICATIONS AS INDICATED:

All jobs or projects located in Multnomah, Clackamas and Marion Counties, West of the western boundary of Mt. Hood National Forest and West of Mile Post 30 on Interstate 84 and West of Mile Post 30 on State Highway 26 and West of Mile Post 30 on Highway 22 and all jobs or projects located in Yamhill County, Washington County and Columbia County and all jobs or porjects located in Clark & Cowlitz County, Washington except that portion of Cowlitz County in the Mt. St. Helens ""Blast Zone"" shall receive Zone I pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located in the area outside the identified boundary above, but less than 50 miles from the Portland City Hall shall receive Zone II pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 50 miles from the Portland City Hall, but outside the identified border above, shall receive Zone III pay for all classifications.

For the following cities: ALBANY; BEND; COOS BAY; EUGENE; GRANTS PASS; KLAMATH FALLS; MEDFORD; ROSEBURG

All jobs or projects located within 30 miles of the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone I pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 30 miles and less than 50 miles from the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone II pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 50 miles from the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone III pay for all classifications.

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

Group 1

Concrete Batch Plan and or Wet mix three (3) units or more; Crane, Floating one hundred and fifty (150) ton but less than two hundred and fifty (250) ton; Crane, two hundred (200) ton through two hundred ninety nine (299) ton with two hundred foot (200') boom or less (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, ninety (90) ton through one hundred ninety nine (199) ton with over two hundred (200') boom Including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Tower Crane with one hundred seventy five foot (175') tower or less and with less than two hundred foot (200') jib; Crane, Whirley ninety (90) ton and over; Helicopter when used in erecting work

Group 1A

Crane, floating two hundred fifty (250) ton and over; Crane, two hundred (200) ton through two hundred ninety nine (299) ton, with over two hundred foot (200') boom (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, three hundred (300) ton through three hundred ninety nine (399) ton; Crane, Tower Crane with over one hundred seventy five foot (175') tower or over two hundred foot (200') jib; Crane, tower Crane on rail system or 2nd tower or more in work radius

Group 1B

Crane, three hundred (300) ton through three hundred ninety nine (399) ton, with over two hundred foot (200') boom (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Floating crane, three hundred fifty (350) ton and over; Crane, four hundred (400) ton and over

Group 2

Asphalt Plant (any type); Asphalt Roto-Mill, pavement profiler eight foot (8') lateral cut and over; Auto Grader or ""Trimmer""; Blade, Robotic; Bulldozer, Robotic Equipment (any type); Bulldozer, over one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs. and above; Concrete Batch Plant and/or Wet Mix one (1) and two (2) drum; Concrete Diamond Head Profiler; Canal Trimmer; Concrete, Automatic Slip Form Paver (Assistant to the Operator required); Crane, Boom Truck fifty (50) ton and with over one hundred fifty foot (150') boom and over; Crane, Floating (derrick barge) thirty (30) ton but less than one hundred fifty (150) ton; Crane, Cableway twenty-five (25) ton and over; Crane, Floating Clamshell three (3) cu. Yds. And over; Crane, ninety (90) ton through one hundred ninety nine (199) ton up to and including two hundred foot (200') of boom (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, fifty (50) ton through eighty nine (89) ton with over one hundred fifty foot (150') boom (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Whirley under ninety (90) ton; Crusher Plant; Excavator over one hundred thirty thousand (130,000) lbs.; Loader one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs. and above; Remote Controlled Earth Moving Equipment; Shovel, Dragline, Clamshell, five (5) cu. Yds. And over; Underwater Equipment remote or otherwise, when used in construction work; Wheel Excavator any size

Group 3

Bulldozer, over seventy thousand (70,000) lbs. up to and including one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs.; Crane, Boom Truck fifty (50) ton and over with less than one hundred fifty foot (150') boom; Crane, fifty (50) ton through eighty nine (89) ton with one hundred fifty foot (150') boom or less (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Shovel, Dragline or Clamshell three (3) cu. yds. but less than five (5) cu. Yds.; Excavator over eighty thousand (80,000) lbs. through one hundred thirty thousand (130,000) lbs.; Loader sixty thousand (60,000) lbs. and less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs.

Group 4

Asphalt, Screed; Asphalt Paver; Asphalt Roto-Mill, pavement profiler, under eight foot (8') lateral cut; Asphalt, Material Transfer Vehicle Operator; Back Filling Machine; Backhoe, Robotic, track and wheel type up to and including twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. with any attachments; Blade (any type); Boatman; Boring Machine; Bulldozer over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. and more than one hundred (100) horse up to seventy thousand (70,000) lbs.; Cable-Plow (any type); Cableway up to twenty five (25) ton; Cat Drill (John Henry); Chippers; Compactor, multi-engine; Compactor, Robotic; Compactor with blade self-propelled; Concrete, Breaker; Concrete, Grout Plant; Concrete, Mixer Mobile; Concrete, Paving Road Mixer; Concrete, Reinforced Tank Banding Machine; Crane, Boom Truck twenty (20) ton and under fifty (50) ton; Crane, Bridge Locomotive, Gantry and Overhead; Crane, Carry Deck; Crane, Chicago Boom and similar types; Crane, Derrick Operator, under one hundred (100) ton; Crane, Floating Clamshell, Dragline, etc. Operator, under three (3) cu. yds. Or less than thirty (30) ton; Crane, under fifty (50) ton; Crane, Quick Tower under one hundred foot (100') in height and less than one hundred fifty foot (150') jib (on rail included); Diesel-Electric Engineer (Plant or Floating); Directional Drill over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. pullback; Drill Cat Operator; Drill Doctor and/or Bit Grinder; Driller, Percussion, Diamond, Core, Cable, Rotary and similar type; Excavator Operator over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. through eighty thousand (80,000) lbs.; Generator Operator; Grade-all; Guardrail Machines, i.e. punch, auger, etc.; Hammer Operator (Piledriver); Hoist, stiff leg, guy derrick or similar type, fifty (50) ton and over; Hoist, two (2) drums or more; Hydro Axe (loader mounted or similar type); Jack Operator, Elevating Barges, Barge Operator, self-unloading; Loader Operator, front end and overhead, twenty five thousand (25,000) lbs. and less than sixty thousand (60,000) lbs.; Log Skidders; Piledriver Operator (not crane type); Pipe, Bending, Cleaning, Doping and Wrapping Machines; Rail, Ballast Tamper Multi-Purpose; Rubber-tired Dozers and Pushers; Scraper, all types; Side-Boom; Skip Loader, Drag Box; Strump Grinder (loader mounted or similar type); Surface Heater and Planer; Tractor, rubber-tired, over fifty (50) HP Flywheel; Trenching Machine three foot (3') depth and deeper; Tub Grinder (used for wood debris); Tunnel Boring Machine Mechanic; Tunnel, Mucking Machine; Ultra High Pressure Water Jet Cutting Tool System Operator; Vacuum Blasting Machine Operator; Water pulls, Water wagons

Group 5

Asphalt, Extrusion Machine; Asphalt, Roller (any asphalt mix); Asphalt, Roto-Mill pavement profiler ground man; Bulldozer, twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. or less, or one hundred (100) horse or less; Cement Pump; Chip Spreading Machine; Churn Drill and Earth Boring Machine; Compactor, self-propelled without blade; Compressor, (any power) one thousand two hundred fifty (1,250) cu. ft. and over, total capacity; Concrete, Batch Plant Quality control; Concrete, Combination Mixer and compressor operator, gunite work; Concrete, Curb Machine, Mechanical Berm, Curb and/or Curb and Gutter; Concrete, Finishing Machine; Concrete, Grouting Machine; Concrete, Internal Full Slab Vibrator Operator; Concrete, Joint Machine; Concrete, Mixer single drum, any capacity; Concrete, Paving Machine eight foot (8') or less; Concrete, Planer; Concrete, Pump; Concrete, Pump Truck; Concrete, Pumpcrete Operator (any type); Concrete, Slip Form Pumps, power driven hydraulic lifting device for concrete forms; Conveyored Material Hauler; Crane, Boom Truck under twenty (20) tons; Crane, Boom Type lifting device, five (5) ton capacity or less; Drill, Directional type less than twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. pullback; Fork Lift, over ten (10) ton or Robotic; Helicopter Hoist; Hoist Operator, single drum; Hydraulic Backhoe track type up to and including twenty thousand (20,000) lbs.; Hydraulic Backhoe wheel type (any make); Laser Screed; Loaders, rubber-tired type, less than twenty five thousand (25,000) lbs.; Pavement Grinder and/or Grooving Machine (riding type); Pipe, cast in place Pipe Laying Machine; Pulva-Mixer or similar types; Pump Operator, more than five (5) pumps (any size); Rail, Ballast Compactor, Regulator, or Tamper machines; Service Oiler (Greaser); Sweeper Self-Propelled; Tractor, Rubber-Tired, fifty (50) HP flywheel and under; Trenching Machine Operator, maximum digging capacity three foot (3') depth; Tunnel, Locomotive, Dinkey; Tunnel, Power Jumbo setting slip forms, etc.

Group 6

Asphalt, Pugmill (any type); Asphalt, Raker; Asphalt, Truck Mounted Asphalt Spreader, with Screed; Auger Oiler; Boatman; Bobcat, skid steed (less than one (1) yard); Broom, self-propelled; Compressor Operator (any power) under 1,250 cu. ft. total capacity; Concrete Curing Machine (riding type); Concrete Saw; Conveyor Operator or Assistant; Crane, Tugger; Crusher Feederman; Crusher Oiler; Deckhand; Drill, Directional Locator; Fork Lift; Grade Checker; Guardrail Punch Oiler; Hydrographic Seeder Machine, straw, pulp or seed; Hydrostatic Pump Operator; Mixer Box (CTB, dry batch, etc.); Oiler; Plant Oiler; Pump (any power); Rail, Brakeman, Switchman, Motorman; Rail, Tamping Machine, mechanical, self-propelled; Rigger; Roller grading (not asphalt); Truck, Crane Oiler-Driver

IRON0014-005 01/02/2023

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND ORIELLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA AND WHITMAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 37.11	31.57
IRON0029-002 01/02/202	23	
CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKIT COUNTIES	FAT, PACIFIC, SKAMANIA,	AND WAHKAIKUM
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 42.27	32.57
IRON0086-002 01/02/202	 23	
YAKIMA, KITTITAS AND CH	HELAN COUNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 37.11	31.57
IRON0086-004 01/02/202	23	
CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, MASON, PIERCE, SKAGIT,		
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 50.90	32.57

* LABO0238-004 06/01/2023

A-1 AREA: ASOTIN, BENTON, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, LINCOLN, SPOKANE, WALLA WALLA, & WHITMAN COUNTIES

A-2 AREA: ADAMS, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS (East of 120th Meridian), FERRY, GRANT, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, & STEVENS COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER (A-1)		
GROUP 1\$	30.88	15.70
GROUP 2\$	33.72	15.70
GROUP 3\$	34.03	15.70
GROUP 4\$	34.33	15.70
GROUP 5\$	34.64	15.70
LABORER (A-2)		
GROUP 1\$	33.88	15.60
GROUP 2\$	36.72	15.60
GROUP 3\$	37.03	15.60
GROUP 4\$	37.33	15.60
GROUP 5\$	37.64	15.60

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Flagman; Landscape Laborer; Scaleman; Traffic Control Maintenance Laborer (to include erection and maintenance of barricades, signs and relief of flagperson); Window Washer/Cleaner (detail cleanup, such as, but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc. prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Asbestos Abatement Worker; Brush Hog Feeder; Carpenter Tender; Cement Handler; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Crewman (to include stripping of forms, hand operating jacks on slip form construction, application of concrete curing compounds, pumpcrete machine, signaling, handling the nozzle of squeezcrete or similar machine, 6 inches and smaller); Confined Space Attendant; Concrete Signalman; Crusher Feeder; Demolition (to include clean-up, burning, loading, wrecking and salvage of all material); Dumpman; Fence Erector; Firewatch; Form Cleaning Machine Feeder, Stacker; General Laborer; Grout Machine Header Tender; Guard Rail (to include guard rails, guide and reference posts, sign posts, and right-of-way markers); Hazardous Waste Worker, Level D (no respirator is used and skin protection is minimal); Miner, Class ""A"" (to include all bull gang, concrete crewman, dumpman and pumpcrete crewman, including distributing pipe, assembly & dismantle, and nipper); Nipper; Riprap Man; Sandblast Tailhoseman; Scaffold Erector (wood or steel); Stake Jumper; Structural Mover (to include separating foundation, preparation, cribbing, shoring, jacking and unloading of structures); Tailhoseman (water nozzle); Timber Bucker and Faller (by hand); Track Laborer (RR); Truck Loader; Well-Point Man; All Other Work Classifications Not Specially Listed Shall Be Classified As General Laborer

Asphalt Roller, walking; Cement Finisher Tender; GROUP 3: Concrete Saw, walking; Demolition Torch; Dope Pot Firemen, non-mechanical; Driller Tender (when required to move and position machine); Form Setter, Paving; Grade Checker using level; Hazardous Waste Worker, Level C (uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Jackhammer Operator; Miner, Class ""B"" (to include brakeman, finisher, vibrator, form setter); Nozzleman (to include squeeze and flo-crete nozzle); Nozzleman, water, air or steam; Pavement Breaker (under 90 lbs.); Pipelayer, corrugated metal culvert; Pipelayer, multi- plate; Pot Tender; Power Buggy Operator; Power Tool Operator, gas, electric, pneumatic; Railroad Equipment, power driven, except dual mobile power spiker or puller; Railroad Power Spiker or Puller, dual mobile; Rodder and Spreader; Tamper (to include operation of Barco, Essex and similar tampers); Trencher, Shawnee; Tugger Operator; Wagon Drills; Water Pipe Liner; Wheelbarrow (power driven)

GROUP 4: Air and Hydraulic Track Drill; Aspahlt Raker; Brush Machine (to include horizontal construction joint cleanup brush machine, power propelled); Caisson Worker, free air; Chain Saw Operator and Faller; Concrete Stack (to include laborers when laborers working on free standing concrete stacks for smoke or fume control above 40 feet high); Gunite (to include operation of machine and nozzle); Hazardous Waste Worker, Level B (uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Laser Beam Operator (to include grade checker and elevation control); Miner, Class C (to include miner, nozzleman for concrete, laser beam operator and rigger on tunnels); Monitor Operator (air track or similar mounting); Mortar Mixer; Nozzleman (to include jet blasting nozzleman, over 1,200 lbs., jet blast machine power propelled, sandblast nozzle); Pavement Breaker (90 lbs. and over); Pipelayer (to include working topman, caulker, collarman, jointer, mortarman, rigger, jacker, shorer, valve or meter installer); Pipewrapper; Plasterer Tender; Vibrators (all)

GROUP 5 - Drills with Dual Masts; Hazardous Waste Worker, Level A (utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line); Miner Class ""D"", (to include raise and shaft miner, laser beam operator on riases and shafts)

LABO0238-006 06/01/2023

COUNTIES EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN: ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, STEVENS, SPOKANE, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN

	Rates	Fringes
Hod Carrier	\$ 34.97	15.70

LABO0242-003 06/01/2022

KING COUNTY

	I	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	29.82	13.80
GROUP	2A\$	34.20	13.80
GROUP	3\$	42.86	13.80
GROUP	4\$	43.90	13.80
GROUP	5\$	44.62	13.80
Group	6\$	45.91	13.90

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2A: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, qunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

Group 6: Miner

LABO0252-010 06/01/2022

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, JEFFERSON, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (EXCLUDING SOUTHWEST), PIERCE, AND THURSTON COUNTIES

	I	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	29.82	13.80
GROUP	2\$	34.20	13.80
GROUP	3\$	42.86	13.80
GROUP	4\$	43.90	13.80
GROUP	5\$	44.62	13.80

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Grade Checker and Transit Person; High Scaler; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

LABO0292-008 06/01/2022

ISLAND, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	I	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	29.82	13.80
GROUP	2\$	34.20	13.80
GROUP	3\$	42.86	13.80
GROUP	4\$	43.90	13.80
GROUP	5\$	44.62	13.80

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

LABO0335-001 06/01/2022

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH OF A STRAIGHT LINE MADE BY EXTENDING THE NORTH BOUNDARY LINE OF WAHKIAKUM COUNTY WEST TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN), SKAMANIA AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Laborers:		
ZONE 1:		
GROUP 1	.\$ 37.98	13.80
GROUP 2	.\$ 38.76	13.80
GROUP 3	.\$ 39.35	13.80
GROUP 4	.\$ 39.85	13.80
GROUP 5	.\$ 34.75	13.80
GROUP 6	.\$ 31.61	13.80
GROUP 7	.\$ 27.44	13.80

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates):

Zone 2 \$ 0.65

Zone 3 - 1.15

Zone 4 - 1.70

Zone 5 - 2.75

BASE POINTS: LONGVIEW AND VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city all. ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Asphalt Plant Laborers; Asphalt Spreaders; Batch Weighman; Broomers; Brush Burners and Cutters; Car and Truck Loaders; Carpenter Tender; Change-House Man or Dry Shack Man; Choker Setter; Clean-up Laborers; Curing, Concrete; Demolition, Wrecking and Moving Laborers; Dumpers, road oiling crew; Dumpmen (for grading crew); Elevator Feeders; Median Rail Reference Post, Guide Post, Right of Way Marker; Fine Graders; Fire Watch; Form Strippers (not swinging stages); General Laborers; Hazardous Waste Worker; Leverman or Aggregate Spreader (Flaherty and similar types); Loading Spotters; Material Yard Man (including electrical); Pittsburgh Chipper Operator or Similar Types; Railroad Track Laborers; Ribbon Setters (including steel forms); Rip Rap Man (hand placed); Road Pump Tender; Sewer Labor; Signalman; Skipman; Slopers; Spraymen; Stake Chaser; Stockpiler; Tie Back Shoring; Timber Faller and Bucker (hand labor); Toolroom Man (at job site); Tunnel Bullgang (above ground); Weight-Man- Crusher (aggregate when used)

GROUP 2: Applicator (including pot power tender for same), applying protective material by hand or nozzle on utility lines or storage tanks on project; Brush Cutters (power saw); Burners; Choker Splicer; Clary Power Spreader and similar types; Clean- up Nozzleman-Green Cutter (concrete, rock, etc.); Concrete Power Buggyman; Concrete Laborer; Crusher Feeder; Demolition and Wrecking Charred Materials; Gunite Nozzleman Tender; Gunite or Sand Blasting Pot Tender; Handlers or Mixers of all Materials of an irritating nature (including cement and lime); Tool Operators (includes but not limited to: Dry Pack Machine; Jackhammer; Chipping Guns; Paving Breakers); Pipe Doping and Wrapping; Post Hole Digger, air, gas or electric; Vibrating Screed; Tampers; Sand Blasting (Wet); Stake-Setter; Tunnel-Muckers, Brakemen, Concrete Crew, Bullgang (underground)

GROUP 3: Asbestos Removal; Bit Grinder; Drill Doctor; Drill Operators, air tracks, cat drills, wagon drills, rubber-mounted drills, and other similar types including at crusher plants; Gunite Nozzleman; High Scalers, Strippers and Drillers (covers work in swinging stages, chairs or belts, under extreme conditions unusual to normal drilling, blasting, barring-down, or sloping and stripping); Manhole Builder; Powdermen; Concrete Saw Operator; Pwdermen; Power Saw Operators (Bucking and Falling); Pumpcrete Nozzlemen; Sand Blasting (Dry); Sewer Timberman; Track Liners, Anchor Machines, Ballast Regulators, Multiple Tampers, Power Jacks, Tugger Operator; Tunnel-Chuck Tenders, Nippers and Timbermen; Vibrator; Water Blaster

GROUP 4: Asphalt Raker; Concrete Saw Operator (walls); Concrete Nozzelman; Grade Checker; Pipelayer; Laser Beam (pipelaying)-applicable when employee assigned to move, set up, align; Laser Beam; Tunnel Miners; Motorman-Dinky Locomotive-Tunnel; Powderman-Tunnel; Shield Operator-Tunnel

GROUP 5: Traffic Flaggers

GROUP 6: Fence Builders

GROUP 7: Landscaping or Planting Laborers

LABO0335-019 06/01/2022

Rates Fringes
Hod Carrier.....\$ 37.98 13.80

LABO0348-003 06/01/2022

CHELAN, DOUGLAS (W OF 12TH MERIDIAN), KITTITAS, AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

	I	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	25.37	13.80
GROUP	2\$	29.16	13.80
GROUP	3\$	31.94	13.80
GROUP	4\$	32.72	13.80
GROUP	5\$	32.09	13.19

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

PAIN0005-002 07/01/2022

STATEWIDE EXCEPT CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
STRIPERS	\$ 33.37	18.53
PAIN0005-004 03/01/2009		

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
PAINTER	\$ 20.82	7.44	

^{*} PAIN0005-006 07/01/2018

ADAMS, ASOTIN; BENTON AND FRANKLIN (EXCEPT HANFORD SITE); CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, GARFIELD, GRANT, KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER		
Application of Cold Tar Products, Epoxies, Polyure thanes, Acids, Radiation Resistant Material, Water		
<pre>and Sandblasting Over 30'/Swing Stage Work Brush, Roller, Striping,</pre>		11.71 7.98
Steam-cleaning and Spray Lead Abatement, Asbestos	\$ 22.94	11.61
Abatement	\$ 21.50	7.98
*\$.70 shall be paid over and a listed for work on swing stage feet.		_

* PAIN0055-003 04/01/2024

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC, SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER		
Brush & Roller	.\$ 37.69	14.92
Spray and Sandblasting	.\$ 37.69	14.92
All high work over 60 ft. = base	rate + \$0.75	
* PAIN0055-006 04/01/2024		
CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, SKAMA	NIA and WAHKIAKU	M COUNTIES
	Rates	Fringes
Painters: HIGHWAY & PARKING LOT STRIPER	.\$ 37.69	14.92
PLAS0072-004 06/01/2023		

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN, AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

Rates	Fringes
\$ 38.05	16.89
1 rate): Zone 2 -	\$3.00
om the main post	office
	Rates \$ 38.05 1 rate): Zone 2 - ewiston; Wenatche om the main post rom the main post

PLAS0528-001 06/01/2023

CLALLAM, COWLITZ, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC, PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON, WAHKIAKUM AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON CEMENT MASON	\$ 52 10	20.27
COMPOSITION, TROWEL	52.10	20.27
MACHINE, GRINDER, POWER TOOLS, GUNNITE NOZZLE	\$ 52.60	20.27
TROWELING MACHINE OPERATOR ON COMPOSITION		20.27
	52.00	

PLAS0555-002 06/01/2023

CLARK, KLICKITAT AND SKAMANIA COUNTIES

ZONE 1:

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON CEMENT MASONS DOING BOTH COMPOSITION/POWER		
MACHINERY AND SUSPENDED/HANGING SCAFFOLD. CEMENT MASONS ON SUSPENDED, SWINGING AND/OR	.\$ 45.06	19.95
HANGING SCAFFOLD	.\$ 43.33	19.95 19.95
POWER MACHINERY OPERATORS Zone Differential (Add To Zone 1		19.95
Zone 2 - \$0.65 Zone 3 - 1.15 Zone 4 - 1.70 Zone 5 - 3.00		

BASE POINTS: BEND, CORVALLIS, EUGENE, MEDFORD, PORTLAND, SALEM, THE DALLES, VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city hall ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall

TEAM0037-002 06/01/2020

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (South of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	F	Rates	Fringes
Truck drivers:			
ZONE 1			
GROUP 1		29.33	16.40
GROUP 2		29.46	16.40
GROUP 3		29.60	16.40
GROUP 4		29.89	16.40
GROUP 5		30.03	16.40
GROUP 6		30.31	16.40
GROUP 7		30.53	16.40

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 Rates):

Zone 2 - \$0.65

Zone 3 - 1.15

Zone 4 - 1.70

Zone 5 - 2.75

BASE POINTS: ASTORIA, THE DALLES, LONGVIEW AND VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city hall.

ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: A Frame or Hydra lift truck w/load bearing surface; Articulated Dump Truck; Battery Rebuilders; Bus or Manhaul Driver; Concrete Buggies (power operated); Concrete Pump Truck; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations there of: up to and including 10 cu. yds.; Lift Jitneys, Fork Lifts (all sizes in loading, unloading and transporting material on job site); Loader and/or Leverman on Concrete Dry Batch Plant (manually operated); Pilot Car; Pickup Truck; Solo Flat Bed and misc. Body Trucks, 0-10 tons; Truck Tender; Truck Mechanic Tender; Water Wagons (rated capacity) up to 3,000 gallons; Transit Mix and Wet or Dry Mix - 5 cu. yds. and under; Lubrication Man, Fuel Truck Driver, Tireman, Wash Rack, Steam Cleaner or combinations; Team Driver; Slurry Truck Driver or Leverman; Tireman

- GROUP 2: Boom Truck/Hydra-lift or Retracting Crane; Challenger; Dumpsters or similar equipment all sizes; Dump Trucks/Articulated Dumps 6 cu to 10 cu.; Flaherty Spreader Driver or Leverman; Lowbed Equipment, Flat Bed Semi-trailer or doubles transporting equipment or wet or dry materials; Lumber Carrier, Driver-Straddle Carrier (used in loading, unloading and transporting of materials on job site); Oil Distributor Driver or Leverman; Transit mix and wet or dry mix trcuks: over 5 cu. yds. and including 7 cu. yds.; Vacuum Trucks; Water truck/Wagons (rated capacity) over 3,000 to 5,000 gallons
- GROUP 3: Ammonia Nitrate Distributor Driver; Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 10 cu. yds. and including 30 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Self-Propelled Street Sweeper; Transit mix and wet or dry mix truck: over 7 cu yds. and including 11 cu yds.; Truck Mechanic-Welder-Body Repairman; Utility and Clean-up Truck; Water Wagons (rated capacity) over 5,000 to 10,000 gallons
- GROUP 4: Asphalt Burner; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom cumps, including Semi-Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 30 cu. yds. and including 50 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Fire Guard; Transit Mix and Wet or Dry Mix Trucks, over 11 cu. yds. and including 15 cu. yds.; Water Wagon (rated capacity) over 10,000 gallons to 15,000 gallons
- GROUP 5: Composite Crewman; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 50 cu. yds. and including 60 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks
- GROUP 6: Bulk Cement Spreader w/o Auger; Dry Pre-Batch concrete Mix Trucks; Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains of combinations thereof: over 60 cu. yds. and including 80 cu. yds., and includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Skid Truck
- GROUP 7: Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 80 cu. yds. and including 100 cu. yds., includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Industrial Lift Truck (mechanical tailgate)

* TEAM0174-001 06/01/2020

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (North of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Truck drivers: ZONE A:		
GROUP 1:GROUP 2:		20.92
GROUP 3:	.\$ 39.23 .\$ 34.26	20.92 20.92 20.92

ZONE B (25-45 miles from center of listed cities*): Add \$.70 per hour to Zone A rates.

ZONE C (over 45 miles from centr of listed cities*): Add \$1.00 per hour to Zone A rates.

*Zone pay will be calculated from the city center of the following listed cities:

BELLINGHAM	CENTRALIA	RAYMOND	OLYMPIA
EVERETT	SHELTON	ANACORTES	BELLEVUE
SEATTLE	PORT ANGELES	MT. VERNON	KENT
TACOMA	PORT TOWNSEND	ABERDEEN	BREMERTON

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - ""A-frame or Hydralift"" trucks and Boom trucks or similar equipment when ""A"" frame or ""Hydralift"" and Boom truck or similar equipment is used; Buggymobile; Bulk Cement Tanker; Dumpsters and similar equipment, Tournorockers, Tournowagon, Tournotrailer, Cat DW series, Terra Cobra, Le Tourneau, Westinghouse, Athye Wagon, Euclid Two and Four-Wheeled power tractor with trailer and similar top-loaded equipment transporting material: Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dump, including semi-trucks and trains or combinations thereof with 16 yards to 30 yards capacity: Over 30 yards \$.15 per hour additional for each 10 yard increment; Explosive Truck (field mix) and similar equipment; Hyster Operators (handling bulk loose aggregates); Lowbed and Heavy Duty Trailer; Road Oil Distributor Driver; Spreader, Flaherty Transit mix used exclusively in heavy construction; Water Wagon and Tank Truck-3,000 gallons and over capacity

GROUP 2 - Bulllifts, or similar equipment used in loading or unloading trucks, transporting materials on job site; Dumpsters, and similar equipment, Tournorockers, Tournowagon, Turnotrailer, Cat. D.W. Series, Terra Cobra, Le Tourneau, Westinghouse, Athye wagon, Euclid two and four-wheeled power tractor with trailer and similar top-loaded equipment transporting material: Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dump, including semi-trucks and trains or combinations thereof with less than 16 yards capacity; Flatbed (Dual Rear Axle); Grease Truck, Fuel Truck, Greaser, Battery Service Man and/or Tire Service Man; Leverman and loader at bunkers and batch plants; Oil tank transport; Scissor truck; Slurry Truck; Sno-Go and similar equipment; Swampers; Straddler Carrier (Ross, Hyster) and similar equipment; Team Driver; Tractor (small, rubber-tired) (when used within Teamster jurisdiction); Vacuum truck; Water Wagon and Tank trucks-less than 3,000 gallons capacity; Winch Truck; Wrecker, Tow truck and similar equipment

GROUP 3 - Flatbed (single rear axle); Pickup Sweeper; Pickup Truck. (Adjust Group 3 upward by \$2.00 per hour for onsite work only)

GROUP 4 - Escort or Pilot Car

GROUP 5 - Mechanic

HAZMAT PROJECTS

Anyone working on a HAZMAT job, where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated as a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL C: +\$.25 per hour - This level uses an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL B: +\$.50 per hour - Uses same respirator protection as Level A. Supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit.""

LEVEL A: +\$.75 per hour - This level utilizes a fully-encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line.

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ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

Rates Fringes Truck drivers: (AREA 1: SPOKANE ZONE CENTER: Adams, Chelan, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Kittitas, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pen Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, and Whitman Counties AREA 1: LEWISTON ZONE CENTER: Asotin, Columbia, and Garfield Counties AREA 2: PASCO ZONE CENTER: Benton, Franklin, Walla Walla and Yakima Counties) AREA 1: GROUP 1.....\$ 23.91 17.40 GROUP 2.....\$ 26.18 17.40 GROUP 3.....\$ 26.68 17.40 17.40 GROUP 4.....\$ 27.01 GROUP 5.....\$ 27.12 17.40 GROUP 6.....\$ 27.29 17.40 17.40 GROUP 7.....\$ 27.82 GROUP 8.....\$ 28.18 17.40 AREA 2: GROUP 1.....\$ 26.05 17.40 GROUP 2.....\$ 28.69 17.40 GROUP 3....\$ 28.80 17.40 GROUP 4.....\$ 29.13 17.40 GROUP 5.....\$ 29.24 17.40 GROUP 6.....\$ 29.24 17.40 GROUP 7....\$ 29.78 17.40 GROUP 8.....\$ 30.10 17.40

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rate: Zone 1 + \$2.00)

BASE POINTS: Spokane, Pasco, Lewiston

Zone 1: 0-45 radius miles from the main post office.

Zone 2: Outside 45 radius miles from the main post office

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Escort Driver or Pilot Car; Employee Haul; Power Boat Hauling Employees or Material

GROUP 2: Fish Truck; Flat Bed Truck; Fork Lift (3000 lbs. and under); Leverperson (loading trucks at bunkers); Trailer Mounted Hydro Seeder and Mulcher; Seeder & Mulcher; Stationary Fuel Operator; Tractor (small, rubber-tired, pulling trailer or similar equipment)

GROUP 3: Auto Crane (2000 lbs. capacity); Buggy Mobile & Similar; Bulk Cement Tanks & Spreader; Dumptor (6 yds. & under); Flat Bed Truck with Hydraullic System; Fork Lift (3001-16,000 lbs.); Fuel Truck Driver, Steamcleaner & Washer; Power Operated Sweeper; Rubber-tired Tunnel Jumbo; Scissors Truck; Slurry Truck Driver; Straddle Carrier (Ross, Hyster, & similar); Tireperson; Transit Mixers & Truck Hauling Concrete (3 yd. to & including 6 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom & articulated end dump (3 yards to and including 6 yds.); Warehouseperson (to include shipping & receiving); Wrecker & Tow Truck

GROUP 4: A-Frame; Burner, Cutter, & Welder; Service Greaser; Trucks, side, end, bottom & articulated end dump (over 6 yards to and including 12 yds.); Truck Mounted Hydro Seeder; Warehouseperson; Water Tank truck (0-8,000 gallons)

GROUP 5: Dumptor (over 6 yds.); Lowboy (50 tons & under); Self- loading Roll Off; Semi-Truck & Trailer; Tractor with Steer Trailer; Transit Mixers and Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 6 yds. to and including 10 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom and end dump (over 12 yds. to & including 20 yds.); Truck-Mounted Crane (with load bearing surface either mounted or pulled, up to 14 ton); Vacuum Truck (super sucker, guzzler, etc.)

GROUP 6: Flaherty Spreader Box Driver; Flowboys; Fork Lift (over 16,000 lbs.); Dumps (Semi-end); Mechanic (Field); Semi- end Dumps; Transfer Truck & Trailer; Transit Mixers & Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 10 yds. to & including 20 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom and articulated end dump (over 20 yds. to & including 40 yds.); Truck and Pup; Tournarocker, DWs & similar with 2 or more 4 wheel-power tractor with trailer, gallonage or yardage scale, whichever is greater Water Tank Truck (8,001- 14,000 gallons); Lowboy(over 50 tons)

GROUP 7: Oil Distributor Driver; Stringer Truck (cable operated trailer); Transit Mixers & Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 20 yds.); Truck, side, end, bottom end dump (over 40 yds. to & including 100 yds.); Truck Mounted Crane (with load bearing surface either mounted or pulled (16 through 25 tons);

GROUP 8: Prime Movers and Stinger Truck; Trucks, side, end, bottom and articulated end dump (over 100 yds.); Helicopter Pilot Hauling Employees or Materials

Footnote A - Anyone working on a HAZMAT job, where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated as a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL C-D: - \$.50 PER HOUR (This is the lowest level of protection. This level may use an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL A-B: - \$1.00 PER HOUR (Uses supplied air is conjunction with a chemical spash suit or fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Employees shall be paid Hazmat pay in increments of four (4) and eight (8) hours.

NOTE:

Trucks Pulling Equipment Trailers: shall receive \$.15/hour over applicable truck rate

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those

classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA"" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (or local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R •1.3(g)-(h). Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 01/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION"

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APPENDIX C

PUGET SOUND CLEAN AIR AGENCY – EXCERPTS OF AIR QUALITY RULES

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ARTICLE 9: EMISSION STANDARDS

SECTION 9.03 EMISSION OF AIR CONTAMINANT: VISUAL STANDARD

Adopted 03/13/68 (12) Revised 07/08/70 (126), 04/11/73 (186), 06/09/88 (621) 05/11/89 (643), 09/08/94 (798), 04/09/98 (865), 03/11/99 (881), 03/25/04 (1024)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of any air contaminant for a period or periods aggregating more than 3 minutes in any 1 hour, which is:
 - (1) Darker in shade than that designated as No. 1 (20% density) on the Ringelmann Chart, as published by the United States Bureau of Mines; or
 - (2) Of such opacity as to obscure an observer's view to a degree equal to or greater than does smoke described in Section 9.03(a)(1).
- (b) The density or opacity of an air contaminant shall be measured at the point of its emission, except when the point of emission cannot be readily observed, it may be measured at an observable point of the plume nearest the point of emission.
- (c) This section shall not apply when the presence of uncombined water is the only reason for the failure of the emission to meet the requirements of this section.
- (d) This section shall not apply to solid fuel burning devices, permitted fire training facilities, permitted obscurant usage during military training operations, outdoor fires, motor vehicles when operated on public roads, aircraft, or equipment subject to Section 9.04 of this regulation.
- (e) This section shall not apply to equipment with an alternate opacity standard issued under Section 3.03 or Article 6 of this regulation that is based upon a correlation with the particulate concentration and that accurately indicates a violation of the applicable particulate emission standards in Section 9.09 of this regulation.

SECTION 9.04 OPACITY STANDARDS FOR EQUIPMENT WITH CONTINUOUS OPACITY MONITORING SYSTEMS Adopted 04/09/98 (865)

Revised 03/25/04 (1024)

- (a) Applicability. This section shall apply to all equipment required to be equipped with a continuous emission monitoring system for opacity.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the operation of any of the following equipment unless equipped with a continuous emission monitoring system for opacity:
 - (1) Cement kilns:
 - (2) Clinker coolers;
 - (3) Glass furnaces, rated at greater than 1 ton per hour, that burn fuel;
 - (4) Fuel burning equipment, rated at 100 million Btu per hour or greater, that burns wood, coal, or residual oil; and
 - (5) Refuse burning equipment rated at greater than 12 tons per day.
- (c) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of any air contaminant from any equipment subject to this section during any hour that:
 - (1) Averages greater than 5% opacity; or

- (2) Contains any consecutive 6-minute period averaging greater than 20% opacity.
- (d) Section 9.04(c)(1) shall not apply to:
 - (1) Glass furnaces that are tested annually for compliance with the applicable particulate emission standard in Section 9.09 of this regulation; or
 - (2) Equipment with an alternate opacity standard issued under Section 3.03 or Article 6 of this regulation that is based upon a correlation with the particulate concentration and that accurately indicates a violation of the applicable particulate emission standards in Section 9.09 of this regulation.
- (e) This section shall not apply to sources controlled by a venturi scrubber, provided that:
 - (1) The source is tested annually for compliance with the applicable particulate emission standard in Section 9.09 of this regulation;
 - (2) The pressure drop across the scrubber is continuously monitored and recorded; and
 - (3) The scrubbing liquid flow rate and temperature are continuously monitored and recorded.
- (f) This section shall not apply to fuel burning equipment that burns residual oil less than 31 days per year, provided that the source implements an alternate opacity monitoring plan issued under Section 3.03 or Article 6 of this regulation.

SECTION 9.05 REFUSE BURNING Adopted 03/13/68 (12)

Revised 06/09/88 (621), 12/09/93 (769)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the burning of combustible refuse except in a multiple chamber incinerator provided with control equipment.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the operation of refuse burning equipment any time other than daylight hours.

SECTION 9.07 SULFUR DIOXIDE EMISSION STANDARD Adopted 03/13/68 (12)

Revised 07/08/70 (126), 02/21/74 (230), 02/13/86 (597), 06/09/88 (621), 04/14/94 (784)

It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of sulfur dioxide from any source in excess of 1,000 parts per million by volume on a dry basis, 1-hour average (corrected to 7% oxygen for fuel burning equipment and refuse burning equipment).

SECTION 9.08 FUEL OIL STANDARDS Adopted 06/13/85 (579)

Revised 02/13/86 (597), 04/14/94 (784), 03/25/04 (1024)

(a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the combustion of oil in fuel burning equipment or refuse burning equipment that exceeds any of the following limits unless that person has obtained an Order of Approval from the Agency in accordance with Article 6 of this regulation:

Ash	0.1% (maximum)
Sulfur	1.0% (maximum for used oil)
Sulfur	2.00% (maximum for fuel oil)
Lead	100 ppm (maximum)
Arsenic	5 ppm (maximum)
Cadmium	2 ppm (maximum)
Chromium	10 ppm (maximum)
Total Halogens	1,000 ppm (maximum)
Polychlor i nated Biphenyls (PCBs)	2 ppm (maximum)
Flash Point	100°F (minimum)

- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell or make available for sale any oil in excess of the limits of this section to any person who has not obtained an Order of Approval from the Agency in accordance with Article 6 of this regulation. Any person who sells or makes available for sale such oil shall submit a report to the Agency within 15 days of the end of the month that includes the name and address of the recipient, the amount of oil delivered, and the concentration of contaminants therein.
- (c) The provisions of this section shall not apply to:
 - (1) Ocean-going vessels;
 - (2) Used oil burned in space heaters that have a maximum heat output of not greater than 0.5 million Btu per hour; and
 - (3) Persons in the business of collecting used oil from residences when under commission.authorization by a city, county, or the utilities and transportation

SECTION 9.09 PARTICULATE MATTER EMISSION STANDARDS

Adopted 03/13/68 (12) Revised 07/08/70 (126), 11/10/71 (135), 10/10/73 (214), 02/13/86 (597), 06/09/88 (621), 05/11/89 (643), 02/10/94 (777), 04/09/98 (865)

It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of particulate matter in excess of the following concentrations:

Refuse Burning Equipment:

- 3. Rated at 12 tons per day or less with heat recovery 0.02 gr/dscf @ 7% O₂
- 4. Rated at greater than 12 tons per day0.01 gr/dscf @ 7% O2

Fuel Burning Equipment:

- 4. Burning wood and installed after March 1, 1986 0.02 gr/dscf @ 7% O₂
- 5. Burning fuel other than wood0.05 gr/dscf @ 7% O₂
- 6. Burning coal or other solid fossil fuel and installed after March 1, 1986 0.01 gr/dscf @ 7% O₂

Equipment Used in a Manufacturing Process:0.05 gr/dscf

SECTION 9.10 EMISSION OF HYDROCHLORIC ACID Adopted 06/09/88 (621)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of hydrochloric acid from any equipment in excess of 100 ppm on a dry basis, 1-hour average corrected to 7% oxygen for combustion sources.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of hydrochloric acid from any refuse burning equipment rated at greater than 12 tons per day in excess of 30 ppm on a dry basis, 1-hour average corrected to 7% oxygen.

SECTION 9.11 EMISSION OF AIR CONTAMINANT: DETRIMENT TO PERSON OR PROPERTY Adopted 03/13/68 (12) Revised 06/09/83 (536), 03/11/99 (882)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the emission of any air contaminant in sufficient quantities and of such characteristics and duration as is, or is likely to be, injurious to human health, plant or animal life, or property, or which unreasonably interferes with enjoyment of life and property.
- (b) With respect to odor, the Agency may take enforcement action under this section if the Control Officer or a duly authorized representative has documented all of the following:
 - (1) The detection by the Control Officer or a duly authorized representative of an odor at a level 2 or greater, according to the following odor scale:
 - level 0 no odor detected;
 - level 1 odor barely detected;
 - level 2 odor is distinct and definite, any unpleasant characteristics recognizable;
 - level 3 odor is objectionable enough or strong enough to cause attempts at avoidance; and
 - level 4 odor is so strong that a person does not want to remain present;
 - (2) An affidavit from a person making a complaint that demonstrates that they have experienced air contaminant emissions in sufficient quantities and of such characteristics and duration so as to unreasonably interfere with their enjoyment of life and property; and
 - (3) The source of the odor.
- (c) Nothing in this Regulation shall be construed to impair any cause of action or legal remedy of any person, or the public for injury or damages arising from the emission of any air contaminant in such place, manner or concentration as to constitute air pollution or a common law nuisance.

SECTION 9.13 EMISSION OF AIR CONTAMINANT: CONCEALMENT AND MASKING RESTRICTED Adopted 03/13/68 (12) Revised 06/09/88 (621)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the installation or use of any device or use of any means which, without resulting in a reduction in the total amount of air contaminant emitted, conceals an emission of air contaminant which would otherwise violate this article.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the installation or use of any device or use of any means designed to mask the emission of an air contaminant which causes detriment to health, safety or welfare of any person.

SECTION 9.15 FUGITIVE DUST CONTROL MEASURES

Adopted 03/13/68 (12) Revised 06/09/83 (536), 06/09/88 (621), 08/10/89 (644), 03/11/99 (882)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow visible emissions of fugitive dust unless reasonable precautions are employed to minimize the emissions. Reasonable precautions include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (1) The use of control equipment, enclosures, and wet (or chemical) suppression techniques, as practical, and curtailment during high winds;

- (2) Surfacing roadways and parking areas with asphalt, concrete, or gravel;
- (3) Treating temporary, low-traffic areas (e.g., construction sites) with water or chemical stabilizers, reducing vehicle speeds, constructing pavement or rip rap exit aprons, and cleaning vehicle undercarriages before they exit to prevent the track-out of mud or dirt onto paved public roadways;
- (4) Covering or wetting truck loads or allowing adequate freeboard to prevent the escape of dust-bearing materials.
- (b) Compliance with the provisions of this section shall not relieve any person from the responsibility to comply with Section 9.11 of this regulation.

SECTION 9.16 SPRAY-COATING OPERATIONS Adopted 06/13/91 (700)

Revised 07/08/99 (886), 07/12/01 (944)

- (a) Applicability. This section applies to spray-coating operations at facilities subject to Article 5 (Registration) or Article 7 (Operating Permits) of this regulation, where a coating that protects or beautifies a surface is applied with spray-coating equipment.
- (b) Exemptions. The following activities are exempt from the provisions of Sections 9.16(c) and (d) of this regulation. Persons claiming any of the following spray-coating exemptions shall have the burden of demonstrating compliance with the claimed exemption.
 - (1) Application of architectural or maintenance coatings to stationary structures (e.g., bridges, water towers, buildings, stationary machinery, or similar structures);
 - (2) Aerospace coating operations subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart GG. This includes all activities and materials listed in 40 CFR 63.741(f);
 - (3) Use of high-volume, low-pressure (HVLP) spray guns when:
 - (A) spray-coating operations do not involve motor vehicles or motor vehicle components;
 - (B) the gun cup capacity is 8 fluid ounces or less;
 - (C) the spray gun is used to spray-coat less than 9 square feet per day per facility;
 - (D) coatings are purchased in containers of 1 quart or less; and
 - (E) spray-coating is allowed by fire department, fire marshal, or other government agency requirements.
 - (4) Use of air-brush spray equipment with 0.5 to 2.0 CFM airflow and a maximum cup capacity of 2 fluid ounces;
 - (5) Use of hand-held aerosol spray cans with a capacity of 1 quart or less; or
 - (6) Indoor application of automotive undercoating materials using organic solvents having a flash point in excess of 100°F.
- (c) General Requirements for Indoor Spray-Coating Operations. It shall be unlawful for any person subject to the provisions of this section to cause or allow spray-coating inside a structure, or spray-coating of any motor vehicles or motor vehicle components, unless the spray-coating is conducted inside an enclosed spray area. The enclosed spray area shall employ either properly seated paint arresters, or water-wash curtains with a continuous water curtain to control the overspray. All emissions from the spray-coating operation shall be vented to the atmosphere through an unobstructed vertical exhaust vent.
- (d) General Requirements for Outdoor Spray-Coating Operations. It shall be unlawful for any person subject to the provisions of this section to cause or allow spray-coating outside an enclosed structure unless reasonable precautions are employed to minimize the

overspray. Reasonable precautions include, but are not limited to the use of:

- (1) Enclosures and curtailment during high winds; and
- (2) High-volume low-pressure (HVLP), low-volume low-pressure (LVLP), electrostatic, or air-assisted airless spray equipment. Airless spray equipment may be used where low viscosity and high solid coatings preclude the use of higher-transfer efficiency spray equipment.
- (e) Compliance with Other Regulations. Compliance with this regulation does not exempt any person from compliance with Regulation I, Section 9.11 and all other applicable regulations including those of other agencies.

SECTION 9.20 MAINTENANCE OF EQUIPMENT Adopted 12/09/82 (531) Revised 06/09/88 (621)

- (a) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the operation of any features, machines or devices constituting parts of or called for by plans, specifications, or other information submitted pursuant to Article 6 of Regulation I unless such features, machines or devices are maintained in good working order.
- (b) It shall be unlawful for any person to cause or allow the operation of any equipment as defined in Section 1.07 or control equipment not subject to Section 9.20(a) unless the equipment or control equipment is maintained in good working order.

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APPENDIX D

FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS (FHWA-1273, 10/23/23)

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REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid designbuild contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

- 3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.
- 4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).
- II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

- 1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
- a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).
- b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

- 2. **EEO Officer:** The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
- 3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
- a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.
- b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
- c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women

- d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
- e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
- **4. Recruitment:** When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
- a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.
- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.
- c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.
- **5. Personnel Actions:** Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
- b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
- c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
- d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.
- b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).
- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
- d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
- 7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.
- c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
- d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

- 8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.
- 9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.
- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.
- b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

- a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.
- b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:
 - (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
 - (2) Assessing sanctions;
 - (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.
- c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.
- 11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

- (1) The number and work hours of minority and nonminority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
 - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and
 - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.
- b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form FHWA-1391. The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Wage rates and fringe benefits. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.
- b. Frequently recurring classifications. (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in 29 CFR part 1, a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:
 - (i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

- (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.
- c. Conformance. (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:
 - (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
 - (ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and
 - (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.
- (2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.
- (3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30–day period that additional time is necessary.
- (4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.
- (5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

- under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.
- d. Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.
- e. Unfunded plans. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.
- f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Withholding requirements. The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor. take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

- 2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- (2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.
- (3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in 40 U.S.C. 3141(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.
- (4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.
- b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

- agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.
- (2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHD/ legacy/files/wh347/.pdf or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.
- (3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:
 - (i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;
 - (ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in 29 CFR part 3; and
 - (iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- (4) Use of Optional Form WH–347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH–347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

- (5) Signature. The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.
- (6) Falsification. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 3729.
- (7) Length of certified payroll retention. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- c. Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents. The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.
- d. Required disclosures and access (1) Required record disclosures and access to workers. The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.
- (2) Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under 29 CFR part 6 any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.
- (3) Required information disclosures. Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

- a. Apprentices (1) Rate of pay. Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- (2) Fringe benefits. Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (3) Apprenticeship ratio. The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.
- (4) Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.
- b. Equal employment opportunity. The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

- **5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements.** The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- **6. Subcontracts**. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.
- **7. Contract termination: debarment.** A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.
- 8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.
- 9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.
- **10. Certification of eligibility**. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of <u>40 U.S.C. 3144(b)</u> or § 5.12(a).

- b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of 40 U.S.C. 3144(b) or § 5.12(a).
- c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, <u>18</u> U.S.C. 1001.
- **11. Anti-retaliation**. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3; or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or 29 CFR part 1 or 3.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

- 1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.
- 2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

- a. Withholding process. The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.
- b. *Priority to withheld funds*. The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:
- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
 - (2) A contracting agency for its reprocurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate:
 - (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
 - (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, <u>31</u> U.S.C. 3901–3907.
- **4. Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

- **5. Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:
- a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;
- b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;
- c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part: or
- d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

- 1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).
- a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)
- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees:
 - (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
 - (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.
- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.
- 2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
- 3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
- 4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).
- 5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

- 1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.
- 2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.
- d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

- e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred,"
 "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal,"
 and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined
 in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200.
 "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal
 funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract).
 "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered
 transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as
 subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant
 who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or
 subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general
 contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who
 has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier
 Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as
 subcontractors and suppliers).
- f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.
- g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

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2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
- (1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.
- (2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;
- (3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800: and
- (4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).
- (5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).
- b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

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3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 - 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.
- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (https://www.sam.gov/), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

- a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:
- (1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;
- (2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and
- (3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)
- b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief. that:
- a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
- b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

- 2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
- 3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

- 1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.
- 2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B) This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

- 1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:
- a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.
- b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.
- c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.
- 2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.
- 3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.
- 4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above
- 5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region
- 6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

APPENDIX E

SAMPLE CHANGE ORDER FORMS; AGREED AND UNILATERAL This page intentionally left blank



Change Order No	
Change Order Effective Date:	

CITY OF EVERETT Change Order

Project Title	
Department	
Work Order No.	
Contractor:	
Contract Award Date:	
City Staff Contact:	
Change Order No.	
Change Order Effective Date	

CONTRACT SUM

	Original Contract Sum	Total of Previous Change Orders	This Change Order	Contract Sum After this Change Order
Amount	\$	\$	\$	\$
+ WSST	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$

CONTRACT TIME

Original Contract Time	Working Days 🔲 / Calendar Days 🔲	
Date of Notice to Proceed		
Cumulative adjustment to time by <i>prior</i> Change Orders		
Adjustment to time by this Change Order		
New Contract Time (including this Change Order)		

Change Order No.	
Change Order Effective Date:	

Contractor and City agree as follows:

- 1. The scope of Work shall be changed to the extent described in Exhibit A.
- 2. The amount of this Change Order for the changes described in Exhibit A, represents complete compensation for the changes described in Exhibit A, including all direct and indirect costs and impacts. The Contract Sum shall be adjusted as described in this Change Order.
- 3. Everett Municipal Code 3.80.050 sets forth the threshold amounts below which the Mayor or his designee is authorized to direct Contractor to perform additional work. In calculating such threshold amounts, Washington State sales tax, as applicable to the Work, has been considered.
- 4. The Contract Time of the Contract shall be adjusted to the extent described in this Change Order.
- 5. Contractor waives and releases any and all claims arising out of, or related to, this Change Order, the work described in Exhibit A, and all work and actual or constructive changes that occurred or began prior to the date of this Change Order, including, but not limited to, claims for equitable adjustment of time and compensation, delay, impact, overhead, or inefficiencies. This provision does not apply to requests for equitable adjustment of time or price for which the Contractor timely and properly provided notice of a differing site condition, protest, dispute, claim or Contract Claim as required by the Contract Documents. If the Contract Documents establish a time period for notice of a differing site condition, protest, dispute, claim, or Contract Claim that ends after the date of this Change Order, but relates to work performed prior to the date of this Change Order, then this provision does not apply if the Contractor timely and properly submits such notice
- 6. This Change Order only changes the contract between Contractor and City to the extent explicitly provided herein.
- 7. Signature(s) on this Change Order may be by pdf, email, fax or other electronic means, in which case such signature(s) will have the same effect as an original ink signature. This Change Order may be signed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and all of which, taken together, shall be deemed one and the same document.

Change Order No	
Change Order Effective Date:	

CITY				
		Attest:		
Mayor Date:		City Clerk Date:		Standard Document Approved as to Form ffice of the City Attorney (5.13.22)
Recommended By:				
Construction Manager (if applicable)	applic	able)	Engineering Manage (if applicable)	
Date:	Date:		Date:	Date:
CONTRACTOR				
Ву	Officer		Date:	

Change Order No.
Change Order Effective Date:

Exhibit A—Description of Changed Work



Change Order No	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Change Order Effective Date:_	

CITY OF EVERETT Unilateral Change Order

Project Title	
Department	
Work Order No.	
Contractor:	
Contract Award Date:	
City Staff Contact:	
Change Order No.	
Change Order Effective Date	

CONTRACT SUM

	Original Contract Sum	Total of Previous Change Orders	This Change Order	Contract Sum After this Change Order
Amount	\$	\$	\$	\$
+ WSST	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total	\$	\$	\$	\$

CONTRACT TIME

Original Contract Time	Working Days ☐ / Calendar Days ☐	
Date of Notice to Proceed		
Cumulative adjustment to time by <i>prior</i> Change Orders		
Adjustment to time by this Change Order		
New Contract Time (including this Chang	e Order)	

Change Order No	_
Change Order Effective Date:	_

As allowed by the contract, the City directs the Contractor as follows:

- 1. The Scope of Work shall be changed to the extent described in Exhibit A.
- 2. The Contract Sum shall be adjusted as described in this Change Order.
- 3. The duration of the Contract, and contractually scheduled completion date, shall be adjusted to the extent described in this Change Order.
- 4. Unless the Contractor timely and properly follows the procedures in the Contract Documents for seeking further equitable adjustment of time and compensation, including, but not limited to, delays, impacts, inefficiencies, overhead, and direct and indirect costs, and except as otherwise expressly provided herein, the Contractor will be barred from (a) asserting any claim for further adjustment of time and compensation arising out of, or relating to, the charges described in this Change Order or work described in Exhibit A and (b) asserting an equitable adjustment of time or price arising earlier than the date of this Change Order. This provision does not apply to requests for equitable adjustment of time or price for which the Contractor timely and properly provided notice of a differing site condition, protest, dispute, claim or Contract Claim as required by the Contract Documents. If the Contract Documents establish a time period for notice of a differing site condition, protest, dispute, claim, or Contract Claim that ends after the date of this Change Order, but relates to work performed prior to the date of this Change Order, then this provision does not apply if the Contractor timely and properly submits such notice.
- 5. This Change Order only changes the contract between Contractor and City to the extent explicitly provided herein.

Change Order No	
Change Order Effective Date:	

CITY						
		Attest:				
		A			Standard Document pproved as to Form ce of the City Attorney	
Mayor		City Clerk				
Date:	_	Date:				
Recommended By:						
Construction Manager (if applicable)		et Manager (if able)		ger Dep	partment Director	
Date:	Date:		Date:	Dat	e:	

Change Order No.
Change Order Effective Date:

Exhibit A—Description of Changed Work

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

ADDENDUM NO. #1 FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

WORK ORDER #3785 FEDERAL AID# TAP-0420(026)

September 24, 2024

Notice to Plan Holders:

This Addendum No. 1 contains the following revisions, additions, deletions, and/or clarifications, is hereby made a part of the plans and specifications (Contract Documents) for the above named project, and shall be taken into consideration by Bidders in submitting their bids.

Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of this Addendum No. 1 in the space provided on the Proposal. Failure to do so may subject the Bidder to disqualification of its bid.

This Addendum 1 consists of 168 pages, including all revisions, attachments and details.

The Bid date for receipt of Bids has NOT been changed by this Addendum.

SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

Item 1 - Specifications

Replace Special Provisions with Addendum 1 Special Provisions The following are specification changes in Addendum 1

Added
1-02.6 OPT3
(September 3, 2024)
1-02.6.OPT7.GR1 (September 3, 2024)
1-02.13 Irregular Proposals (September 3, 2024 APWA GSP)

Deleted
1-02.6.OPT3.NEW.GR1
(November 20, 2023)
1-02.13 Irregular Proposals
(January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)

1-07.11 Requirements for Nondiscrimination

(September 3, 2024, APWA GSP Option B)

1-08.1(9).OptionA.RTF

(September 3, 2024 APWA GSP, Option A)

1-07.11	Requirements for
Nondisc i	rimination
(October	1. 2020 APWA GSP. Option B)

Item 2 PROPOSAL, BID ITEMS

Replace Bid Schedule with Addendum 1 Bid Schedule.

Item 3 APPENDIX B – FEDERAL PREVAILING WAGES

Replace Appendix B Federal Wage Rates Modification 4 with Appendix B Addendum 1 Federal Wage Rates Modification 5.

Item 4 ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED FOR CLARIFICATION

- 1. Items 17, 29, 31, and 32 are non-force account work items, and therefore should be the Bidder's responsibility to provide unit prices. We request removal of the fixed unit prices provided in the Bid Table. **Unit Cost Removed**
- 2. Item 41, Work Zone Safety Contingency There appears to be a mathematical error in the bid item Total calculation based on the Unit Price listed. **Error corrected**.
- 3. Item 43, Record Drawings We understand there is a minimum bid of \$2,000 for this item. However, in order for the Bidder to provide a final unit price amount, we request removal of the fixed unit price provided in the Bid Table. **Fixed Unit Cost removed**.
- 4. How long the Prime Contractor will need keep up on warranty/maintenance after the project is completed? **Warranty/maintenance period 1 year unless otherwise stated**.

Sincerely,



Laura Claywell

Capital Projects Coordinator | Public Works | Iclaywell@everettwa.gov | 425.257.8909 | 3200 Cedar St, Everett, WA 98201

Attachments:

Addendum 1 Bid Schedule Addendum 1 Special Provisions Appendix B Addendum 1 Federal Wage Rates Note: Unit prices for all items, all extensions, and the total amount bid must be shown. Where conflict occurs between the unit price and the total amount named for any item, the unit price shall prevail, and totals shall be corrected to conform thereto. All entries must be typed or entered in ink.

BID SCHEDULES, FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR WO# 3785

BIDDER:

Item No.	Item Description	Unit	Bid Qty	Unit Cost	Total
1	Mobilization 10%	L.S.	1.0	\$	\$
2	REMOVING PLASTIC LINE	LF	1201	\$	\$
3	REMOVING PLASTIC TRAFFIC MARKING	EA	3	\$	\$
4	REMOVING PLASTIC CROSSWALK LINE	SF	720	\$	\$
5	ROADWAY EXCAVATION, INCL. HAUL	CY	72	\$	\$
6	CRUSH SURFACING BASE COURSE	TON	177	\$	\$
7	GRAVEL BORROW INCL HAUL	TON	19	\$	\$
8	REPLACE CEMENT CONCRETE PANEL	SY	353	\$	\$
9	SAWCUT CONCRETE	LF	35	\$	\$
10	SAWCUT ASPHALT	LF	473	\$	\$
11	Planing Bituminous Pavement	SY	1,299	\$.	\$
12	HMA Class 1/2 inch, PG 64-22	TON	135	\$.	\$
13	INLET PROTECTION	EA	4	\$.	\$
14	TOPSOIL TYPE A	SY	64	\$.	\$
15	SOD INSTALLATION	SY	64	\$	\$
16	STREET CLEANING	HR	140	\$	\$
<u>17</u>	SPCC PLAN	LS	1	\$	\$
18	CEMENT CONC. TRAFFIC CURB Type E-1	LF	450	\$	\$
19	PLASTIC LINE	LF	520	\$	\$
20	WIDE LINE	LF	1,934	\$	\$
21	24" PLASTIC CROSSWALK LINE	SF	720	\$	\$
22	24" PLASTIC STOP LINE	LF	92	\$	\$
23	PLASTIC TRAFFIC SHARO STRAIGHT	EA	2	\$	\$
24	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE SYMBOL	EA	10	\$	\$
25	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE SYMBOL (STRAIGHT)	EA	1	\$	\$
26	PLASTIC BICYCLE DETECTOR SYMBOL	EA	3	\$	\$
27	PLASTIC BICYCLE LANE LEFT/RIGHT TURN ARROW (WHITE)	EA	1	\$	\$
28	PLASTIC BIKE LANE EXTENTION LINE (GREEN AND WHITE)	SF	216	\$	\$
<mark>29</mark>	PROJECT TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL	LS	1	\$	\$
30	TRAFFIC SIGNAL SYSTEM VIDEO	EA	3	\$	\$
<mark>31</mark>	PERMANENT SIGNING	LS	1	\$ <u>.</u>	<u>\$</u>
<mark>32</mark>	ADA FEATURES SURVEYING	LS	1	\$ <u> </u>	\$.
33	ADJUST VALVE BOX TO GRADE	EA	2	\$	\$

34	ADJUST JUNCTION BOX TO GRADE	EA	1	\$	\$
35	CEMENT CONCRETE CURB RAMP TYPE PARALLEL	EA	1	\$	\$
36	Temporary ACP Ramp	SY	24	\$	\$
37	CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK	SY	255	\$	\$
38	CEMENT CONC. DRIVEWAY ENTRANCE TYPE 1	SY	264	\$	\$
39	Mailbox SUPPORT TYPE	EA	1	\$	\$
40	Minor Change	CALC	1	\$25,000	\$ 25,000.00
<mark>41</mark>	WORK ZONE SAFETY CONTINGENCY	EST	<mark>1,350</mark>	1.00	\$ 1,350.00
42	UNIFORM POLICE OFFICER	HOUR	32	\$	\$
<mark>43</mark>	RECORD DRAWINGS (MINIMUM BID \$2,000)	LS	1	\$	<u> </u>
		•		TOTAL	\$

1 **COE INTRO OptionA.RTF** 2 INTRODUCTION TO THE SPECIAL PROVISIONS 3 4 5 6 (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP, Option A) 7 8 The work on this project shall be accomplished in accordance with the Standard Specifications 9 for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction, 2024 edition, as issued by the Washington State Department of Transportation (WSDOT) and the American Public Works Association (APWA), 10 Washington State Chapter (hereafter "Standard Specifications"). 11 The Standard Specifications, as modified or supplemented by these Special Provisions, all of which are 12 13 made a part of the Contract Documents, shall govern all of the Work. 14 15 These Special Provisions are made up of both General Special Provisions (GSPs) from various sources, which may have project-specific fill-ins; and project-specific Special 16 Provisions. Each ProvFision either supplements, modifies, or replaces the comparable 17 Standard Specification, or is a new Provision. The deletion, amendment, alteration, or addition 18 19 to any subsection or portion of the Standard Specifications is meant to pertain only to that particular portion of the section, and in no way should it be interpreted that the balance of the 20 21 section does not apply. 22 23 The GSPs are labeled under the headers of each GSP, with the effective date of the GSP and 24 its source. For example: 25 26 (March 8, 2013 APWA GSP) 27 (April 1, 2013 WSDOTGSP) 28 (May 1, 2013 City of Everett COE GSP) Agency Special Provision 29 30 31 Project specific special provisions are labeled without a date as such: 32 33 34 Also incorporated into the Contract Documents by reference are: 35 Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, currently adopted 36 edition, with Washington State modifications, if any 37 • Standard Plans for Road, Bridge and Municipal Construction, WSDOT Manual 38 M21-01, current edition 39 Design and Construction Standards & Specifications for Development, City of Everett, 40 current edition 42 Contractor shall obtain copies of these publications, at Contractor's own expense. 43 **DIVISION1.GR1** 44

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45 46

Division 1 **General Requirements**

47 48

DESWORK.GR1 **DESCRIPTION OF WORK**

49 50 2 (March 13, 1995)

This Contract provides for the improvement of ***The construction of up to 130 tons of Hot Mix Asphalt, Class ½-inch, PG 64-22, two inches (2") thick, on Fulton Street from Hewitt Ave to California, including grinding, sidewalk construction, driveway ramps, Concrete panel replacement for up to 410 SY from Pacific to Hewitt, signing, bike lanes, utility adjustments, valve box, J-box, striping, video traffic detection, *** and other work, all in accordance with the attached Contract Plans, these Contract Provisions, and the Standard Specifications.

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1-01.3.RTF

1-01.3 **Definitions**

(January 19, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Delete the heading Completion Dates and the three paragraphs that follow it, and replace them with the following:

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Dates

Bid Opening Date

The date on which the Contracting Agency publicly opens and reads the Bids.

Award Date

The date of the formal decision of the Contracting Agency to accept the lowest responsible and responsive Bidder for the Work.

Contract Execution Date

The date the Contracting Agency officially binds the Agency to the Contract.

Notice to Proceed Date

The date stated in the Notice to Proceed on which the Contract time begins.

Substantial Completion Date

The day the Engineer determines the Contracting Agency has full and unrestricted use and benefit of the facilities, both from the operational and safety standpoint, any remaining traffic disruptions will be rare and brief, and only minor incidental work, replacement of temporary substitute facilities, plant establishment periods, or correction or repair remains for the Physical Completion of the total Contract.

Physical Completion Date

The day all of the Work is physically completed on the project. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law does not necessarily need to be furnished by the Contractor by this date.

Completion Date

The day all the Work specified in the Contract is completed and all the obligations of the Contractor under the contract are fulfilled by the Contractor. All documentation required by the Contract and required by law must be furnished by the Contractor before establishment of this date.

Final Acceptance Date

The date on which the Contracting Agency accepts the Work as complete.

43 44 45

Supplement this Section with the following:

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> 48 49

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All references in the Standard Specifications or WSDOT General Special Provisions, to the terms "Department of Transportation", "Washington State Transportation Commission", "Commission", "Secretary of Transportation", "Secretary", "Headquarters", and "State Treasurer" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency".

All references to the terms "State" or "state" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency" unless the reference is to an administrative agency of the State of Washington, a State statute or regulation, or the context reasonably indicates otherwise.

All references to "State Materials Laboratory" shall be revised to read "Contracting Agency designated location".

All references to "final contract voucher certification" shall be interpreted to mean the Contracting Agency form(s) by which final payment is authorized, and final completion and acceptance granted.

Additive

A supplemental unit of work or group of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, which may, at the discretion of the Contracting Agency, be awarded in addition to the base bid.

Alternate

One of two or more units of work or groups of bid items, identified separately in the Bid Proposal, from which the Contracting Agency may make a choice between different methods or material of construction for performing the same work.

Business Day

A business day is any day from Monday through Friday except holidays as listed in Section 1-08.5.

Contract Bond

The definition in the Standard Specifications for "Contract Bond" applies to whatever bond form(s) are required by the Contract Documents, which may be a combination of a Payment Bond and a Performance Bond.

Contract Documents

See definition for "Contract".

Contract Time

The period of time established by the terms and conditions of the Contract within which the Work must be physically completed.

Notice of Award

The written notice from the Contracting Agency to the successful Bidder signifying the Contracting Agency's acceptance of the Bid Proposal.

Notice to Proceed

The written notice from the Contracting Agency or Engineer to the Contractor authorizing and directing the Contractor to proceed with the Work and establishing the date on which the Contract time begins.

Traffic

Both vehicular and non-vehicular traffic, such as pedestrians, bicyclists, wheelchairs, and equestrian traffic.

1-02.1 Prequalification of Bidders

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

1-02.1 Qualifications of Bidder

(January 24, 2011 APWA GSP)

Before award of a public works contract, a bidder must meet at least the minimum qualifications of RCW 39.04.350(1) to be considered a responsible bidder and qualified to be awarded a public works project.

1-02.2 Plans and Specifications

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

Information as to where Bid Documents can be obtained or reviewed can be found in the Call for Bids (Advertisement for Bids) for the work.

After award of the contract, plans and specifications will be issued to the Contractor at no

To Prime Contractor	No. of Sets	Basis of Distribution
Reduced plans (11" x 17")	5	Furnished automatically upon award.
Contract Provisions	5	Furnished automatically upon award.
Large plans (e.g., 22" x 34")	3	Furnished only upon request.

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Additional plans and Contract Provisions may be obtained by the Contractor from the source stated in the Call for Bids, at the Contractor's own expense.

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F1-02.4(1).OptionB.docx

1-02.4(1) General

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP Option B)

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The first sentence of the ninth paragraph, beginning with "Prospective Bidder desiring...", is revised to read:

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Prospective Bidders desiring an explanation or interpretation of the Bid Documents, shall request the explanation or interpretation in writing by close of business ***3*** business days preceding the bid opening to allow a written reply to reach all prospective Bidders before the submission of their Bids.

Proposal Forms

(July 31, 2017 APWA GSP)

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

The Proposal Form will identify the project and its location and describe the work. It will also list estimated quantities, units of measurement, the items of work, and the materials to be furnished at the unit bid prices. The bidder shall complete spaces on the proposal form that call for, but are not limited to, unit prices; extensions; summations; the total bid amount; signatures; date; and, where applicable, retail sales taxes and acknowledgment of addenda; the bidder's name, address, telephone number, and signature; the bidder's UDBE/DBE/M/WBE commitment, if applicable; a State of Washington Contractor's Registration Number; and a Business License Number, if applicable. Bids shall be completed by typing or shall be printed in ink by hand, preferably in black ink. The required certifications are included as part of the Proposal Form.

The Contracting Agency reserves the right to arrange the proposal forms with alternates and additives, if such be to the advantage of the Contracting Agency. The bidder shall bid on all alternates and additives set forth in the Proposal Form unless otherwise specified.

Preparation of Proposal

1-02.6.INST3.GR1

Section 1-02.6 is supplemented with the following:

1-02.6 OPT3.GR1

(September 3, 2024)

The Bidder shall submit the following supplemental documents with the Bid in accordance with Section 1-02.9:

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- Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056).
- DBE Written Confirmation Form (WSDOT Form 422-031) For each and every DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification, the Bidder shall submit written confirmation from that DBE firm that the DBE is in agreement with the DBE participation commitment that the Bidder has made in the Bidder's completed Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification.

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Good Faith Effort Documentation - Bidder must submit good faith effort documentation with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Certification only in the event the Bidder's efforts to solicit sufficient DBE participation have been unsuccessful.

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DBE Item Breakdown (WSDOT Form 272-054) The Bidder shall submit a DBE Item Breakdown form defining the scope of work to be performed by each DBE listed on the DBE Utilization Certification.

51 52 (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP 1-02.6, Option B)

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Supplement the second paragraph with the following:

7 8 If a minimum bid amount has been established for any item, the unit or lump sum price must equal or exceed the minimum amount stated.

9 10 5. Any correction to a bid made by interlineation, alteration, or erasure, shall be initialed by the signer of the bid.

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Delete the last two paragraphs, and replace them with the following:

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The Bidder shall submit with their Bid a completed Contractor Certification Wage Law Compliance form, provided by the Contracting Agency. Failure to return this certification as part of the Bid Proposal package will make this Bid Nonresponsive and ineligible for Award. A Contractor Certification of Wage Law Compliance form is included in the Proposal Forms.

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The Bidder shall make no stipulation on the Bid Form, nor qualify the bid in any manner.

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A bid by a corporation shall be executed in the corporate name, by the president or a vice president (or other corporate officer accompanied by evidence of authority to sign).

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A bid by a partnership shall be executed in the partnership name, and signed by a partner. A copy of the partnership agreement shall be submitted with the Bid Form if any DBE requirements are to be satisfied through such an agreement.

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A bid by a joint venture shall be executed in the joint venture name and signed by a member of the joint venture. A copy of the joint venture agreement shall be submitted with the Bid Form if any DBE requirements are to be satisfied through such an agreement.

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1-02.6.OPT7.GR1

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(September 3, 2024) **Bidder Questionnaire**

37 38 39 The Bidder shall submit with their Bid a completed Bidder Questionnaire form (WSDOT Form #272-022). This shall be filled out for each firm who submitted a bid or quote in attempt to participate in the project whether they were successful or not and include the following information:

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1. Firm name;

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2. Firm address including ZIP code;

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3. Firm's status as a DBE or non-DBE;

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Race and gender information for the firm's majority owner; 4.

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5. NAICS code applicable to each scope of work the firm sought to perform in its bid:

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Age of the firm; and 6.

The annual gross receipts of the firm. The Bidder may obtain this information by 7. asking each firm to indicate into what gross receipts bracket they fit (less than \$1 million; \$1-3 million; \$3-6 million; \$6-10 million; etc.) rather than requesting an exact figure from the firm.

Failure to return this completed form as part of the Bid Proposal package will cause this Bid to be considered irregular in accordance with Section 1-02.13. A copy of this form is included in the Proposal Forms.

1-02.6.OptionA.RTF **Subcontractor's List**

(September 3, 2024 APWA GSP 1-02.6, Option A)

The fourth paragraph of Section 1-02.6 is revised to read:

The Bidder shall submit with the Bid the completed Subcontractor List included in the Contracting Agency Proposal Package. If a Subcontractor List Form is not included in the package, use DOT Form 271-015A. The Form shall contain the following:

- Subcontractors who will perform the work of structural steel installation, rebar installation, heating, ventilation, air conditioning, and plumbing as described in RCW 18.106 and electrical as described in RCW 19.28,
- 2. The Work those subcontractors will perform on the Contract as described in RCW 39.30.060; and
- No more than one subcontractor for each category of work identified, except, when subcontractors vary with Bid alternates, in which case the Bidder shall identify which subcontractor will be used for which alternate.

Add the following new section:

1-02.6(1) Recycled Materials Proposal (January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

The Bidder shall submit with the Bid, its proposal for incorporating recycled materials into the project, using the form provided in the Contract Provisions.

1-02.7.RTF

1-02.6(1).RTF

1-02.7 **Bid Deposit**

(March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)

Supplement this section with the following:

- Bid bonds shall contain the following:
- 1. Contracting Agency-assigned number for the project;
- 2. Name of the project;
- 3. The Contracting Agency named as obligee;
- 4. The amount of the bid bond stated either as a dollar figure or as a percentage which represents five percent of the maximum bid amount that could be awarded;

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- 5. Signature of the bidder's officer empowered to sign official statements. The signature of the person authorized to submit the bid should agree with the signature on the bond, and the title of the person must accompany the said signature:
- 6. The signature of the surety's officer empowered to sign the bond and the power of attorney.

If so stated in the Contract Provisions, bidder must use the bond form included in the Contract Provisions.

If so stated in the Contract Provisions, cash will not be accepted for a bid deposit.

1-02.9. Option B.RTF 1-02.9 Delivery of Proposal

(July 8, 2024 APWA GSP Option B)

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

DBE DOCUMENT SUBMITTAL REQUIREMENTS

General

Each Proposal shall be submitted in a sealed envelope, with the Project Name and Project Number as stated in the Call for Bids clearly marked on the outside of the envelope, or as otherwise required in the Bid Documents, to ensure proper handling and delivery.

To be considered responsive on a FHWA-funded project, the Bidder may be required to submit the following items, as required by Section 1-02.6:

- DBE Utilization Certification (WSDOT 272-056)
- DBE Written Confirmation Document (WSDOT 422-031) from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization Certification
- Good Faith Effort (GFE) Documentation (if applicable)
- DBE Bid Item Breakdown (WSDOT 272-054)

Proposals that are received as required will be publicly opened and read as specified in Section 1-02.12. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any Bid Proposal that is received after the time specified in the Call for Bids for receipt of Bid Proposals or received in a location other than that specified in the Call for Bids. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any "Supplemental Information" (Written Confirmation Documents or GFE Documentation) that is received after the time specified or received in a location other than that specified in the Call for Bids.

If an emergency or unanticipated event interrupts normal work processes of the Contracting Agency so that Proposals cannot be received at the office designated for receipt of bids as specified in Section 1-02.12 the time specified for receipt of the Proposal will be deemed to be extended to the same time of day specified in the solicitation on the first work day on which the normal work processes of the Contracting Agency resume.

Supplemental bid information submitted after the proposal submittal but within 48 hours of the time and date the proposal is due, shall be submitted as follows:

- 2. By facsimile to the following FAX number: 425 257-8882, or
- 3. By e-mail to the following e-mail address: sbridge@everettwa.gov

DBE Utilization Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056)

The DBE Utilization Certification shall be received at the same location and no later than the time required for delivery of the Proposal. The Contracting Agency will not open or consider any Proposal when the DBE Utilization Certification is received after the time specified for receipt of Proposals or received in a location other than that specified for receipt of Proposals. The DBE Utilization Certification may be submitted in the same envelope as the Bid deposit.

DBE Written Confirmation Document (WSDOT Form 422-031) and/or GFE Documentation, (if applicable)

The DBE Written Confirmation Documents and/or GFE Documentation are not required to be submitted with the Proposal. The DBE Written Confirmation Document(s) and/or GFE Documentation(if applicable) shall be received either with the Bid Proposal or as a Supplement to the Bid. The Written Confirmation and/or GFE Documentation shall be received no later than 48 hours (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays) after the time for delivery of the Proposal. To be considered responsive, Bidders shall submit a Written Confirmation Document from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization Certification and/or the GFE Documentation as required by Section 1-02.6.

DBE Bid Item Breakdown Form (WSDOT Form 272-054)

The DBE Bid Item Breakdown shall be received either with the Bid Proposal or as a Supplement to the Bid. The documents shall be received no later than 48 hours (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays) after the time for delivery of the Proposal. To be considered responsive, Bidders shall submit a completed DBE Bid Item Breakdown, however, the Contractor may correct minor errors to the DBE Bid Item Breakdown for a period up to five calendar days after bid opening (not including Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays). DBE Bid Item Breakdowns that are still incorrect after the correction period will be determined to be non-responsive.

The DBE Bid Item Breakdown will not be included as part of the executed Contract.

1-02.13.RTF

1-02.13 Irregular Proposals

(September 3, 2024 APWA GSP)

Delete this section and replace it with the following:

- 1. A Proposal will be considered irregular and will be rejected if:
 - a. The Bidder is not pregualified when so required;
 - b. The Bidder adds provisions reserving the right to reject or accept the Award, or enter into the Contract:
 - c. A price per unit cannot be determined from the Bid Proposal;
 - d. The Proposal form is not properly executed;
 - e. The Bidder fails to submit or properly complete a subcontractor list (WSDOT Form 271-015), if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6;

- 1 f. The Bidder fails to submit or properly complete a Disadvantaged Business 2 Enterprise Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056), if applicable, as required in 3 Section 1-02.6; 4 The Bidder fails to submit Written Confirmations (WSDOT Form 422-031) g. 5 from each DBE firm listed on the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization 6 Certification that they are in agreement with the bidder's DBE participation 7 commitment, if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the written 8 confirmation that is submitted fails to meet the requirements of the Special 9 Provisions: 10 h. The Bidder fails to submit DBE Good Faith Effort documentation, if applicable, 11
 - h. The Bidder fails to submit DBE Good Faith Effort documentation, if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the documentation that is submitted fails to demonstrate that a Good Faith Effort to meet the Condition of Award in accordance with Section 1-07.11:
 - i. The Bidder fails to submit a DBE Bid Item Breakdown (WSDOT Form 272-054), if applicable, as required in Section 1-02.6, or if the documentation that is submitted fails to meet the requirements of the Special Provisions;
 - j. The Bidder fails to submit the Bidder Questionnaire (DOT Form 272-022), if applicable as required by Section 1-02.6, or if the documentation that is submitted fails to meet the requirements of the Special Provisions; or
 - k. The Bid Proposal does not constitute a definite and unqualified offer to meet the material terms of the Bid invitation.

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- 2. A Proposal may be considered irregular and may be rejected if:
 - a. The Proposal does not include a unit price for every Bid item;
 - Any of the unit prices are excessively unbalanced (either above or below the amount of a reasonable Bid) to the potential detriment of the Contracting Agency;
 - c. The authorized Proposal Form furnished by the Contracting Agency is not used or is altered:
 - d. The completed Proposal form contains unauthorized additions, deletions, alternate Bids, or conditions;
 - e. Receipt of Addenda is not acknowledged:
 - f. A member of a joint venture or partnership and the joint venture or partnership submit Proposals for the same project (in such an instance, both Bids may be rejected); or

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1-02.14.Option.A.RTF

1-02.14 Disqualification of Bidders

(May 17, 2018 APWA GSP, Option A)

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

45 46 47 A Bidder will be deemed not responsible if the Bidder does not meet the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1), as amended.

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The Contracting Agency will verify that the Bidder meets the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1). To assess bidder responsibility, the Contracting Agency reserves the right to request documentation as needed from the Bidder and third parties concerning the Bidder's compliance with the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria.

If the Contracting Agency determines the Bidder does not meet the mandatory bidder responsibility criteria in RCW 39.04.350(1) and is therefore not a responsible Bidder, the Contracting Agency shall notify the Bidder in writing, with the reasons for its determination. If the Bidder disagrees with this determination, it may appeal the determination within two (2) business days of the Contracting Agency's determination by presenting its appeal and any additional information to the Contracting Agency. The Contracting Agency will consider the appeal and any additional information before issuing its final determination. If the final determination affirms that the Bidder is not responsible, the Contracting Agency will not execute a contract with any other Bidder until at least two business days after the Bidder determined to be not responsible has received the Contracting Agency's final determination.

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1-02.15.RTF

1-02.15 Pre Award Information

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise this section to read:

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Before awarding any contract, the Contracting Agency may require one or more of these items or actions of the apparent lowest responsible bidder:

- 1. A complete statement of the origin, composition, and manufacture of any or all materials to be used.
- 2. Samples of these materials for quality and fitness tests,
- 3. A progress schedule (in a form the Contracting Agency requires) showing the order of and time required for the various phases of the work,
- 4. A breakdown of costs assigned to any bid item,
- 5. Attendance at a conference with the Engineer or representatives of the Engineer,
- 6. Obtain, and furnish a copy of, a business license to do business in the city or county where the work is located.
- 7. Any other information or action taken that is deemed necessary to ensure that the bidder is the lowest responsible bidder.

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1-03.1(1).RTF

1-03.1(1) Identical Bid Totals

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise this section to read:

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After opening Bids, if two or more lowest responsive Bid totals are exactly equal, then the tie-breaker will be the Bidder with an equal lowest bid, that proposed to use the highest percentage of recycled materials in the Project, per the form submitted with the Bid Proposal. If those percentages are also exactly equal, then the tie-breaker will be determined by drawing as follows: Two or more slips of paper will be marked as follows: one marked "Winner" and the other(s) marked "unsuccessful". The slips will be folded to make the marking unseen. The slips will be placed inside a box. One authorized representative of each Bidder shall draw a slip from the box. Bidders shall draw in alphabetic order by the name of the firm as registered with the Washington State Department of Licensing. The slips shall be unfolded and the firm with the slip marked "Winner" will be determined to be the successful Bidder and eligible for Award of the Contract. Only those Bidders who submitted a Bid total that is exactly equal to the lowest responsive Bid, and with a proposed recycled materials percentage that is exactly equal

to the highest proposed recycled materials amount, are eligible to draw.

Execution of Contract

(July 8, 2024 APWA GSP Option B)

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1-03.3

- 4. Be conditioned upon the payment of taxes, increases, and penalties incurred on the project under titles 50, 51, and 82 RCW; and
- 5. Be accompanied by a power of attorney for the Surety's officer empowered to sign the bond; and
- 6. Be signed by an officer of the Contractor empowered to sign official statements (sole proprietor or partner). If the Contractor is a corporation, the bond(s) must be signed by the president or vice president, unless accompanied by written proof of the authority of the individual signing the bond(s) to bind the corporation (i.e., corporate resolution, power of attorney, or a letter to such effect signed by the president or vice president).

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1-03.7.RTF

1-03.7 **Judicial Review**

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Revise this section to read:

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All decisions made by the Contracting Agency regarding the Award and execution of the Contract or Bid rejection shall be conclusive subject to the scope of judicial review permitted under Washington Law. Such review, if any, shall be timely filed in the Superior Court of the county where the Contracting Agency headquarters is located, provided that where an action is asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction.

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1-04.2.RTF

1-04.2 **Coordination of Contract Documents, Plans, Special Provisions,** Specifications, and Addenda

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise the second paragraph to read:

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Any inconsistency in the parts of the contract shall be resolved by following this order of precedence (e.g., 1 presiding over 2, 2 over 3, 3 over 4, and so forth):

- 1. Addenda,
- 2. Proposal Form,
- 3. Special Provisions,
 - 4. Contract Plans.
- 5. Standard Specifications,
- 6. Contracting Agency's Standard Plans or Details (if any), and
- 7. WSDOT Standard Plans for Road, Bridge, and Municipal Construction.

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1-04.4.RTF

1-04.4 Changes

(January 19, 2022 APWA GSP)

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The first two sentences of the last paragraph of Section 1-04.4 are deleted.

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1-04.4(1).RTF

49 **Minor Changes** 1-04.4(1)

(May 30, 2019 APWA GSP) 50

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1	Delete the first paragraph and replace it with the following:		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Payments or credits for changes amounting to \$\$\$25,000\$\$ or less may be made under the Bid item "Minor Change". At the discretion of the Contracting Agency, this procedure for Minor Changes may be used in lieu of the more formal procedure as outlined in Section 1-04.4, Changes. All "Minor Change" work will be within the scope of the Contract Work and will not change Contract Time.		
9	1-05.4.GR1		
10	Conformity with and Deviations from Plans and Stakes		
11	ound in and bornations from Flance and States		
12	1-05.4.INST1.GR1		
13	Section 1-05.4 is supplemented with the following:		
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15	1-05.4.OPT4.GR1		
16	(March 9, 2023)		
17	Contractor Surveying – ADA Features		
18	ADA Feature Staking Requirements		
19	The Contractor shall be responsible for setting, maintaining, and resetting all		
20	alignment stakes, and grades necessary for the construction of the ADA features.		
21	Calculations, surveying, and measuring required for setting and maintaining the		
22 23	necessary lines and grades shall be the Contractor's responsibility. The Contractor shall build the ADA features within the specifications in the Standard Plans and		
23 24	contract documents.		
2 4 25	contract documents.		
26	ADA Feature Contract Compliance		
27	The Contractor shall be responsible for completing measurements to verify all ADA		
28	features comply with the Contract in the presence of the Engineer.		
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30	ADA Feature As-Built Measurements		
31	The Contractor shall be responsible for providing the latitude and longitude of each		
32	ADA feature as indicated on the ADA Inspection Form(s) (WSDOT Form 224-020).		
33	TI		
34	The completed ADA Inspection Form(s) (WSDOT Form 224-020) shall be submitted		
35 36	as a Type 3 Working Drawing and transmitted to the Engineer within 30 calendar days of completing the ADA feature. After acceptance, the Contracting Agency will		
30 37	submit the final form(s) to the WSDOT ADA Steward.		
38	Submit the linar form(s) to the WSDOT ADA Steward.		
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40	Payment		
41	Payment will be made for the following bid item that is included in the Proposal:		
42	,		

"ADA Features Surveying", lump sum.

The lump sum Contract price for "ADA Features Surveying" shall be full pay for all the Work as specified.

In the instance where an ADA feature does not meet accessibility requirements, all work to replace non-compliant work and then to measure, record the as-built measurements, and transmit the electronic forms to the Engineer shall be completed at no additional cost to the Contracting Agency.

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Supplement this section with the following:

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If the Contractor fails to remedy defective or unauthorized work within the time specified in a written notice from the Engineer, or fails to perform any part of the work required by the Contract Documents, the Engineer may correct and remedy such work as may be identified in the written notice, with Contracting Agency forces or by such other means as the Contracting Agency may deem necessary.

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If the Contractor fails to comply with a written order to remedy what the Engineer determines to be an emergency situation, the Engineer may have the defective and unauthorized work corrected immediately, have the rejected work removed and replaced, or have work the Contractor refuses to perform completed by using Contracting Agency or other forces. An emergency situation is any situation when, in the opinion of the Engineer, a delay in its remedy could be potentially unsafe, or might cause serious risk of loss or damage to the public.

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Direct or indirect costs incurred by the Contracting Agency attributable to correcting and remedying defective or unauthorized work, or work the Contractor failed or refused to perform, shall be paid by the Contractor. Payment will be deducted by the Engineer from monies due, or to become due, the Contractor. Such direct and indirect costs shall include in particular, but without limitation, compensation for additional professional services required, and costs for repair and replacement of work of others destroyed or damaged by correction, removal, or replacement of the Contractor's unauthorized work.

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No adjustment in contract time or compensation will be allowed because of the delay in the performance of the work attributable to the exercise of the Contracting Agency's rights provided by this Section.

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The rights exercised under the provisions of this section shall not diminish the Contracting Agency's right to pursue any other avenue for additional remedy or damages with respect to the Contractor's failure to perform the work as required.

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1-05.11.RTF 1-05.11 **Final Inspection**

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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1-05.11 **Final Inspections and Operational Testing** (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)

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1-05.11(1) Substantial Completion Date

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When the Contractor considers the work to be substantially complete, the Contractor shall so notify the Engineer and request the Engineer establish the Substantial Completion Date. The Contractor's request shall list the specific items of work that remain to be completed in order to reach physical completion. The Engineer will schedule an inspection of the work with the Contractor to determine the status of

completion. The Engineer may also establish the Substantial Completion Date unilaterally.

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If, after this inspection, the Engineer concurs with the Contractor that the work is substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer, by written notice to the Contractor, will set the Substantial Completion Date. If, after this inspection the Engineer does not consider the work substantially complete and ready for its intended use, the Engineer will, by written notice, so notify the Contractor giving the reasons therefor.

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Upon receipt of written notice concurring in or denying substantial completion, whichever is applicable, the Contractor shall pursue vigorously, diligently and without unauthorized interruption, the work necessary to reach Substantial and Physical Completion. The Contractor shall provide the Engineer with a revised schedule indicating when the Contractor expects to reach substantial and physical completion of the work.

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The above process shall be repeated until the Engineer establishes the Substantial Completion Date and the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection.

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1-05.11(2) Final Inspection and Physical Completion Date

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When the Contractor considers the work physically complete and ready for final inspection, the Contractor by written notice, shall request the Engineer to schedule a final inspection. The Engineer will set a date for final inspection. The Engineer and the Contractor will then make a final inspection and the Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of all particulars in which the final inspection reveals the work incomplete or unacceptable. The Contractor shall immediately take such corrective measures as are necessary to remedy the listed deficiencies. Corrective work shall be pursued vigorously, diligently, and without interruption until physical completion of the listed deficiencies. This process will continue until the Engineer is satisfied the listed deficiencies have been corrected.

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If action to correct the listed deficiencies is not initiated within 7 days after receipt of the written notice listing the deficiencies, the Engineer may, upon written notice to the Contractor, take whatever steps are necessary to correct those deficiencies pursuant to Section 1-05.7.

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The Contractor will not be allowed an extension of contract time because of a delay in the performance of the work attributable to the exercise of the Engineer's right hereunder.

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44 45 Upon correction of all deficiencies, the Engineer will notify the Contractor and the Contracting Agency, in writing, of the date upon which the work was considered physically complete. That date shall constitute the Physical Completion Date of the contract, but shall not imply acceptance of the work or that all the obligations of the Contractor under the contract have been fulfilled.

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1-05.11(3) Operational Testing

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It is the intent of the Contracting Agency to have at the Physical Completion Date a complete and operable system. Therefore when the work involves the installation of machinery or other mechanical equipment; street lighting, electrical distribution or signal

1 systems; irrigation systems; buildings; or other similar work it may be desirable for the 2 Engineer to have the Contractor operate and test the work for a period of time after final 3 inspection but prior to the physical completion date. Whenever items of work are listed in 4 the Contract Provisions for operational testing they shall be fully tested under operating 5 conditions for the time period specified to ensure their acceptability prior to the Physical 6 Completion Date. During and following the test period, the Contractor shall correct any 7 items of workmanship, materials, or equipment which prove faulty, or that are not in first 8 class operating condition. Equipment, electrical controls, meters, or other devices and 9 equipment to be tested during this period shall be tested under the observation of the 10 Engineer, so that the Engineer may determine their suitability for the purpose for which 11 they were installed. The Physical Completion Date cannot be established until testing 12 and corrections have been completed to the satisfaction of the Engineer. 13 14 The costs for power, gas, labor, material, supplies, and everything else needed to 15 successfully complete operational testing, shall be included in the unit contract prices 16 related to the system being tested, unless specifically set forth otherwise in the proposal. 17 18 Operational and test periods, when required by the Engineer, shall not affect a 19 manufacturer's guaranties or warranties furnished under the terms of the contract. 20 21 22 1-05.13.RTF 23 Superintendents, Labor and Equipment of Contractor 1-05.13 24 (August 14, 2013 APWA GSP) 25 26 Delete the sixth and seventh paragraphs of this section. 27 28 1-05.14.GR1 29 **Cooperation with Other Contractors** 30 31 1-05.14.INST1.GR1 32 Section 1-05.14 is supplemented with the following: 33 34 F1-05.14.OPT1.DOCX 35 (March 13, 1995) Other Contracts Or Other Work 36 37 It is anticipated that the following work adjacent to or within the limits of this project will 38 be performed by others during the course of this project and will require coordination of 39 the work: 40 41 42 43 2024 Pavement Maintenance Overlay project is adjacent to the Work on Pacific Ave 44 at Fulton Ave. 45 46 *** 47 48 49 1-05.15.RTF

1-05.15 Method of Serving Notices

(January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)

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Revise the second paragraph to read:

All correspondence from the Contractor shall be served and directed to the Engineer. All correspondence from the Contractor constituting any notification, notice of protest, notice of dispute, or other correspondence constituting notification required to be furnished under the Contract, must be written in paper format, hand delivered or sent via certified mail delivery service with return receipt requested to the Engineer's office. Electronic copies such as e-mails or electronically delivered copies of correspondence will not constitute such notice and will not comply with the requirements of the Contract.

1-05.16.RTF

Add the following new section:

1-05.16 Water and Power (October 1, 2005 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall make necessary arrangements, and shall bear the costs for power and water necessary for the performance of the work, unless the contract includes power and water as a pay item.

1-05.18.RTF

Add the following new section:

1-05.18 Record Drawings (March 8, 2013 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall maintain one set of full size plans for Record Drawings, updated with clear and accurate red-lined field revisions on a daily basis, and within 2 business days after receipt of information that a change in Work has occurred. The Contractor

shall not conceal any work until the required information is recorded.

This Record Drawing set shall be used for this purpose alone, shall be kept separate from other Plan sheets, and shall be clearly marked as Record Drawings. These Record Drawings shall be kept on site at the Contractor's field office, and shall be available for review by the Contracting Agency at all times. The Contractor shall bring the Record Drawings to each progress meeting for review.

The preparation and upkeep of the Record Drawings is to be the assigned responsibility of a single, experienced, and qualified individual. The quality of the Record Drawings, in terms of accuracy, clarity, and completeness, is to be adequate to allow the Contracting Agency to modify the computer-aided drafting (CAD) Contract Drawings to produce a complete set of Record Drawings for the Contracting Agency without further investigative effort by the Contracting Agency.

The Record Drawing markups shall document all changes in the Work, both concealed and visible. Items that must be shown on the markups include but are not limited to:

• Actual dimensions, arrangement, and materials used when different than shown in the Plans.

• Changes made by Change Order or Field Order.

Changes made by the Contractor.

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Accurate locations of storm sewer, sanitary sewer, water mains and other water appurtenances, structures, conduits, light standards, vaults, width of roadways, sidewalks, landscaping areas, building footprints, channelization and pavement markings, etc. Include pipe invert elevations, top of castings (manholes, inlets, etc.).

If the Contract calls for the Contracting Agency to do all surveying and staking, the Contracting Agency will provide the elevations at the tolerances the Contracting Agency requires for the Record Drawings.

When the Contract calls for the Contractor to do the surveying/staking, the applicable tolerance limits include, but are not limited to the following:

	Vertical	Horizontal
As-built sanitary & storm invert and grate elevations	± 0.01 foot	± 0.01 foot
As-built monumentation	± 0.001 foot	± 0.001 foot
As-built waterlines, inverts, valves, hydrants	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built ponds/swales/water features	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built buildings (fin. Floor elev.)	± 0.01 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built gas lines, power, TV, Tel, Com	± 0.10 foot	± 0.10 foot
As-built signs, signals, etc.	N/A	± 0.10 foot

Making Entries on the Record Drawings:

- Use erasable colored pencil (not ink) for all markings on the Record Drawings, conforming to the following color code:
- Additions -Red
- Deletions -Green
- Comments -Blue
- Dimensions-Graphite
- Provide the applicable reference for all entries, such as the change order number, the request for information (RFI) number, or the approved shop drawing number.
- Date all entries.
- Clearly identify all items in the entry with notes similar to those in the Contract Drawings (such as pipe symbols, centerline elevations, materials, pipe joint abbreviations, etc.).

The Contractor shall certify on the Record Drawings that said drawings are an accurate depiction of built conditions, and in conformance with the requirements detailed above. The Contractor shall submit final Record Drawings to the Contracting Agency. Contracting Agency acceptance of the Record Drawings is one of the requirements for achieving Physical Completion.

Payment will be made for the following bid item:

Record Drawings	Lump Sum
(Minimum Bid \$ \$2,000.00)	

Payment for this item will be made on a prorated monthly basis for work completed in accordance with this section up to 75% of the lump sum bid. The final 25% of the lump sum item will be paid upon submittal and approval of the completed Record Drawings set prepared in conformance with these Special Provisions.

A minimum bid amount has been entered in the Bid Proposal for this item. The Contractor must bid at least that amount.

1-06.GR1 Control of Material

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1-06.INST1.GR1

Section 1-06 is supplemented with the following:

1-06.OPT2.GR1

Build America/Buy America

1-06.OPT2(A).GR1

(December 20, 2023)

General Requirements

In accordance with Buy America Preferences for Infrastructure Projects requirements contained in 2 CFR 184 and Division G, Title IX - Build America, Buy America Act (BABA), of Public Law 117-58 (Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act), the following materials must be American-made:

- 1. All steel and iron used in the project are produced in the United States. This means all manufacturing processes, from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings, occurred in the United States.
- All manufactured products used in the project are produced in the United States. This means the manufactured product was manufactured in the United States, and the cost of the components of the manufactured product that are mined, produced, or manufactured in the United States is greater than 55 percent of the total cost of all components of the manufactured product, unless another standard for determining the minimum amount of domestic content of the manufactured product has been established under applicable law or regulation.
- All construction materials are manufactured in the United States. This means that all manufacturing processes for the construction material occurred in the United States.

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An article, material, or supply will be classified in one of three categories: 1) Steel and Iron, 2) Manufactured Product or 3) Construction Material. Only a single category will apply to an item and be subject to the requirements of the BABA requirements of that category. Some contract items are composed of multiple parts that may fall into different categories. Individual components will be categorized as a construction material, manufactured product, or steel and iron based on their composition when they arrive at the staging area or work site. When steel or iron are a component of a manufactured product or construction material, the steel and iron components will be subject to "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

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Definitions

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51 52 Construction Material: Defined as any article, material, or supply brought to the construction site for incorporation into the final product. Construction materials include an article, material, or supply that is or consists primarily of:

Non-ferrous metals including all manufacturing processes, from initial smelting or melting through final shaping, coating, and assembly;

- Plastic and polymer-based products including all manufacturing processes, from initial combination of constituent plastic or polymer-based inputs, or, where applicable, constituent composite materials, until the item is in its final form);
- Glass including all manufacturing processes, from initial batching and melting of raw materials through annealing, cooling, and cutting);
- Fiber optic cable (includes drop cable) including all manufacturing processes, from initial ribboning (if applicable), through buffering, fiber stranding and jacketing, (fiber optic cable also includes the standards for glass and optical fiber):
- Optical fiber including all manufacturing processes, from the initial preform fabrication stage, though the completion of the draw;
- f. Lumber including all manufacturing processes, from initial debarking through treatment and planing;
- Drywall including all manufacturing processes, from initial blending of mined or synthetic gypsum plaster and additives through cutting and drying of sandwiched panels; or
- Engineered wood including all manufacturing processes from the initial h. combination of constituent materials until the wood product is in its final form.

Construction Materials do not include items of primarily iron or steel; manufactured products; cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives.

If a Construction Material is not manufactured in the United States it shall be considered a Foreign Construction Material.

- Manufactured Product: A Manufactured product includes any item produced as a result of the manufacturing process. Items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined together through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed through a manufacturing process, should be treated as manufactured products, rather than as construction materials.
- Manufactured in the United States: A construction material will be considered as manufactured in the United States if all manufacturing processes have occurred in the United States.
- Structural Steel: Defined as all structural steel products included in the project.

 United States: To further define the coverage, a domestic product is a manufactured steel construction material that was produced in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, or in the territories and possessions of the United States.
 Steel and Iron Requirements

Major quantities of steel and iron construction materials that are permanently incorporated into the project shall consist of American-made materials only. BABA requirements do not apply to temporary steel or iron items, e.g., temporary sheet piling, temporary bridges, steel scaffolding and falsework.

Minor amounts of foreign steel and iron may be utilized in this project provided the cost of the foreign material used does not exceed one-tenth of one percent of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater.

American-made material is defined as material having all manufacturing processes occurring domestically.

If domestically produced steel billets or iron ingots are exported outside of the area of coverage, as defined above, for any manufacturing process then the resulting product does not conform to the BABA requirements. Additionally, products manufactured domestically from foreign source steel billets or iron ingots do not conform to the BABA requirements because the initial melting and mixing of alloys to create the material occurred in a foreign country.

Manufacturing begins with the initial melting and mixing and continues through the coating stage. Any process which modifies the chemical content, the physical size or shape, or the final finish is considered a manufacturing process. The processes include rolling, extruding, machining, bending, grinding, drilling, welding, and coating. The action of applying a coating to steel or iron is deemed a manufacturing process. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, aluminizing, painting, and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of steel or iron. Any process from the original reduction from ore to the finished product constitutes a manufacturing process for iron.

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to raw materials (iron ore and alloys), scrap (recycled steel or iron), and pig iron ore processed, pelletized, and reduced iron ore.

The following are considered to be steel manufacturing processes:

- 1. Production of steel by any of the following processes:
 - a. Open hearth furnace.
 - b. Basic oxygen.
 - c. Electric furnace.
 - d. Direct reduction.
- 2. Rolling, heat treating, and any other similar processing.

- 3. Fabrication of the products:
 - a. Spinning wire into cable or strand.
 - b. Corrugating and rolling into culverts.
 - c. Shop fabrication.

A certification of materials origin will be required for all items comprised of, or containing, steel or iron construction materials prior to such items being incorporated into the permanent work. The Contractor will not receive payment until the certification is received by the Engineer. The certification shall be on WSDOT Form 350-109 provided by the Engineer, or such other form the Contractor chooses, provided it contains the same information as WSDOT Form 350-109.

Manufactured Products

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to manufactured products. Manufactured products that contain steel and iron, regardless of a nationwide waiver, will follow "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

Construction Material Requirements

A Contractor provided certification of materials origin will be required before each progress estimate or payment. The Contractor will not receive payment until the certification is received by the Engineer. The Contractor shall certify that all construction materials installed during the current progress estimate period meets the Build America, Buy America Act. The certification shall be on WSDOT Form 350-111 provided by the Engineer, or such other form the Contractor chooses, provided it contains the same information as WSDOT Form 350-111.

Waiver for De Minimis Costs

Minor amounts of Foreign Construction Materials may be utilized in this project, provided that the total cost of the Foreign Construction Materials does not exceed \$1,000,000 and does not exceed 5 percent of the total applicable material costs calculated as follows:

 $\frac{Total\ cost\ of\ Foreign\ Construction\ Materials}{Total\ applicable\ material\ costs} < 0.05$

The total applicable material costs shall be the sum of the costs all Construction Materials, all Steel and Iron, and all Manufactured Products. Total applicable material costs does not include the cost of cement and cementitious materials; aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel; or aggregate binding agents or additives.

Steel and iron materials shall follow the "Steel and Iron Requirements" of this Specification.

1-06.2(2)B.docx **1-06.2(2)B** Financial Incentive (January 4, 2024 AWPA GSP) 1-06.6.RTF

Recycled Materials 1-06.6

(January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

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Delete this section, including its subsections, and replace it with the following:

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The Contractor shall make their best effort to utilize recycled materials in the construction of the project. Approval of such material use shall be as detailed elsewhere in the Standard Specifications.

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> Prior to Physical Completion the Contractor shall report the quantity of recycled materials that were utilized in the construction of the project for each of the items listed in Section 9-03.21. The report shall include hot mix asphalt, recycled concrete aggregate, recycled glass, steel furnace slag and other recycled materials (e.g. utilization of on-site material and aggregates from concrete returned to the supplier). The Contractor's report shall be provided on DOT form 350-075 Recycled Materials Reporting.

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1-07.GR1

Legal Relations and Responsibilities to the Public

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1-07.2.RTF 1-07.2 State Taxes

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Delete this section, including its sub-sections, in its entirety and replace it with the following:

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1-07.2 State Sales Tax

(June 27, 2011 APWA GSP)

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The Washington State Department of Revenue has issued special rules on the State sales tax. Sections 1-07.2(1) through 1-07.2(3) are meant to clarify those rules. The Contractor should contact the Washington State Department of Revenue for answers to questions in this area. The Contracting Agency will not adjust its payment if the Contractor bases a bid on a misunderstood tax liability.

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The Contractor shall include all Contractor-paid taxes in the unit bid prices or other contract amounts. In some cases, however, state retail sales tax will not be included. Section 1-07.2(2) describes this exception.

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The Contracting Agency will pay the retained percentage (or release the Contract Bond if a FHWA-funded Project) only if the Contractor has obtained from the Washington State Department of Revenue a certificate showing that all contract-related taxes have been paid (RCW 60.28.051). The Contracting Agency may deduct from its payments to the Contractor any amount the Contractor may owe the Washington State Department of Revenue, whether the amount owed relates to this contract or not. Any amount so deducted will be paid into the proper State fund.

1-07.2(1) State Sales Tax — Rule 171

WAC 458-20-171, and its related rules, apply to building, repairing, or improving streets, roads, etc., which are owned by a municipal corporation, or political subdivision of the state, or by the United States, and which are used primarily for foot or vehicular traffic. This includes storm or combined sewer systems within and included as a part of the street or road drainage system and power lines when such are part of the roadway lighting system. For work performed in such cases, the Contractor shall include Washington State Retail Sales Taxes in the various unit bid item prices, or other contract amounts, including those that the Contractor pays on the purchase of the materials, equipment, or supplies used or consumed in doing the work.

1-07.2(2) State Sales Tax — Rule 170

WAC 458-20-170, and its related rules, apply to the constructing and repairing of new or existing buildings, or other structures, upon real property. This includes, but is not limited to, the construction of streets, roads, highways, etc., owned by the state of Washington; water mains and their appurtenances; sanitary sewers and sewage disposal systems unless such sewers and disposal systems are within, and a part of, a street or road drainage system; telephone, telegraph, electrical power distribution lines, or other conduits or lines in or above streets or roads, unless such power lines become a part of a street or road lighting system; and installing or attaching of any article of tangible personal property in or to real property, whether or not such personal property becomes a part of the realty by virtue of installation.

For work performed in such cases, the Contractor shall collect from the Contracting Agency, retail sales tax on the full contract price. The Contracting Agency will automatically add this sales tax to each payment to the Contractor. For this reason, the Contractor shall not include the retail sales tax in the unit bid item prices, or in any other contract amount subject to Rule 170, with the following exception.

Exception: The Contracting Agency will not add in sales tax for a payment the Contractor or a subcontractor makes on the purchase or rental of tools, machinery, equipment, or consumable supplies not integrated into the project. Such sales taxes shall be included in the unit bid item prices or in any other contract amount.

1-07.2(3) Services

The Contractor shall not collect retail sales tax from the Contracting Agency on any contract wholly for professional or other services (as defined in Washington State Department of Revenue Rules 138 and 244).

1-07.5.GR1

Environmental Regulations

1-07.5.INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.5 is supplemented with the following:

1	1-07.5.OPT1.GR1
2	(September 20, 2010)
3	Environmental Commitments
4	The following Provisions summarize the requirements, in addition to those required
5	elsewhere in the Contract, imposed upon the Contracting Agency by the various
6	documents referenced in the Special Provision Permits and Licenses . Throughout the
7	work, the Contractor shall comply with the following requirements:
8	work, the Contractor shall comply with the following requirements.
9	1-07.5.OPT2.GR1
10	(August 3, 2009)
11	Payment
12	All costs to comply with this special provision for the environmental commitments and
13	requirements are incidental to the contract and are the responsibility of the Contractor.
14	The Contractor shall include all related costs in the associated bid prices of the contract.
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17	1-07.7.GR1
18	Load Limits
19	4.07 - 111074.074
20	1-07.7.INST1.GR1
21	Section 1-07.7 is supplemented with the following:
22	4 07 7 ODTO OD4
23	1-07.7.OPT6.GR1
24	(March 13, 1995)
25	If the sources of materials provided by the Contractor necessitates hauling over roads
26	other than State Highways, the Contractor shall, at the Contractor's expense, make all
27	arrangements for the use of the haul routes.
28 29	1-07.9.GR1
30	Wages
31 32	1-07.9(1).GR1
33	General
34	General
3 4	1-07.9(1).INST1.GR1
36	Section 1-07.9(1) is supplemented with the following:
30 37	Section 1-07.9(1) is supplemented with the following.
38	1-07.9(1).OPT1.GR1
39	(January 10, 2024)
40	The Federal wage rates incorporated in this contract have been established by the
4 0 41	Secretary of Labor under United States Department of Labor General Decision No.
42	WA20240001.
43	VVA20240001.
44	The State rates incorporated in this contract are applicable to all construction
45	activities associated with this contract.
46	activities associated with this contract.
47	1-07.9(5)A.RTF
48	1-07.9(5)A Required Documents
4 9	(July 8, 2024 APWA GSP)
50	(5.5.) 5, 252
51	This section is revised to read as follows:

1 All Statements of Intent to Pay Prevailing Wages, Affidavits of Wages Paid and Certified 2 Payrolls, including a signed Statement of Compliance for Federal-aid projects, shall be 3 submitted to the Engineer and to the State L&I online Prevailing Wage Intent & Affidavit 4 (PWIA) system. When apprenticeship is a requirement of the contract, include in PWIA all 5 apprentices. 6 7 1-07.11.GR1 8 **Requirements for Nondiscrimination** 9 10 1-07.11.INST1.GR1 11 Section 1-07.11 is supplemented with the following: 12 13 1-07.11.OPT1.GR1 14 (October 3, 2022) 15 Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Employment Opportunity (Executive 16 Order 11246) 17 18 The Contractor's attention is called to the Equal Opportunity Clause and the Standard 19 Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set 20 forth herein. 21 22 The goals and timetables for minority and female participation set by the Office of 23 Federal Contract Compliance Programs, expressed in percentage terms for the 24 Contractor's aggregate work force in each construction craft and in each trade on all 25 construction work in the covered area, are as follows: 26 27 Women - Statewide 28 29 Timetable Goal 30 31 6.9% Until further notice 32 Minorities - by Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area (SMSA) 33 34 Spokane, WA: 35 SMSA Counties: 36 Spokane, WA 2.8 37 WA Spokane. 38 Non-SMSA Counties 3.0 39 WA Adams; WA Asotin; WA Columbia; WA Ferry; WA Garfield; WA Lincoln, WA Pend Oreille; WA Stevens; WA Whitman. 40 41 42 Richland, WA 43 SMSA Counties: 44 Richland Kennewick, WA 5.4 45 WA Benton; WA Franklin. 46 Non-SMSA Counties 3.6

WA Walla Walla.

1	Yakima, WA:			
2	SMSA Counties:			
3	Yakima, WA	9.7		
4	WA Yakima.	-		
5	Non-SMSA Counties	7.2		
6	WA Chelan; WA Douglas; WA Grant; WA Kittitas; WA Okanogan.			
7	, , , , , ,	, - 3		
8	Seattle, WA:			
9	SMSA Counties:			
10	Seattle Everett, WA	7.2		
11	WA King; WA Snohomish.			
12	Tacoma, WA	6.2		
13	WA Pierce.			
14	Non-SMSA Counties	6.1		
15	WA Clallam; WA Grays Harbor; WA	WA Clallam; WA Grays Harbor; WA Island; WA Jefferson; WA Kitsap;		
16	WA Lewis; WA Mason; WA Pacific	WA Lewis; WA Mason; WA Pacific; WA San Juan; WA Skagit; WA		
17	Thurston; WA Whatcom.	-		
18				
19	Portland, OR:			
20	SMSA Counties:			
21	Portland, OR-WA	4.5		
22	WA Clark.			
23	Non-SMSA Counties	3.8		
24	WA Cowlitz; WA Klickitat; WA	Skamania; WA Wahkiakum.		
25				
26	These goals are applicable to each nonexempt Co	ntractor's total on-site construction		

workforce, regardless of whether or not part of that workforce is performing work on a Federal, or federally assisted project, contract, or subcontract until further notice. Compliance with these goals and time tables is enforced by the Office of Federal Contract compliance Programs.

The Contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, in each construction craft and in each trade, and the Contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goal shall be a violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs (OFCCP) within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 or more that are Federally funded, at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor; employer identification number of the subcontractor; estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated starting and completion dates of the subcontract; and the

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- 3. If the Contractor is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors or subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or subcontractor's failure to take good faith effort to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
- 4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7a through 7p of this Special Provision. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in the covered area. Covered construction contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical area where the work is being performed. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specified.
- 5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant thereto.
- 6. In order for the nonworking training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.
- 7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its action. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the

Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

- Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organizations' responses.
- Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefor, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
- Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
- Develop on-the-job training opportunity and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the U.S. Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under 7b above.
- Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

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- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment efforts, both oral and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- I. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are nonsegregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
- p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
- 8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7a through 7p). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the Contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of the obligations under 7a through 7p of this Special

Provision provided that the Contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensure that the concrete benefits of the program are reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work-force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrate the effectiveness of actions taken on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.

A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in substantially disparate manner (for example, even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a specific minority group of women is underutilized).

10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.

11. The Contractor shall not enter into any subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.

12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspensions, terminations and cancellations of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementing regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of this Special Provision, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.8.

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14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the government and to keep records. Records shall at least include, for each employee, their name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g., mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and locations at which the work was performed. Records shall be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, the Contractors will not be required to maintain separate records.

- 15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).
- 16. Additional assistance for Federal Construction Contractors on contracts administered by Washington State Department of Transportation or by Local Agencies may be found at:

Washington State Dept. of Transportation Office of Equity and Civil Rights PO Box 47314 310 Maple Park Ave. SE Olympia WA 98504-7314 Ph: 360-705-7090

Fax: 360-705-6801

http://www.wsdot.wa.gov/equalopportunity/default.htm

F1-07.11.OptionB.DOCX

1-07.11 Requirements for Nondiscrimination

(September 3, 2024, APWA GSP Option B)

Section 1-07.11 is supplemented with the following:

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Participation General

The Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and USDOT's official interpretations (i.e., Questions & Answers) apply to this Contract. Demonstrating compliance with these Specifications is a Condition of Award (COA) of this Contract. Failure to comply with the requirements of this Specification may result in your Bid being found to be irregular in accordance with Section 1-02.13 resulting in rejection or other sanctions as provided by the Contract.

DBE Abbreviations and Definitions

Certified Business Description – The approved business description that supplements the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) code listed in OMWBE's directory of certified firms.

Certified Business Directory – A database of all Minority, Women, and Disadvantaged Business Enterprises currently certified by Washington State. The on-line Directory is available to Bidders for their use in identifying and soliciting interest from DBE firms. The database is located under the Firm Certification section of the Diversity Management and Compliance System web page at: https://omwbe.diversitycompliance.com.

Commercially Useful Function (CUF) -

A firm performs a commercially useful function when it is responsible for execution of the work of the contract and is carrying out its responsibilities by performing, managing, and supervising the work involved as defined in 49 CFR 26.55(c)(1). To

perform a commercially useful function, the firm must also be responsible, with respect to materials and supplies used on the contract, for ordering, negotiating price, paying for, determining quality and quantity, and installing (where applicable) for the material itself.

The DBE firm does not perform a CUF if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or Project through which the funds are passed to obtain the appearance of DBE participation.

Consultant, DBE – An individual, partnership, firm, or corporation who meet the definition of a DBE which has been retained under a contract to provide technical or professional services.

DBE Commitment – The dollar amount and scope of work the Bidder indicates on each line of their DBE Utilization Certification (DOT Form 272-056) for each DBE firm. These Commitments will be incorporated into the Contract and shall be considered Contract requirements.

DBE Condition of Award (COA) Goal – An assigned numerical amount specified as a percentage of the Contract. At Bid, this is the minimum amount that the Bidder must commit to by submission of the DBE Utilization Certification form and, if necessary, by GFE Documentation.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) – A business that is owned and operated independently from other businesses and is certified by the Washington State Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises, as meeting the criteria outlined in 49 CFR 26 regarding DBE certification.

Force Account Work – Work measured and paid in accordance with Section 1-09.6.

Good Faith Efforts (GFE)— Efforts to achieve the DBE COA Goal or other requirements of this Provision which, by their scope, intensity, and appropriateness to the objective, can reasonably be expected to fulfill the program requirement.

Good Faith Efforts (GFE) Documentation - The documentation of the Good Faith Effort. GFE Documentation is only required in the event that the Contractor is unable to fulfill the program requirements and shall follow the guidance of 49 CFR Part 26 Appendix A.

Subcontractor, DBE – An individual, partnership, firm, corporation, or joint venture who meet the definition of a DBE and who is sublet part of the Contract.

Supplier, DBE – A Manufacturer, Regular Dealer, Distributor, or Transaction Facilitator who provides supplies or materials for the Contract. The role a Supplier performs is determined on a contract-by contact basis.

Manufacturer, DBE – A DBE firm that operates or maintains a factory or establishment that produces on the premises the materials, supplies, articles, or equipment required under the Contract. A DBE Manufacturer shall produce finished goods or products from raw or unfinished material or purchase and substantially alters goods and materials to make them suitable for construction use before reselling them.

Regular Dealer, DBE – A DBE firm that owns, operates, or maintains a store, warehouse, or other establishment in which the materials or supplies required for the performance of a Contract are bought, kept in stock, and regularly sold to the public in the usual course of business. To be a Regular Dealer, the DBE firm must be an established regular business that engages in as its principal business and in its own name the purchase and sale of the products in question. A Regular Dealer in such items as steel, cement, gravel, stone, and petroleum products need not own, operate or maintain a place of business if it both owns and operates distribution equipment for the products. Any supplementing of regular dealers' own distribution equipment shall be by long-term formal lease agreements and not on an ad-hoc basis. Brokers, packagers, manufacturers' representatives, or other persons who arrange or expedite transactions shall not be regarded as Regular Dealers within the meaning of this definition.

Distributor, DBE –An established DBE firm that engages in the regular sale or lease of the items specified by the contract. A DBE Distributor assumes responsibility for the items it purchases once they leave the point of origin, making it liable for any loss or damage not covered by the carrier's insurance. The Distributor must demonstrate ownership of the items in question and assure all risk for loss or damage during transportation, evidenced by the terms of the purchase order or bill of lading from a third party, indicating Free on Board (FOB) at the point of origin or similar terms that transfer responsibility of the items in question to the DBE distributors.

Transaction Facilitator, DBE – A DBE firm (packagers, brokers, manufacturer's representatives, etc.) who provides a bona fide service arranging, facilitating, or expediting transactions but does not qualify as a Manufacturer, a Regular Dealer, or a Distributor

DBE COA Goal

The Contracting Agency has established a DBE COA Goal for this Contract in the amount of: *** 12% *** which applies to the final Contract amount.

If the Contractor cannot meet the DBE COA Goal, GFE Documentation is required.

Demonstrating compliance with the DBE COA Goal is a Condition of Award of this Contract.

Procedures Prior to Award

Approval of Regular Dealer and Distributors

DBE firms proposed to be used as either a Regular Dealer or a Distributor must be approved before being listed as a COA/used on a project. The Approved Regular Dealer list published on WSDOT's Office of Equity and Civil Rights (OECR) web site must include the specific project for which approval is being requested. For purposes of the DBE COA Goal participation, the Regular Dealer/Distributor must submit the DBE Regular Dealer/Distributor Affirmation Form (USDOT OMB Control 508v3)a minimum of five calendar days prior to bid opening. The DBE Regular Dealer/Distributor Affirmation Form is located at:

https://www.transportation.gov/mission/civil-rights/dbe-regular-dealer-distributoraffirmation

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Requests to be listed as a Regular Dealer/Distributor will only be processed if the requesting firm is a material supplier certified by the Office of Minority and Women's Business Enterprises in a NAICS code that falls within the 42XXXX NAICS Wholesale code section.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization

To be eligible for award of the Contract, the Bidder shall properly complete and submit a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Utilization Certification with the Bidder's sealed Bid Proposal, as specified in Section 1-02.9 Delivery of Proposal. The Bidder's DBE Utilization Certification must clearly demonstrate how the Bidder intends to meet the DBE COA Goal. A DBE Utilization Certification (WSDOT Form 272-056) is included in the Proposal package for this purpose as well as instructions on how to properly fill out the form.

The Bidder is advised that the items listed below when listed in the Utilization Certification must have their amounts reduced to the percentages shown and those reduced amounts will be the amount applied towards meeting the DBE COA Goal.

- 1. Force account at 50% of the total amount to be subcontracted
- 2.Regular dealer at 60% of the cost of the materials or supplies
- 3. Distributor at 40% of the cost of the materials or supplies
- 4. Transaction Facilitator not more than 5% of the goods or services

In the event of arithmetic errors in completing the DBE Utilization Certification, the amount listed to be applied towards the DBE COA Goal for each DBE shall govern and the DBE total amount shall be adjusted accordingly.

Bid Proposals submitted that do not contain a DBE Utilization Certification Form that demonstrates how the Bidder intends to meet the DBE COA Goal will be considered irregular in accordance with Section make the Proposal considered to be irregular in accordance with Section 1-02.13 and will be rejected.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Written Confirmation Document(s)

The Bidder shall submit a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Written Confirmation Document (completed and signed by the DBE) for each DBE firm listed in the Bidder's completed DBE Utilization Certification. Failure to do so will result in the associated participation being disallowed, which will cause the Bid to be considered irregular in accordance with Section 1-02.13 and will be rejected.

The Confirmation Documents provide confirmation from the DBEs that they are participating in the Contract as provided in the Bidder's Commitment. The Confirmation Documents must be consistent with the Utilization Certification.

A DBE Written Confirmation Document (WSDOT Form 422-031) is included in the Proposal package for this purpose. The form(s) shall be received as specified in the special provisions for Section 1-02.9 Delivery of Proposal.

It is prohibited for the Bidder to require a DBE to submit a Written Confirmation Document with any part of the form left blank. Should the Contracting Agency determine that an incomplete Written Confirmation Document was signed by a DBE, the associated DBE participation may not be allowed.

a DBE that is determined to be performing a CUF. Payment must be commensurate

with the work actually performed by the DBE. This applies to all DBEs performing Work on a project, whether or not the DBEs are COA, if the Contractor wants to receive credit for their participation. The Engineer will conduct CUF reviews to ascertain whether DBEs are performing a CUF. A DBE performs a CUF when it is carrying out its responsibilities of its contract by actually performing, managing, and supervising the Work involved. The DBE must be responsible for negotiating price; determining quality and quantity; ordering the material, installing (where applicable); and paying for the material itself. If a DBE does not perform "all" of these functions on a furnish-and-install contract, it has not performed a CUF and the cost of materials cannot be counted toward DBE COA Goal. Leasing of equipment from a leasing company is allowed. However, leasing/purchasing equipment from the Contractor is not allowed. Lease agreements shall be provided prior to the subcontractor beginning Work. Any use of the Contractor's equipment by a DBE will not be credited as countable participation.

The DBE does not perform a CUF if its role is limited to that of an extra participant in a transaction, contract, or project through which the funds are passed in order to obtain the appearance of DBE participation.

In order for a DBE traffic control company to be considered to be performing a CUF. the DBE must be in control of its work inclusive of supervision. The DBE shall employ a Traffic Control Supervisor who is directly involved in the management and supervision of the traffic control employees and services.

The following are some of the factors that the Engineer will use in determining whether a DBE trucking company is performing a CUF:

The DBE shall be responsible for the management and supervision of the entire trucking operation for which it is responsible on the contract. The owner demonstrates business related knowledge, shows up on site and is determined to be actively running the business.

The DBE itself shall own and operate at least one fully licensed, insured, and operational truck used on the Contract. The drivers of the trucks owned and leased by the DBE must be exclusively employed by the DBE and reflected on the DBE's payroll.

Lease agreements for trucks shall indicate that the DBE has exclusive use of and control over the truck(s). This does not preclude the leased truck from working for others provided it is with the consent of the DBE and the lease provides the DBE absolute priority for use of the leased truck.

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4. Leased trucks shall display the name and identification number of the DBE.

Truck Unit Listing Log

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In addition to the subcontracting requirements of Section 1-08.1, each DBE trucking firm shall submit supplemental information consisting of a completed primary DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Log (DOT Form 350-077) and all Rental/Lease agreements (if applicable). The supplemental information shall be submitted in an electronic format to the Engineer prior to any trucking services being performed for DBE credit. Incomplete or incorrect supplemental information will be returned for correction. The corrected Primary Truck Unit Listing Log and any Updated Primary

Truck Unit Listing Logs shall be submitted and accepted by the Engineer no later than ten calendar days of utilizing applicable trucks. Failure to submit or update the DBE Truck Unit Listing Log may result in trucks not being credited as DBE participation.

Each DBE trucking firm shall complete a daily DBE/FSBE Truck Unit Listing Log (DOT Form 350-077) for each day that the DBE performs trucking services for DBE credit. The Daily Truck Unit Listing Log forms shall be submitted by Friday of the week after the Work was performed by email to the following email addresses.

*** NWRegionOEO@wsdot.wa.gov ***

Joint Checking

A joint check is a check between a subcontractor and the Contractor to the supplier of materials/supplies. The check is issued by the Contractor as payer to the subcontractor and the material supplier jointly for items to be incorporated into the project. The DBE must release the check to the supplier, while the Contractor acts solely as the guarantor.

A joint check agreement must be approved by the Engineer and requested by the DBE involved using the DBE Joint Check Request Form (WSDOT Form 272-053) prior to its use. The form must accompany the DBE Joint Check Agreement between the parties involved, including the conditions of the arrangement and expected use of the joint checks.

The approval to use joint checks and the use will be closely monitored by the Engineer. To receive DBE credit for performing a CUF with respect to obtaining materials and supplies, a DBE must "be responsible for negotiating price, determining quality and quantity, ordering the material, installing and paying for the material itself." The Contractor shall submit DBE Joint Check Request Form to the Engineer and be in receipt of written approval prior to using a joint check.

Material costs paid by the Contractor directly to the material supplier are not allowed. If proper procedures are not followed or the Engineer determines that the arrangement results in lack of independence for the DBE involved, no DBE credit will be given for the DBE's participation as it relates to the material cost.

Prompt Payment

Prompt payment to all subcontractors shall be in accordance with Section 1-08.1. Prompt payment requirements apply to progress payments as well as return of retainage.

Reporting

The Contractor and all subcontractors of any tier, suppliers, service providers, and professional services that utilize DBEs to perform work on the project, shall maintain appropriate records that will enable the Engineer to verify DBE participation throughout the life of the project.

Refer to Section 1-08.1 for additional reporting requirements associated with this Contract.

Crediting DBE Participation

General

Subcontractors proposed as COA must be certified prior to the due date for bids on the Contract. All non-COA DBE subcontractors shall be certified before the subcontract on which they are participating is executed.

DBE participation is only credited upon payment to the DBE.

DBE Prime Contractor and Subcontractor Participation

Only take credit for the Work that the DBE contractor performs with its own forces and is certified to perform.

If the Prime Contractor, subcontractor, or lower tier subcontractor DBE subcontracts a portion of the Work of its contract to another firm, the value of the subcontracted Work may be counted toward the DBE Commitments only if the lower-tier subcontractor is also a DBE.

Work subcontracted to a lower-tier subcontractor that is a DBE may be counted toward the DBE Commitments only if the lower-tier subcontractor self performs a minimum of 30 percent of the Work subcontracted to them.

Work subcontracted by a DBE contractor to a non-DBE does not count towards the DBE COA Goal.

DBE Subcontract and Lower Tier Subcontract Documents

DBE Consultants

A DBE firm providing a bona fide service, such as professional, technical, or managerial services, specifically required for the performance of the contract will be credited as DBE participation

Force Account Work

When the Bidder elects to utilize force account Work to meet the DBE COA Goal, as demonstrated by listing this force account Work on the DBE Utilization Certification form, for the purposes of meeting DBE COA Goal, only 50% of the Proposal amount shall be credited toward the Bidder's Commitment to meet the DBE COA Goal.

One hundred percent of the actual amounts paid to the DBE for the force account Work shall be credited towards the DBE COA Goal or DBE participation.

Temporary Traffic Control Participation

If the DBE firm only provides "Flagging", the DBE firm must provide a traffic control supervisor (TCS) and flagger(s), which are under the direct control of the DBE. The DBE firm shall also provide all flagging equipment for its employees (e.g., paddles, hard hats, and vests).

If the DBE firm provides "Traffic Control Services", the DBE firm must provide a TCS, flaggers, and traffic control items (e.g., cones, barrels, signs, etc.) and be in total control of all items in implementing the traffic control for the project.

Trucking Participation

DBE trucking firm participation may only be credited as DBE participation for the value of the hauling services, not for the materials being hauled unless the trucking firm is also certified as a supplier of those materials. In situations where the DBE's work is priced per ton, the value of the hauling service must be calculated separately from the value of the materials in order to determine DBE credit for hauling

The DBE trucking firm must own and operate at least one licensed, insured and operational truck on the contract. The truck must be of the type that is necessary to perform the hauling duties required under the contract. The DBE receives credit for the value of the transportation services it provides on the Contract using trucks it owns or leases, licenses, insures, and operates with drivers it employs.

The DBE may lease additional trucks from another DBE firm. The DBE who leases additional trucks from another DBE firm receives credit for the value of the transportation services the lessee DBE provides on the Contract.

The trucking Work subcontracted to any non-DBE trucking firm will not receive credit for Work done on the project.

The DBE may lease trucks from a truck leasing company (recognized truck rental center) but can only receive credit towards DBE participation if the DBE uses its own employees as drivers.

DBE Supplier

The credit of a DBE Supplier is decided on a contract-by-contract basis based on what the role the proposed DBE Supplier will be performing. OECR will make determinations on whether a Supplier qualifies as a Regular Dealer, Distributor, or Transaction Facilitator based on their role for the Contract.

Manufacturer - One hundred percent (100%) of the cost of the manufactured product obtained from a DBE manufacturer may count towards the DBE COA Goal.

Regular Dealer - Sixty percent (60%) of the cost of materials or supplies purchased from a DBE Regular Dealer may be credited toward the DBE Goal. **Distributor** - Forty percent (40%) of the cost of materials or supplies purchased from a DBE Distributor may be credited toward the DBE Goal.

Transaction Facilitator - only the fees or commissions charged for assistance in the procurement of the materials and supplies, or fees or transportation charges for the delivery of materials or supplies required on the job site, may toward the DBE COA Goal provided the fees are not excessive as compared with fees customarily allowed for similar services. The reasonable fee shall not exceed 5 percent of the total cost of the goods or services. Documentation will be required to support the fee/commission charged by the DBE. The cost of the materials and supplies themselves cannot be counted toward the DBE Goal.

Changes in COA Work Committed to DBE

The Contractor shall utilize the COA DBEs to perform the work and supply the materials for which each is committed unless prior written approval by the Engineer has been received by the Contractor. The Contractor shall not be entitled to any payment for work

or material completed by the Contractor or subcontractors that was committed to be completed by the COA DBEs in the DBE Utilization Certification form.

In the event a change results in a reduction to Work committed to a COA DBE, the Contractor shall substitute other remaining Work to that COA DBE if possible, to avoid a change to the total dollar amount to be applied towards the goal committed to that COA DBE. If there is a reduction to the total dollar amount to be applied towards the goal for a COA DBE Commitment, regardless of the reason, it shall be viewed as DBE termination, and subject to the termination procedures below. A notification to the DBE shall occur as soon as possible but no later than two weeks

In the event that Work committed to a DBE firm as part of the COA underruns the original planned quantities the Contractor may be required to substitute other

Requests to substitute a COA DBE must be for good cause (see DBE termination process below) and requires prior written approval of the Engineer. After receiving a termination with good cause approval, the Contractor may only replace a DBE with another certified DBE. When changes between Contract Award and Execution result in a substitution of COA DBE, the substitute DBE shall be certified prior to the bid

Termination of a COA DBE (or an approved substitute DBE) is only allowed in whole or in part for good cause and with prior written approval of the Contracting Agency. If the Contractor terminates a COA DBE without the prior written approval of the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall not be entitled to payment for work or material committed to, but not performed/supplied by the COA DBE. In addition, sanctions may apply as described elsewhere in this specification.

Prior to requesting approval to terminate a COA DBE, the Contractor shall give notice in writing to the DBE with a copy to the Engineer of its intent to request to terminate DBE Work and the reasons for doing so. The DBE shall have five days to respond to the Contractor's notice. The DBE's response shall either support the termination or advise the Engineer and the Contractor of the reasons it objects to the termination of

If the request for termination is approved, the Contractor is required to substitute with another DBE to perform at least the same amount of work as the DBE that was terminated (or provide GFE Documentation). A plan to replace the COA DBE Commitment amount shall be submitted to the Engineer within 2 days of the approval of termination. The plan to replace the Commitment shall provide the same detail as that required in the DBE Utilization Certification.

As mentioned above, the Contractor must have good cause to terminate a COA DBE.

Good cause typically includes situations where the DBE subcontractor is unable or unwilling to perform the work of its subcontract. Good cause may exist if:

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- The DBE fails or refuses to execute a written contract.
- 2. The DBE fails or refuses to perform the Work of its subcontract in a way consistent with normal industry standards.
- The DBE fails or refuses to meet the Contractor's reasonable nondiscriminatory bond requirements.
- The DBE becomes bankrupt, insolvent, or exhibits credit unworthiness.
- The DBE is ineligible to work on public works projects because of suspension and debarment proceedings pursuant to federal law or applicable State law.
- The DBE is ineligible to receive DBE credit for the type of work involved.
- 7. The DBE voluntarily withdraws from the project and provides written notice of its withdrawal.
- The DBE's work is deemed unsatisfactory by the Engineer and not in compliance with the Contract.
- The DBE's owner dies or becomes disabled with the result that the DBE is unable to complete its Work on the Contract.

Good cause does not exist if:

- The Contractor seeks to terminate a COA DBE so that the Contractor can self-perform the Work.
- The Contractor seeks to terminate a COA DBE so the Contractor can substitute another DBE contractor or non-DBE contractor after Contract Award.
- The failure or refusal of the COADBE to perform its Work on the subcontract results from the bad faith or discriminatory action of the Contractor (e.g., the failure of the Contractor to make timely payments or the unnecessary placing of obstacles in the path of the DBE's Work).

Decertification

When a DBE is "decertified" from the DBE program during the course of the Contract, the participation of that DBE shall continue to count as DBE participation as long as the subcontract with the DBE was executed prior to the decertification notice. The Contractor is obligated to substitute when a DBE does not have an executed subcontract agreement at the time of decertification.

Good Faith Effort (GFE) Documentation

GFE Documentation is required and will be evaluated whenever the Contractor is unable to fulfill the program requirement. This evaluation may need to be repeated when:

1. Determining award of a Contract that has COA goal,

- 2. When a COA DBE is terminated and substitution is required, and
- 3. Prior to Physical Completion when determining whether the Contractor has satisfied its DBE commitments.

49 CFR Part 26, Appendix A is intended as general guidance and does not, in itself, demonstrate adequate good faith efforts. The following is a list of types of actions, which would be considered as part of the Bidder's GFE Documentation to achieve DBE participation. It is not intended to be a mandatory checklist, nor is it intended to be exclusive or exhaustive. Other factors or types of efforts may be relevant in appropriate cases.

- Soliciting through all reasonable and available means (e.g. attendance at prebid meetings, advertising and/or written notices) the interest of all certified DBEs who have the capability to perform the Work of the Contract. The Bidder must solicit this interest within sufficient time to allow the DBEs to respond to the solicitation. The Bidder must determine with certainty if the DBEs are interested by taking appropriate steps to follow up initial solicitations.
- Selecting portions of the Work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood that the DBE COA Goal will be achieved. This includes, where appropriate, breaking out contract Work items into economically feasible units to facilitate DBE participation, even when the Bidder might otherwise prefer to perform these Work items with its own forces.
- 3. Providing interested DBEs with adequate information about the Plans, Specifications, and requirements of the Contract in a timely manner to assist them in responding to a solicitation.
 - a. Negotiating in good faith with interested DBEs. It is the Bidder's responsibility to make a portion of the Work available to DBE subcontractors and suppliers and to select those portions of the Work or material needs consistent with the available DBE subcontractors and suppliers, so as to facilitate DBE participation. Evidence of such negotiation includes the names, addresses, and telephone numbers of DBEs that were considered; a description of the information provided regarding the Plans and Specifications for the Work selected for subcontracting; and evidence as to why additional agreements could not be reached for DBEs to perform the Work.
 - b. A Bidder using good business judgment would consider a number of factors in negotiating with subcontractors, including DBE subcontractors, and would take a firm's price and capabilities as well as the DBE COA Goal into consideration. However, the fact that there may be some additional costs involved in finding and using DBEs is not in itself sufficient reason for a Bidder's failure to meet the DBE COA Goal, as long as such costs are reasonable. Also, the ability or desire of a Bidder to perform the Work of a Contract with its own organization does not relieve the Bidder of the responsibility to make Good Faith Efforts. Bidders are not, however, required to accept higher quotes from DBEs if the price difference is excessive or unreasonable.

- 4. Not rejecting DBEs as being unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities. The Bidder's standing within its industry, membership in specific groups, organizations, or associations and political or social affiliations (for example union vs. non-union employee status) are not legitimate causes for the rejection or non-solicitation of bids in the Bidder's efforts to meet the DBE COA Goal.
- 5. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining bonding, lines of credit, or insurance as required by the recipient or Bidder.
- 6. Making efforts to assist interested DBEs in obtaining necessary equipment, supplies, materials, or related assistance or services.
- 7. Effectively using the services of available minority/women community organizations; minority/women contractors' groups; local, State, and Federal minority/women business assistance offices; and other organizations as allowed on a case-by-case basis to provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.
- 8. GFE Documentation must include copies of each DBE and non-DBE subcontractor quotes submitted to the Bidder when a non-DBE subcontractor is selected over a DBE for Work on the Contract. (ref. updated DBE regulations 26.53(b)(2)(vi) & App. A)

Administrative Reconsideration of GFE Documentation

A Bidder has the right to request reconsideration if the GFE Documentation submitted with their Bid was determined to be inadequate or without merit. If, during the life of the Contract, the Contractor submits an additional GFE Documentation and the Contracting Agency's GFE Documentation review determines a GFE Documentation is inadequate or has no merit, the Contractor has the right to request reconsideration of the Contracting Agency's determination.

- 1. The Bidder must request reconsideration within 48 hours of notification of GFE Documentation being inadequate or without merit, or the Bidder forfeits the right to reconsideration.
- 2 The reconsideration decision on the adequacy or merit of the Bidder's GFE Documentation shall be made by an official who did not take part in the original determination.
- 3 Only original GFE Documentation submitted as a supplement to the Bid will be considered. The Bidder shall not introduce new documentation at the reconsideration hearing.
- The Bidder shall have the opportunity to meet in person with the official for the purpose of setting forth the Bidder's position as to why the GFE Documentation demonstrates a sufficient effort.
- The reconsideration official shall provide the Bidder with a written decision on reconsideration within five working days of the hearing explaining the basis for their finding.

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Consequences of Non-Compliance

Breach of Contract

Each contract with a Contractor (and each subcontract the Contractor signs with a subcontractor) must include the following assurance clause:

The Contractor, subrecipient, or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this Contract, which may result in the termination of this Contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the Contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

If the Contractor or any subcontractor of any tier, supplier, service providers, or professional services is deemed to be in non-compliance, the Contractor will be informed in writing by the Engineer that sanctions will be imposed for failure to meet the DBE COA Commitment and/or submit documentation of good faith efforts. The notice will state the specific sanctions to be imposed which may include impacting a Contractor or other entity's ability to participate in future contracts.

Sanctions

If it is determined that the Contractor's failure to meet all or part of the DBE COA Commitment is due to the Contractor's inadequate good faith efforts throughout the life of the Contract, including failure to submit timely, required Good Faith Efforts information and documentation, the Contractor may be required to pay DBE penalty equal to the amount of the unmet Commitment, in addition to the sanctions outlined in Section 1-07.11(5).

Payment

Compensation for all costs involved with complying with the conditions of this Specification and any other associated DBE requirements is included in payment for the associated Contract items of Work, except otherwise provided in the Specifications.

1-07.11(2).GR1

Contractual Requirements

1-07.11(2).INST1.GR1 Section 1-07.11(2) is supplemented with the following:

1-07.11(2).OPT1.2025.GR1 (January 24, 2024)

- 11. The Contractor shall comply with the following nondiscrimination provisions, and the Contractor shall ensure the nondiscrimination provisions are included in all subcontracts:
 - Nondiscrimination Requirement. During the term of this Contract, the Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall not discriminate on the bases enumerated at RCW 49.60.530(3). In addition, the Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall give written notice of this nondiscrimination requirement to any labor organizations with which the Contractor, or subcontractor, has a collective bargaining or other agreement.
 - Obligation to Cooperate. The Contractor, including all subcontractors, shall cooperate and comply with any Washington state agency investigation regarding any allegation that the Contractor, including any subcontractor, has engaged in discrimination prohibited by this Contract pursuant to RCW 49.60.530(3).
 - Default. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, the Contracting Agency may suspend the Contract in accordance with Section 1-08.6, upon notice of a failure to participate and cooperate with any state agency investigation into alleged discrimination prohibited by this Contract, pursuant to RCW 49.60.530(3). Any such suspension will remain in place until the Contracting Agency receives notification that Contractor, including any subcontractor, is cooperating with the investigating state agency. In the event the Contractor, or subcontractor, is determined to have engaged in discrimination identified at RCW 49.60.530(3), the Contracting Agency may terminate this Contract in whole or in part in accordance with Section 1-08.10(1), and in addition to the sanctions listed in Section 1-07.11(5), the Contractor, subcontractor, or both, may be referred for debarment as provided in RCW 39.26.200. The Contractor or subcontractor may be given a reasonable time in which to cure this noncompliance, including implementing conditions consistent with any court-ordered injunctive relief or settlement agreement.
 - Remedies for Breach. Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary, in the event of Contract termination or suspension for engaging in discrimination, the Contractor, subcontractor, or both, shall be liable for contract damages as authorized by law including, but not limited to, any cost difference between the original contract and the replacement or cover contract and all administrative costs directly related to the replacement contract, which damages are distinct from any penalties imposed under Chapter 49.60, RCW. The Contracting Agency shall have the right to deduct from any monies due to Contractor or subcontractor, or that thereafter become due, an amount for damages Contractor or subcontractor will owe Contracting Agency for default under this Provision.

1-07.12.GR1

Federal Agency Inspection

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1-07.12.INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.12 is supplemented with the following:

1 1-07.12.OPT1.GR1

(October 3, 2023)

Required Federal Aid Provisions

The Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts (FHWA 1273) Revised October 23, 2023 and the amendments thereto supersede any conflicting provisions of the Standard Specifications and are made a part of this Contract; provided, however, that if any of the provisions of FHWA 1273, as amended, are less restrictive than Washington State Law, then the Washington State Law shall prevail.

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The provisions of FHWA 1273, as amended, included in this Contract require that the Contractor insert the FHWA 1273 and amendments thereto in each subcontract, together with the wage rates which are part of the FHWA 1273, as amended. Also, a clause shall be included in each subcontract requiring the subcontractors to insert the FHWA 1273 and amendments thereto in any lower tier subcontracts, together with the wage rates. The Contractor shall also ensure that this section, REQUIRED FEDERAL AID PROVISIONS, is inserted in each subcontract for subcontractors and lower tier subcontractors. For this purpose, upon request to the Engineer, the Contractor will be provided with extra copies of the FHWA 1273, the amendments thereto, the applicable wage rates, and this Special Provision.

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1-07.17.GR1

Utilities and Similar Facilities

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1-07.17.INST1.GR1

Section 1-07.17 is supplemented with the following:

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COE 1-07.17.OPT1.RTF

(April 2, 2007)

Locations and dimensions shown in the Plans for existing facilities are in accordance with available information obtained without uncovering, measuring, or other verification.

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The following addresses and telephone numbers of utility companies known or suspected of having facilities within the project limits are supplied for the Contractor's convenience:

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CITY OF EVERETT UTILITIES (SANITARY SEWER, STORMWATER, WATER)

ATTENTION: GRANT MOEN TELEPHONE: (425) 257-8800

EMAIL: <u>GMOEN@EVERETTWA.GOV</u>
ADDRESS: PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

3200 CEDAR ST EVERETT, WA 98201

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ALDERWOOD WATER & WASTEWATER DISTRICT

ATTENTION: JOE SKEENS DESK PHONE: (425) 743-8912 CELL PHONE: (425) 478-8839

EMAIL: JSKEENS@AWWD.COM ADDRESS: 15204 35TH AVE W

49 ADDRESS: 15204 35TH AVE W 50 LYNNWOOD, WA 98087-5021

51 52

LUMEN

1 2 3 4 5 6 7	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	CHRISTIAN MARSHALL (206) 485-5322 (206) 485-5322 CHRISTIAN.MARSHALL@LUMEN.COM 1208 NE 64^{TH} STREET SEATTLE, WA 98115-6722
9 10 11 12 13 14	COMCAST ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	JOHN WARRICK – RESIDENTIAL (425) 263-5328 (425) 757-1794 <u>JOHN WARRICK@CABLE.COMCAST.COM</u> 1525 – 75 TH ST SW STE #200 EVERETT, WA 98203
16 17 18 19 20 21 22	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	CASEY BROWN (425) 263-5345 (425) 754-0064 <u>CASEY BROWN2@CABLE.COMCAST.COM</u> 1525 – 75 TH ST SW STE #200 EVERETT, WA 98203
23 24 25 26 27 28	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	SHANE TURNER (425) 316-9405 SHANE TURNER2@CABLE.COMCAST.COM 400 SEQUIOA DR BELLINGHAM, WA 98226
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36	ZIPLY COMMUNATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	NICATIONS SAMANTHA JOHNSTON (EVERETT) (208) 810-5640 SAMANTHA.JOHNSTON1@ZIPLY.COM
37 38 39 40 41 42	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	MIKE HAKAHAN (SILVER LAKE) (425) 949-0230 MIKE.HAKAHAN@ZIPLY.COM
43 44 45 46 47 48 49	_	RICK MATTHEWS (425) 355-3355
50 51 52	PUGET SOUND ATTENTION:	ENERGY MARDY PUNTENEY

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor PAGE 50 OF 115 FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026) WO #3785 September 24, 2024

1 2 3 4 5 6	DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE: EMAIL: ADDRESS:	(425) 754-8053 MARDY.PUNTENEY@PSE.COM 3630 RAILWAY AVE EVERETT, WA 98201	
7	RUBATINO REFUSE		
8 9 10	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE:	(425) 259-0044	
11 12	EMAIL: MAILING	INFO@RUBATINO.COM	
13 14	ADDRESS:	P.O. BOX 1029 EVERETT, WA 98206	
15 16	SILVER LAKE V	VATER DISTRICT	
17	ATTENTION:	SCOTT SMITH	
18 19	DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE:	(425) 337-3647 EXT. 216	
20	EMAIL:	SSMITH@SLWSD.COM	
21	ADDRESS:	15205 41ST AVE SE	
22 23		BOTHELL, WA 98201-6114	
24			
25	SNOHOMISH C		
26 27	ATTENTION: DESK PHONE:	ANDRA SHAUGHNESSY FLAHERTY	
28		(425) 345-0312	
29	EMAIL:	ALFLAHERTY@SNOPUD.COM	
30	ADDRESS:	P.O. BOX 1107	
31 32		EVERETT, WA 98206	
33	WAVE/ASTOUND COMMUNICATION		
34	ATTENTION:		
35 36	DESK PHONE: CELL PHONE:	(206) 786-8720	
30 37	EMAIL:	JIM.BIGGS@ASTOUND.COM	
38		WA-CONSTRUCTION@ASTOUND.COM	
39	ADDRESS:	4766 1 ST AVE S	
40 41	***	SEATTLE, WA 98134	
42			
43	COE 1-07.18.RTF	Hite and December December 1	
44 45	1-07.18 Public Liability and Property Damage Insurance		
46	Delete this section in its entirety, and replace it with the following		
47	7/		
48 49	1-07.18 Insurance (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)		
50	WA 001 <i>)</i>		
51	1-07.18(1) General I	Requirements	

A. The Contractor shall procure and maintain the insurance described in all subsections of section 1-07.18 of these Special Provisions, from insurers with a current A. M. Best rating of not less than A-: VII and licensed to do business in the State of Washington.
 The Contracting Agency reserves the right to approve or reject the insurance provided, based on the insurer's financial condition.

- B. The Contractor shall keep this insurance in force without interruption from the commencement of the Contractor's Work through the term of the Contract and for thirty (30) days after the Physical Completion date, unless otherwise indicated below.
- C. If any insurance policy is written on a claims-made form, its retroactive date, and that of all subsequent renewals, shall be no later than the effective date of this Contract. The policy shall state that coverage is claims made and state the retroactive date. Claims-made form coverage shall be maintained by the Contractor for a minimum of 36 months following the Completion Date or earlier termination of this Contract, and the Contractor shall annually provide the Contracting Agency with proof of renewal. If renewal of the claims made form of coverage becomes unavailable, or economically prohibitive, the Contractor shall purchase an extended reporting period ("tail") or execute another form of guarantee acceptable to the Contracting Agency to assure financial responsibility for liability for services performed.
- D. The Contractor's Automobile Liability, Commercial General Liability and Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance policies shall be primary and non-contributory insurance as respects the Contracting Agency's insurance, self-insurance, or self-insurance, or self-insurance, or self-insurance pool coverage maintained by the Contracting Agency shall be excess of the Contractor's insurance and shall not contribute with it.
- E. The Contractor shall provide the Contracting Agency and all additional insureds with written notice of any policy cancellation, within two business days of their receipt of such notice.
- F. The Contractor shall not begin work under the Contract until the required insurance has been obtained and approved by the Contracting Agency
- G. Failure on the part of the Contractor to maintain the insurance as required shall constitute a material breach of contract, upon which the Contracting Agency may, after giving five business days' notice to the Contractor to correct the breach, immediately terminate the Contract or, at its discretion, procure or renew such insurance and pay any and all premiums in connection therewith, with any sums so expended to be repaid to the Contracting Agency on demand, or at the sole discretion of the Contracting Agency, offset against funds due the Contractor from the Contracting Agency.
- H. All costs for insurance shall be incidental to and included in the unit or lump sum prices of the Contract and no additional payment will be made.
- I. Under no circumstances shall a wrap up policy be obtained, for either initiating or maintaining coverage, to satisfy insurance requirements for any policy required under this Section. A "wrap up policy" is defined as an insurance agreement or arrangement under which all the parties working on a specified or designated project are insured under one policy for liability arising out of that specified or designated project.

1-07.18(2) Additional Insured

All insurance policies, with the exception of Workers Compensation, and of Professional Liability and Builder's Risk (if required by this Contract) shall name the following listed entities as additional insured(s) using the forms or endorsements required herein:

the Contracting Agency and its officers, elected officials, employees, agents, and volunteers

The above-listed entities shall be additional insured(s) for the full available limits of liability maintained by the Contractor, irrespective of whether such limits maintained by the Contractor are greater than those required by this Contract, and irrespective of whether the Certificate of Insurance provided by the Contractor pursuant to 1-07.18(4) describes limits lower than those maintained by the Contractor.

For Commercial General Liability insurance coverage, the required additional insured endorsements shall be at least as broad as ISO forms CG 20 10 10 01 for ongoing operations and CG 20 37 10 01 for completed operations.

1-07.18(3) Subcontractors

The Contractor shall cause each subcontractor of every tier to provide insurance coverage that complies with all applicable requirements of the Contractor-provided insurance as set forth herein, except the Contractor shall have sole responsibility for determining the limits of coverage required to be obtained by subcontractors.

The Contractor shall ensure that all subcontractors of every tier add all entities listed in 1-07.18(2) as additional insureds, and provide proof of such on the policies as required by that section as detailed in 1-07.18(2) using an endorsement as least as broad as ISO CG 20 10 10 01 for ongoing operations and CG 20 37 10 01 for completed operations.

Upon request by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall forward to the Contracting Agency evidence of insurance and copies of the additional insured endorsements of each subcontractor of every tier as required in 1-07.18(4) Verification of Coverage.

1-07.18(4) Verification of Coverage

The Contractor shall deliver to the Contracting Agency a Certificate(s) of Insurance and endorsements for each policy of insurance meeting the requirements set forth herein when the Contractor delivers the signed Contract for the work. Failure of Contracting Agency to demand such verification of coverage with these insurance requirements or failure of Contracting Agency to identify a deficiency from the insurance documentation provided shall not be construed as a waiver of Contractor's obligation to maintain such insurance.

Verification of coverage shall include:

- 42 1. An ACORD certificate or a form determined by the Contracting Agency to be equivalent.
 - Copies of all endorsements naming Contracting Agency and all other entities listed in 1-07.18(2) as additional insured(s), showing the policy number. The Contractor may submit a copy of any blanket additional insured clause from its policies instead of a separate endorsement.
 - 3. Any other amendatory endorsements to show the coverage required herein.
 - 4. A notation of coverage enhancements on the Certificate of Insurance shall <u>not</u> satisfy these requirements actual endorsements must be submitted.

Upon request by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall forward to the Contracting Agency a full and certified copy of the insurance policy(s). If Builders Risk insurance is required on this Project, a full and certified copy of that policy is required when the Contractor delivers the signed Contract for the work.

1-07.18(5) Coverages and Limits

The insurance shall provide the minimum coverages and limits set forth below. Contractor's maintenance of insurance, its scope of coverage, and limits as required herein shall not be construed to limit the liability of the Contractor to the coverage provided by such insurance, or otherwise limit the Contracting Agency's recourse to any remedy available at law or in equity.

All deductibles and self-insured retentions must be disclosed and are subject to approval by the Contracting Agency. The cost of any claim payments falling within the deductible or self-insured retention shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. In the event an additional insured incurs a liability subject to any policy's deductibles or self-insured retention, said deductibles or self-insured retention shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

1-07.18(5)A Commercial General Liability

Commercial General Liability insurance shall be written on coverage forms at least as broad as ISO occurrence form CG 00 01, including but not limited to liability arising from premises, operations, stop gap liability, independent contractors, products-completed operations, personal and advertising injury, and liability assumed under an insured contract. There shall be no exclusion for liability arising from explosion, collapse or underground property damage.

The Commercial General Liability insurance shall be endorsed to provide a per project general aggregate limit, using ISO form CG 25 03 05 09 or an equivalent endorsement.

Contractor shall maintain Commercial General Liability Insurance arising out of the Contractor's completed operations for at least three years following Substantial Completion of the Work.

Such policy must provide the following minimum limits:

35	\$2,000,000	Each Occurrence
36	\$3,000,000	General Aggregate
37	\$3,000,000	Products & Completed Operations Aggregate
38	\$2,000,000	Personal & Advertising Injury each offence
39	\$2,000,000	Stop Gap / Employers' Liability each accident

1-07.18(5)B Automobile Liability

Automobile Liability shall cover owned, non-owned, hired, and leased vehicles; and shall be written on a coverage form at least as broad as ISO form CA 00 01. If the work involves the transport of pollutants, the automobile liability policy shall include MCS 90 and CA 99 48 endorsements.

Such policy must provide the following minimum limit:

48 \$1,000,000

Combined single limit each accident

1-07.18(5)C Workers' Compensation

The Contractor shall comply with Workers' Compensation coverage as required by the Industrial Insurance laws of the State of Washington.

COE 1-07.18(5)D.RTF

1-07.18(5)D Excess or Umbrella Liability

(January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall provide Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance with limits of not less than *** <u>Two</u> *** million each occurrence and annual aggregate. This excess or umbrella liability coverage shall be excess over and as least as broad in coverage as the Contractor's Commercial General and Auto Liability insurance

All entities listed under 1-07.18(2) of these Special Provisions shall be named as additional insureds on the Contractor's Excess or Umbrella Liability insurance policy.

This requirement may be satisfied instead through the Contractor's primary Commercial General and Automobile Liability coverages, or any combination thereof that achieves the overall required limits of insurance.

1-07.18(5)E.rtf 1-07.18(5)E LHWCA Insurance (January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

If this Contract involves work on or adjacent to Navigable Waters of the United States, the Contractor shall procure and maintain insurance coverage in compliance with the statutory requirements of the U.S. Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (LHWCA).

Such policy must provide the following minimum limits:

\$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Accident – each accident \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease – each employee \$1,000,000 Bodily Injury by Disease – policy limits

COE 1-07.18(5)J.RTF

1-07.18(5)J Pollution Liability

(January 4, 2016 APWA GSP)

The Contractor shall provide a Contractors Pollution Liability policy, providing coverage for claims involving bodily injury, property damage (including loss of use of tangible property that has not been physically injured), cleanup costs, remediation, disposal or other handling of pollutants, including costs and expenses incurred in the investigation, defense, or settlement of claims, arising out of any one or more of the following:

- 1. Contractor's operations related to this project.
- 2. Remediation, abatement, repair, maintenance or other work with lead-based paint or materials containing asbestos.
- 3. Transportation of hazardous materials away from any site related to this project.

All entities listed under 1-07.18(2) of these Special Provisions shall be named by endorsement as additional insureds on the Contractors Pollution Liability insurance policy.

Such Pollution Liability policy shall provide the following minimum limits:

*** **\$2,000,000** *** each loss and annual aggregate

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026) WO #3785 PAGE 55 OF 115

CONTRACT

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It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to obtain the dates and times of all events.

Traffic Delays

When Automated Flagger Assistance Devices (AFADs) or flaggers are used to control traffic, traffic shall not be stopped for more than *** 20 *** minutes at any time. All traffic congestion shall be allowed to clear before traffic is delayed again.

If the delay becomes greater than *** 20 *** minutes, the Contractor shall immediately begin to take action to cease the operations that are causing the delays. If the *** 20 *** minute delay limit has been exceeded, as determined by the Engineer, the Contractor shall provide to the Engineer, a written proposal to revise his work operations to meet the *** 20 *** minute limit. This proposal shall be accepted by the Engineer prior to resuming any work requiring traffic control.

There shall be no delay to medical, fire, or other emergency vehicles. The Contractor shall alert all flaggers and personnel of this requirement.

General Restrictions

Construction vehicles using a closed traffic lane shall travel only in the normal direction of traffic flow unless expressly allowed in an accepted traffic control plan. Construction vehicles shall be equipped with flashing or rotating amber lights.

No two consecutive on-ramps, off-ramps, or intersections shall be closed at the same time and only one ramp at an interchange shall be closed, unless specifically shown in the Plans.

Roads or ramps that are designated as part of a detour shall not be closed or restricted during the implementation of that detour, unless specifically shown in the Plans.

Controlled Access

No special access or egress shall be allowed by the Contractor other than normal legal movements or as shown in the Plans.

Contractor's vehicles of 10,000 GVW or greater shall not exit or enter a lane open to public traffic except as follows:

Egress and ingress shall only occur during the hours of allowable lane closures, and:

- For exiting an open lane of traffic, by decelerating in a lane that is closed during the allowable hours for lane closures.
- For entering an open lane of traffic, by accelerating in a closed lane during the allowable hours for lane closures.

Traffic control vehicles are excluded from the gross vehicle weight requirement. If placing construction signs will restrict traveled lanes, then the work will be permitted during the hours of allowable lane closures.

1 2 3 4 5	Advance Notification The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of any traffic impacts related to lane closure, shoulder closure, sidewalk closure, or any combination for the week by 12:00 p.m. (noon) Wednesday the week prior to the stated impacts.		
6 7	The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing ten working days in advance of any traffic impacts related to full roadway closure, ramp closure, or both.		
8 9 10	The Contractor shall notify the Engineer in writing of any changes to the stated traffic impacts a minimum of 48 hours prior to the traffic impacts.		
11 12 13 14 15	1-07.23(1).RTF 1-07.23(1) Construction Under Traffic (May 2, 2017 APWA GSP)		
16 17	Revise the third sentence of the second paragraph to read:		
18 19 20 21	Accessibility to existing or temporary pedestrian push buttons shall not be impaired; if approved by the Contracting Agency activating pedestrian recall timing or other accommodation may be allowed during construction.		
22 23 24	Rights of Way		
25 26	1-08.GR1 Prosecution and Progress		
27 28 1-08.0.RTF			
29 30	1-08 PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS		
31 32	Add the following new section:		
33 34 35	1-08.0 Preliminary Matters (May 25, 2006 APWA GSP)		
36 37 38	1-08.0(1).RTF Add the following new section:		
39	1-08.0(1) Preconstruction Conference		
40 41	(October 10, 2008 APWA GSP)		
42 43 44	Prior to the Contractor beginning the work, a preconstruction conference will be held between the Contractor, the Engineer and such other interested parties as may be invited. The purpose of the preconstruction conference will be:		

1. To review the initial progress schedule;

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- 2. To establish a working understanding among the various parties associated or affected by the work;
- 3. To establish and review procedures for progress payment, notifications, approvals, submittals, etc.;

- 4. To establish normal working hours for the work;
- 5. To review safety standards and traffic control; and
- 6. To discuss such other related items as may be pertinent to the work.

The Contractor shall prepare and submit at the preconstruction conference the following:

- 1. A breakdown of all lump sum items;
- 2. A preliminary schedule of working drawing submittals; and
- 3. A list of material sources for approval if applicable.

1-08.0(2).RTF

Add the following new section:

1-08.0(2) Hours of Work

(December 8, 2014 APWA GSP)

Except in the case of emergency or unless otherwise approved by the Engineer, the normal working hours for the Contract shall be any consecutive 8-hour period between 7:00 a.m. and 6:00 p.m. Monday through Friday, exclusive of a lunch break. If the Contractor desires different than the normal working hours stated above, the request must be submitted in writing prior to the preconstruction conference, subject to the provisions below. The working hours for the Contract shall be established at or prior to the preconstruction conference.

All working hours and days are also subject to local permit and ordinance conditions (such as noise ordinances).

If the Contractor wishes to deviate from the established working hours, the Contractor shall submit a written request to the Engineer for consideration. This request shall state what hours are being requested, and why. Requests shall be submitted for review no later than ***72 hours for day work and 30 days for night work*** prior to the day(s) the Contractor is requesting to change the hours.

If the Contracting Agency approves such a deviation, such approval may be subject to certain other conditions, which will be detailed in writing. For example:

 1. On non-Federal aid projects, requiring the Contractor to reimburse the Contracting Agency for the costs in excess of straight-time costs for Contracting Agency representatives who worked during such times. (The Engineer may require designated representatives to be present during the work. Representatives who may be deemed necessary by the Engineer include, but are not limited to: survey crews; personnel from the Contracting Agency's material testing lab; inspectors; and other Contracting Agency employees or third party consultants when, in the opinion of the Engineer, such work necessitates their presence.)

2. Considering the work performed on Saturdays, Sundays, and holidays as working days with regard to the contract time.

3. Considering multiple work shifts as multiple working days with respect to contract time even though the multiple shifts occur in a single 24-hour period.

 4. If a 4-10 work schedule is requested and approved the non working day for the week will be charged as a working day.

1 2 3	If Davis Bacon wage rates apply to this Contract, all requirements must be met and recorded properly on certified payroll
4	1-08.1.OptionA.RTF
5 6 7 8	1-08.1 Subcontracting (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP, Option A)
9 10	Section 1-08.1 is supplemented with the following:
11 12 13 14 15 16	Prior to any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor beginning work, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a certification (WSDOT Form 420-004) that a written agreement between the Contractor and the subcontractor or between the subcontractor and any lower tier subcontractor has been executed. This certification shall also guarantee that these subcontract agreements include all the documents required by the Special Provision Federal Agency Inspection.
18 19 20 21	A subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor will not be permitted to perform any work under the contract until the following documents have been completed and submitted to the Engineer:
22 23	1. Request to Sublet Work (WSDOT Form 421-012), and
24 25 26	Contractor and Subcontractor or Lower Tier Subcontractor Certification for Federal- aid Projects (WSDOT Form 420-004).
27 28 29 30 31	The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a completed Monthly Retainage Report (WSDOT Form 272-065) within 15 calendar days after receipt of every monthly progress payment until every subcontractor and lower tier subcontractor's retainage has been released.
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	The Contractor's records pertaining to the requirements of this Special Provision shall be open to inspection or audit by representatives of the Contracting Agency during the life of the contract and for a period of not less than three years after the date of acceptance of the contract. The Contractor shall retain these records for that period. The Contractor shall also guarantee that these records of all subcontractors and lower tier subcontractors shall be available and open to similar inspection or audit for the same time period.
40 41	1-08.1(7).GR1 Payments to Subcontractors and Lower-Tier Subcontractors
42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49	1-08.1(7)A.OPT1.2025.GR1 (July 2, 2024) The Contractor shall report the actual amounts paid to all firms that were used as subcontractors of any tier, materials suppliers, manufacturers, regular dealers, or service providers on the Contract, including all Disadvantaged, Minority, Small, Veteran, or Women's Business Enterprise firms. The following do not need reported: (1) retail sales or services that are paid for at the time of

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	purchase; (2) payments to materials suppliers or manufacturers that are in normal course of business. The Contractor shall report this information by entering it into the Contracting Agency's Diversity Management and Compliance System at: https://wsdot.diversitycompliance.com. Payments shall be reported no later than the 20 th of the month for all payments made to firms during the previous calendar month. For example, the Contractor shall enter all payments made to firms during the month of March into DMCS by April 20 th . Payments shall be reported between execution of the Contract and the Contract Completion Date. When no Work occurred or no payments were made for a firm, the reported payment shall be zero.
12	1-08.1(7)C.GR1
13	Subcontractor Retainage
14	
15	1-08.1(7)C.INST1.GR1
16	The first sentence in the last paragraph of Section 1-08.1(7)C is revised to read:
17 18	1-08.1(7)C.OPT1.2025.GR1
19	(February 13, 2024)
20	If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of this Section and the
21	first-tier subcontractor's retainage or retainage bond is wrongfully withheld, the
22	Contractor will be subject to the actions described in Section 1-08.1(10).
23	
24	1-08.1(9).GR1
25	Required Subcontract Clauses
26	
27	1-08.1(9).OptionA.RTF
28	(September 3, 2024 APWA GSP, Option A)
29	
30	Section 1-08.1(9) is supplemented with the following:
31	Cubmittel of Everyted DDE Cube entracts
32 33	Submittal of Executed DBE Subcontracts Prior to a DBE performing Work on the Contract, an executed subcontract between the
34	DBE and the Contractor shall be submitted to the Engineer. The executed subcontracts
35	shall be submitted by email to the following email address for the region administering the
36	Contract:
37	
38	Sbridge@everettwa.gov
39	NWRegionOEO@WSDOT.WA.GOV
40	1-08.1(9)B.GR1
41	Clauses Required in Subcontracts of All Tiers
42	4.00.4(0\P INOT4.0P4
43	1-08.1(9)B.INST1.GR1
44 45	The second paragraph of Section 1-08.1(9)B is supplemented with the following:
46 46	1-08.1(9)B.OPT1.2025.GR1
47	(January 24, 2024)
48	16. 1-07.11 Requirements for Nondiscrimination – Item 11 from Section 1-
49	07.11(2).

COE1-08.3(2)A.RTF

1-08.3(2)A **Type A Progress Schedule**

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(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

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Revise this section to read:

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The Contractor shall submit ***3*** copies of a Type A Progress Schedule no later than at the preconstruction conference, or some other mutually agreed upon submittal time. The schedule may be a critical path method (CPM) schedule, bar chart, or other standard schedule format. Regardless of which format used, the schedule shall identify the critical path. The Engineer will evaluate the Type A Progress Schedule and approve or return the schedule for corrections within 15 calendar days of receiving the submittal.

15 16 17

1-08.3(2)D.rtf

1-08.3(2)D Preliminary Progress Schedules

(January 4, 2024 APWA GSP)

19 20 21

18

Revise the second paragraph to read:

(July 23, 2015 APWA GSP)

22 23

 The preliminary progress schedule shall be submitted no later than the preconstruction conference for all Type B and Type C progress schedules.

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1-08.4.RTF

1-08.4 Prosecution of Work

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Delete this section and replace it with the following:

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1-08.4 Notice to Proceed and Prosecution of Work

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Notice to Proceed will be given after the contract has been executed and the contract bond and evidence of insurance have been approved and filed by the Contracting Agency. The Contractor shall not commence with the work until the Notice to Proceed has been given by the Engineer. The Contractor shall commence construction activities on the project site within ten days of the Notice to Proceed Date, unless otherwise approved in writing. The Contractor shall diligently pursue the work to the physical completion date within the time specified in the contract. Voluntary shutdown or slowing of operations by the Contractor shall not relieve the Contractor of the responsibility to complete the work within the time(s) specified in the contract.

42 43 44

When shown in the Plans, the first order of work shall be the installation of high visibility fencing to delineate all areas for protection or restoration, as described in the Contract. Installation of high visibility fencing adjacent to the roadway shall occur after the placement of all necessary signs and traffic control devices in accordance with 1-10.1(2). Upon construction of the fencing, the Contractor shall request the Engineer to inspect the fence. No other work shall be performed on the site until the Contracting Agency has accepted the installation of high visibility fencing, as described in the Contract.

Time for Completion

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1-08.5.INST2.GR1

Section 1-08.5 is supplemented with the following:

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F1-08.5.OPT7.DOCX

(March 13, 1995)

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This project shall be physically completed within *** forty eight (48) *** working days.

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1-08.5.OptionA.RTF

1-08.5 Time for Completion

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP, Option A)

14 15 16

Revise the third and fourth paragraphs to read:

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Contract time shall begin on the first working day following the Notice to Proceed Date.

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Each working day shall be charged to the contract as it occurs, until the contract work is physically complete. If substantial completion has been granted and all the authorized working days have been used, charging of working days will cease. Each week the Engineer will provide the Contractor a statement that shows the number of working days: (1) charged to the contract the week before; (2) specified for the physical completion of the contract; and (3) remaining for the physical completion of the contract. The statement will also show the nonworking days and all partial or whole days the Engineer declares as unworkable The statement will be identified as a Written Determination by the Engineer. If the Contractor does not agree with the Written Determination of working days, the Contractor shall pursue the protest procedures in accordance with Section 1-04.5. By failing to follow the procedures of Section 1-04.5, the Contractor shall be deemed as having accepted the statement as correct. If the Contractor is approved to work 10 hours a day and 4 days a week (a 4-10 schedule) and the fifth day of the week in which a 4-10 shift is worked would ordinarily be charged as a working day then the fifth day of that week will be charged as a working day whether or not the Contractor works on that day.

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Revise the sixth paragraph to read:

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The Engineer will give the Contractor written notice of the completion date of the contract after all the Contractor's obligations under the contract have been performed by the Contractor. The following events must occur before the Completion Date can be established:

- 1. The physical work on the project must be complete; and
 - 2. The Contractor must furnish all documentation required by the contract and required by law, to allow the Contracting Agency to process final acceptance of the contract. The following documents must be received by the Project Engineer prior to establishing a completion date:
 - a. Certified Payrolls (per Section 1-07.9(5)).
 - b. Material Acceptance Certification Documents
 - c. Monthly Reports of Amounts Credited as DBE Participation, as required by the Contract Provisions.

PAGE 63 OF 115

Section 1-08.9 is supplemented with the following:

Time is of the essence of the Contract. Delays inconvenience the traveling public, obstruct traffic, interfere with and delay commerce, and increase risk to Highway users. Delays also cost tax payers undue sums of money, adding time needed for administration, engineering, inspection, and supervision.

Accordingly, the Contractor agrees:

1. To pay liquidated damages in the amount of *** \$1,150 *** for each working day beyond the number of working days established for Physical Completion, and

2. To authorize the Engineer to deduct these liquidated damages from any money due or coming due to th Contractor.

When the Contract Work has progressed to Substantial Completion as defined in the Contract, the Engineer may determine the Contract Work is Substantially Complete. The Engineer will notify the Contractor in writing of the Substantial Completion Date. For overruns in Contract time occurring after the date so established, liquidated damages identified above will not apply. For overruns in Contract time occurring after the Substantial Completion Date, liquidated damages shall be assessed on the basis of direct engineering and related costs assignable to the project until the actual Physical Completion Date of all the Contract Work. The Contractor shall complete the remaining Work as promptly as possible. Upon request by the Project Engineer, the Contractor shall furnish a written schedule for completing the physical Work on the Contract.

Liquidated damages will not be assessed for any days for which an extension of time is granted. No deduction or payment of liquidated damages will, in any degree, release the Contractor from further obligations and liabilities to complete the entire Contract.

1-09.2(1).OptionB.rtf 1-09.2(1) General Requirements for Weighing Equipment (January 4, 2024 APWA GSP, Option B)

Revise item 4 of the fifth paragraph to read:

4. Test results and scale weight records for each day's hauling operations are provided to the Engineer daily. Reporting shall utilize WSDOT form 422-027A, Scaleman's Daily Report, unless the printed ticket contains the same information that is on the Scaleman's Daily Report Form. The scale operator must provide AM and/or PM tare weights for each truck on the printed ticket.

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1-09.2(5).RTF **1-09.2(5)** Measurement (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Revise the first paragraph to read:

Scale Verification Checks – At the Engineer's discretion, the Engineer may perform verification checks on the accuracy of each batch, hopper, or platform scale used in weighing contract items of Work.

1-09.6.RTF

1-09.6 Force Account

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Supplement this section with the following:

The Contracting Agency has estimated and included in the Proposal, dollar amounts for all items to be paid per force account, only to provide a common proposal for Bidders. All such dollar amounts are to become a part of Contractor's total bid. However, the Contracting Agency does not warrant expressly or by implication, that the actual amount of work will correspond with those estimates. Payment will be made on the basis of the amount of work actually authorized by the Engineer.

1-09.7.RTF

1-09.7 Mobilization

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Delete this Section and replace it with the following:

Mobilization consists of preconstruction expenses and the costs of preparatory Work and operations performed by the Contractor typically occurring before 10 percent of the total original amount of an individual Bid Schedule is earned from other Contract items on that Bid Schedule. Items which are not to be included in the item of Mobilization include but are not limited to:

- 1. Portions of the Work covered by the specific Contract item or incidental Work which is to be included in a Contract item or items.
- 2. Profit, interest on borrowed money, overhead, or management costs.
- 3. Costs incurred for mobilizing equipment for force account Work.

Based on the lump sum Contract price for "Mobilization", partial payments will be made as follows:

- 1. When 5 percent of the total original Bid Schedule amount is earned from other Contract items on that original Bid Schedule, excluding amounts paid for materials on hand, 50 percent of the Bid Item for mobilization on that original Bid Schedule, 5 percent of the total of that original Bid Schedule, or 5 percent of the total original Contract amount, whichever is the least, will be paid.
- 2. When 10 percent of the total original Bid Schedule amount is earned from other Contract items on that original Bid Schedule, excluding amounts paid for materials on hand, 100 percent of the Bid Item for mobilization on that original Bid

1-09.8.GR1

Payment For Material On Hand

1-09.8.INST1.GR1

The last paragraph of Section 1-09.8 is revised to read:

1-09.8.OPT1.GR1

(August 3, 2009)

The Contracting Agency will not pay for material on hand when the invoice cost is less than \$2,000. As materials are used in the work, credits equaling the partial payments for them will be taken on future estimates. Each month, no later than the estimate due date, the Contractor shall submit a letter to the Engineer that clearly states: 1) the amount originally paid on the invoice (or other record of production cost) for the items on hand, 2) the dollar amount of the material incorporated into each of the various work items for the month, and 3) the amount that should be retained in material on hand items. If work is performed on the items and the Contractor does not submit a letter, all of the previous material on hand payment will be deducted on the estimate. Partial payment for materials on hand shall not constitute acceptance. Any material will be rejected if found to be faulty even if partial payment for it has been made.

1-09.9.GR1

Payments

1-09.9(Payments).RTF 1-09.9 Payments

(July 8, 2024, APWA GSP, Option B)

Delete the fourth paragraph and replace it with the following:

Progress payments for completed work and material on hand will be based upon progress estimates prepared by the Engineer. A progress estimate cutoff date will be established at the preconstruction conference.

The initial progress estimate will be made not later than 30 days after the Contractor commences the work, and successive progress estimates will be made every month thereafter until the Completion Date. Progress estimates made during progress of the work are tentative, and made only for the purpose of determining progress payment. The progress estimates are subject to change at any time prior to the calculation of the Final Payment.

The value of the progress estimate will be the sum of the following:

 1. Unit Price Items in the Bid Form — the approximate quantity of acceptable units of work completed multiplied by the unit price.

- 3. Materials on Hand 100 percent of invoiced cost of material delivered to Job site or other storage area approved by the Engineer.
- 4. Change Orders entitlement for approved extra cost or completed extra work as determined by the Engineer.

Progress payments will be made in accordance with the progress estimate less:

- 1. Retainage per Section 1-09.9(1), on non FHWA-funded projects;
- 2. The amount of Progress Payments previously made; and
- 3. Funds withheld by the Contracting Agency for disbursement in accordance with the Contract Documents.

Progress payments for work performed shall not be evidence of acceptable performance or an admission by the Contracting Agency that any work has been satisfactorily completed. The determination of payments under the contract will be final in accordance with Section 1-05.1.

1-09.9(1).GR1

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Retainage

1-09.9(1).INST1.GR1

Section 1-09.9(1) content and title is deleted and replaced with the following:

1-09.9(1).OPT1.GR1 (June 27, 2011) Vacant

1-09.11(3).RTF

1-09.11(3) Time Limitation and Jurisdiction

(December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

Revise this section to read:

For the convenience of the parties to the Contract it is mutually agreed by the parties that all claims or causes of action which the Contractor has against the Contracting Agency arising from the Contract shall be brought within 180 calendar days from the date of final acceptance (Section 1-05.12) of the Contract by the Contracting Agency; and it is further agreed that all such claims or causes of action shall be brought only in the Superior Court of the county where the Contracting Agency headquarters is located, provided that where an action is asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction. The parties understand and agree that the Contractor's failure to bring suit within the time period provided, shall be a complete bar to all such claims or causes of action. It is further mutually agreed by the parties that when claims or causes of action which the Contractor asserts against the Contracting Agency arising from the Contract are filed with the Contracting Agency or initiated in court, the Contractor shall permit the Contracting Agency to have timely access to all records deemed necessary by the Contracting Agency to assist in evaluating the claims or action.

Revise the third paragraph to read:

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The Contracting Agency and the Contractor mutually agree to be bound by the decision of the arbitrator, and judgment upon the award rendered by the arbitrator may be entered in the Superior Court of the county in which the Contracting Agency's headquarters is located, provided that where claims subject to arbitration are asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction of the Superior Court. The decision of the arbitrator and the specific basis for the decision shall be in writing. The arbitrator shall use the Contract as a basis for decisions.

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1-09.13(4).RTF 1-09.13(4) Venue for Litigation (December 30, 2022 APWA GSP)

17 18 19

Revise this section to read:

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Litigation shall be brought in the Superior Court of the county in which the Contracting Agency's headquarters is located, provided that where claims are asserted against a county, RCW 36.01.050 shall control venue and jurisdiction of the Superior Court. It is mutually agreed by the parties that when litigation occurs, the Contractor shall permit the Contracting Agency to have timely access to all records deemed necessary by the Contracting Agency to assist in evaluating the claims or action.

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1-10.GR1

Temporary Traffic Control

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1-10.2.GR1

Traffic Control Management

32 33 34

1-10.2.INST1.GR1

Section 1-10.2 is supplemented with the following:

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41 42 1-10.2.OPT1.GR1

(November 2, 2022)

Work Zone Safety Contingency

Enhancements to improve the effectiveness of the accepted traffic control plans to increase the safety of the work zones shall be discussed on a weekly basis between the Contractor and the Contracting Agency. Enhancements shall be mutually agreed upon by the Contractor and Engineer prior to performing any Work to implement the enhancement.

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Enhancements do not include the use of Uniformed Police Officers or WSP, address changes to the allowed work hour restrictions, or changes to the staging plans in the Contract (if applicable). If allowed by the Engineer, these items will be addressed in accordance with Section 1-04.4.

48 49 50

The Contractor shall be solely responsible for submitting any traffic control plan revision to implement the enhancement in accordance with Section 1-10.2(2).

1 2	1-10.2(1).GR1 General
3	General
4 5	1-10.2(1).INST1.GR1 Section 1-10.2(1) is supplemented with the following:
6 7	1 10 2(1) ODT1 CD1
8	1-10.2(1).OPT1.GR1 (October 3, 2022)
9	The Traffic Control Supervisor shall be certified by one of the following:
10	
11	The Northwest Laborers-Employers Training Trust
12	27055 Ohio Ave.
13 14	Kingston, WA 98346 (360) 297-3035
15	https://www.nwlett.edu
16	
17	Evergreen Safety Council
18	12545 135 th Ave. NE
19	Kirkland, WA 98034-8709
20	1-800-521-0778
21 22	https://www.esc.org
23	The American Traffic Safety Services Association
24	15 Riverside Parkway, Suite 100
25	Fredericksburg, Virginia 22406-1022
26	Training Dept. Toll Free (877) 642-4637
27	Phone: (540) 368-1701
28	https://atssa.com/training
29 30	Integrity Safety
31	13912 NE 20th Ave.
32	Vancouver, WA 98686
33	(360) 574-6071
34	https://www.integritysafety.com
35 36	US Safety Alliance
37	(904) 705-5660
38	https://www.ussafetyalliance.com
39 40	K&D Services Inc.
40 41	2719 Rockefeller Ave.
42	Everett, WA 98201
43	(800) 343-4049
44	https://www.kndservices.net
45	
46	1-10.3.GR1
47 49	Traffic Control Labor, Procedures and Devices
48 49	1-10.3(1).GR1
49 50	Traffic Control Labor
51	Trains Condist Eddor

1 2 3	COE 1-10.3(1)C FED.RTF COE 1-10.3(1)C FED.RTF [City of Everett, January 19, 2020 (WSDOT approved 1/8/20, amended 3/2/23)]		
4	Section 1-10.3(1)C is added as follows:		
5 6 7	1-10.3(1)C Uniformed Police Officer (******)		
8			
9 10	The Contractor shall provide commissioned uniformed police control at any time a signalized intersection is dark, flashing red, or inoperative, such as during grinding		
11 12 13	or paving operations where the traffic signal must be put into flashing operation. Signalized intersections shall not be police controlled between the hours of 6:00am and 8:30am nor 12:00pm to 7:30pm, unless approved by the Engineer.		
14			
15 16	The following list is provided for contractor convenience for the Coordination of commissioned uniformed Police control personnel:		
17			
18	City of Everett Police Officers Association		
19	Post Office Box 1253		
20	Everett, WA 98201		
21	Contacts:		
22	Detective Todd Israel 425-740-4951, tisrael@everettwa.gov		
23	Officer Omar Estrada 425-512-7186, oestrada@everettwa.gov		
24			
25	Washington State Patrol		
26	Contact:		
27	D7services@wsp.wa.gov		
28	Provide: Name, Phone, and Nature of Request		
29	Dispatch: (360)654-1204		
30			
31	At the time of returning signals to normal operation, a City of Everett traffic signal		
32 33	technician shall be present and on standby since most signals will not return to normal operation with a turn of the police panel switch and require a conflict monitor		
34	reset.		
35			
36	Coordination of traffic signal technician shall be coordinated with the following		
37	personnel:		
38			
39	City of Everett Public Works		
40	3200 Cedar Street		
41	Everett, WA 98201		
42	Contact:		
43	Steve Sawyer (425) 328-0643		
44			
45			
46	1-10.5(2).OPT5.GR1		
47	(May 20, 2020)		
48	"Contractor Provided Uniformed Police Officer", per hour.		
49			
50	The unit Contract price per hour for "Contractor Provided Uniformed Police Officer"		

51 52 shall be full pay for performing the Work as specified and as shown in the Plans,

including all costs for arrangement for and supervision of a uniformed law

1	enforcement personnel and vehicles to participate in the Contractor's traffic contro
2	activities.
3	
4	1-10.5(2).OPT7.GR1
5	(November 2, 2022)
6	"Work Zone Safety Contingency", by force account.
7	
8	All costs as authorized by the Engineer will be paid for by force account as specified
9	in Section 1-09.6.
10	
11	For purpose of providing a common proposal for all bidders, the Contracting Agency
12	has entered an amount for the item "Work Zone Safety Contingency" in the Proposa
13	to become a part of the Contractor's total bid.
14	
15	The Engineer may choose to use existing bid items for the implementation of the
16	agreed upon enhancement.
17	
18	END DIVISION1.RTF
19	END DIVISION 1
20	
	END DIVISION 1

2-08 STREET CLEANING

(*****)

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Section 2-08 of the standard specifications is vacant shall be replaced by the following:

11 12 13

2-08.1 Description

14 15

This work shall consist of sweeping all construction related roads, and cleaning the pavement and removing debris from the roadway.

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2-08.2 Vacant

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2-08.3 Construction Requirements

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The use of water to perform street sweeping work shall be held to a minimum unless designated otherwise by the Engineer. The contractor shall provide self-propelled pickup sweepers and/or vacuum pick up sweepers for pavement cleaning and debris removal whenever their use is ordered by the Engineer. The type and number of sweepers are subject to the approval of the Engineer.

26 27 28

Daily sweeping shall continue on all construction related roads at least once per day until said surface is covered with new HMA. In the event the Contractor sweeper will not be able to work daily on ground surfaces, the City Forces will provide services, and the Contractor will be billed for each hour of operation.

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> The following work shall not be paid by "Street Cleaning", it shall be included in the bid item "Planing Bituminous Pavement" (2" Deep), per square yard:

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1. Sweepers following the grinding work.

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2. Debris left in the road or on the side of the road from Planing Bituminous Pavement.

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The Contractor shall plan the operation to minimize the need for street cleaning.

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2-08.4 Measurement

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Street cleaning will be measured by the hour for the actual time consumed in sweeping, pavement cleaning, and debris removal. No allowance will be made for time consumed in making repairs to the equipment or for moving the equipment to or from the site on which the street cleaning is ordered. No separate payment will be made for water required for the normal operation of the pickup sweepers.

1	2-08.5 Payment
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3	Payment will be made in accordance with Section 1-04.1 for the following bid item:
4	
5	"Street Cleaning", per hour.
6	
7	
8	END DIVISION2.RTF
9	END DIVISION 2
10	

Division 5 Surface Treatments and Pavements

COE 5-04.RTF

5-04 Hot Mix Asphalt

(December 3, 2018 City of Everett based on APWA GSP)

Delete Section 5-04 and amendments, Hot Mix Asphalt and replace it with the following:

5-04.1 Description

This Work shall consist of providing and placing one or more layers of plant mixed hot mix asphalt (HMA) on a prepared foundation or base in accordance with these Specifications and the lines, grades, thicknesses, and typical cross-sections shown in the Plans. The manufacture of HMA may include warm mix asphalt (WMA) processes in accordance with these Specifications. WMA processes include organic additives, chemical additives, and foaming.

HMA shall be composed of asphalt binder and mineral materials as may be required, mixed in the proportions specified to provide a homogeneous, stable, and workable mixture.

5-04.2 Materials

Joint Sealant

Foam Backer Rod

Materials shall meet the requirements of the following sections:

27	Asphalt Binder	9-02.1(4)
28	Cationic Emulsified Asphalt	9-02.1(6)
29	Anti-Stripping Additive	9-02.4
30	HMA Additive	9-02.5
31	Aggregates	9-03.8
32	Recycled Asphalt Pavement	9-03.8(3)B
33	Mineral Filler	9-03.8(5)
34	Recycled Material	9-03.21
35	Portland Cement	9-01
36	Sand	9-03.1(2)
37	(As noted in 5-04.3(5)C	for crack sealing)

The Contract documents may establish that the various mineral materials required for the manufacture of HMA will be furnished in whole or in part by the Contracting Agency. If the documents do not establish the furnishing of any of these mineral materials by the Contracting Agency, the Contractor shall be required to furnish such materials in the amounts required for the designated mix. Mineral materials include coarse and fine aggregates, and mineral filler.

9-04.2

9-04.2(3)A

1 2 3 4	The Contractor may choose to utilize recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) in the production of HMA. The RAP may be from pavements removed under the Contract, if any, or pavement material from an existing stockpile.
5 6 7 8 9 10	The Contractor may use up to 20 percent RAP by total weight of HMA with no additional sampling or testing of the RAP. The RAP shall be sampled and tested at a frequency of one sample for every 1,000 tons produced and not less than ten samples per project. The asphalt content and gradation test data shall be reported to the Contracting Agency when submitting the mix design for approval on the QPL. The Contractor shall include the RAP as part of the mix design as defined in these Specifications.
12 13 14	The grade of asphalt binder shall be as required by the Contract. Blending of asphalt binder from different sources is not permitted.
15 16 17 18	The Contractor may only use warm mix asphalt (WMA) processes in the production of HMA with 20 percent or less RAP by total weight of HMA. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer for approval the process that is proposed and how it will be used in the manufacture of HMA.
19 20 21 22 23	Production of aggregates shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-01. Preparation of stockpile site, the stockpiling of aggregates, and the removal of aggregates from stockpiles shall comply with the requirements of Section 3-02.
24 25 26 27	5-04.2(1) How to Get an HMA Mix Design on the QPL If the contractor wishes to submit a mix design for inclusion in the Qualified Products List (QPL), please follow the WSDOT process outlined in Standard Specification 5-04.2(1).
28	5-04.2(2) Mix Design – Obtaining Project Approval
29 30	No paving shall begin prior to the approval of the mix design by the Engineer.
31 32 33	Nonstatistical evaluation will be used for all HMA not designated as Commercial HMA in the contract documents.
34 35 36 37 38 39 40	Commercial evaluation will be used for Commercial HMA and for other classes of HMA in the following applications: sidewalks, road approaches, ditches, slopes, paths, trails, gores, prelevel, and pavement repair. Other nonstructural applications of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation shall be as approved by the Project Engineer. Sampling and testing of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation will be at the option of the Project Engineer. The Proposal quantity of HMA that is accepted by commercial evaluation will be excluded from the quantities used in the determination of nonstatistical evaluation.
41 42 43 44 45	Nonstatistical Mix Design . Fifteen days prior to the first day of paving the contractor shall provide one of the following mix design verification certifications for Contracting Agency review;
46 47	 The WSDOT Mix Design Evaluation Report from the current WSDOT QPL, or one of the mix design verification certifications listed below.

aggregate source compatibility from previous WSDOT lab testing.

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At the discretion of the Engineer, agencies may accept verified mix designs older than 12 months from the original verification date with a certification from the Contractor that the materials and sources are the same as those shown on the original mix design.

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Commercial Evaluation Approval of a mix design for "Commercial Evaluation" will be based on a review of the Contractor's submittal of WSDOT Form 350-042 (For commercial mixes, AASHTO T 324 evaluation is not required) or a Mix Design from the current WSDOT QPL or from one of the processes allowed by this section. Testing of the HMA by the Contracting Agency for mix design approval is not required.

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For the Bid Item Commercial HMA, the Contractor shall select a class of HMA and design level of Equivalent Single Axle Loads (ESAL's) appropriate for the required use.

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5-04.2(2)A Vacant

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5-04.2(2)B Using Warm Mix Asphalt Processes

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The Contractor may elect to use additives that reduce the optimum mixing temperature or serve as a compaction aid for producing HMA. Additives include organic additives, chemical additives and foaming processes. The use of Additives is subject to the following:

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44 45 • Do not use additives that reduce the mixing temperature more than allowed in Section 5-04.3(6) in the production of mixtures.

Before using additives, obtain the Engineer's approval using WSDOT Form 350-

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076 to describe the proposed additive and process.

1 5-04.3 Construction Requirements 2 3 5-04.3(1) Weather Limitations 4 Do not place HMA for wearing course on any Traveled Way beginning October 1st 5 through March 31st of the following year without written concurrence from the Engineer. 6 7 Do not place HMA on any wet surface, or when the average surface temperatures are 8 less than those specified below, or when weather conditions otherwise prevent the 9 proper handling or finishing of the HMA. 10 11 Minimum Surface Temperature for Paving Compacted Thickness Wearing Course Other Courses (Feet) 45∘F Less than 0.10 55∘F 0.10 to .20 45∘F 35∘F More than 0.20 35∘F 35∘F 12 13 5-04.3(2) Paving Under Traffic 14 When the Roadway being paved is open to traffic, the requirements of this Section 15 shall apply. 16 17 The Contractor shall keep intersections open to traffic at all times except when paving 18 the intersection or paving across the intersection. During such time, and provided that 19 there has been an advance warning to the public, the intersection may be closed for the 20 minimum time required to place and compact the mixture. In hot weather, the Engineer 21 may require the application of water to the pavement to accelerate the finish rolling of the 22 pavement and to shorten the time required before reopening to traffic. 23 24 Before closing an intersection, advance warning signs shall be placed and signs shall 25 also be placed marking the detour or alternate route. 26 27 During paving operations, temporary pavement markings shall be maintained throughout 28 the project. Temporary pavement markings shall be installed on the Roadway prior to 29 opening to traffic. Temporary pavement markings shall be in accordance with Section 8-30 23. 32

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All costs in connection with performing the Work in accordance with these requirements shall be included in the unit Contract prices for the various Bid items involved in the Contract.

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5-04.3(3) **Equipment**

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5-04.3(3)A Mixing Plant

- 1. Equipment for Preparation of Asphalt Binder Tanks for the storage of asphalt binder shall be equipped to heat and hold the material at the required temperatures. The heating shall be accomplished by steam coils, electricity, or other approved means so that no flame shall be in contact with the storage tank. The circulating system for the asphalt binder shall be designed to ensure proper and continuous circulation during the operating period. A valve for the purpose of sampling the asphalt binder shall be placed in either the storage tank or in the supply line to the mixer.
- 2. Thermometric Equipment An armored thermometer, capable of detecting temperature ranges expected in the HMA mix, shall be fixed in the asphalt binder feed line at a location near the charging valve at the mixer unit. The thermometer location shall be convenient and safe for access by Inspectors. The plant shall also be equipped with an approved dial-scale thermometer, a mercury actuated thermometer, an electric pyrometer, or another approved thermometric instrument placed at the discharge chute of the drier to automatically register or indicate the temperature of the heated aggregates. This device shall be in full view of the plant operator.
- 3. Heating of Asphalt Binder The temperature of the asphalt binder shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the asphalt binder manufacturer nor shall it be below the minimum temperature required to maintain the asphalt binder in a homogeneous state. The asphalt binder shall be heated in a manner that will avoid local variations in heating. The heating method shall provide a continuous supply of asphalt binder to the mixer at a uniform average temperature with no individual variations exceeding 25°F. Also, when a WMA additive is included in the asphalt binder, the temperature of the asphalt binder shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the manufacturer of the WMA additive.
- 4. **Sampling and Testing of Mineral Materials** The HMA plant shall be equipped with a mechanical sampler for the sampling of the mineral materials. The mechanical sampler shall meet the requirements of Section 1-05.6 for the crushing and screening operation. The Contractor shall provide for the setup and operation of the field testing facilities of the Contracting Agency as provided for in Section 3-01.2(2).
- 5. **Sampling HMA** The HMA plant shall provide for sampling HMA by one of the following methods:
 - a. A mechanical sampling device attached to the HMA plant.
 - b. Platforms or devices to enable sampling from the hauling vehicle without entering the hauling vehicle.

5-04.3(3)B Hauling Equipment

Trucks used for hauling HMA shall have tight, clean, smooth metal beds and shall have a cover of canvas or other suitable material of sufficient size to protect the mixture from adverse weather. Whenever the weather conditions during the work shift include, or are forecast to include, precipitation or an air temperature less than 45°F or when time from loading to unloading exceeds 30 minutes, the cover shall be securely attached to protect the HMA.

The contractor shall provide an environmentally benign means to prevent the HMA mixture from adhering to the hauling equipment. Excess release agent shall be drained prior to filling hauling equipment with HMA. Petroleum derivatives or other coating material that contaminate or alter the characteristics of the HMA shall not be used. For live bed trucks, the conveyer shall be in operation during the process of applying the release agent.

5-04.3(3)C Pavers

 HMA pavers shall be self-contained, power-propelled units, provided with an internally heated vibratory screed and shall be capable of spreading and finishing courses of HMA plant mix material in lane widths required by the paving section shown in the Plans.

The HMA paver shall be in good condition and shall have the most current equipment available from the manufacturer for the prevention of segregation of the HMA mixture installed, in good condition, and in working order. The equipment certification shall list the make, model, and year of the paver and any equipment that has been retrofitted.

The screed shall be operated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and shall effectively produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, segregating, or gouging the mixture. A copy of the manufacturer's recommendations shall be provided upon request by the Contracting Agency. Extensions will be allowed provided they produce the same results, including ride, density, and surface texture as obtained by the primary screed. Extensions without augers and an internally heated vibratory screed shall not be used in the Traveled Way.

When specified in the Contract, reference lines for vertical control will be required. Lines shall be placed on both outer edges of the Traveled Way of each Roadway. Horizontal control utilizing the reference line will be permitted. The grade and slope for intermediate lanes shall be controlled automatically from reference lines or by means of a mat referencing device and a slope control device. When the finish of the grade prepared for paving is superior to the established tolerances and when, in the opinion of the Engineer, further improvement to the line, grade, cross-section, and smoothness can best be achieved without the use of the reference line, a mat referencing device may be substituted for the reference line. Substitution of the device will be subject to the continued approval of the Engineer. A joint matcher may be used subject to the approval of the Engineer. The reference line may be removed after the completion of the first course of HMA when approved by the Engineer. Whenever the Engineer determines that any of these methods are failing to provide the necessary vertical control, the reference lines will be reinstalled by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall furnish and install all pins, brackets, tensioning devices, wire, and accessories necessary for satisfactory operation of the automatic control equipment.

If the paving machine in use is not providing the required finish, the Engineer may suspend Work as allowed by Section 1-08.6. Any cleaning or solvent type liquids spilled on the pavement shall be thoroughly removed before paving proceeds.

5-04.3(3)D Material Transfer Device or Material Transfer Vehicle

1 2	A Material Transfer Device/Vehicle (MTD/V) shall only be used with the Engineer's approval, unless otherwise required by the contract.		
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4 5 6 7	Where an MTD/V is required by the contract, the Engineer may approve paving without an MTD/V, at the request of the Contractor. The Engineer will determine if an equitable adjustment in cost or time is due.		
8 9 10 11 12 13	When used, the MTD/V shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to laydown by the paving machine. Mixing of the HMA shall be sufficient to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture. If a windrow elevator is used, the length of the windrow may be limited in urban areas or through intersections, at the discretion of the Engineer.		
14	To be approved for use, an MTV:		
15	To be approved for ase, an in iv.		
16	1. Shall be self-propelled vehicle, separate from the hauling vehicle or paver.		
17	2. Shall not be connected to the hauling vehicle or paver.		
18	3. May accept HMA directly from the haul vehicle or pick up HMA from a windrow		
19	4. Shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to		
20	placement into the paving machine.		
21 22	Shall mix the HMA sufficiently to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture.		
23	To be entroyed for use on MTD:		
24	To be approved for use, an MTD:		
25	4. Chall be manifically compared to the mayor		
26	Shall be positively connected to the paver.		
27 28 29	 May accept HMA directly from the haul vehicle or pick up HMA from a windrow Shall mix the HMA after delivery by the hauling equipment and prior to placement into the paving machine. 		
30 31	Shall mix the HMA sufficiently to obtain a uniform temperature throughout the mixture.		
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33	5-04.3(3)E Rollers		
34	Rollers shall be of the steel wheel, vibratory, oscillatory, or pneumatic tire type, in good		
35	condition and capable of reversing without backlash. Operation of the roller shall be in		
36	accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. When ordered by the Engineer		
37	for any roller planned for use on the project, the Contractor shall provide a copy of the		
38	manufacturer's recommendation for the use of that roller for compaction of HMA. The		
39 40	number and weight of rollers shall be sufficient to compact the mixture in compliance with the requirements of Section 5-04.3(10). The use of equipment that results in		
41	crushing of the aggregate will not be permitted. Rollers producing pickup, washboard,		
42	uneven compaction of the surface, displacement of the mixture or other undesirable		
43	results shall not be used.		
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45	5-04.3(4) Preparation of Existing Paved Surfaces		

1 When the surface of the existing pavement or old base is irregular, the Contractor shall 2 bring it to a uniform grade and cross section as shown on the Plans or approved by the 3 Engineer. 4 5 Preleveling of uneven or broken surfaces over which HMA is to be placed may be 6 accomplished by using an asphalt paver, a motor patrol grader, or by hand raking, as 7 approved by the Engineer. 8 9 Compaction of preleveling HMA shall be to the satisfaction of the Engineer and may require the use of small steel wheel rollers, plate compactors, or pneumatic rollers to 10 11 avoid bridging across preleveled areas by the compaction equipment. Equipment used 12 for the compaction of preleveling HMA shall be approved by the Engineer. 13 14 Before construction of HMA on an existing paved surface, the entire surface of the 15 pavement shall be clean. All fatty asphalt patches, grease drippings, and other 16 objectionable matter shall be entirely removed from the existing pavement. All 17 pavements or bituminous surfaces shall be thoroughly cleaned of dust, soil, pavement 18 grindings, and other foreign matter. All holes and small depressions shall be filled with an 19 appropriate class of HMA. The surface of the patched area shall be leveled and 20 compacted thoroughly. Prior to the application of tack coat, or paving, the condition of 21 the surface shall be approved by the Engineer. 22 23 A tack coat of asphalt shall be applied to all paved surfaces on which any course of HMA 24 is to be placed or abutted; except that tack coat may be omitted from clean, newly paved 25 surfaces at the discretion of the Engineer. Tack coat shall be uniformly applied to cover 26 the existing pavement with a thin film of residual asphalt free of streaks and bare spots at 27 a rate between 0.02 and 0.10 gallons per square yard of retained asphalt. The rate of 28 application shall be approved by the Engineer. A heavy application of tack coat shall be 29 applied to all joints. For Roadways open to traffic, the application of tack coat shall be 30 limited to surfaces that will be paved during the same working shift. The spreading 31 equipment shall be equipped with a thermometer to indicate the temperature of the tack 32 coat material. 33 34 Equipment shall not operate on tacked surfaces until the tack has broken and cured. If 35 the Contractor's operation damages the tack coat it shall be repaired prior to placement 36 of the HMA. 38 The tack coat shall be CSS-1, or CSS-1h emulsified asphalt. The CSS-1 and CSS-1h 39 emulsified asphalt may be diluted once with water at a rate not to exceed one part water 40 to one part emulsified asphalt. The tack coat shall have sufficient temperature such that 41 it may be applied uniformly at the specified rate of application and shall not exceed the

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maximum temperature recommended by the emulsified asphalt manufacturer.

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5-04.3(4)A Crack Sealing

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5-04.3(4)A1 General

When the Proposal includes a pay item for crack sealing, seal all cracks 1/4 inch in width and greater.

Joint sealant shall be used for transverse joints in paving.

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Cleaning: Ensure that cracks are thoroughly clean, dry and free of all loose and foreign material when filling with crack sealant material. Use a hot compressed air lance to dry and warm the pavement surfaces within the crack immediately prior to filling a crack with the sealant material. Do not overheat pavement. Do not use direct flame dryers. Routing cracks is not required.

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Sand Slurry: For cracks that are to be filled with sand slurry, thoroughly mix the components and pour the mixture into the cracks until full. Add additional CSS-1 cationic emulsified asphalt to the sand slurry as needed for workability to ensure the mixture will completely fill the cracks. Strike off the sand slurry flush with the existing pavement surface and allow the mixture to cure. Top off cracks that were not completely filled with additional sand slurry. Do not place the HMA overlay until the slurry has fully cured.

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The sand slurry shall consist of approximately 20 percent CSS-1 emulsified asphalt. approximately 2 percent portland cement, water (if required), and the remainder clean Class 1 or 2 fine aggregate per section 9-03.1(2). The components shall be thoroughly mixed and then poured into the cracks and joints until full. The following day, any cracks or joints that are not completely filled shall be topped off with additional sand slurry. After the sand slurry is placed, the filler shall be struck off flush with the existing pavement surface and allowed to cure. The HMA overlay shall not be placed until the slurry has fully cured. The requirements of Section 1-06 will not apply to the portland cement and sand used in the sand slurry.

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In areas where HMA will be placed, use sand slurry to fill the cracks.

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In areas where HMA will not be placed, fill the cracks as follows:

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- 1. Cracks ¼ inch to 1 inch in width fill with hot poured sealant.
- 2. Cracks greater than 1 inch in width fill with sand slurry.

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Hot Poured Sealant: For cracks that are to be filled with hot poured sealant, apply the material in accordance with these requirements and the manufacturer's recommendations. Furnish a Type 1 Working Drawing of the manufacturer's product information and recommendations to the Engineer prior to the start of work, including the manufacturer's recommended heating time and temperatures, allowable storage time and temperatures after initial heating, allowable reheating criteria, and application temperature range. Confine hot poured sealant material within the crack. Clean any overflow of sealant from the pavement surface. If, in the opinion of the Engineer, the Contractor's method of sealing the cracks with hot poured sealant results in an excessive amount of material on the pavement surface, stop and correct the operation to eliminate the excess material.

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5-04.3(4)A2 Crack Sealing Areas Prior to Paving

In areas where HMA will be placed, use sand slurry to fill the cracks.

5-04.3(4)A3 Crack Sealing Areas Not to be Paved

In areas where HMA will not be placed, fill the cracks as follows:

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- A. Cracks ¼ inch to 1 inch in width fill with hot poured sealant.
- B. Cracks greater than 1 inch in width fill with sand slurry.

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5-04.3(4)B Vacant

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5-04.3(4)C Pavement Repair

The Contractor shall excavate pavement repair areas and shall backfill these with HMA in accordance with the details shown in the Plans and as marked in the field. The Contractor shall conduct the excavation operations in a manner that will protect the pavement that is to remain. Pavement not designated to be removed that is damaged as a result of the Contractor's operations shall be repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Engineer at no cost to the Contracting Agency. The Contractor shall excavate only within one lane at a time unless approved otherwise by the Engineer. The Contractor shall not excavate more area than can be completely finished during the same shift, unless approved by the Engineer.

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Unless otherwise shown in the Plans or determined by the Engineer, excavate to a depth of 1.0 feet. The Engineer will make the final determination of the excavation depth required. The minimum width of any pavement repair area shall be 40 inches unless shown otherwise in the Plans. Before any excavation, the existing pavement shall be sawcut or shall be removed by a pavement grinder. Excavated materials will become the property of the Contractor and shall be disposed of in a Contractor provided site off the Right of Way or used in accordance with Sections 2-02.3(3) or 9-03.21.

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Asphalt for tack coat shall be required as specified in Section 5-04.3(4). A heavy application of tack coat shall be applied to all surfaces of existing pavement in the pavement repair area.

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Placement of the HMA backfill shall be accomplished in lifts not to exceed 0.35-foot compacted depth. Lifts that exceed 0.35-foot of compacted depth may be accomplished with the approval of the Engineer. Each lift shall be thoroughly compacted by a mechanical tamper or a roller.

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5-04.3(5) Producing/Stockpiling Aggregates and RAP

Aggregates and RAP shall be stockpiled according to the requirements of Section 3-02. Sufficient storage space shall be provided for each size of aggregate and RAP. Materials shall be removed from stockpile(s) in a manner to ensure minimal segregation when being moved to the HMA plant for processing into the final mixture. Different aggregate sizes shall be kept separated until they have been delivered to the HMA plant.

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5-04.3(6) Mixing

After the required amount of mineral materials, asphalt binder, recycling agent and antistripping additives have been introduced into the mixer the HMA shall be mixed until

complete and uniform coating of the particles and thorough distribution of the asphalt binder throughout the mineral materials is ensured.

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When discharged, the temperature of the HMA shall not exceed the optimum mixing temperature by more than 25°F as shown on the reference mix design report or as approved by the Engineer. Also, when a WMA additive is included in the manufacture of HMA, the discharge temperature of the HMA shall not exceed the maximum recommended by the manufacturer of the WMA additive. A maximum water content of 2 percent in the mix, at discharge, will be allowed providing the water causes no problems with handling, stripping, or flushing. If the water in the HMA causes any of these problems, the moisture content shall be reduced as directed by the Engineer.

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Storing or holding of the HMA in approved storage facilities will be permitted with approval of the Engineer, but in no event shall the HMA be held for more than 24 hours. HMA held for more than 24 hours after mixing shall be rejected. Rejected HMA shall be disposed of by the Contractor at no expense to the Contracting Agency. The storage facility shall have an accessible device located at the top of the cone or about the third point. The device shall indicate the amount of material in storage. No HMA shall be accepted from the storage facility when the HMA in storage is below the top of the cone of the storage facility, except as the storage facility is being emptied at the end of the working shift.

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Recycled asphalt pavement (RAP) utilized in the production of HMA shall be sized prior to entering the mixer so that a uniform and thoroughly mixed HMA is produced. If there is evidence of the recycled asphalt pavement not breaking down during the heating and mixing of the HMA, the Contractor shall immediately suspend the use of the RAP until changes have been approved by the Engineer. After the required amount of mineral materials, RAP, new asphalt binder and asphalt rejuvenator have been introduced into the mixer the HMA shall be mixed until complete and uniform coating of the particles and thorough distribution of the asphalt binder throughout the mineral materials, and RAP is ensured.

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5-04.3(7) Spreading and Finishing

The mixture shall be laid upon an approved surface, spread, and struck off to the grade and elevation established. HMA pavers complying with Section 5-04.3(3) shall be used to distribute the mixture. Unless otherwise directed by the Engineer, the nominal compacted depth of any layer of any course shall not exceed the following:

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HMA Class 1"	0.35 feet
HMA Class ¾" and HMA Class ½"	
wearing course	0.30 feet
other courses	0.35 feet
HMA Class ¾"	0.15 feet

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On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impractical, the paving may be done with other equipment or by hand.

1 When more than one JMF is being utilized to produce HMA, the material produced for 2 each JMF shall be placed by separate spreading and compacting equipment. The 3 intermingling of HMA produced from more than one JMF is prohibited. Each strip of HMA 4 placed during a work shift shall conform to a single JMF established for the class of HMA 5 specified unless there is a need to make an adjustment in the JMF. 6 7 5-04.3(8) Aggregate Acceptance Prior to Incorporation in HMA 8 For HMA accepted by nonstatistical evaluation the aggregate properties of sand 9 equivalent, uncompacted void content and fracture will be evaluated in accordance with 10 Section 3-04. Sampling and testing of aggregates for HMA accepted by commercial 11 evaluation will be at the option of the Engineer.

5-04.3(8)A1 General

Nonstatistical evaluation shall be used for the acceptance of HMA for this project.

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The Equivalent Single Axle Load (ESAL) for the mix design for the following area:

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Broadway – 7,000,000.00 Hewitt – 7,500,000.00 Rucker Avenue – 8,500,000.00

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The mix design will be the initial JMF for the class of HMA. The contractor may request a change in the JMF. Any adjustment to the JMF will require the approval of the Project Engineer and may be made in accordance with Section 9-03.8(7).

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5-04.3(9) HMA Mixture Acceptance

Acceptance of HMA shall be as provided under nonstatistical, or commercial evaluation.

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Nonstatistical evaluation will be used for the acceptance of HMA unless Commercial Evaluation is specified.

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Commercial evaluation will be used for Commercial HMA and for other classes of HMA in the following applications: sidewalks, road approaches, ditches, slopes, paths, trails, gores, prelevel, temporary pavement, and pavement repair. Other nonstructural applications of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation shall be as approved by the Engineer. Sampling and testing of HMA accepted by commercial evaluation will be at the option of the Engineer.

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The mix design will be the initial JMF for the class of HMA. The Contractor may request a change in the JMF. Any adjustments to the JMF will require the approval of the Engineer and may be made in accordance with this section.

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HMA Tolerances and Adjustments

44 45 46 Job Mix Formula Tolerances – The constituents of the mixture at the time of acceptance shall be within tolerance. The tolerance limits will be established as follows:

47 48 For Asphalt Binder and Air Voids (Va), the acceptance limits are determined by adding the tolerances below to the approved JMF values. These values

A lot is represented by randomly selected samples of the same mix design that will be tested for acceptance. A lot is defined as the total quantity of material or work produced for each Job Mix Formula placed. Only one lot per JMF is expected. A sublot shall be equal to one day's production or 800 tons, whichever is less except that the final sublot will be a minimum of 400 tons and may be increased to 1200 tons.

All of the test results obtained from the acceptance samples from a given lot shall be evaluated collectively. If the Contractor requests a change to the JMF that is approved,

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1 the material produced after the change will be evaluated on the basis of the new JMF for 2 the remaining sublots in the current lot and for acceptance of subsequent lots. For a lot 3 in progress with a CPF less than 0.75, a new lot will begin at the Contractor's request 4 after the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be 5 produced. 6 7 Sampling and testing for evaluation shall be performed on the frequency of one sample per sublot. 8 9 10 5-04.3(9)C2 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation Sampling 11 Samples for acceptance testing shall be obtained by the Contractor when ordered by the Engineer. The Contractor shall sample the HMA mixture in the presence of the Engineer 12 13 and in accordance with AASHTO T 168. A minimum of three samples should be taken for each class of HMA placed on a project. If used in a structural application, at least one 14 15 of the three samples shall to be tested. 16 17 Sampling and testing HMA in a Structural application where quantities are less than 400 18 tons is at the discretion of the Engineer. 19 20 For HMA used in a structural application and with a total project quantity less than 800 21 tons but more than 400 tons, a minimum of one acceptance test shall be performed. In 22 all cases, a minimum of 3 samples will be obtained at the point of acceptance, a 23 minimum of one of the three samples will be tested for conformance to the JMF: 25 If the test results are found to be within specification requirements, additional 26 testing will be at the Engineer's discretion.

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 If test results are found not to be within specification requirements, additional testing of the remaining samples to determine a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) shall be performed.

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5-04.3(9)C3 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Acceptance Testing

Testing of HMA for compliance of Va will at the option of the Contracting Agency. If tested, compliance of Va will use WSDOT SOP 731.

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Testing for compliance of asphalt binder content will be by WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 308.

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Testing for compliance of gradation will be by FOP for WAQTC T 27/T 11.

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5-04.3(9)C4 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Pay Factors

41 42 43 For each lot of material falling outside the tolerance limits in 5-04.3(9), the Contracting Agency will determine a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) using the following price adjustment factors:

Table of Price Adjustment Factors	
Constituent	Factor

	"f"
All aggregate passing: 1½", 1", ¾", ½", ¾" and No.4 sieves	2
All aggregate passing No. 8 sieve	15
All aggregate passing No. 200 sieve	20
Asphalt binder	40
Air Voids (Va) (where applicable)	20

Each lot of HMA produced under Nonstatistical Evaluation and having all constituents falling within the tolerance limits of the job mix formula shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When one or more constituents fall outside the nonstatistical tolerance limits in the Job Mix Formula shown in Table of Price Adjustment Factors, the lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The nonstatistical tolerance limits will be used in the calculation of the CPF and the maximum CPF shall be 1.00. When less than three sublots exist, backup samples of the existing sublots or samples from the Roadway shall be tested to provide a minimum of three sets of results for evaluation.

5-04.3(9)C5 Vacant

5-04.3(9)C6 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation – Price Adjustments

For each lot of HMA mix produced under Nonstatistical Evaluation when the calculated CPF is less than 1.00, a Nonconforming Mix Factor (NCMF) will be determined. The NCMF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 60 percent. The total job mix compliance price adjustment will be calculated as the product of the NCMF, the quantity of HMA in the lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

If a constituent is not measured in accordance with these Specifications, its individual pay factor will be considered 1.00 in calculating the Composite Pay Factor (CPF).

5-04.3(9)C7 Mixture Nonstatistical Evaluation - Retests

The Contractor may request a sublot be retested. To request a retest, the Contractor shall submit a written request within 7 calendar days after the specific test results have been received. A split of the original acceptance sample will be retested. The split of the sample will not be tested with the same tester that ran the original acceptance test. The sample will be tested for a complete gradation analysis, asphalt binder content, and, at the option of the agency, Va. The results of the retest will be used for the acceptance of the HMA in place of the original sublot sample test results. The cost of testing will be deducted from any monies due or that may come due the Contractor under the Contract at the rate of \$500 per sample.

5-04.3(9)D Mixture Acceptance – Commercial Evaluation

If sampled and tested, HMA produced under Commercial Evaluation and having all constituents falling within the tolerance limits of the job mix formula shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When one or more constituents fall outside the commercial tolerance limits in the Job Mix Formula shown in 5-04.3(9), the

lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The commercial tolerance limits will be used in the calculation of the CPF and the maximum CPF shall be 1.00. When less than three sublots exist, backup samples of the existing sublots or samples from the street shall be tested to provide a minimum of three sets of results for evaluation.

For each lot of HMA mix produced and tested under Commercial Evaluation when the calculated CPF is less than 1.00, a Nonconforming Mix Factor (NCMF) will be determined. The NCMF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 60 percent. The Job Mix Compliance Price Adjustment will be calculated as the product of the NCMF, the quantity of HMA in the lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

If a constituent is not measured in accordance with these Specifications, its individual pay factor will be considered 1.00 in calculating the Composite Pay Factor (CPF).

5-04.3(10) HMA Compaction Acceptance

HMA mixture accepted by nonstatistical evaluation that is used in traffic lanes, including lanes for intersections, ramps, truck climbing, weaving, and speed change, and having a specified compacted course thickness greater than 0.10-foot, shall be compacted to a specified level of relative density. The specified level of relative density shall be a Composite Pay Factor (CPF) of not less than 0.75 when evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2, using a LSL of 91.0 (minimum of 91 percent of the maximum density). The maximum density shall be determined by WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 729. The specified level of density attained will be determined by the evaluation of the density of the pavement. The density of the pavement shall be determined in accordance with WSDOT FOP for WAQTC TM 8, except that gauge correlation will be at the discretion of the Engineer, when using the nuclear density gauge and WSDOT SOP 736 when using cores to determine density.

Tests for the determination of the pavement density will be taken in accordance with the required procedures for measurement by a nuclear density gauge or roadway cores after completion of the finish rolling.

If the Contracting Agency uses a nuclear density gauge to determine density the test procedures FOP for WAQTC TM 8 and WSDOT SOP T 729 will be used on the day the mix is placed and prior to opening to traffic.

 Roadway cores for density may be obtained by either the Contracting Agency or the Contractor in accordance with WSDOT SOP 734. The core diameter shall be 4-inches minimum, unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. Roadway cores will be tested by the Contracting Agency in accordance with WSDOT FOP for AASHTO T 166.

If the Contract includes the Bid item "Roadway Core" the cores shall be obtained by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer on the same day the mix is placed and at locations designated by the Engineer. If the Contract does not include the Bid item "Roadway Core" the Contracting Agency will obtain the cores.

For a lot in progress with a CPF less than 0.75, a new lot will begin at the Contractor's request after the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be produced.

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HMA mixture accepted by commercial evaluation and HMA constructed under conditions other than those listed above shall be compacted on the basis of a test point evaluation of the compaction train. The test point evaluation shall be performed in accordance with instructions from the Engineer. The number of passes with an approved compaction train, required to attain the maximum test point density, shall be used on all subsequent paving.

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HMA for preleveling shall be thoroughly compacted. HMA that is used for preleveling wheel rutting shall be compacted with a pneumatic tire roller unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

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Test Results

For a sublot that has been tested with a nuclear density gauge that did not meet the minimum of 91 percent of the reference maximum density in a compaction lot with a CPF below 1.00 and thus subject to a price reduction or rejection, the Contractor may request that a core be used for determination of the relative density of the sublot. The relative density of the core will replace the relative density determined by the nuclear density gauge for the sublot and will be used for calculation of the CPF and acceptance of HMA compaction lot.

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When cores are taken by the Contracting Agency at the request of the Contractor, they shall be requested by noon of the next workday after the test results for the sublot have been provided or made available to the Contractor. Core locations shall be outside of wheel paths and as determined by the Engineer. Traffic control shall be provided by the Contractor as requested by the Engineer. Failure by the Contractor to provide the requested traffic control will result in forfeiture of the request for cores. When the CPF for the lot based on the results of the HMA cores is less than 1.00, the cost for the coring will be deducted from any monies due or that may become due the Contractor under the Contract at the rate of \$200 per core and the Contractor shall pay for the cost of the traffic control.

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5-04.3(10)A HMA Compaction – General Compaction Requirements

Compaction shall take place when the mixture is in the proper condition so that no undue displacement, cracking, or shoving occurs. Areas inaccessible to large compaction equipment shall be compacted by other mechanical means. Any HMA that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of asphalt, or is in any way defective, shall be removed and replaced with new hot mix that shall be immediately compacted to conform to the surrounding area.

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The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option, provided the specified densities are attained. Unless the Engineer has approved otherwise, rollers shall only be operated in the static mode when the internal temperature of the mix is less than 175°F. Regardless of mix temperature, a roller shall not be operated in a mode that results in checking or cracking of the mat. Rollers shall only be operated in static mode on bridge decks.

5-04.3(10)B HMA Compaction - Cyclic Density

Low cyclic density areas are defined as spots or streaks in the pavement that are less than 90 percent of the theoretical maximum density. At the Engineer's discretion, the Engineer may evaluate the HMA pavement for low cyclic density, and when doing so will follow WSDOT SOP 733. A \$500 Cyclic Density Price Adjustment will be assessed for any 500-foot section with two or more density readings below 90 percent of the theoretical maximum density.

5-04.3(10)C Vacant

5-04.3(10)D HMA Nonstatistical Compaction

5-04.3(10)D1 HMA Nonstatistical Compaction – Lots and Sublots

HMA compaction which is accepted by nonstatistical evaluation will be based on acceptance testing performed by the Contracting Agency dividing the project into compaction lots.

A lot is represented by randomly selected samples of the same mix design that will be tested for acceptance. A lot is defined as the total quantity of material or work produced for each Job Mix Formula placed. Only one lot per JMF is expected. A sublot shall be equal to one day's production or 400 tons, whichever is less except that the final sublot will be a minimum of 200 tons and may be increased to 800 tons. Testing for compaction will be at the rate of 5 tests per sublot per WSDOT T 738.

 The sublot locations within each density lot will be determined by the Engineer. For a lot in progress with a CPF less than 0.75, a new lot will begin at the Contractor's request after the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can be produced.

HMA mixture accepted by commercial evaluation and HMA constructed under conditions other than those listed above shall be compacted on the basis of a test point evaluation of the compaction train. The test point evaluation shall be performed in accordance with instructions from the Engineer. The number of passes with an approved compaction train, required to attain the maximum test point density, shall be used on all subsequent paving.

HMA for preleveling shall be thoroughly compacted. HMA that is used to prelevel wheel ruts shall be compacted with a pneumatic tire roller unless otherwise approved by the Engineer.

5-04.3(10)D2 HMA Compaction Nonstatistical Evaluation – Acceptance Testing

The location of the HMA compaction acceptance tests will be randomly selected by the Engineer from within each sublot, with one test per sublot.

5-04.3(10)D3 HMA Nonstatistical Compaction – Price Adjustments

For each compaction lot with one or two sublots, having all sublots attain a relative density that is 91 percent of the reference maximum density the HMA shall be accepted at the unit Contract price with no further evaluation. When a sublot does not attain a relative density that is 91 percent of the reference maximum density, the lot shall be evaluated in accordance with Section 1-06.2 to determine the appropriate CPF. The maximum CPF shall be 1.00, however, lots with a calculated CPF in excess of 1.00 will be used to offset lots with CPF values below 1.00 but greater than 0.90. Lots with CPF lower than 0.90 will be evaluated for compliance per 5-04.3(11). Additional testing by either a nuclear moisture-density gauge or cores will be completed as required to provide a minimum of three tests for evaluation.

For compaction below the required 91% a Non-Conforming Compaction Factor (NCCF) will be determined. The NCCF equals the algebraic difference of CPF minus 1.00 multiplied by 40 percent. The Compaction Price Adjustment will be calculated as the product of CPF, the quantity of HMA in the compaction control lot in tons, and the unit Contract price per ton of mix.

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5-04.3(11) Reject Work

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5-04.3(11)A Reject Work General

Work that is defective or does not conform to Contract requirements shall be rejected. The Contractor may propose, in writing, alternatives to removal and replacement of rejected material. Acceptability of such alternative proposals will be determined at the sole discretion of the Engineer. HMA that has been rejected is subject to the requirements in Section 1-06.2(2) and this specification, and the Contractor shall submit a corrective action proposal to the Engineer for approval.

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5-04.3(11)B Rejection by Contractor

The Contractor may, prior to sampling, elect to remove any defective material and replace it with new material. Any such new material will be sampled, tested, and evaluated for acceptance.

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5-04.3(11)C Rejection Without Testing (Mixture or Compaction)

The Engineer may, without sampling, reject any batch, load, or section of Roadway that appears defective. Material rejected before placement shall not be incorporated into the pavement. Any rejected section of Roadway shall be removed.

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No payment will be made for the rejected materials or the removal of the materials unless the Contractor requests that the rejected material be tested. If the Contractor elects to have the rejected material tested, a minimum of three representative samples will be obtained and tested. Acceptance of rejected material will be based on conformance with the nonstatistical acceptance Specification. If the CPF for the rejected material is less than 0.75, no payment will be made for the rejected material; in addition, the cost of sampling and testing shall be borne by the Contractor. If the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, the cost of sampling and testing will be borne by the Contracting Agency. If the material is rejected before placement and the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, compensation for the rejected material will be at a CPF of 0.75. If rejection occurs after placement and the CPF is greater than or equal to 0.75, compensation for

1 the rejected material will be at the calculated CPF with an addition of 25 percent of the 2 unit Contract price added for the cost of removal and disposal. 3 4 5-04.3(11)D Rejection - A Partial Sublot 5 In addition to the random acceptance sampling and testing, the Engineer may also 6 isolate from a normal sublot any material that is suspected of being defective in relative 7 density, gradation or asphalt binder content. Such isolated material will not include an 8 original sample location. A minimum of three random samples of the suspect material will 9 be obtained and tested. The material will then be statistically evaluated as an 10 independent lot in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2). 11 5-04.3(11)E Rejection - An Entire Sublot 12 An entire sublot that is suspected of being defective may be rejected. When a sublot is 13 14 rejected a minimum of two additional random samples from this sublot will be obtained. 15 These additional samples and the original sublot will be evaluated as an independent lot 16 in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2). 17 18 5-04.3(11)F Rejection - A Lot in Progress 19 The Contractor shall shut down operations and shall not resume HMA placement until 20 such time as the Engineer is satisfied that material conforming to the Specifications can 21 be produced: 22 23 When the Composite Pay Factor (CPF) of a lot in progress drops below 1.00 and 24 the Contractor is taking no corrective action, or 25 When the Pay Factor (PF) for any constituent of a lot in progress drops below 26 0.95 and the Contractor is taking no corrective action, or 27 When either the PFi for any constituent or the CPF of a lot in progress is less 28 than 0.75. 29 30 5-04.3(11)G Rejection - An Entire Lot (Mixture or Compaction) 31 An entire lot with a CPF of less than 0.75 will be rejected. 32 33 5-04.3(12) Joints 34 35 5-04.3(12)A HMA Joints 36 37 5-04.3(12)A1 Transverse Joints 38 The Contractor shall conduct operations such that the placing of the top or wearing 39

course is a continuous operation or as close to continuous as possible. Unscheduled transverse joints will be allowed and the roller may pass over the unprotected end of the freshly laid mixture only when the placement of the course must be discontinued for such a length of time that the mixture will cool below compaction temperature. When the Work is resumed, the previously compacted mixture shall be cut back to produce a slightly beveled edge for the full thickness of the course.

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A temporary wedge of HMA constructed on a 20H:1V shall be constructed where a transverse joint as a result of paving or planing is open to traffic. The HMA in the temporary wedge shall be separated from the permanent HMA by strips of heavy wrapping paper or other methods approved by the Engineer. The wrapping paper shall be removed and the joint trimmed to a slightly beveled edge for the full thickness of the course prior to resumption of paving.

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The material that is cut away shall be wasted and new mix shall be laid against the cut. Rollers or tamping irons shall be used to seal the joint.

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5-04.3(12)A2 Longitudinal Joints

The longitudinal joint in any one course shall be offset from the course immediately below by not more than 6 inches nor less than 2 inches. All longitudinal joints constructed in the wearing course shall be located at a lane line or an edge line of the Traveled Way. A notched wedge joint shall be constructed along all longitudinal joints in the wearing surface of new HMA unless otherwise approved by the Engineer. The notched wedge joint shall have a vertical edge of not less than the maximum aggregate size or more than ½ of the compacted lift thickness and then taper down on a slope not steeper than 4H:1V. The sloped portion of the HMA notched wedge joint shall be uniformly compacted.

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5-04.3(12)B Bridge Paving Joint Seals

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5-04.3(12)B1 HMA Sawcut and Seal

Prior to placing HMA on the bridge deck, establish sawcut alignment points at both ends of the bridge paving joint seals to be placed at the bridge ends, and at interior joints within the bridge deck when and where shown in the Plans. Establish the sawcut alignment points in a manner that they remain functional for use in aligning the sawcut after placing the overlay.

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Submit a Type 1 Working Drawing consisting of the sealant manufacturer's application procedure.

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Construct the bridge paving joint seal as specified ion the Plans and in accordance with the detail shown in the Standard Plans. Construct the sawcut in accordance with the detail shown in the Standard Plan. Construct the sawcut in accordance with Section 5-05.3(8)B and the manufacturer's application procedure.

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5-04.3(12)B2 Paved Panel Joint Seal

Construct the paved panel joint seal in accordance with the requirements specified in section 5-04.3(12)B1 and the following requirement:

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1. Clean and seal the existing joint between concrete panels in accordance with Section 5-01.3(8) and the details shown in the Standard Plans.

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5-04.3(13) Surface Smoothness

The completed surface of all courses shall be of uniform texture, smooth, uniform as to crown and grade, and free from defects of all kinds. The completed surface of the wearing course shall not vary more than \(\frac{1}{2} \) inch from the lower edge of a 10-foot straightedge placed on the surface parallel to the centerline. The transverse slope of the completed surface of the wearing course shall vary not more than 1/4 inch in 10 feet from the rate of transverse slope shown in the Plans.

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When deviations in excess of the above tolerances are found that result from a high place in the HMA, the pavement surface shall be corrected by one of the following methods:

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- 1. Removal of material from high places by grinding with an approved grinding machine, or
- 2. Removal and replacement of the wearing course of HMA, or
- 3. By other method approved by the Engineer.

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Correction of defects shall be carried out until there are no deviations anywhere greater than the allowable tolerances.

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Deviations in excess of the above tolerances that result from a low place in the HMA and deviations resulting from a high place where corrective action, in the opinion of the Engineer, will not produce satisfactory results will be accepted with a price adjustment. The Engineer shall deduct from monies due or that may become due to the Contractor the sum of \$500.00 for each and every section of single traffic lane 100 feet in length in which any excessive deviations described above are found.

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When utility appurtenances such as manhole covers and valve boxes are located in the traveled way, the utility appurtenances shall be adjusted to the finished grade prior to paving. This requirement may be waived when requested by the Contractor, at the discretion of the Engineer or when the adjustment details provided in the project plan or specifications call for utility appurtenance adjustments after the completion of paving.

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Utility appurtenance adjustment discussions will be included in the Pre-Paving planning (5-04.3(14)B3). Submit a written request to waive this requirement to the Engineer prior to the start of paving.

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5-04.3(14) Planing (Milling) Bituminous Pavement

The Contractor shall call for locates before planing any HMA pavement. Any induction loop vehicle detectors which are within the planing area shall be discussed with the inspector prior to planing to see if the planing limits can be modified to save the loops. Any loops which are damaged in the planing process shall be replaced prior to the final overlay. The electrical subcontractor shall be on-call and the loops shall be replaced within 5 working days of the planing operation and paved within 3 working days of the loop installation. See Section 8-20 of the Specifications for details on loop installation and payment.

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Planing shall be performed in such a manner that the underlying pavement is not torn. broken, or otherwise damaged by the planing operation. The surface of the underlying pavement shall be slightly grooved or roughened sufficiently to ensure a bond when overlaid. All areas to be ground shall be completed with a grinder. The use of other methods must be approved by the Engineer.

If, after planing a thin veneer layer remains, the contractor shall replane the roadway as directed by the Engineer, paid under "Additional Planing Bituminous Pavement". The Contractor shall adjust their schedule at no additional cost to the owner.

The planings shall become the property of the Contractor and shall be removed from the right-of-way. The planings may be utilized as RAP, within the requirements of Section 5-04.2 or 9-03.21. The Contractor shall immediately dispose of all other debris resulting from the planing operation in a Contractor-provided site off the right-of-way.

Immediately after grinding, the Contractor shall construct an asphalt transition (temporary paper joints or ramps), on all traveled ways, wheel chair ramps, and exposed manholes, inlets, catch basins, monuments, valve boxes, and other structures on the street, regardless of depth in grinding. Asphalt transition must be removed prior to overlay. Cast iron structures left higher than 2" must be removed and steel plates installed to protect the opening and provide a suitable driving surface.

Sweeping of roadway surface shall immediately follow all grinding. Sweeping of roadway surface is required prior to tack placement and paving.

The road shall be overlayed within **3 working days** after planing operation for streets without loops. On streets where loops will be replaced, the overlay shall be completed within **8 working days** after planing operation.

Sweepers following the grinding work will not be paid separately, and is included in the bid item "Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", per square yard.

For mainline planing operations, the equipment shall have automatic controls, with sensors for either or both sides of the equipment. The controls shall be capable of sensing the proper grade from an outside reference line, or a mat-referencing device. The automatic controls shall also be capable of maintaining the desired transverse slope. The transverse slope controller shall be capable of maintaining the mandrel at the desired slope (expressed as a percentage) within plus or minus 0.1 percent.

Pre-level course is not anticipated on any of the selected streets. If, however, after plaining operations, drivability issues cannot be resolved with 2" overlay, pre-level will be required as directed and paid for by "HMA Class 1/2" PG 64-22", per ton. Contractor is strongly encouraged to bid the work to cover their cost of pre-level operations.

5-04.3(14)A Paving and Planing Under Traffic

5-04.3(14)A1 General

 In addition the requirements of Section 1-07.23 and the traffic controls required in Section 1-10, and unless the Contract specifies otherwise or the Engineer approves, the Contractor must comply with the following:

1. Intersections:

- c. Allow new compacted HMA asphalt to cool to ambient temperature before any traffic is allowed on it. Traffic is not allowed on newly placed asphalt until approval has been obtained from the Engineer.
- 2. Temporary centerline marking, post-paving temporary marking, temporary stop bars, and maintaining temporary pavement marking must comply with Section 8-23.
- 3. Permanent pavement marking must comply with Section 8-22.

5-04.3(15) Vacant

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5-04.3(16) HMA Road Approaches

HMA approaches shall be constructed at the locations shown in the Plans or where staked by the Engineer. The Work shall be performed in accordance with Section 5-04.

5-04.4 Measurement

"Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", shall be measured by the square yard.

"HMA Class ½", PG 64-22", shall be measured by the ton.

5-04.5 Payment

Payment will be made in accordance with Section 1-04.1, for each of the following bid items that are included in the proposal:

"HMA Class ½" PG 64-22", per ton.

The unit contract price per ton for "HMA Class $\frac{1}{2}$ " PG 64-22", shall be full compensation for all costs incurred to carry out the requirements of Section 5-04 except for those costs included in other items which are included in the sub-section and which are included in the proposal.

All costs for "Asphalt Tack Coat", "Anti Stripping Additive", "Compaction Adjustment" and "Joint Sealing Transverse Joints in Paving" shall be included in the unit contract price per ton for "HMA Class ½" PG 64-22", per ton.

"Planing Bituminous Pavement (2" Deep)", per square yard.

The Unit contract price for "Planing Bituminus Pavement (2" Deep), per square yard shall be full payment for all costs incurred to perform the work described in Section 5-04.3(14).

Approved Div 5.DOCX

5-05 CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT

5-05.2 Materials

Section 5-05.2 is supplemented with the following:

Epoxy Coated Dowel Bars

9-07.5(1) Standard Specifications

The reference to Section 9-07.5(2) Corrosion Resistant Dowel Bars is deleted.

5-05.3 **Construction Requirements**

5-05.3(1) Concrete Mix Design for Paving

Section 5-05.3(1) is deleted and replaced with the following:

The Contractor shall provide a concrete mix design for each design age of concrete specified in the Contract. The Contractor shall use ACI 211.1 as a guide to determine Concrete strength, placeability, and workability shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Following approval of the Contractor's proposal, all other requirements of Section 5-05 shall apply.

1. Materials. Materials shall conform to Section 5-05.2. Fine aggregate shall conform to Section 9-03.1(2)B, Class 1. Coarse aggregate shall conform to Section 9-03.1(4) and shall conform to Section 9-03.1(4)C AASHTO grading No. 467 or an alternate gradation which has a minimum of 5 percent retained on the 1½-inch square sieve. Fly ash, if used, shall conform to Section 9-23.9 and shall be limited to Class F with a maximum CaO content of 15 percent by weight. The fly ash shall be limited to 20 percent by weight, of the total cementitious material. As an alternative to the use of fly ash and cement as separate components, a blended hydraulic cement may be used. Blended hydraulic cement shall conform to ASTM C 595 Type IP(MS).

In making calculations relative to cement factor or allowable water/cement ratio, the total cementitious material shall be taken as the weight of Portland cement plus the weight of fly ash.

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2. Submittals. The Contractor's submittal for approval shall include the mix proportions per cubic yard and the proposed sources for all ingredients including the power plant that generated the fly ash. The mix shall be capable of providing a minimum flexural strength of 650 psi at 14 days. Evaluation of strength shall be based on statistically analyzed results of 5 beam specimens and demonstrate a quality level of not less than 80 percent analyzed in accordance with Section 1-06.2(2)D. In addition the Contractor shall fabricate, cure, and test 5 sets of cylinders using the same mixture as

END DIVISION 5

1	then be carefully painted with hot asphalt cement or asphalt emulsion and shall be immediately covered with dry paving sand before the asphalt cement solidifies.
3 4 5	The inside throat of the structure shall be thoroughly mortared and plastered through to the outside of the structure's concrete adjustment rings.
6 7 8 9	Castings that need replacement shall be identified by the City of Everett. Replacement casting will be supplied by the City of Everett and original casting will be picked up by the City of Everett.
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1 2	GLF 7-05.3(5).DOCX
13	Adjusting Valve Boxes to Grade
14	(*****)
5 6 7	Section 7-05.3 of the standard specifications is supplemented with the following:
18	(*****)
19 20 21 22 23	Adjustment of valve boxes to grade shall occur only as needed and/or directed by the engineer. Existing valve boxes and covers shall be adjusted to the grade as staked or otherwise designated by the Engineer. The adjustment of the valve box to grade by the use of riser rings is not allowed.
24 25 26 27	Removal operations shall be conducted to prevent damage to the valve boxes. Any parts or materials damaged due to the Contractor's operations shall be replaced at the Contractor's expense. Castings that need replacement shall be identified by the City of Everett.
28 29 30 31 32	The Contractor shall conduct the valve box adjustments so that the fully-adjusted box allows the respective valve to be fully operational. The Contractor shall remove all debris from the adjusted valve boxes to ensure such operational condition.
33 34	GLF 7-05.4.DOCX
35 36	7-05.4 Measurement
37 38	Section 7-05.4 of the standard specifications is deleted and replaced with the following:
39	(*****)
10	"Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", shall be measured per each.
1 2 3	"Adjust Valve Box to Grade", shall be measured per each.
14 15 16 17	GLF 7-05.5.DOCX 7-05.5 Payment
+7 18	Section 7-05.5 of the standard specifications is deleted and replaced with the following:

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2	(*****)
3 4	Payment will be made for each of the following bid items that are included in the proposal:
5	"Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", per each.
7	"Adjust Valve Box to Grade", per each.
8 9 10	The payment for "Adjust Manhole to Grade", "Adjust Catch Basin/Inlet to Grade", shall be full compensation for all costs necessary to make the adjustment including temporary
1	cover to adjust the existing structure to required elevation, construction of the asphalt
2 3	transition around the structure, and restoration of the adjacent area. Adjustment of any structures twice will be paid as one adjustment.
4 5	END DIVISION7.RTF
6	END DIVIDIONYKIT
7	END DIVISION 7
0	

1 2 3	DIVISION8.0	GR8
4	Dividiono	Division 8
5		Miscellaneous Construction
6		Wilscellaneous Constituction
7	8-14.GR8	
		ncrete Sidewalks
8 9	Cement Co	increte Sidewarks
10	8-14.3.GR8	
		an Doguiromanta
11	Construction	on Requirements
12	0 44 2 INICT	I CD0
13	8-14.3.INST1	
14	Section 8-14	.3 is supplemented with the following:
15	0 44 2 ODT4	CD0
16	8-14.3.OPT1	
17	•	r 3, 2022)
18		stractor shall request a pre-construction meeting with the Engineer to be held two
19		orking days before any work can start on cement concrete sidewalks, curb ramps
20		pedestrian access routes to discuss construction requirements. Those attending
21	shall inc	lude:
22	4	The Contractor and subscript about a bound of construction forms and placing
23	1.	The Contractor and subcontractor in charge of constructing forms, and placing,
24		and finishing the cement concrete.
25	2	Final part (or representative) and Drainet Increators for the comput concrete
26	2.	Engineer (or representative) and Project Inspectors for the cement concrete
27		sidewalk, curb ramp or pedestrian access route Work.
28 29	Itama ta	he discussed in this meeting shall include at a minimum, the following:
	items to	be discussed in this meeting shall include, at a minimum, the following:
30 31	1.	Clanas shown on the Plans
32	1.	Slopes shown on the Plans.
33	2.	Inspection
34	۷.	Inspection
35	3.	Traffic control
36	5.	Traile Control
37	4.	Pedestrian control, access routes and delineation
38	٦.	redestrian control, access routes and defineation
39	5.	Accommodating utilities
40	0.	7.000mmodding dimiles
41	6.	Form work
42	0.	TOTAL WORK
43	7.	Installation of detectable warning surfaces
44		gg
45	8.	Contractor ADA survey and ADA Feature as-built requirements
46		
47	9.	Cold Weather Protection
48		

1 2 3 4	8-20.GR8 Illumination, Traffic Signal Systems, Intelligent Transportation Systems, and Electrical		
5 6 7	8-20.2.GR8 Materials		
8 9 10	8-20.2.INST1.GR8 Section 8-20.2 is supplemented with the following:		
11	FCNH 8-20.2(9-29.18) VIDEO DETECTION.rtf.DOCX		
12	9-29.18 Vehicle Detector		
13 14	Section 9-29.18 is supplemented with the following:		
15	9-29.18(3) Video detection		
16	All components needed to provide a complete thermal detection system shall be		
17	supplied and installed per manufacturer's recommendation.		
18			
19	The thermal detection equipment shall include, but not be limited to, Cameras,		
20	Camera Housings, Camera Lens, Camera Mounting Hardware, Video Image		
21	Processors, Input File Adapters, lens Adjustment Modules, Keypad and Monitor.		
22 23	The thermal detection system shall be capable of supplying video detection to the		
24	signal controller phases as indicated in the plans.		
25	orginal controller pridece as indicated in the plane.		
26			
27	9-29.18(3)A Thermal Detection System		
28			
29	The thermal traffic detector sensor shall have 24 vehicle presence detection		
30	zones, 8 bicycle presence detection zones, 8 pedestrian presence detection		
31	zones, 8 traffic data detection zones, and 8 wrong way driver detection zones		
32	per sensor. Data zones shall collect and store vehicle counts, volume, speed,		
33	gap time, headway, occupancy, and classification. Data shall be time-		
34	stamped and stored onboard (non-volatile memory) in a user selectable		
35	interval, from 1-60 minutes.		
36			
37	Data alarms are generated for: queue, inverse direction, speed drop, no		
38	video, and other errors.		
39			
40	The EDGE interface card shall be modular by design and housed in either a		
41	self-contained stand-alone unit or fit directly into NEMA TS1 & TS2 type racks		
42	as well as Type 170/2070 input files. The edge card shall be interchangeable		
43	between a shelf or rack mount installation without replacing or modifying		
44	existing units.		
45 46	DIMENSIONS		
46 47	115mm x 28.5mm x 165mm – typical US EDGE rack height, dual slot		
48	1 13mm x 20.3mm x 103mm — typical 03 LDGL lack lietynt, ddal slot		
49	COMMUNICATIONS		

1	RJ 45 Ethernet
2 3 4 5 6 7	ENVIRONMENTAL -34°C to +74°C (-29.2°F to + 165.2°F) 0 to 95% relative humidity – non-condensing NEMA TS2 Environmental compliant
8 9 10 11	A single EDGE card shall communicate with 1 to 8 sensors and include interface to the agencies existing IP network. Only a single IP address should be necessary for all sensors and allow for independent streaming of the thermal video streams by using ports.
12 13 14 15 16	The system shall be designed to operate reliably in the adverse environment of roadside cabinets and shall meet or exceed all NEMA TS1 and TS2, as well as Type 170/2070 environmental specifications.
17 18 19 20	Ambient operating temperature shall be from -34 to +74 degrees Centigrade (-29.2 to +165.2 degrees Fahrenheit) at 0 to 95% relative humidity non-condensing.
21	The system shall be powered by 12-60 VDC or 12-42 VAC.
22 23 24	Surge ratings shall be set forth in the NEMA TS1 and TS2 specifications.
25 26 27	The EDGE interface board shall have 4 opto-isolated open collector outputs. Twenty-four (24) additional outputs shall be available via the USB expansion port and up to five (5) 4 I/O USB expansion modules.
28 29 30	Must be able to provide loop emulation for presence, bike presence, counting and data collection.
31 32 33	Presence hold time must have parameters that range from 10 to 600 seconds.
34 35 36	Each TI BPL2 EDGE card shall allow for up to 24 digital inputs into the traffic controller via the 4 I/O USB Expansion boards or up to 64 digital inputs into the traffic controller via the PIM Module using an SDLC interface.
37 38 39 40 41 42	Each TI BPL2 EDGE card shall have error detection. Outputs will be turned "ON" if the video signal is bad or the card is not functioning properly. A user defined quality level will automatically put selected outputs to recall in cases of severe degraded visibility (i.e., fog, blizzard, etc.). Normal detection resumes when visibility improves above the user defined thermal quality level.
43 44 45 46 47	Using an agencies network, the TI BPL2 Edge card shall be capable of streaming all connected sensors video streams simultaneously via MPEG-4/H.264/MJPEG. These streams are available with or without detection overlay.

1 2 The TI BPL2 EDGE board shall have a reset button on the front panel to reset 3 the thermal sensors to "learn" the roadway image. During "learn", selectable recall can be enabled or disabled for immediate operation. Learning time of 4 video detectors shall be less than 6 minutes. 5 6 The video detection sensor and TI BPL2 EDGE card shall have internal surge 7 suppression. 8 9 10 The BPL2 EDGE board shall have separate light emitting diodes (LEDs) that 11 indicate: 12 **POWER** 13 LED to verify power and reboot TI board POWER LED to verify sensor power and reboot sensors 14 Dual color status LED for PIM Connection PIM 15 16 OUTPUT Status LED if the corresponding detection group is active INPUT Status LED if the corresponding detection group is active 17 8 BPL Sensors **Dual color LED Status** 18 19 **RJ45** The TI BPL2 EDGE card has 2 RJ45 connectors (10/100Mbit/s auto switching) 20 USB 2 USB ports for connection to 4 I/O USB 21 22 expansion boards 23 24 25 The 4 I/O USB Expansion board shall also have separate LEDs that indicate: 26 POWER Power LED 27 28 OUTPUT LED to indicate Output Status INPUT 29 LED to indicate Input Status Rotary Switch that defines output numbers 30 Rotary 31 32 **Event Log Database** 33 34 The thermal traffic detector system shall store an onboard database capable 35 of time stamping and storing 500 events. The Event Log Database can be viewed or downloaded as a comma separated value (csv) file and Extensible 36 Markup Language (xml) file. Erasure of the Event Log Database shall not alter 37 38 programmed configurations. As a minimum, the thermal traffic detector shall 39 log and time stamp the following events: 40 41 Firmware upgrade Loss of signal 42 43 Resumption of signal 44 Configuration change

Loss of power to thermal traffic sensor

Bad thermal quality

45

image with associated outputs. Outputs/Inputs status will be indicated on the screen. Parameters will also include the ability to view raw video without any verbiage and/or detectors for surveillance purposes. Signal phasing can also be displayed in a NEMA TS2-1 cabinet with an accompanied PIM Module and SDLC interface (optional). Each thermal traffic detector will detect within its view the presence of vehicles or bicycles in user defined zones. Detectors available shall be presence, count, delay, extension, or pulse mode for either arrival or departure of vehicles. Delay and extension shall be defined between 0.1 – 99.9 seconds and pulse mode between 0 – 200ms in 33ms increments if NTSC is used. Each thermal traffic sensor shall also detect and collect traffic data of passing vehicles in user-defined zones. Collected traffic data by direction shall include: Volume (absolute numbers) per length class and per lane. Average speed (km/h or mph) per length class and per lane. Average gap time (1/10 sec) per length class and per lane. Average headway (m or feet) per lane. Average headway (m or feet) per lane. Coccupancy (%) per lane Confidence (0-10) depending on Thermal Quality of Image						
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Confidence (0-10) depending on Thermal Quality of Image						
		, , , ,				
	45	 Density (Vehicles / KM) Number of Vehicles over distance 				

1 2 3	Once an IP address is set up the thermal traffic detector shall be programmed with the use of a computer or network connection. A standard computer running a web browser is necessary.
4	
5 6	Detector configurations shall be able to be stored. These "offline" networks can be saved and easily reinstalled if needed.
7	
8	Detectors may be linked to 24 outputs and 20 inputs using Boolean Logic
9	features: AND, OR, NOT. It will be possible to generate conditional outputs
10	based upon inputs from a controller.
11	that all the constitution and a substitution florida and account of the Constitution o
12	It shall be possible to make a detector directional sensitive. Options will
13	include an omni-directional detector or a detector that only senses movement
14	from right to left, left to right, up to down or down to up as you look at the
15	screen.
16	
17	8 data detection zones per sensor may be used for collection of vehicle count
18	speed, classification, occupancy, density, headway, and gap time. These
19	detectors will detect and store traffic data in no-volatile memory at user-
20	defined intervals of 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 15, 30, and 60 minutes.
21	Trafficer Data Tool (TDT) coffigure may be used with a DC to developed data
22	Traficon Data Tool (TDT) software may be used with a PC to download data
23	and export to a spreadsheet. A standard web browser will be used to upload
24 25	and download detector configurations, technical events, send software
25 26	versions upgrades, and do remote setup of detectors.
20 27	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to detect vulnerable roadway users
2 <i>1</i> 28	such as bicyclists and is capable of outputting a separate call allowing an
20 29	agency to give early or extended time to these users.
30	agency to give early or extended time to these users.
31	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to delay or extend a detector zone
32	output in combination with an input from the controller.
33	output in combination with an input from the controller.
34	The thermal traffic detector shall be capable of detecting wrong-way drivers
35	and shall provide an alarm/event via communication and/or output.
36	and onall provide air diaini, event via communication and, or eatpat.
37	The thermal traffic detector shall provide an alarm and/or output when the
38	user selected queue detection threshold of occupancy is exceeded for more
39	than a user selected time threshold.
40	andria deer eereeted time timeerield.
41	The thermal traffic detector shall distinguish up to five classes of detected
42	vehicles based upon user selectable vehicle length thresholds. Using optional
43	premium traffic data, the sensor can classify up to 3 classes of vehicles using
44	vehicle width and up to 5 classes combining both length and width.
45	
16 16	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to emulate loop emulation with user

selectable loop dimensions.

1	-		
2	The thermal traffic detector shall be able to detect pedestrians and set up		
3	directional detection zones for crossing or waiting pedestrians. Optical		
4	occiusion m	just be considered if using this feature	•
5			
6 7	9-29.18(3)C	System Communications	
8	3 23.70(0)0	Cystem Communications	
9	The TI BPL	2 EDGE shall control from 1 to 8 FLIR	Traffic sensors.
10 11	The TI RDI	2 EDGE has 2 RJ45 connections for E	Thornot interface and
12		tion to provide traffic data and allow re	
13		rations Center.	mote comiguration from the
14	Trainio Opei	dions denter.	
15	The LAN po	ort shall meet IEEE 802.3 with a RJ-45	connector and meet the
16	following sp		
17	.		
18	Data	rates for Ethernet via LAN port:	10/100Mbps
19			TCP/IP based protocol
20			
21	The commu	inication shall support all functions of t	he detection system.
22			
23		ismissions shall be protected by CRC	` •
24	checking) o	r an equivalent error detection method	1.
25	The communi	unication shall support MDEC 4/LL2C4	/ M IDEC atracrains vides
26 27		inication shall support MPEG-4/H.264	_
27 28	over Eulein	et with the following programmable pa	irameters.
20 29		Streaming video frame rate over Eth	ernet of up to 30
30		frames/second.	ierriet of up to oo
31		Programmable bit/data rate of up to	4 Mbps.
32		2 video streams are available with o	•
33			
34	Cyber Secu	rity - the thermal detection product wi	II be capable of disabling
35	non-essenti	al services, disabling non-essential ph	ysical access ports, have
36	user auther	itication, configuring encryption certific	ates, and providing separate
37	logs for use	r and physical access.	
38			
39		ser connection with a standard interne	•
40		cate with each Thermal traffic detecto	
41	monitoring a	and real-time data using the systems a	assigned IP addresses.
42			
43	0.20.40/2\D	Imaga Canaar Marintina Bracketa	
44 45	9-29.18(3)D	Image Sensor Mounting Brackets	
45 46	Most succession	atallations shall be requested at a sufficient	signt baight to provent
46 47		stallations shall be mounted at a suffice	
47	occiusion if	om cross traffic between the stop bar	and the mast ann on which

1 the camera is installed. A 6' riser and mounting base is required to get enough 2 height on the mounting position to prevent occlusion from cross traffic. 3 4 Luminaire arm installations shall be installed on the luminaire arm, with the 5 sensor manufacturers included brackets. Camera luminaire brackets shall provide adjustments for both vertical and horizontal positioning of the camera. 6 7 Camera attachments shall be designed to securely fasten the camera to the luminaire arm. Miscellaneous hardware shall be stainless steel or galvanized 8 9 steel. 10 11 12 9-29.18(3)D Image Sensor Cable (BPL Power) 13 14 Power cable shall be installed in conduits or overhead as indicated in the 15 plans. Power cable shall be suitable for exterior use and in direct sunlight. Power cable will have a minimum of 3 conductors. 16 17 18 Description of cable: 18 AWG three conductor PVC/Nylon 600V Tray Cable. Electrical Power and Control tray cable, direct burial. 19 20 21 CONDUCTORS/PAIR COUNT: 3 CONDUCTORS 22 **GUAGE & STRANDING:** 18 AWG 7 strand (600V) 23 PRIMARY INSULATION TYPE: POLYVINYLCHLORIDE 24 **INSULATION THICKNESS:** 0.015" 25 COLOR CODE: BLUE, WHITE, GREEN **JACKET TYPE:** 26 burial Sunlight resistant direct 27 polyvinylchloride 28 JACKET COLOR: BLACK 29 JACKET THICKNESS: 0.045" NOMIMAL OD: 0.280"30 31 32 OVERALL ASSEMBLY OF WIRE 33 JACKET THICKNESS: 0.045" 34 35 **JACKET COLOR:** BLACK JACKET MATERIAL: burial 36 Sunlight resistant direct 37 polyvinylchloride 38 RIPCORD: YES 39 NOMINAL OD: 0.280"**VOLTAGE RATING:** 600V 40 -39°C to 90°C (-38.2°F to 194°F) 41 TEMP. RATING: **UL TYPE OR STYLE:** Type TC or TC-ER 42 43 PACKAGING: 500' spools SHIPPING WEIGHT: 25 lbs per 500' spool 44 45

Fulton Street Pedestrian Bicycle Corridor PAGE 111 OF 115 FEDERAL AID # TAP-0420(026)

1	9-29.18(3)C	Thermal Sensor	
2 3 4 5 6 7	(infrared) illu Thermal Tra emit light in	al Traffic Sensor shall not depend on any visible or invisible umination or image intensifier to "see" i.e. produce images. The affic Sensor shall be totally passive and not produce any energy of any bandwidth. The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall allow the user entify images in the total absence of light.	
8 9 10	microbolomo	al Traffic Sensor shall utilize a Vanadium Oxide (VOx) uncooled eter sensor responding in the LWIR (Long Wave Infrared) spectra 14 μm, which is beyond what is visible to the human eye.	al
11 12 13 14 15	microbolomo permanent o systems bas	al Traffic Sensor shall be based on Vanadium Oxide (VOx) eter detector technology and shall not be susceptible to damage after imaging the sun. This is in contrast to some sed on amorphous silicon detector technology, which can be a damaged when viewing the sun or even reflections of the sun.	
16 17 18	the sun, but	al Traffic Sensor shall not utilize shutters to prevent damage from rather the Thermal Traffic Sensor shall provide uninterrupted shall be required for traffic and ITS installations.	l
19 20 21 22	image senso period of tim	al Traffic Sensor shall not utilize dynamic apertures to protect the or because these mechanisms reduce sensitivity for an extended ne, thus reducing the Thermal Traffic Sensors performance, whic acceptable for traffic installations.	k
23 24 25	adjust to ba	al Traffic Sensor shall provide a thermal optics that automatically ckground thermal changes, and therefore do not require reand/or thermal refocusing.	
26 27 28		al Traffic Sensor shall not be susceptible to "image blooming" oright lights as are image intensifiers and visible spectrum	
29 30 31 32 33 34	smallest obj relative to th value. This and a true n	Equivalent Temperature Difference (NETD) is the measure of the ect temperature that can be detected by the thermal image sense he system noise. The measurement is usually quantified as an mage is the most common Figure of Merit of a thermal imaging system neasurement of the thermal camera's sensitivity. The Thermal era image sensor shall provide a NETD of <50mK f/1.0 or lower.	or าK
35 36 37 38 39 40	(Auto DDE) The Auto DI from the use total dynami	al Traffic Sensor shall include Auto Digital Detail Enhancement which is an advanced non-linear image processing algorithm. DE function is fully automatic and requires no input or adjustmenter. The Auto DDE shall enhance the image detail to match the ic range of the original image allowing details to be visible to the a scenes with low or high thermal contrast. Auto DDE will increas	

1 2	the probability of detection of low contrast images. These settings shall be optimized for performance with Traffic Video Detection.			
3 4 5	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall utilize Non-Uniformity Correction (NUC) which is a set of compensation factors for each pixel. NUC shall enable the following features and benefits:			
6 7	Eliminate the need for FPA (Focal Plane Array) temperature stabilization.			
8		Allow for near instantaneo	us camera turn-on.	
9		Reduced system complex	ty and power consumption.	
10	Allow for a wider operating temperature range.			
11 12 13 14	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall include Automatic Gain Control (AGC) circuitry to compensate for scene variations, improve image quality by avoiding saturation and distortion, and to balance signal levels prior to disp to maximize image quality.			
5 6 7 8	The Thermal Traffic Camera shall feature both White-Hot and Black-Hot operating modes. In the White-Hot (default) mode warmer objects will be displayed in white or lighter shades than cooler or background areas. In the Black-Hot mode warmer images will be displayed as black or dark gray as compared to cooler background objects.			
20 21 22 23 24	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall be furnished in an IP-67 rated outdoor enclosure with mounting bracket. The mounting bracket shall be provided with holes for mounting to a pole, pedestal, or wall mount. All cable connections shall be quick connect. No tools are required to connect the sensor once the original adapter has been installed on the wire.			
25 26	The Sensor has an Earth ground conductor which is run as part of the powe cable bundle. This Earth ground is terminated in the cabinet			
27	The Therma	l Traffic Sensor shall operat	e on 12-60 VDC.	
28 29	The Thermal Traffic Sensor shall include a 10-year warranty on the thermal Sensor.			
30	The Therma	l Traffic Sensor shall meet t	he following minimum requirements:	
31				
	Sens	sor Type	Long-life VOx Uncooled Microbolometer w/10-year warranty	
	Spec	ctral Response	7 to 14µm	

<50mK f/1.0

Sensitivity (Thermal Camera

sensor) Pixel Resolution / Pitch 640x480 / 17 microns BPL - Broadband over Power Line Output User Interface Web Interface Input Voltage 12-60V DC Power Consumption max 9.6W, 400mA@24 VDC Operating Temperature Range -34°C to +74°C / -29.2°F to +165.2°F (Continuous Operation) NEMA TS 2 Environmental testing by IAW w/Section 2.1 of NEMA TS 2-2003 and either meets or exceeds those requirements in the following categories: Operating Voltage, Operating Frequency, Ambient Temperature, Humidity, Vibration and Shock IP-68 – IP 67 Connector **Enclosure Rating** Weight 1.5kg/3.3lbs (bracket, sunshield, housing sensor and video detection module) **Dimensions** 9.8" x 6.3" x 4.7" (w/mounting bracket) 1 2 3 Video detections shall be in place and functioning prior to disabling the associated 4 loop detectors. 5 6 7 8 9-29.18(3)B Permanent Video detection 9 10 A permanent video detection system shall be required at the following locations 11 during construction: 12 13 Pacific & Fulton Northbound and Southbound (installed by others) 14 **Hewitt & Fulton Northbound and Southbound** 15 16 *** 17 18 The permanent thermal detection system shall be installed on the signal mast 19 arm on a 6' long camera mount bracket at a location directed by the Engineer, 20

as close as practical to the end of the mast arm. The video detection cable shall be installed in the mast arm per manufacturers recommendations. Any coiled slack cable shall be mounted to the camera mount bracket at the back of the pole. In the signal control cabinet, a video detection module shall be installed, along with a surge protector and 4x6 fuse kit assembly. Video detection cable hall be connectorized and all cables terminated to complete the system. City of Everett signal technician will direct location of cable terminations, VIP module, and other hardware. Through the Engineer, the contractor shall contact Steve Sawyer (425)328-0643 a minimum 3 days prior to activation to coordinate a signal technician to be on site.

"General Decision Number: WA20240001 09/06/2024 Superseded General Decision Number: WA20230001

State: Washington

Construction Type: Highway Counties: Washington Statewide.

HIGHWAY (Excludes D.O.E. Hanford Site in Benton and Franklin

Counties)

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

| If the contract is entered |into on or after January 30, | generally applies to the |2022, or the contract is |renewed or extended (e.g., an |. The contractor must pay |option is exercised) on or | all covered workers at |after January 30, 2022:

- I. Executive Order 14026 contract.
- | least \$17.20 per hour (or | the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.

| If the contract was awarded on | . Executive Order 13658 or between January 1, 2015 and generally applies to the |January 29, 2022, and the |contract is not renewed or |extended on or after January | covered workers at least 130, 2022:

- contract.
- |. The contractor must pay all| \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed| on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification	Number	Publication	Date
0		01/05/2024	
1		01/19/2024	
2		02/02/2024	
3		03/08/2024	
4		05/24/2024	
5		09/06/2024	

CARP0003-006 06/01/2021

SOUTHWEST WASHINGTON: CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, LEWIS(Piledriver only), PACIFIC (South of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to Willapa Bay to the Pacific Ocean), SKAMANIA, and WAHKIAKUM Counties.

	Rates	Fringes
Carpenters: CARPENTERS. DIVERS TENDERS. DIVERS. DRYWALL MILLWRIGHTS. PILEDRIVERS.	\$ 49.09 \$ 93.09 \$ 44.38 \$ 46.89	16.87 16.87 16.87 16.87 16.87
DEPTH PAY: 50 TO 100 FEET \$1.00 PER FOOT OV 101 TO 150 FEET \$1.50 PER FOOT O 151 TO 200 FEET \$2.00 PER FOOT	VER 101 FEET	
Zone Differential (Add up Zone 1 Zone 2 - \$0.85 Zone 3 - 1.25 Zone 4 - 1.70 Zone 5 - 2.00 Zone 6 - 3.00	rates):	

BASEPOINTS: ASTORIA, LONGVIEW, PORTLAND, THE DALLES, AND VANCOUVER, (NOTE: All dispatches for Washington State Counties: Cowlitz, Wahkiakum and Pacific shall be from Longview Local #1707 and mileage shall be computed from that point.)

ZONE 1: Projects located within 30 miles of the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 2: Projects located more than 30 miles and less than 40 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 3: Projects located more than 40 miles and less than 50 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 4: Projects located more than 50 miles and less than 60 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities.

ZONE 5: Projects located more than 60 miles and less than 70 miles of the respective city of the above mentioned cities

ZONE 6: Projects located more than 70 miles of the respected city of the above mentioned cities

CARP0030-004 06/01/2021

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (North of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM Counties

I	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER		
BRIDGE CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
CARPENTERS ON CREOSOTE		
MATERIAL\$	47.02	19.01
CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
DIVERS TENDER\$	54.54	19.01
DIVERS\$	103.43	19.01
MILLWRIGHT AND MACHINE		
ERECTORS\$	50.68	19.01
PILEDRIVER, DRIVING,		
PULLING, CUTTING, PLACING		
COLLARS, SETTING, WELDING		
OR CRESOTE TREATED		
MATERIAL, ALL PILING\$	49.58	19.01

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - ALL CLASSIFICATIONS EXCEPT MILLWRIGHTS AND PILEDRIVERS

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Seattle	Olympia	Bellingham
Auburn	Bremerton	Anacortes
Renton	Shelton	Yakima
Aberdeen-Hoquiam	Tacoma	Wenatchee
Ellensburg	Everett	Port Angeles
Centralia	Mount Vernon	Sunnyside
Chelan	Pt Townsend	

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free
26-35 radius miles \$1.00/hour
36-45 radius miles \$1.15/hour
46-55 radius miles \$1.35/hour
Over 55 radius miles \$1.55/hour

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - MILLWRIGHT AND PILEDRIVER ONLY)

Hourly Zone Pay shall be computed from Seattle Union Hall, Tacoma City center, and Everett City center

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free 26-45 radius miles \$.70/hour Over 45 radius miles \$1.50/hour

* CARP0059-002 06/01/2024

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN (East of 120th meridian), COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT (East of 120th meridian), KITTITAS (East of 120th meridian), LINCOLN, OKANOGAN (East of 120th meridian), PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN, and YAKIMA (East of 120th meridian) Counties

	1	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER			
GROUP	1\$	41.86	16.56
GROUP	2\$	47.42	18.96
GROUP	3\$	47.41	16.61
GROUP	4\$	45.86	16.56
GROUP	5\$	105.46	16.56
GROUP	6\$	51.73	16.56
GROUP	7\$	52.73	16.56
GROUP	8\$	48.41	16.56
GROUP	9\$	55.73	16.56

CARPENTER & DIVER CLASSIFICATIONS:

GROUP 1: Carpenter

GROUP 2: Millwright, Machine Erector

GROUP 3: Piledriver - includes driving, pulling, cutting, placing collars, setting, welding, or creosote treated material, on all piling

GROUP 4: Bridge, Dock, and Wharf carpenters

GROUP 5: Diver Wet

GROUP 6: Diver Tender, Manifold Operator, ROV Operator

GROUP 7: Diver Standby

GROUP 8: Assistant Diver Tender, ROV Tender/Technician

GROUP 9: Manifold Operator-Mixed Gas

ZONE PAY:

ZONE 1 0-45 MILES FREE

ZONE 2 45-100 \$4.00/PER HOUR

ZONE 3 OVER 100 MILES \$6.00/PER HOUR

DISPATCH POINTS:

CARPENTERS/MILLWRIGHTS: PASCO (515 N Neel Street) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS/PILEDRIVER: SPOKANE (127 E. AUGUSTA AVE.) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: WENATCHEE (27 N. CHELAN) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: COEUR D' ALENE (1839 N. GOVERNMENT WAY) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

CARPENTERS: MOSCOW (306 N. JACKSON) or Main Post Office of established residence of employee (Whichever is closest to the worksite).

DEPTH PAY FOR DIVERS BELOW WATER SURFACE:

50-100 feet \$2.00 per foot

101-150 feet \$3.00 per foot

151-220 feet \$4.00 per foot

221 feet and deeper \$5.00 per foot

PREMIUM PAY FOR DIVING IN ENCLOSURES WITH NO VERTICAL ASCENT: 0-25 feet Free

26-300 feet \$1.00 per Foot

SATURATION DIVING:

The standby rate applies until saturation starts. The saturation diving rate applies when divers are under pressure continuously until work task and decompression are complete. the diver rate shall be paid for all saturation hours.

WORK IN COMBINATION OF CLASSIFICATIONS:

Employees working in any combination of classifications within the diving crew (except dive supervisor) in a shift are paid in the classification with the highest rate for that shift.

HAZMAT PROJECTS:

Anyone working on a HAZMAT job (task), where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated at a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL D + \$.25 per hour - This is the lowest level of protection. No respirator is used and skin protection is minimal.

LEVEL C + \$.50 per hour - This level uses an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL B + \$.75 per hour - Uses same respirator protection as Level A. Supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit"".

LEVEL A +\$1.00 per hour - This level utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line.

CARP0770-003 06/01/2021

WEST OF 120TH MERIDIAN FOR THE FOLLOWING COUNTIES: CHELAN, DOUGLAS, GRANT, KITTITAS, OKANOGAN, and YAKIMA

F	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER		
CARPENTERS ON CREOSOTE		
MATERIAL\$	47.02	19.01
CARPENTERS\$	49.18	19.01
DIVERS TENDER\$	54.54	19.01
DIVERS\$	103.43	19.01
MILLWRIGHT AND MACHINE		
ERECTORS\$	50.68	19.01
PILEDRIVER, DRIVING,		
PULLING, CUTTING, PLACING		
COLLARS, SETTING, WELDING		
OR CRESOTE TREATED		
MATERIAL, ALL PILING\$	49.58	19.01

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - ALL CLASSIFICATIONS EXCEPT MILLWRIGHTS AND PILEDRIVERS

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Seattle Olympia Bellingham
Auburn Bremerton Anacortes
Renton Shelton Yakima
Aberdeen-Hoquiam Tacoma Wenatchee
Ellensburg Everett Port Angeles
Centralia Mount Vernon Sunnyside

Chelan Pt. Townsend

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free 26-35 radius miles \$1.00/hour 36-45 radius miles \$1.15/hour 46-55 radius miles \$1.35/hour Over 55 radius miles \$1.55/hour

(HOURLY ZONE PAY: WESTERN AND CENTRAL WASHINGTON - MILLWRIGHT AND PILEDRIVER ONLY)

Hourly Zone Pay shall be computed from Seattle Union Hall, Tacoma City center, and Everett City center

Zone Pay:

0 -25 radius miles Free

26-45 radius miles \$.70/hour Over 45 radius miles \$1.50/hour

ELEC0046-001 08/07/2023

CALLAM, JEFFERSON, KING AND KITSAP COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
		_
CABLE SPLICER	\$ 76.99	28.60
ELECTRICIAN	\$ 69.99	28.39

^{*} ELEC0048-003 01/01/2024

CLARK, KLICKITAT AND SKAMANIA COUNTIES

I	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER\$	44.22	21.50
ELECTRICIAN\$	60.50	28.64

HOURLY ZONE PAY:

Hourly Zone Pay shall be paid on jobs located outside of the free zone computed from the city center of the following listed cities:

Portland, The Dalles, Hood River, Tillamook, Seaside and Astoria

Zone Pay:

Zone 1: 31-50 miles \$1.50/hour Zone 2: 51-70 miles \$3.50/hour Zone 3: 71-90 miles \$5.50/hour

Zone 4: Beyond 90 miles \$9.00/hour

*These are not miles driven. Zones are based on Delorrne Street Atlas USA 2006 plus.

ELEC0048-029 01/01/2024

COWLITZ AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTY

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		21.50 28.64

ELEC0073-001 08/01/2023

ADAMS, FERRY, LINCOLN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WHITMAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER	\$ 34.10	16.68
ELECTRICIAN	\$ 47.55	16.03

ELEC0076-002 02/02/2024

GRAYS HARBOR, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC, PIERCE, AND THURSTON COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER	- 1	25.64 25.47

ELEC0112-005 06/01/2022

ASOTIN, BENTON, COLUMBIA, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, KITTITAS, WALLA WALLA, YAKIMA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER\$	54.34	24.26
ELECTRICIAN\$	51.75	24.18

ELEC0191-003 06/01/2022

ISLAND, SAN JUAN, SNOHOMISH, SKAGIT AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
CABLE SPLICER		17.73 27.51	
ELEC0191-004 06/01/2018			_

CHELAN, DOUGLAS, GRANT AND OKANOGAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CABLE SPLICER		17.63 21.34

ENGI0302-003 06/01/2023

CHELAN (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), CLALLAM, DOUGLAS (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, KITTITAS, MASON, OKANOGAN (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), SAN JUNA, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, WHATCOM AND YAKIMA (WEST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN) COUNTIES

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

F	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
Group 1A\$	54.93	25.57
Group 1AA\$	55.75	25.57
Group 1AAA\$	56.54	25.57
Group 1\$	54.13	25.57
Group 2\$	53.42	25.57
Group 3\$	52.83	25.57
Group 4\$	49.40	25.57

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates): Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) - \$1.00 Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: Aberdeen, Bellingham, Bremerton, Everett, Kent, Mount Vernon, Port Angeles, Port Townsend, Seattle, Shelton, Wenatchee, Yakima

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons, or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes 200 to 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Tower crane over 175 ft in height, base to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons, under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead 6 yards to, but not including 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9, HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all truck or track type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operaor-Concrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-overhead, bridge type-20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete Pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck Engineer/Deck Winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3yards and under; Finishing Machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Horizontal/directional drill operator; Loaders-overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics-all; Mixers-asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders-finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, roto-grinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment-under 45 yards; Subgrade trimmer; Tractors, backhoes-over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, blaw knox-roadtec; Truck crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount portable conveyor; Yo Yo Pay dozer

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes-thru 19 tons with attachments; A-frame crane over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozers-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loader-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pumps-concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lift materials; Saws-concrete; Scrpers-concrete and carry-all; Service engineer-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck Crane Oiler/Driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe 75 hp and under

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete finish mahine-laser screed; Cranes-A frame-10 tons and under; Elevator and Manlift-permanent or shaft type; Gradechecker, Stakehop; Forklifts under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger, mechanical; Power plant; Pumps, water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

HANDLING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS:

Personnel in all craft classifications subject to working inside a federally designated hazardous perimeter shall be elgible for compensation in accordance with the following group schedule relative to the level of hazardous waste as outlined in the specific hazardous waste project site safety plan.

H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing

H-2 Class ""C"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.25 per hour.

H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.75 per hour.

* ENGI0370-002 06/01/2024

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN), PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA (EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN) COUNTIES

ZONE 1:

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR		
GROUP 1	\$ 35.91	22.45
GROUP 2	\$ 36.28	22.45
GROUP 3	\$ 36.99	22.45
GROUP 4	\$ 37.18	22.45
GROUP 5	\$ 37.37	22.45
GROUP 6	\$ 37.69	22.45
GROUP 7	\$ 38.01	22.45
GROUP 8	\$ 39.88	22.45

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (Add to Zone 1 rate): Zone 2 - \$2.00

Zone 1: Within 45 mile radius of Spokane, Pasco, Washington; Lewiston, Idaho

Zone 2: Outside 45 mile radius of Spokane, Pasco, Washington; Lewiston, Idaho

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Bit Grinders; Bolt Threading Machine; Compressors (under 2000 CFM, gas, diesel, or electric power); Deck Hand; Fireman & Heater Tender; Hydro-seeder, Mulcher, Nozzleman; Oiler Driver, & Cable Tender, Mucking Machine; Pumpman; Rollers, all types on subgrade, including seal and chip coatings (farm type, Case, John Deere & similar, or Compacting Vibrator), except when pulled by Dozer with operable blade; Welding Machine; Crane Oiler-Driver (CLD required) & Cable Tender, Mucking Machine

GROUP 2: A-frame Truck (single drum); Assistant Refrigeration Plant (under 1000 ton); Assistant Plant Operator, Fireman or Pugmixer (asphalt); Bagley or Stationary Scraper; Belt Finishing Machine; Blower Operator (cement); Cement Hog; Compressor (2000 CFM or over, 2 or more, gas diesel or electric power); Concrete Saw (multiple cut); Distributor Leverman; Ditch Witch or similar; Elevator Hoisting Materials; Dope Pots (power agitated); Fork Lift or Lumber Stacker, hydra-lift & similar; Gin Trucks (pipeline); Hoist, single drum; Loaders (bucket elevators and conveyors); Longitudinal Float; Mixer (portable-concrete); Pavement Breaker, Hydra-Hammer & similar; Power Broom; Railroad Ballast Regulation Operator (self-propelled); Railroad Power Tamper Operator (self-propelled); Railroad Tamper Jack Operator (self-propelled; Spray Curing Machine (concrete); Spreader Box (self-propelled); Straddle Buggy (Ross & similar on construction job only); Tractor (Farm type R/T with attachment, except Backhoe); Tugger Operator

GROUP 3: A-frame Truck (2 or more drums); Assistant Refrigeration Plant & Chiller Operator (over 1000 ton); Backfillers (Cleveland & similar); Batch Plant & Wet Mix Operator, single unit (concrete); Belt-Crete Conveyors with power pack or similar; Belt Loader (Kocal or similar); Bending Machine; Bob Cat (Skid Steer); Boring Machine (earth); Boring Machine (rock under 8 inch bit) (Quarry Master, Joy or similar); Bump Cutter (Wayne, Saginau or similar); Canal Lining Machine (concrete); Chipper (without crane); Cleaning & Doping Machine (pipeline); Deck Engineer; Elevating Belt-type Loader (Euclid, Barber Green & similar); Elevating Grader-type Loader (Dumor, Adams or similar); Generator Plant Engineers (diesel or electric); Gunnite Combination Mixer & Compressor; Locomotive Engineer; Mixermobile; Mucking Machine; Posthole Auger or Punch; Pump (grout or jet); Soil Stabilizer (P & H or similar); Spreader Machine; Dozer/Tractor (up to D-6 or equivalent) and Traxcavator; Traverse Finish Machine; Turnhead Operator

GROUP 4: Concrete Pumps (squeeze-crete, flow-crete, pump-crete, Whitman & similar); Curb Extruder (asphalt or concrete); Drills (churn, core, calyx or diamond); Equipment Serviceman; Greaser & Oiler; Hoist (2 or more drums or Tower Hoist); Loaders (overhead & front-end, under 4 yds. R/T); Refrigeration Plant Engineer (under 1000 ton); Rubber-tired Skidders (R/T with or without attachments); Surface Heater & Plant Machine; Trenching Machines (under 7 ft. depth capacity); Turnhead (with re-screening); Vacuum Drill (reverse circulation drill under 8 inch bit)

GROUP 5: Backhoe (under 45,000 gw); Backhoe & Hoe Ram (under 3/4 yd.); Carrydeck & Boom Truck (under 25 tons); Cranes (25 tons & under), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Derricks & Stifflegs (under 65 tons); Drilling Equipment(8 inch bit & over) (Robbins, reverse circulation & similar); Hoe Ram; Piledriving Engineers; Paving (dual drum); Railroad Track Liner Operaotr (self-propelled); Refrigeration Plant Engineer (1000 tons & over); Signalman (Whirleys, Highline Hammerheads or similar); Grade Checker

GROUP 6: Asphalt Plant Operator; Automatic Subgrader (Ditches & Trimmers) (Autograde, ABC, R.A. Hansen & similar on grade wire); Backhoe (45,000 gw and over to 110,000 gw); Backhoes & Hoe Ram (3/4 yd. to 3 yd.); Batch Plant (over 4 units); Batch & Wet Mix Operator (multiple units, 2 & incl. 4); Blade Operator (motor patrol & attachments); Cable Controller (dispatcher); Compactor (self-propelled with blade); Concrete Pump Boom Truck; Concrete Slip Form Paver; Cranes (over 25 tons, to and including 45 tons), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Crusher, Grizzle & Screening Plant Operator; Dozer, 834 R/T & similar; Drill Doctor; Loader Operator (front-end & overhead, 4 yds. incl. 8 yds.); Multiple Dozer Units with single blade; Paving Machine (asphalt and concrete); Quad-Track or similar equipment; Rollerman (finishing asphalt pavement); Roto Mill (pavement grinder); Scrapers, all, rubber-tired; Screed Operator; Shovel (under 3 yds.); Trenching Machines (7 ft. depth & over); Tug Boat Operator Vactor guzzler, super sucker; Lime Batch Tank Operator (REcycle Train); Lime Brain Operator (Recycle Train); Mobile Crusher Operator (Recycle Train)

GROUP 7: Backhoe (over 110,000 qw); Backhoes & Hoe Ram (3 yds & over); Blade (finish & bluetop) Automatic, CMI, ABC, Finish Athey & Huber & similar when used as automatic; Cableway Operators; Concrete Cleaning/Decontamination machine operator; Cranes (over 45 tons to but not including 85 tons), all attachments including clamshell and dragine; Derricks & Stiffleys (65 tons & over); Elevating Belt (Holland type); Heavy equipment robotics operator; Loader (360 degrees revolving Koehring Scooper or similar); Loaders (overhead & front-end, over 8 yds. to 10 yds.); Rubber-tired Scrapers (multiple engine with three or more scrapers); Shovels (3 yds. & over); Whirleys & Hammerheads, ALL; H.D. Mechanic; H.D. Welder; Hydraulic Platform Trailers (Goldhofer, Shaurerly and Similar); Ultra High Pressure Wateriet Cutting Tool System Operator (30,000 psi); Vacuum Blasting Machine Operator

GROUP 8: Cranes (85 tons and over, and all climbing, overhead, rail and tower), all attachments including clamshell, dragline; Loaders (overhead and front-end, 10 yards and over); Helicopter Pilot

BOOM PAY: (All Cranes, Including Tower)
180 ft to 250 ft \$.50 over scale
Over 250 ft \$.80 over scale

NOTE:

In computing the length of the boom on Tower Cranes, they shall be measured from the base of the Tower to the point of the boom.

HAZMAT:

Anyone working on HAZMAT jobs, working with supplied air shall receive \$1.00 an hour above classification.

ENGI0612-001 06/01/2023

PIERCE County

ON PROJECTS DESCRIBED IN FOOTNOTE A BELOW, THE RATE FOR EACH GROUP SHALL BE 90% OF THE BASE RATE PLUS FULL FRINGE BENEFITS. ON ALL OTHER WORK, THE FOLLOWING RATES APPLY.

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

I	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1A. \$ GROUP 1AAA. \$ GROUP 1. \$ GROUP 1. \$ GROUP 2. \$ GROUP 3. \$ GROUP 4. \$	56.08 56.89 57.70 55.26 54.55 53.94	25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates): Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) = \$1.00 Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: CENTRALIA, OLYMPIA, TACOMA

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes- 200 tonsto 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments; Tower crane over 175 ft in height, bas to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead, 6 yards to, but not including, 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9 HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self-propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all track or truck type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operatorconcrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-Overhead, bridge type, 20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck engineer/deck winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3 yards and under; Finishing machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Loaders, overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics- all; Mixers, asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders, finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, rotogrinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self- propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment- under 45 yards; Subgrader trimmer; Tractors, backhoe over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, Blaw Knox- Roadtec; Truck Crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount Portable Conveyor; Yo Yo pay

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes through 19 tons with attachments; Crane-A-frame over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozer-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside Hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loaders-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pump-Concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lfit materials; Saws-concrete; Scrapers, concrete and carry all; Service engineers-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck crane oiler/driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe under 75 hp

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete Finish Machine-laser screed; Cranes A-frame 10 tons and under; Elevator and manlift (permanent and shaft type); Forklifts-under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Gradechecker, stakehop; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger-mechanical; Power plant; Pumps-water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

FOOTNOTE A- Reduced rates may be paid on the following:

1. Projects involving work on structures such as buildings and bridges whose total value is less than \$1.5 million excluding mechanical, electrical, and utility portions of the contract.

- 2. Projects of less than \$1 million where no building is involved. Surfacing and paving included, but utilities excluded.
- 3. Marine projects (docks, wharfs, etc.) less than \$150,000.

HANDLING OF HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS: Personnel in all craft classifications subject to working inside a federally designated hazardous perimeter shall be elgible for compensation in accordance with the following group schedule relative to the level of hazardous waste as outlined in the specific hazardous waste project site safety plan.

H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing, Class ""D"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-2 Class ""C"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.00 per hour. H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.50 per hour. H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$2.00 per hour.

ENGI0612-012 06/01/2023

LEWIS, PACIFIC (portion lying north of a parallel line extending west from the northern boundary of Wahkaikum County to the sea) AND THURSTON COUNTIES

ON PROJECTS DESCRIBED IN FOOTNOTE A BELOW, THE RATE FOR EACH GROUP SHALL BE 90% OF THE BASE RATE PLUS FULL FRINGE BENEFITS. ON ALL OTHER WORK, THE FOLLOWING RATES APPLY.

Zone 1 (0-25 radius miles):

F	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR GROUP 1AA . \$ GROUP 1AAA . \$ GROUP 1 . \$ GROUP 2 . \$	54.85 55.67 56.45 54.05	25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07 25.07
GROUP 3\$ GROUP 4\$	52.75	25.07 25.07

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates): Zone 2 (26-45 radius miles) = \$1.00

Zone 3 (Over 45 radius miles) - \$1.30

BASEPOINTS: CENTRALIA, OLYMPIA, TACOMA

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 AAA - Cranes-over 300 tons or 300 ft of boom (including jib with attachments)

GROUP 1AA - Cranes- 200 tonsto 300 tons, or 250 ft of boom (including jib with attachments; Tower crane over 175 ft in height, bas to boom

GROUP 1A - Cranes, 100 tons thru 199 tons, or 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 100 tons and over; Tower crane up to 175 ft in height base to boom; Loaders-overhead, 8 yards and over; Shovels, excavator, backhoes-6 yards and over with attachments

GROUP 1 - Cableway; Cranes 45 tons thru 99 tons under 150 ft of boom (including jib with attachments); Crane-overhead, bridge type, 45 tons thru 99 tons; Derricks on building work; Excavator, shovel, backhoes over 3 yards and under 6 yards; Hard tail end dump articulating off-road equipment 45 yards and over; Loader- overhead, 6 yards to, but not including, 8 yards; Mucking machine, mole, tunnel, drill and/or shield; Quad 9 HD 41, D-10; Remote control operator on rubber tired earth moving equipment; Rollagon; Scrapers-self-propelled 45 yards and over; Slipform pavers; Transporters, all track or truck type

GROUP 2 - Barrier machine (zipper); Batch Plant Operatorconcrete; Bump Cutter; Cranes, 20 tons thru 44 tons with attachments; Crane-Overhead, bridge type, 20 tons through 44 tons; Chipper; Concrete pump-truck mount with boom attachment; Crusher; Deck engineer/deck winches (power); Drilling machine; Excavator, shovel, backhoe-3 yards and under; Finishing machine, Bidwell, Gamaco and similar equipment; Guardrail punch; Loaders, overhead under 6 yards; Loaders-plant feed; Locomotives-all; Mechanics- all; Mixers, asphalt plant; Motor patrol graders, finishing; Piledriver (other than crane mount); Roto-mill, rotogrinder; Screedman, spreader, topside operator-Blaw Knox, Cedar Rapids, Jaeger, Caterpillar, Barbar Green; Scraper-self- propelled, hard tail end dump, articulating off-road equipment- under 45 yards; Subgrader trimmer; Tractors, backhoe over 75 hp; Transfer material service machine-shuttle buggy, Blaw Knox- Roadtec; Truck Crane oiler/driver-100 tons and over; Truck Mount Portable Conveyor; Yo Yo pay

GROUP 3 - Conveyors; Cranes through 19 tons with attachments; Crane-A-frame over 10 tons; Drill oilers-auger type, truck or crane mount; Dozer-D-9 and under; Forklift-3000 lbs. and over with attachments; Horizontal/directional drill locator; Outside Hoists-(elevators and manlifts), air tuggers, strato tower bucket elevators; Hydralifts/boom trucks over 10 tons; Loaders-elevating type, belt; Motor patrol grader-nonfinishing; Plant oiler- asphalt, crusher; Pump-Concrete; Roller, plant mix or multi-lfit materials; Saws-concrete; Scrapers, concrete and carry all; Service engineers-equipment; Trenching machines; Truck crane oiler/driver under 100 tons; Tractors, backhoe under 75 hp

GROUP 4 - Assistant Engineer; Bobcat; Brooms; Compressor; Concrete Finish Machine-laser screed; Cranes A-frame 10 tons and under; Elevator and manlift (permanent and shaft type); Forklifts-under 3000 lbs. with attachments; Gradechecker, stakehop; Hydralifts/boom trucks, 10 tons and under; Oil distributors, blower distribution and mulch seeding operator; Pavement breaker; Posthole digger-mechanical; Power plant; Pumps-water; Rigger and Bellman; Roller-other than plant mix; Wheel Tractors, farmall type; Shotcrete/gunite equipment operator

FOOTNOTE A- Reduced rates may be paid on the following:

1. Projects involving work on structures such as buildings and bridges whose total value is less than \$1.5 million excluding mechanical, electrical, and utility portions of the contract.

- 2. Projects of less than \$1 million where no building is involved. Surfacing and paving included, but utilities excluded.
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H-1 Base wage rate when on a hazardous waste site when not outfitted with protective clothing, Class ""D"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$.50 per hour.

H-2 Class ""C"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.00 per hour. H-3 Class ""B"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$1.50 per hour. H-4 Class ""A"" Suit - Base wage rate plus \$2.00 per hour.

ENGI0701-002 01/01/2022

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

POWER RQUIPMENT OPERATORS: ZONE 1

	I	Rates	Fringes
GROUP GROUP GROUP GROUP GROUP GROUP GROUP	PMENT OPERATOR 1	53.81 55.97 49.74 48.59 45.26 44.02	16.35 16.35 16.35 16.35 16.35 16.35

Zone Differential (add to Zone 1 rates):

Zone 2 - \$3.00

Zone 3 - \$6.00

For the following metropolitan counties: MULTNOMAH; CLACKAMAS; MARION; WASHINGTON; YAMHILL; AND COLUMBIA; CLARK; AND COWLITZ COUNTY, WASHINGTON WITH MODIFICATIONS AS INDICATED:

All jobs or projects located in Multnomah, Clackamas and Marion Counties, West of the western boundary of Mt. Hood National Forest and West of Mile Post 30 on Interstate 84 and West of Mile Post 30 on State Highway 26 and West of Mile Post 30 on Highway 22 and all jobs or projects located in Yamhill County, Washington County and Columbia County and all jobs or porjects located in Clark & Cowlitz County, Washington except that portion of Cowlitz County in the Mt. St. Helens ""Blast Zone"" shall receive Zone I pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located in the area outside the identified boundary above, but less than 50 miles from the Portland City Hall shall receive Zone II pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 50 miles from the Portland City Hall, but outside the identified border above, shall receive Zone III pay for all classifications.

For the following cities: ALBANY; BEND; COOS BAY; EUGENE; GRANTS PASS; KLAMATH FALLS; MEDFORD; ROSEBURG

All jobs or projects located within 30 miles of the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone I pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 30 miles and less than 50 miles from the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone II pay for all classifications.

All jobs or projects located more than 50 miles from the respective city hall of the above mentioned cities shall receive Zone III pay for all classifications.

POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATORS CLASSIFICATIONS

Group 1

Concrete Batch Plan and or Wet mix three (3) units or more; Crane, Floating one hundred and fifty (150) ton but less than two hundred and fifty (250) ton; Crane, two hundred (200) ton through two hundred ninety nine (299) ton with two hundred foot (200') boom or less (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, ninety (90) ton through one hundred ninety nine (199) ton with over two hundred (200') boom Including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Tower Crane with one hundred seventy five foot (175') tower or less and with less than two hundred foot (200') jib; Crane, Whirley ninety (90) ton and over; Helicopter when used in erecting work

Group 1A

Crane, floating two hundred fifty (250) ton and over; Crane, two hundred (200) ton through two hundred ninety nine (299) ton, with over two hundred foot (200') boom (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Crane, three hundred (300) ton through three hundred ninety nine (399) ton; Crane, Tower Crane with over one hundred seventy five foot (175') tower or over two hundred foot (200') jib; Crane, tower Crane on rail system or 2nd tower or more in work radius

Group 1B

Crane, three hundred (300) ton through three hundred ninety nine (399) ton, with over two hundred foot (200') boom (including jib, inserts and/or attachments); Floating crane, three hundred fifty (350) ton and over; Crane, four hundred (400) ton and over

Group 2

Asphalt Plant (any type); Asphalt Roto-Mill, pavement profiler eight foot (8') lateral cut and over; Auto Grader or ""Trimmer""; Blade, Robotic; Bulldozer, Robotic Equipment (any type); Bulldozer, over one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs. and above; Concrete Batch Plant and/or Wet Mix one (1) and two (2) drum; Concrete Diamond Head Profiler; Canal Trimmer; Concrete, Automatic Slip Form Paver (Assistant to the Operator required); Crane, Boom Truck fifty (50) ton and with over one hundred fifty foot (150') boom and over; Crane, Floating (derrick barge) thirty (30) ton but less than one hundred fifty (150) ton; Crane, Cableway twenty-five (25) ton and over; Crane, Floating Clamshell three (3) cu. Yds. And over; Crane, ninety (90) ton through one hundred ninety nine (199) ton up to and including two hundred foot (200') of boom (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, fifty (50) ton through eighty nine (89) ton with over one hundred fifty foot (150') boom (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Whirley under ninety (90) ton; Crusher Plant; Excavator over one hundred thirty thousand (130,000) lbs.; Loader one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs. and above; Remote Controlled Earth Moving Equipment; Shovel, Dragline, Clamshell, five (5) cu. Yds. And over; Underwater Equipment remote or otherwise, when used in construction work; Wheel Excavator any size

Group 3

Bulldozer, over seventy thousand (70,000) lbs. up to and including one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs.; Crane, Boom Truck fifty (50) ton and over with less than one hundred fifty foot (150') boom; Crane, fifty (50) ton through eighty nine (89) ton with one hundred fifty foot (150') boom or less (including jib inserts and/or attachments); Crane, Shovel, Dragline or Clamshell three (3) cu. yds. but less than five (5) cu. Yds.; Excavator over eighty thousand (80,000) lbs. through one hundred thirty thousand (130,000) lbs.; Loader sixty thousand (60,000) lbs. and less than one hundred twenty thousand (120,000) lbs.

Group 4

Asphalt, Screed; Asphalt Paver; Asphalt Roto-Mill, pavement profiler, under eight foot (8') lateral cut; Asphalt, Material Transfer Vehicle Operator; Back Filling Machine; Backhoe, Robotic, track and wheel type up to and including twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. with any attachments; Blade (any type); Boatman; Boring Machine; Bulldozer over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. and more than one hundred (100) horse up to seventy thousand (70,000) lbs.; Cable-Plow (any type); Cableway up to twenty five (25) ton; Cat Drill (John Henry); Chippers; Compactor, multi-engine; Compactor, Robotic; Compactor with blade self-propelled; Concrete, Breaker; Concrete, Grout Plant; Concrete, Mixer Mobile; Concrete, Paving Road Mixer; Concrete, Reinforced Tank Banding Machine; Crane, Boom Truck twenty (20) ton and under fifty (50) ton; Crane, Bridge Locomotive, Gantry and Overhead; Crane, Carry Deck; Crane, Chicago Boom and similar types; Crane, Derrick Operator, under one hundred (100) ton; Crane, Floating Clamshell, Dragline, etc. Operator, under three (3) cu. yds. Or less than thirty (30) ton; Crane, under fifty (50) ton; Crane, Quick Tower under one hundred foot (100') in height and less than one hundred fifty foot (150') jib (on rail included); Diesel-Electric Engineer (Plant or Floating); Directional Drill over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. pullback; Drill Cat Operator; Drill Doctor and/or Bit Grinder; Driller, Percussion, Diamond, Core, Cable, Rotary and similar type; Excavator Operator over twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. through eighty thousand (80,000) lbs.; Generator Operator; Grade-all; Guardrail Machines, i.e. punch, auger, etc.; Hammer Operator (Piledriver); Hoist, stiff leg, guy derrick or similar type, fifty (50) ton and over; Hoist, two (2) drums or more; Hydro Axe (loader mounted or similar type); Jack Operator, Elevating Barges, Barge Operator, self-unloading; Loader Operator, front end and overhead, twenty five thousand (25,000) lbs. and less than sixty thousand (60,000) lbs.; Log Skidders; Piledriver Operator (not crane type); Pipe, Bending, Cleaning, Doping and Wrapping Machines; Rail, Ballast Tamper Multi-Purpose; Rubber-tired Dozers and Pushers; Scraper, all types; Side-Boom; Skip Loader, Drag Box; Strump Grinder (loader mounted or similar type); Surface Heater and Planer; Tractor, rubber-tired, over fifty (50) HP Flywheel; Trenching Machine three foot (3') depth and deeper; Tub Grinder (used for wood debris); Tunnel Boring Machine Mechanic; Tunnel, Mucking Machine; Ultra High Pressure Water Jet Cutting Tool System Operator; Vacuum Blasting Machine Operator; Water pulls, Water wagons

Group 5

Asphalt, Extrusion Machine; Asphalt, Roller (any asphalt mix); Asphalt, Roto-Mill pavement profiler ground man; Bulldozer, twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. or less, or one hundred (100) horse or less; Cement Pump; Chip Spreading Machine; Churn Drill and Earth Boring Machine; Compactor, self-propelled without blade; Compressor, (any power) one thousand two hundred fifty (1,250) cu. ft. and over, total capacity; Concrete, Batch Plant Quality control; Concrete, Combination Mixer and compressor operator, gunite work; Concrete, Curb Machine, Mechanical Berm, Curb and/or Curb and Gutter; Concrete, Finishing Machine; Concrete, Grouting Machine; Concrete, Internal Full Slab Vibrator Operator; Concrete, Joint Machine; Concrete, Mixer single drum, any capacity; Concrete, Paving Machine eight foot (8') or less; Concrete, Planer; Concrete, Pump; Concrete, Pump Truck; Concrete, Pumpcrete Operator (any type); Concrete, Slip Form Pumps, power driven hydraulic lifting device for concrete forms; Conveyored Material Hauler; Crane, Boom Truck under twenty (20) tons; Crane, Boom Type lifting device, five (5) ton capacity or less; Drill, Directional type less than twenty thousand (20,000) lbs. pullback; Fork Lift, over ten (10) ton or Robotic; Helicopter Hoist; Hoist Operator, single drum; Hydraulic Backhoe track type up to and including twenty thousand (20,000) lbs.; Hydraulic Backhoe wheel type (any make); Laser Screed; Loaders, rubber-tired type, less than twenty five thousand (25,000) lbs.; Pavement Grinder and/or Grooving Machine (riding type); Pipe, cast in place Pipe Laying Machine; Pulva-Mixer or similar types; Pump Operator, more than five (5) pumps (any size); Rail, Ballast Compactor, Regulator, or Tamper machines; Service Oiler (Greaser); Sweeper Self-Propelled; Tractor, Rubber-Tired, fifty (50) HP flywheel and under; Trenching Machine Operator, maximum digging capacity three foot (3') depth; Tunnel, Locomotive, Dinkey; Tunnel, Power Jumbo setting slip forms, etc.

Group 6

Asphalt, Pugmill (any type); Asphalt, Raker; Asphalt, Truck Mounted Asphalt Spreader, with Screed; Auger Oiler; Boatman; Bobcat, skid steed (less than one (1) yard); Broom, self-propelled; Compressor Operator (any power) under 1,250 cu. ft. total capacity; Concrete Curing Machine (riding type); Concrete Saw; Conveyor Operator or Assistant; Crane, Tugger; Crusher Feederman; Crusher Oiler; Deckhand; Drill, Directional Locator; Fork Lift; Grade Checker; Guardrail Punch Oiler; Hydrographic Seeder Machine, straw, pulp or seed; Hydrostatic Pump Operator; Mixer Box (CTB, dry batch, etc.); Oiler; Plant Oiler; Pump (any power); Rail, Brakeman, Switchman, Motorman; Rail, Tamping Machine, mechanical, self-propelled; Rigger; Roller grading (not asphalt); Truck, Crane Oiler-Driver

IRON0014-005 01/02/2023

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND ORIELLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA AND WHITMAN COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 37.11	31.57
IRON0029-002 01/02/2023		
CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACCOUNTIES	CIFIC, SKAMANIA	, AND WAHKAIKUM
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 42.27	32.57
IRON0086-002 01/02/2023		
YAKIMA, KITTITAS AND CHELAN CO	UNTIES	
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER		31.57
IRON0086-004 01/02/2023		
CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, MASON, PIERCE, SKAGIT, SNOHOMI	•	
	Rates	Fringes
IRONWORKER	\$ 50.90	32.57

LABO0238-004 06/01/2023

A-1 AREA: ASOTIN, BENTON, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, LINCOLN, SPOKANE, WALLA WALLA, & WHITMAN COUNTIES

A-2 AREA: ADAMS, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS (East of 120th Meridian), FERRY, GRANT, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, & STEVENS COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
LABORER (A-1)		
GROUP 1	\$ 30.88	15.70
GROUP 2	\$ 33.72	15.70
GROUP 3	\$ 34.03	15.70
GROUP 4	\$ 34.33	15.70
GROUP 5	\$ 34.64	15.70
LABORER (A-2)		
GROUP 1	\$ 33.88	15.60
GROUP 2	\$ 36.72	15.60
GROUP 3	\$ 37.03	15.60
GROUP 4	\$ 37.33	15.60
GROUP 5	\$ 37.64	15.60

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Flagman; Landscape Laborer; Scaleman; Traffic Control Maintenance Laborer (to include erection and maintenance of barricades, signs and relief of flagperson); Window Washer/Cleaner (detail cleanup, such as, but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc. prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Asbestos Abatement Worker; Brush Hog Feeder; Carpenter Tender; Cement Handler; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Crewman (to include stripping of forms, hand operating jacks on slip form construction, application of concrete curing compounds, pumpcrete machine, signaling, handling the nozzle of squeezcrete or similar machine, 6 inches and smaller); Confined Space Attendant; Concrete Signalman; Crusher Feeder; Demolition (to include clean-up, burning, loading, wrecking and salvage of all material); Dumpman; Fence Erector; Firewatch; Form Cleaning Machine Feeder, Stacker; General Laborer; Grout Machine Header Tender; Guard Rail (to include guard rails, guide and reference posts, sign posts, and right-of-way markers); Hazardous Waste Worker, Level D (no respirator is used and skin protection is minimal); Miner, Class ""A"" (to include all bull gang, concrete crewman, dumpman and pumpcrete crewman, including distributing pipe, assembly & dismantle, and nipper); Nipper; Riprap Man; Sandblast Tailhoseman; Scaffold Erector (wood or steel); Stake Jumper; Structural Mover (to include separating foundation, preparation, cribbing, shoring, jacking and unloading of structures); Tailhoseman (water nozzle); Timber Bucker and Faller (by hand); Track Laborer (RR); Truck Loader; Well-Point Man; All Other Work Classifications Not Specially Listed Shall Be Classified As General Laborer

Asphalt Roller, walking; Cement Finisher Tender; GROUP 3: Concrete Saw, walking; Demolition Torch; Dope Pot Firemen, non-mechanical; Driller Tender (when required to move and position machine); Form Setter, Paving; Grade Checker using level; Hazardous Waste Worker, Level C (uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Jackhammer Operator; Miner, Class ""B"" (to include brakeman, finisher, vibrator, form setter); Nozzleman (to include squeeze and flo-crete nozzle); Nozzleman, water, air or steam; Pavement Breaker (under 90 lbs.); Pipelayer, corrugated metal culvert; Pipelayer, multi- plate; Pot Tender; Power Buggy Operator; Power Tool Operator, gas, electric, pneumatic; Railroad Equipment, power driven, except dual mobile power spiker or puller; Railroad Power Spiker or Puller, dual mobile; Rodder and Spreader; Tamper (to include operation of Barco, Essex and similar tampers); Trencher, Shawnee; Tugger Operator; Wagon Drills; Water Pipe Liner; Wheelbarrow (power driven)

GROUP 4: Air and Hydraulic Track Drill; Aspahlt Raker; Brush Machine (to include horizontal construction joint cleanup brush machine, power propelled); Caisson Worker, free air; Chain Saw Operator and Faller; Concrete Stack (to include laborers when laborers working on free standing concrete stacks for smoke or fume control above 40 feet high); Gunite (to include operation of machine and nozzle); Hazardous Waste Worker, Level B (uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Laser Beam Operator (to include grade checker and elevation control); Miner, Class C (to include miner, nozzleman for concrete, laser beam operator and rigger on tunnels); Monitor Operator (air track or similar mounting); Mortar Mixer; Nozzleman (to include jet blasting nozzleman, over 1,200 lbs., jet blast machine power propelled, sandblast nozzle); Pavement Breaker (90 lbs. and over); Pipelayer (to include working topman, caulker, collarman, jointer, mortarman, rigger, jacker, shorer, valve or meter installer); Pipewrapper; Plasterer Tender; Vibrators (all)

GROUP 5 - Drills with Dual Masts; Hazardous Waste Worker, Level A (utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line); Miner Class ""D"", (to include raise and shaft miner, laser beam operator on riases and shafts)

LABO0238-006 06/01/2023

COUNTIES EAST OF THE 120TH MERIDIAN: ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, STEVENS, SPOKANE, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN

	Rates	Fringes
Hod Carrier	\$ 34.97	15.70

LABO0242-003 06/01/2022

KING COUNTY

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	29.82	13.80
GROUP	2A\$	34.20	13.80
GROUP	3\$	42.86	13.80
GROUP	4\$	43.90	13.80
GROUP	5\$	44.62	13.80
Group	6\$	45.91	13.90

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2A: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, qunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

Group 6: Miner

LABO0252-010 06/01/2022

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, JEFFERSON, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (EXCLUDING SOUTHWEST), PIERCE, AND THURSTON COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
	1		13.80
GROUP	2	\$ 34.20	13.80
GROUP	3	\$ 42.86	13.80
GROUP	4	\$ 43.90	13.80
GROUP	5	\$ 44.62	13.80

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Grade Checker and Transit Person; High Scaler; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

LABO0292-008 06/01/2022

ISLAND, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	I	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	29.82	13.80
GROUP	2\$	34.20	13.80
GROUP	3\$	42.86	13.80
GROUP	4\$	43.90	13.80
GROUP	5\$	44.62	13.80

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

LABO0335-001 06/01/2022

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH OF A STRAIGHT LINE MADE BY EXTENDING THE NORTH BOUNDARY LINE OF WAHKIAKUM COUNTY WEST TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN), SKAMANIA AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Laborers:		
ZONE 1:		
GROUP 1	\$ 37.98	13.80
GROUP 2	\$ 38.76	13.80
GROUP 3	\$ 39.35	13.80
GROUP 4	\$ 39.85	13.80
GROUP 5	\$ 34.75	13.80
GROUP 6	\$ 31.61	13.80
GROUP 7	\$ 27.44	13.80

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rates):

Zone 2 \$ 0.65

Zone 3 - 1.15

Zone 4 - 1.70

Zone 5 - 2.75

BASE POINTS: LONGVIEW AND VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city all. ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Asphalt Plant Laborers; Asphalt Spreaders; Batch Weighman; Broomers; Brush Burners and Cutters; Car and Truck Loaders; Carpenter Tender; Change-House Man or Dry Shack Man; Choker Setter; Clean-up Laborers; Curing, Concrete; Demolition, Wrecking and Moving Laborers; Dumpers, road oiling crew; Dumpmen (for grading crew); Elevator Feeders; Median Rail Reference Post, Guide Post, Right of Way Marker; Fine Graders; Fire Watch; Form Strippers (not swinging stages); General Laborers; Hazardous Waste Worker; Leverman or Aggregate Spreader (Flaherty and similar types); Loading Spotters; Material Yard Man (including electrical); Pittsburgh Chipper Operator or Similar Types; Railroad Track Laborers; Ribbon Setters (including steel forms); Rip Rap Man (hand placed); Road Pump Tender; Sewer Labor; Signalman; Skipman; Slopers; Spraymen; Stake Chaser; Stockpiler; Tie Back Shoring; Timber Faller and Bucker (hand labor); Toolroom Man (at job site); Tunnel Bullgang (above ground); Weight-Man- Crusher (aggregate when used)

GROUP 2: Applicator (including pot power tender for same), applying protective material by hand or nozzle on utility lines or storage tanks on project; Brush Cutters (power saw); Burners; Choker Splicer; Clary Power Spreader and similar types; Clean- up Nozzleman-Green Cutter (concrete, rock, etc.); Concrete Power Buggyman; Concrete Laborer; Crusher Feeder; Demolition and Wrecking Charred Materials; Gunite Nozzleman Tender; Gunite or Sand Blasting Pot Tender; Handlers or Mixers of all Materials of an irritating nature (including cement and lime); Tool Operators (includes but not limited to: Dry Pack Machine; Jackhammer; Chipping Guns; Paving Breakers); Pipe Doping and Wrapping; Post Hole Digger, air, gas or electric; Vibrating Screed; Tampers; Sand Blasting (Wet); Stake-Setter; Tunnel-Muckers, Brakemen, Concrete Crew, Bullgang (underground)

GROUP 3: Asbestos Removal; Bit Grinder; Drill Doctor; Drill Operators, air tracks, cat drills, wagon drills, rubber-mounted drills, and other similar types including at crusher plants; Gunite Nozzleman; High Scalers, Strippers and Drillers (covers work in swinging stages, chairs or belts, under extreme conditions unusual to normal drilling, blasting, barring-down, or sloping and stripping); Manhole Builder; Powdermen; Concrete Saw Operator; Pwdermen; Power Saw Operators (Bucking and Falling); Pumpcrete Nozzlemen; Sand Blasting (Dry); Sewer Timberman; Track Liners, Anchor Machines, Ballast Regulators, Multiple Tampers, Power Jacks, Tugger Operator; Tunnel-Chuck Tenders, Nippers and Timbermen; Vibrator; Water Blaster

GROUP 4: Asphalt Raker; Concrete Saw Operator (walls); Concrete Nozzelman; Grade Checker; Pipelayer; Laser Beam (pipelaying)-applicable when employee assigned to move, set up, align; Laser Beam; Tunnel Miners; Motorman-Dinky Locomotive-Tunnel; Powderman-Tunnel; Shield Operator-Tunnel

GROUP 5: Traffic Flaggers

GROUP 6: Fence Builders

GROUP 7: Landscaping or Planting Laborers

LABO0335-019 06/01/2022

Rates Fringes
Hod Carrier.....\$ 37.98 13.80

LABO0348-003 06/01/2022

CHELAN, DOUGLAS (W OF 12TH MERIDIAN), KITTITAS, AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

	1	Rates	Fringes
LABORER			
GROUP	1\$	25.37	13.80
GROUP	2\$	29.16	13.80
GROUP	3\$	31.94	13.80
GROUP	4\$	32.72	13.80
GROUP	5\$	32.09	13.19

BASE POINTS: BELLINGHAM, MT. VERNON, EVERETT, SEATTLE, KENT, TACOMA, OLYMPIA, CENTRALIA, ABERDEEN, SHELTON, PT. TOWNSEND, PT. ANGELES, AND BREMERTON

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 but less than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE 3 - More than 45 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES):

ZONE 2 - \$1.00

ZONE 3 - \$1.30

BASE POINTS: CHELAN, SUNNYSIDE, WENATCHEE, AND YAKIMA

ZONE 1 - Projects within 25 radius miles of the respective city hall

ZONE 2 - More than 25 radius miles from the respective city hall

ZONE DIFFERENTIAL (ADD TO ZONE 1 RATES): ZONE 2 - \$2.25

LABORERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Landscaping and Planting; Watchman; Window Washer/Cleaner (detail clean-up, such as but not limited to cleaning floors, ceilings, walls, windows, etc., prior to final acceptance by the owner)

GROUP 2: Batch Weighman; Crusher Feeder; Fence Laborer; Flagman; Pilot Car

GROUP 3: General Laborer; Air, Gas, or Electric Vibrating Screed; Asbestos Abatement Laborer; Ballast Regulator Machine; Brush Cutter; Brush Hog Feeder; Burner; Carpenter Tender; Cement Finisher Tender; Change House or Dry Shack; Chipping Gun (under 30 lbs.); Choker Setter; Chuck Tender; Clean-up Laborer; Concrete Form Stripper; Curing Laborer; Demolition (wrecking and moving including charred material); Ditch Digger; Dump Person; Fine Graders; Firewatch; Form Setter; Gabian Basket Builders; Grout Machine Tender; Grinders; Guardrail Erector; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level C: uses a chemical ""splash suit"" and air purifying respirator); Maintenance Person; Material Yard Person; Pot Tender; Rip Rap Person; Riggers; Scale Person; Sloper Sprayer; Signal Person; Stock Piler; Stake Hopper; Toolroom Man (at job site); Topper-Tailer; Track Laborer; Truck Spotter; Vinyl Seamer

GROUP 4: Cement Dumper-Paving; Chipping Gun (over 30 lbs.); Clary Power Spreader; Concrete Dumper/Chute Operator; Concrete Saw Operator; Drill Operator (hydraulic, diamond, aiartrac); Faller and Bucker Chain Saw; Grade Checker and Transit Person; Groutmen (pressure) including post tension beams; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level B: uses same respirator protection as Level A. A supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit""); High Scaler; Jackhammer; Laserbeam Operator; Manhole Builder-Mudman; Nozzleman (concrete pump, green cutter when using combination of high pressure air and water on concrete and rock, sandblast, gunite, shotcrete, water blaster, vacuum blaster); Pavement Breaker; Pipe Layer and Caulker; Pipe Pot Tender; Pipe Reliner (not insert type); Pipe Wrapper; Power Jacks; Railroad Spike Puller-Power; Raker-Asphalt; Rivet Buster; Rodder; Sloper (over 20 ft); Spreader (concrete); Tamper and Similar electric, air and glas operated tool; Timber Person-sewer (lagger shorer and cribber); Track Liner Power; Tugger Operator; Vibrator; Well Point Laborer

GROUP 5: Caisson Worker; Miner; Mortarman and Hodcarrier; Powderman; Re-Timberman; Hazardous Waste Worker (Level A: utilizes a fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus or a supplied air line).

PAIN0005-002 07/01/2022

STATEWIDE EXCEPT CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (SOUTH), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Painters:		
STRIPERS	\$ 33.37	18.53
PAIN0005-004 03/01/2009		

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

		Rates	Fringes
PAINTER\$ 20.82 7.44	PAINTER	.\$ 20.82	7.44

^{*} PAIN0005-006 07/01/2018

ADAMS, ASOTIN; BENTON AND FRANKLIN (EXCEPT HANFORD SITE); CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, GARFIELD, GRANT, KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
PAINTER		
Application of Cold Tar Products, Epoxies, Polyure thanes, Acids, Radiation Resistant Material, Water		
and Sandblasting Over 30'/Swing Stage Work Brush, Roller, Striping,		11.71 7.98
Steam-cleaning and Spray Lead Abatement, Asbestos	\$ 22.94	11.61
Abatement	\$ 21.50	7.98
*\$.70 shall be paid over and a listed for work on swing stage feet.		-

PAIN0055-003 04/01/2024

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC, SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes	
PAINTER Brush & Roller Spray and Sandblasting		14.92 14.92	
All high work over 60 ft. = base			
PAIN0055-006 04/01/2024			
CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, SKAMANIA and WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES			
	Rates	Fringes	
Painters: HIGHWAY & PARKING LOT STRIPER	.\$ 37.69	14.92	
PLAS0072-004 06/01/2023			
ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT, KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND ORELLIE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN, AND YAKIMA			

OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN, AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER ZONE 1\$ 38.05	16.89
Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rate): Zone 2 -	\$3.00
BASE POINTS: Spokane, Pasco, Lewiston; Wenatchee Zone 1: 0 - 45 radius miles from the main post of Zone 2: Over 45 radius miles from the main post of Zone 2:	

Rates Fringes

PLAS0528-001 06/01/2023

CLALLAM, COWLITZ, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC, PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON, WAHKIAKUM AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON CEMENT MASON	\$ 52.10	20.27
COMPOSITION, TROWEL MACHINE, GRINDER, POWER TOOLS, GUNNITE NOZZLE	\$ 52.60	20.27
TROWELING MACHINE OPERATOR ON COMPOSITION	-	20.27

PLAS0555-002 06/01/2023

CLARK, KLICKITAT AND SKAMANIA COUNTIES

ZONE 1:

	Rates	Fringes
CEMENT MASON CEMENT MASONS DOING BOTH COMPOSITION/POWER MACHINERY AND		
SUSPENDED/HANGING SCAFFOLD. CEMENT MASONS ON SUSPENDED, SWINGING AND/OR	.\$ 45.06	19.95
HANGING SCAFFOLDCEMENT MASONSCOMPOSITION WORKERS AND		19.95 19.95
POWER MACHINERY OPERATORS	.\$ 44.19	19.95
Zone Differential (Add To Zone 1 Zone 2 - \$0.65 Zone 3 - 1.15 Zone 4 - 1.70 Zone 5 - 3.00	Rates):	

BASE POINTS: BEND, CORVALLIS, EUGENE, MEDFORD, PORTLAND, SALEM, THE DALLES, VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city hall ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall

TEAM0037-002 06/01/2020

CLARK, COWLITZ, KLICKITAT, PACIFIC (South of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), SKAMANIA, AND WAHKIAKUM COUNTIES

	I	Rates	Fringes
Truck drive	rs:		
ZONE 1			
GROUP	1\$	29.33	16.40
GROUP	2\$	29.46	16.40
GROUP	3\$	29.60	16.40
GROUP	4\$	29.89	16.40
GROUP	5\$	30.03	16.40
GROUP	6\$	30.31	16.40
GROUP	7\$	30.53	16.40

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 Rates):

Zone 2 - \$0.65

Zone 3 - 1.15

Zone 4 - 1.70

Zone 5 - 2.75

BASE POINTS: ASTORIA, THE DALLES, LONGVIEW AND VANCOUVER

ZONE 1: Projects within 30 miles of the respective city hall.

ZONE 2: More than 30 miles but less than 40 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 3: More than 40 miles but less than 50 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 4: More than 50 miles but less than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

ZONE 5: More than 80 miles from the respective city hall.

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: A Frame or Hydra lifrt truck w/load bearing surface; Articulated Dump Truck; Battery Rebuilders; Bus or Manhaul Driver; Concrete Buggies (power operated); Concrete Pump Truck; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations there of: up to and including 10 cu. yds.; Lift Jitneys, Fork Lifts (all sizes in loading, unloading and transporting material on job site); Loader and/or Leverman on Concrete Dry Batch Plant (manually operated); Pilot Car; Pickup Truck; Solo Flat Bed and misc. Body Trucks, 0-10 tons; Truck Tender; Truck Mechanic Tender; Water Wagons (rated capacity) up to 3,000 gallons; Transit Mix and Wet or Dry Mix - 5 cu. yds. and under; Lubrication Man, Fuel Truck Driver, Tireman, Wash Rack, Steam Cleaner or combinations; Team Driver; Slurry Truck Driver or Leverman; Tireman

- GROUP 2: Boom Truck/Hydra-lift or Retracting Crane; Challenger; Dumpsters or similar equipment all sizes; Dump Trucks/Articulated Dumps 6 cu to 10 cu.; Flaherty Spreader Driver or Leverman; Lowbed Equipment, Flat Bed Semi-trailer or doubles transporting equipment or wet or dry materials; Lumber Carrier, Driver-Straddle Carrier (used in loading, unloading and transporting of materials on job site); Oil Distributor Driver or Leverman; Transit mix and wet or dry mix trcuks: over 5 cu. yds. and including 7 cu. yds.; Vacuum Trucks; Water truck/Wagons (rated capacity) over 3,000 to 5,000 gallons
- GROUP 3: Ammonia Nitrate Distributor Driver; Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 10 cu. yds. and including 30 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Self-Propelled Street Sweeper; Transit mix and wet or dry mix truck: over 7 cu yds. and including 11 cu yds.; Truck Mechanic-Welder-Body Repairman; Utility and Clean-up Truck; Water Wagons (rated capacity) over 5,000 to 10,000 gallons
- GROUP 4: Asphalt Burner; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom cumps, including Semi-Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 30 cu. yds. and including 50 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Fire Guard; Transit Mix and Wet or Dry Mix Trucks, over 11 cu. yds. and including 15 cu. yds.; Water Wagon (rated capacity) over 10,000 gallons to 15,000 gallons
- GROUP 5: Composite Crewman; Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 50 cu. yds. and including 60 cu. yds. includes Articulated Dump Trucks
- GROUP 6: Bulk Cement Spreader w/o Auger; Dry Pre-Batch concrete Mix Trucks; Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains of combinations thereof: over 60 cu. yds. and including 80 cu. yds., and includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Skid Truck
- GROUP 7: Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dumps, including Semi Trucks and Trains or combinations thereof: over 80 cu. yds. and including 100 cu. yds., includes Articulated Dump Trucks; Industrial Lift Truck (mechanical tailgate)

* TEAM0174-001 06/01/2020

CLALLAM, GRAYS HARBOR, ISLAND, JEFFERSON, KING, KITSAP, LEWIS, MASON, PACIFIC (North of a straight line made by extending the north boundary line of Wahkiakum County west to the Pacific Ocean), PIERCE, SAN JUAN, SKAGIT, SNOHOMISH, THURSTON AND WHATCOM COUNTIES

	Rates	Fringes
Truck drivers: ZONE A:		
GROUP 1:		20.92
GROUP 2:	\$ 42.04	20.92
GROUP 3:	\$ 39.23	20.92
GROUP 4:	\$ 34.26	20.92
GROUP 5:	\$ 42.43	20.92

ZONE B (25-45 miles from center of listed cities*): Add \$.70 per hour to Zone A rates.

ZONE C (over 45 miles from centr of listed cities*): Add \$1.00 per hour to Zone A rates.

*Zone pay will be calculated from the city center of the following listed cities:

BELLINGHAM	CENTRALIA	RAYMOND	OLYMPIA
EVERETT	SHELTON	ANACORTES	BELLEVUE
SEATTLE	PORT ANGELES	MT. VERNON	KENT
TACOMA	PORT TOWNSEND	ABERDEEN	BREMERTON

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1 - ""A-frame or Hydralift"" trucks and Boom trucks or similar equipment when ""A"" frame or ""Hydralift"" and Boom truck or similar equipment is used; Buggymobile; Bulk Cement Tanker; Dumpsters and similar equipment, Tournorockers, Tournowagon, Tournotrailer, Cat DW series, Terra Cobra, Le Tourneau, Westinghouse, Athye Wagon, Euclid Two and Four-Wheeled power tractor with trailer and similar top-loaded equipment transporting material: Dump Trucks, side, end and bottom dump, including semi-trucks and trains or combinations thereof with 16 yards to 30 yards capacity: Over 30 yards \$.15 per hour additional for each 10 yard increment; Explosive Truck (field mix) and similar equipment; Hyster Operators (handling bulk loose aggregates); Lowbed and Heavy Duty Trailer; Road Oil Distributor Driver; Spreader, Flaherty Transit mix used exclusively in heavy construction; Water Wagon and Tank Truck-3,000 gallons and over capacity

GROUP 2 - Bulllifts, or similar equipment used in loading or unloading trucks, transporting materials on job site; Dumpsters, and similar equipment, Tournorockers, Tournowagon, Turnotrailer, Cat. D.W. Series, Terra Cobra, Le Tourneau, Westinghouse, Athye wagon, Euclid two and four-wheeled power tractor with trailer and similar top-loaded equipment transporting material: Dump trucks, side, end and bottom dump, including semi-trucks and trains or combinations thereof with less than 16 yards capacity; Flatbed (Dual Rear Axle); Grease Truck, Fuel Truck, Greaser, Battery Service Man and/or Tire Service Man; Leverman and loader at bunkers and batch plants; Oil tank transport; Scissor truck; Slurry Truck; Sno-Go and similar equipment; Swampers; Straddler Carrier (Ross, Hyster) and similar equipment; Team Driver; Tractor (small, rubber-tired) (when used within Teamster jurisdiction); Vacuum truck; Water Wagon and Tank trucks-less than 3,000 gallons capacity; Winch Truck; Wrecker, Tow truck and similar equipment

GROUP 3 - Flatbed (single rear axle); Pickup Sweeper; Pickup Truck. (Adjust Group 3 upward by \$2.00 per hour for onsite work only)

GROUP 4 - Escort or Pilot Car

or a supplied air line.

GROUP 5 - Mechanic

HAZMAT PROJECTS

Anyone working on a HAZMAT job, where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated as a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL C: +\$.25 per hour - This level uses an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL B: +\$.50 per hour - Uses same respirator protection as Level A. Supplied air line is provided in conjunction with a chemical ""splash suit.""

LEVEL A: +\$.75 per hour - This level utilizes a fully-encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus

TEAM0690-004 01/01/2019

ADAMS, ASOTIN, BENTON, CHELAN, COLUMBIA, DOUGLAS, FERRY, FRANKLIN, GARFIELD, GRANT KITTITAS, LINCOLN, OKANOGAN, PEND OREILLE, SPOKANE, STEVENS, WALLA WALLA, WHITMAN AND YAKIMA COUNTIES

Rates Fringes Truck drivers: (AREA 1: SPOKANE ZONE CENTER: Adams, Chelan, Douglas, Ferry, Grant, Kittitas, Lincoln, Okanogan, Pen Oreille, Spokane, Stevens, and Whitman Counties AREA 1: LEWISTON ZONE CENTER: Asotin, Columbia, and Garfield Counties AREA 2: PASCO ZONE CENTER: Benton, Franklin, Walla Walla and Yakima Counties) AREA 1: GROUP 1.....\$ 23.91 17.40 GROUP 2.....\$ 26.18 17.40 GROUP 3.....\$ 26.68 17.40 17.40 GROUP 4.....\$ 27.01 GROUP 5.....\$ 27.12 17.40 GROUP 6.....\$ 27.29 17.40 17.40 GROUP 7.....\$ 27.82 GROUP 8.....\$ 28.18 17.40 AREA 2: GROUP 1.....\$ 26.05 17.40 GROUP 2.....\$ 28.69 17.40 GROUP 3.....\$ 28.80 17.40 GROUP 4....\$ 29.13 17.40 GROUP 5.....\$ 29.24 17.40 GROUP 6.....\$ 29.24 17.40 GROUP 7....\$ 29.78 17.40 GROUP 8.....\$ 30.10 17.40

Zone Differential (Add to Zone 1 rate: Zone 1 + \$2.00)

BASE POINTS: Spokane, Pasco, Lewiston

Zone 1: 0-45 radius miles from the main post office.

Zone 2: Outside 45 radius miles from the main post office

TRUCK DRIVERS CLASSIFICATIONS

GROUP 1: Escort Driver or Pilot Car; Employee Haul; Power Boat Hauling Employees or Material

GROUP 2: Fish Truck; Flat Bed Truck; Fork Lift (3000 lbs. and under); Leverperson (loading trucks at bunkers); Trailer Mounted Hydro Seeder and Mulcher; Seeder & Mulcher; Stationary Fuel Operator; Tractor (small, rubber-tired, pulling trailer or similar equipment)

GROUP 3: Auto Crane (2000 lbs. capacity); Buggy Mobile & Similar; Bulk Cement Tanks & Spreader; Dumptor (6 yds. & under); Flat Bed Truck with Hydraullic System; Fork Lift (3001-16,000 lbs.); Fuel Truck Driver, Steamcleaner & Washer; Power Operated Sweeper; Rubber-tired Tunnel Jumbo; Scissors Truck; Slurry Truck Driver; Straddle Carrier (Ross, Hyster, & similar); Tireperson; Transit Mixers & Truck Hauling Concrete (3 yd. to & including 6 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom & articulated end dump (3 yards to and including 6 yds.); Warehouseperson (to include shipping & receiving); Wrecker & Tow Truck

GROUP 4: A-Frame; Burner, Cutter, & Welder; Service Greaser; Trucks, side, end, bottom & articulated end dump (over 6 yards to and including 12 yds.); Truck Mounted Hydro Seeder; Warehouseperson; Water Tank truck (0-8,000 gallons)

GROUP 5: Dumptor (over 6 yds.); Lowboy (50 tons & under); Self- loading Roll Off; Semi-Truck & Trailer; Tractor with Steer Trailer; Transit Mixers and Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 6 yds. to and including 10 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom and end dump (over 12 yds. to & including 20 yds.); Truck-Mounted Crane (with load bearing surface either mounted or pulled, up to 14 ton); Vacuum Truck (super sucker, guzzler, etc.)

GROUP 6: Flaherty Spreader Box Driver; Flowboys; Fork Lift (over 16,000 lbs.); Dumps (Semi-end); Mechanic (Field); Semi- end Dumps; Transfer Truck & Trailer; Transit Mixers & Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 10 yds. to & including 20 yds.); Trucks, side, end, bottom and articulated end dump (over 20 yds. to & including 40 yds.); Truck and Pup; Tournarocker, DWs & similar with 2 or more 4 wheel-power tractor with trailer, gallonage or yardage scale, whichever is greater Water Tank Truck (8,001- 14,000 gallons); Lowboy(over 50 tons)

GROUP 7: Oil Distributor Driver; Stringer Truck (cable operated trailer); Transit Mixers & Trucks Hauling Concrete (over 20 yds.); Truck, side, end, bottom end dump (over 40 yds. to & including 100 yds.); Truck Mounted Crane (with load bearing surface either mounted or pulled (16 through 25 tons);

GROUP 8: Prime Movers and Stinger Truck; Trucks, side, end, bottom and articulated end dump (over 100 yds.); Helicopter Pilot Hauling Employees or Materials

Footnote A - Anyone working on a HAZMAT job, where HAZMAT certification is required, shall be compensated as a premium, in addition to the classification working in as follows:

LEVEL C-D: - \$.50 PER HOUR (This is the lowest level of protection. This level may use an air purifying respirator or additional protective clothing.

LEVEL A-B: - \$1.00 PER HOUR (Uses supplied air is conjunction with a chemical spash suit or fully encapsulated suit with a self-contained breathing apparatus.

Employees shall be paid Hazmat pay in increments of four (4) and eight (8) hours.

NOTE:

Trucks Pulling Equipment Trailers: shall receive \$.15/hour over applicable truck rate

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at

https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those

classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

State Adopted Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SA"" identifier indicate that the prevailing wage rate set by a state (or local) government was adopted under 29 C.F.R \$\circ*1.3(g)-(h)\$. Example: SAME2023-007 01/03/2024. SA reflects that the rates are state adopted. ME refers to the State of Maine. 2023 is the year during which the state completed the survey on which the listed classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 01/03/2024 reflects the date on which the classifications and rates under the ?SA? identifier took effect under state law in the state from which the rates were adopted.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

- 1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:
- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations Wage and Hour Division U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board U.S. Department of Labor 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W. Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

END OF GENERAL DECISION"

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

ADDENDUM NO. #2 FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

WORK ORDER #3785 FEDERAL AID# TAP-0420(026)

September 26, 2024

Notice to Plan Holders:

This Addendum No. 1 contains the following revisions, additions, deletions, and/or clarifications, is hereby made a part of the plans and specifications (Contract Documents) for the above named project, and shall be taken into consideration by Bidders in submitting their bids.

Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of this Addendum No. 2 in the space provided on the Proposal. Failure to do so may subject the Bidder to disqualification of its bid.

This Addendum 2 consists of this letter including all clarifications.

The Bid date for receipt of Bids has NOT been changed by this Addendum.

SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

Item 1 - ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED FOR CLARIFICATION

- 1. The roadway sections on Sheet C2 do not include sectional thickness. Please confirm the depth of asphalt planing and overlay. **The planning and the overly depth is 2 inches.**
- 2. The waterproofing work detailed on sheet C2 is not fully defined. Please provide limits of work both horizontal and vertical as well as specifications for description of work, materials, construction, measurement and payment. Vertical limits of Bituminous Damp Proofing and #15 felt is min 2 inches above finished grade of concrete sidewalk and 2 inches below bottom of CSBC subgrade along face of building. See note 26 for payment.
- What depth is the topsoil placement in Bid Item 14?
 Depth of topsoil is four inches where existing concrete sidewalk is being removed.
- 4. Hashing on Drawing C2 shows gravel borrow being installed along the east shoulder of Fulton Street. Is there any surface treatment or finishing to be applied to this gravel and if so, how is it paid? No surface treatment required.

Sincerely,



Laura Claywell

Capital Projects Coordinator | Public Works | Iclaywell@everettwa.gov | 425.257.8909 | 3200 Cedar St, Everett, WA 98201

CITY OF EVERETT, WASHINGTON PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

ADDENDUM NO. #3 FULTON STREET PEDESTRIAN BICYCLE CORRIDOR

WORK ORDER #3785 FEDERAL AID# TAP-0420(026)

September 27, 2024

Notice to Plan Holders:

This Addendum No. 1 contains the following revisions, additions, deletions, and/or clarifications, is hereby made a part of the plans and specifications (Contract Documents) for the above named project, and shall be taken into consideration by Bidders in submitting their bids.

Bidders shall acknowledge receipt of this Addendum No. 3 in the space provided on the Proposal. Failure to do so may subject the Bidder to disqualification of its bid.

This Addendum 3 consists of this letter including all clarifications.

The Bid date for receipt of Bids has NOT been changed by this Addendum. SPECIFICATIONS, PROPOSAL AND CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

Item 1 - ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS SUBMITTED FOR CLARIFICATION

- 1) Need clarification on the specification for the project at the intersections of Fulton and Pacific/Hewitt. The spec states that thermal camera systems are to be installed. In one part of the spec, a TI-BPL2 processor (which is EOL) is called out that processor has been replaced by the TI-BPL3, which only works with FLIR's Trafisense AI system. That conflicts with another part of the spec, which calls out FLIR's VIP system. If there are any updated versions of this equipment it will be discussed during the submittal process. You are correct that a previous paving project you provided the contractor G&G with a FC thermal camera and VIP detection system for the SB approach, and that system is in use in the city. Our determination is that the FC thermal camera and VIP detection system would meet the performance of the specification provided, and the complete system compatibility and performance will be evaluated during the submittal process.
- 2) Our understanding is that the Fulton/Pacific intersection had detection installed in recent months by G&G. We sold G&G a VIP detection system utilizing an FC thermal camera. Is this what is desired for the other camera at Fulton/Pacific? And also at Fulton/Hewitt? If so, the cabinet at Fulton/Pacific will need to be accessed and a 2nd VIP thermal camera system will need to be deployed this, despite the spec stating that the "permanent video detection system" at Pacific/Fulton will be "installed by others." The plans and special provisions indicate a permanent thermal imaging detection system will be needed in both the NB and SB approaches at Pacific and Addendum 3

CITY OF EVERETT 3200 Cedar Street Everett, WA 98201 (425) 257-8800 Fax (425) 257-8882

Fulton. The system southbound is already being installed by others. The system in the NB approach will be installed under this contract as shown in the plans, construction note 3 sheet E1. Only one camera system is needed at Pacific and Fulton



Laura Claywell

Capital Projects Coordinator | Public Works lclaywell@everettwa.gov 425.257.8909 | 3200 Cedar St, Everett, WA 98201

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR

FEDERAL AID NO.: TAP-0420(026), WORK ORDER: 3785

		SHEET INDEX
Drawing #	Sheet #	Sheet Title
GENERAL		
G1	1	COVER
G2	2	LEGEND
SITE PREP-TES	SC-SURVEY	CONTROL
SP1	3	PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE
SP2	4	HEWITT AVE TO CALIFORNIA ST
CIVIL	•	
C1	5	PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE
C2	6	HEWITT AVE TO CALIFORNIA ST
C3	7	LOWES DRIVEWAYS
C4	8	PROPOSED SIDEWALK
C5	9	SIGN SCHEDULE
C6	10	PAVEMENT MARKINGS
C7	11	JOINTING DETAIL
ELECTRICAL		
E1	12	WIRING PLAN AND SCHEDULE
TRAFFIC		
T1	13	FULTON ST DETOUR
T2	14	FULTON ST PEDESTRIAN DETOUR
Т3	15	PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE - SOUTH STREET CLOSURE STAGE 1A
T4	16	PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE - NORTH STREET CLOSURE STAGE 1B
T5	17	HEWITT AVE TO CALIFORNIA ST STREET CLOSURE STAGE 2
T6	18	STANDARD DETAILS 706-708
T7	19	STANDARD DETAILS 713-714 AND 726
Т8	20	2 LANE ROADWAY CLOSURE
Т9	21	PARTIAL LANE CLOSURE

CITY OFFICIALS:

MAYOR:

CASSIE FRANKLIN

COUNCIL MEMBERS:

COUNCIL PRESIDENT DON SCHWAB

MARY FOSSE LIZ VOGELI
PAULA RHYNE BEN ZARLINGO
SCOTT BADER JUDY TUOHY

RECOMMENDED FOR APPROVAL:

CAPITAL PROJECTS COORDINATOR

OPERATIONS SUPERINTENDEN

TRAFFIC ENGINEER COREY HERT, P.E.

CONSTRUCTION MANAGE

APPROVED BY:

CITY ENGINEER
THOMAS W. HOOD, P. F.

PUBLIC WORKS DIRECTOR





										Designed BED, LC
										Drawn _{BED}
?										Checked DTE
NO.	DA	TE AF	PRVD	RE	EVISION					Design Review Level
	PLANS ISSUED FOR									
ВІ	D	9-4-24	LC	CONST			RECORD			
ACT	ION	DATE	APRVD	ACTION	DATE	APRVD	ACTION	DATE	APRVD	Issued on

LIFE THREATENING EMERGENCIES: FIRST CALL 911							
	EMERGENCY CONTACTS						
CALL	24 HR PHONE	FOR:					
SNO COUNTY PUD	425-783-4745	ELECTRICAL					
PSE (GAS)	1-888-225-5773	GAS LEAKS					
CITY OF EVERETT (DISPATCH)	425-257-8832	SS,SD,WATER, TRAFFIC & SIGNAL					

THIS PROJECT

HEWITT AVE

PACIFIC AVE - -

52nd St SE

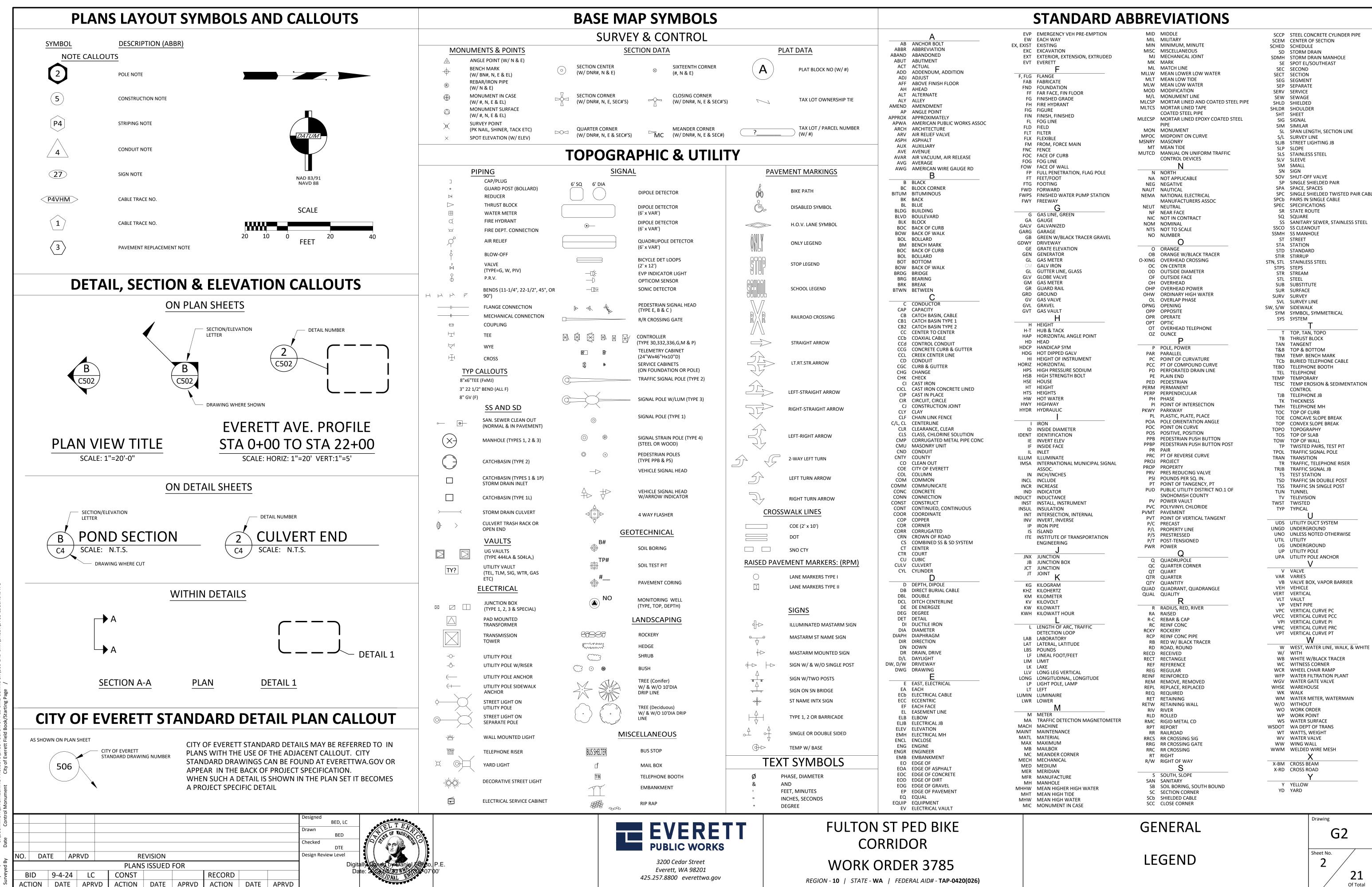
CALL TWO (2) BUSINESS DAYS BEFORE YOU DIG 1-800-424-5555



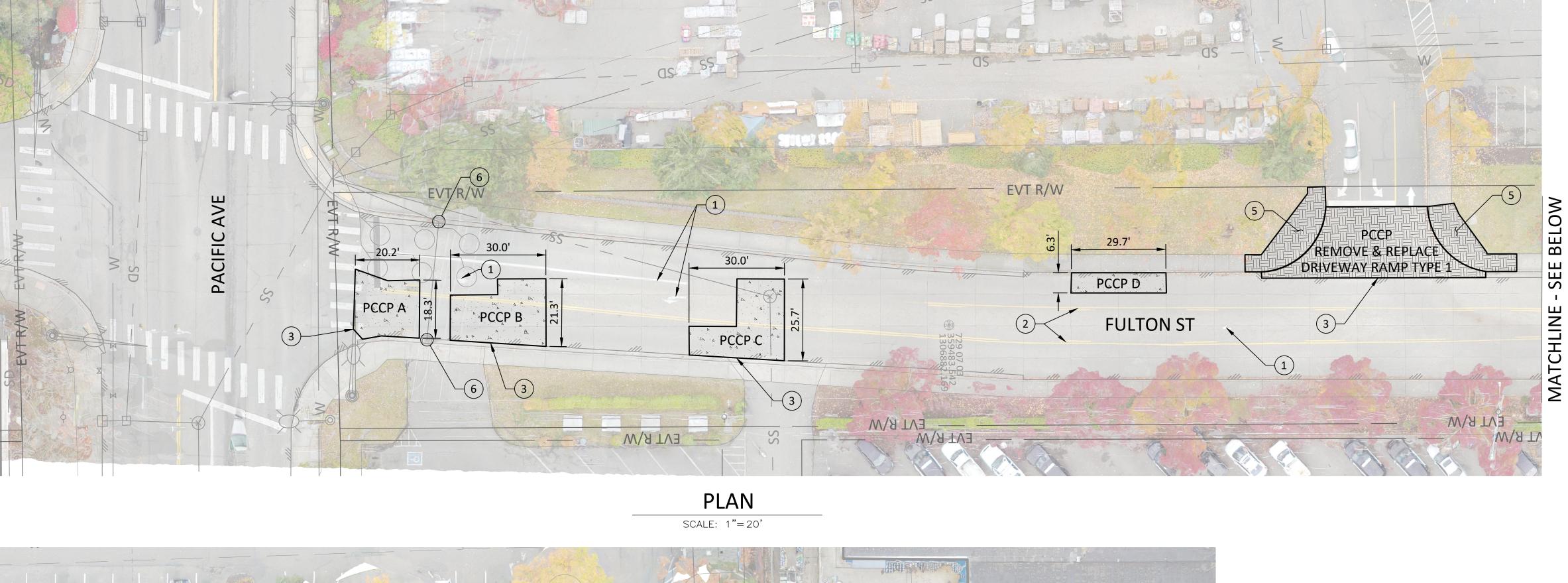




G1
Sheet No.
1
2
Of To

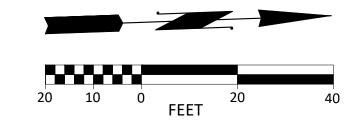


Plot date 8/30/2024 10:55 AM Plotted by Brian Defreese Last saved by BDefreese Plot style Everett-2016.stb Sheetset Na FINEDSRIPERERARIVE. CAD-BIM/SHEET\3785-LEGEND.C





ROADWAY EXCAVATION INCLUDING HAUL

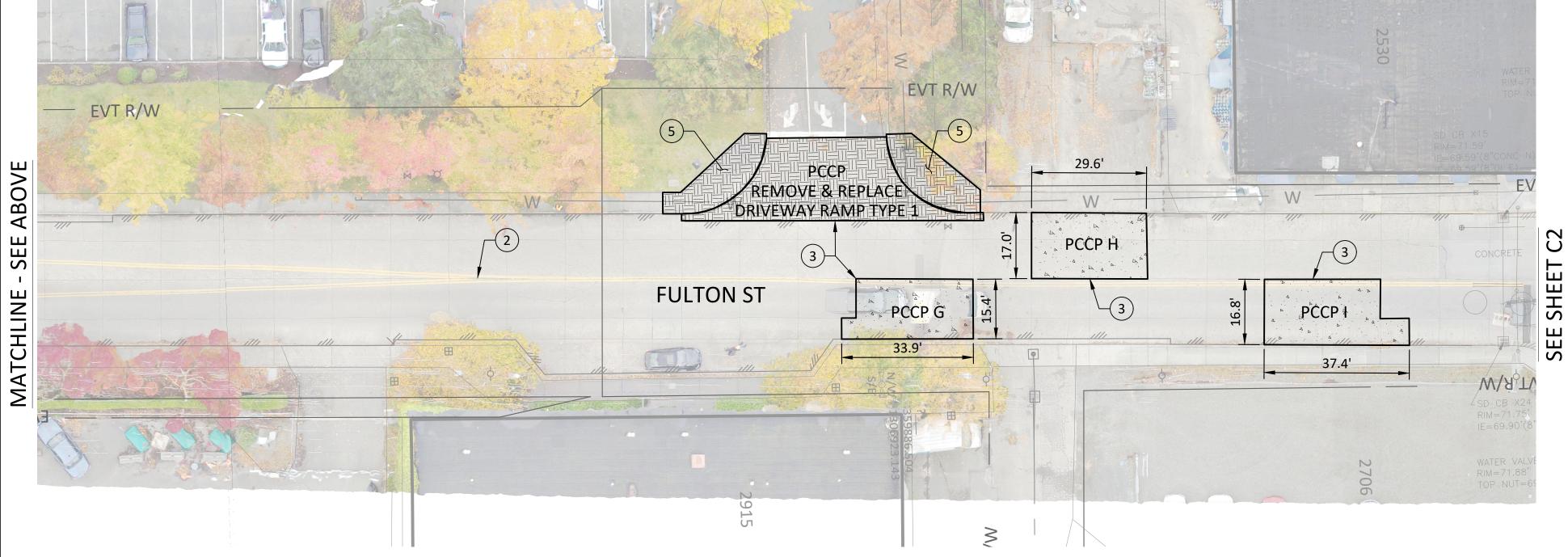


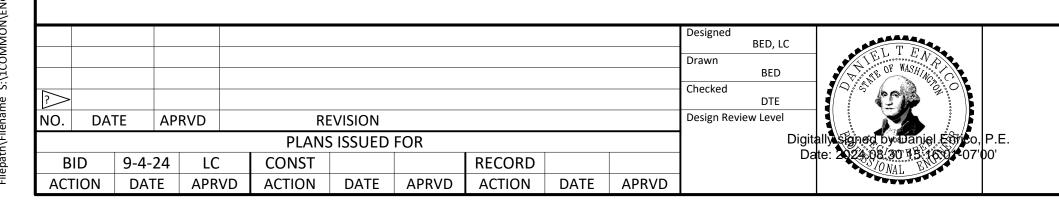
(X) CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- REMOVE EXISTING TURN ARROW SYMBOL AND/OR SOLID WHITE LANE LINE.
- 2. REMOVE ALL EXISTING DOUBLE-YELLOW STRIPING BETWEEN PACIFIC AND HEWITT AVE.
- 3. DEMO EXISTING CONCRETE PANELS TO NEAREST EXPANSION JOINT AS SHOWN.
- 4. REMOVE ALL CROSSWALK STRIPING AT INTERSECTION OF HEWITT AVE AND FULTON ST.
- 5. REMOVE EXISTING CEMENT CONCRETE SIDEWALK. SEE DRIVEWAY DETAILS ON SHEET C3.
- PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. SAWCUT EACH PANEL FULL DEPTH BEFORE REMOVAL. CAREFULLY REMOVE PAVEMENT NEXT TO SAWCUTS SO NOT TO DAMAGE PAVEMENT PANELS TO REMAIN. ANY PIECES THAT BECOME DISLODGED DURING CONSTRUCTION MUST BECOME INCORPORATED INTO PAVEMENT RESURFACING LIMITS.
- 2. NEW PAVEMENT SHALL BE CLASS 4000, WITH 1.5" NOMINAL MAX SIZE OF AGGREGATE.







FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

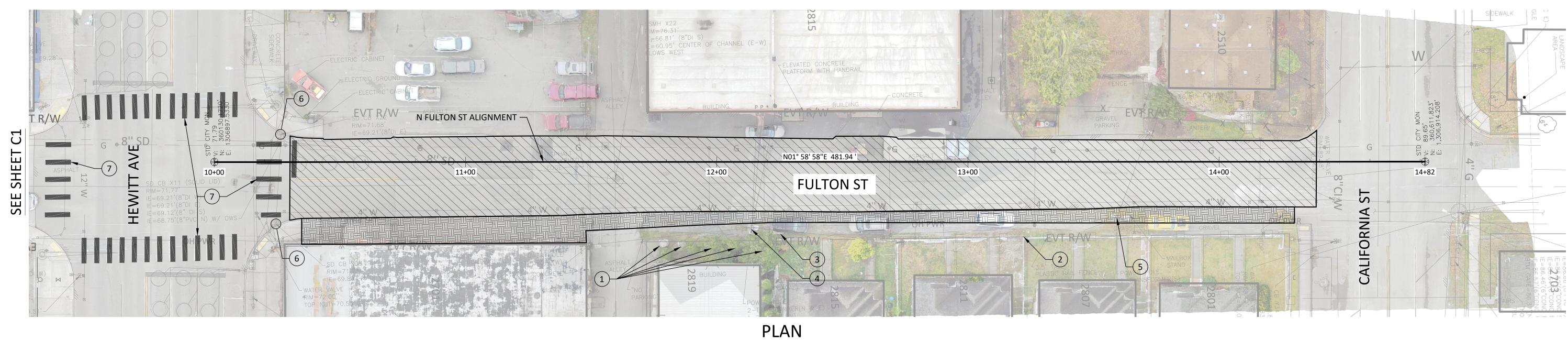
WORK ORDER 3785

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

SITE PREP-TESC-SURVEY CONTROL
PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE

Drawing SP1

Sheet No.



(x) CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

1. PROTECT IN PLACE LANDSCAPE BOULDERS AND TREES ALONG WEST

2. PROTECT IN PLACE EXISTING FENCE.

3. EXISTING COM VAULT TO REMAIN IN PLACE.

5. EXISTING POWER POLE TO BE RELOCATED BY OTHERS.

6. PROVIDE INLET PROTECTION PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.

7. REMOVE ALL PLASTIC CROSSWALK LINE AT INTERSECTION OF HEWITT AVE AND FULTON ST.

SCALE: 1"=20'

SIDE OF EXISTING BUILDING.

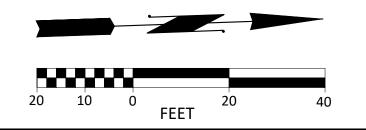
4. EXISTING POWER POLE TO REMAIN IN PLACE.

8. REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE CEMENT SIDEWALK.

LEGEND

PLANING BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT. SEE ROADWAY SECTION ON SHEET C5.

ROADWAY EXCAVATION INCLUDING HAUL



SURVEY CONTROL POINT DATA

CITY WORK ORDER #:

DATE(S) OF SURVEY:

RECORDED SURVEY #:

FIELD BOOK #(S)/PAGES:

SURVEY COMPANY:

DATUM (VERTICAL)

DATUM (HORIZONTAL)

BASIS OF BEARING:

3730

NAVD 88

NAD 83/91

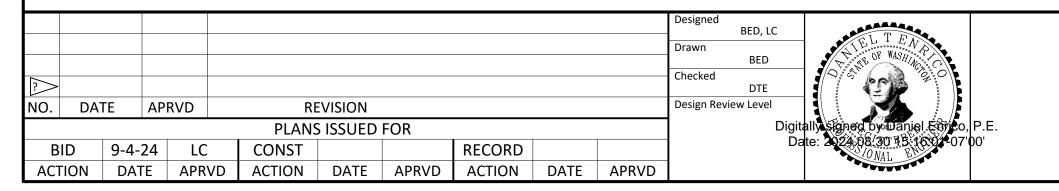
NAD 83/91

METRON & ASSOCIATES

02/04/20 - 22/06/20

Metron #-R4E T29N 4

		ITEM	# 703 63 01
	AL	NORTHING (LY)	LY= 360,070.166'
	LOCAL	EASTING (LX)	LX=1,308,627.208'
EM		ELEVATION (LZ)	LZ=30.84'
YST	COORDINATE SYSTEM STATE PLANE	NORTHING (SPY)	SPY= 360,070.090'
ĒŠ		EASTING (SPX)	SPX=1,308,627.153'
IAT		ELEVATION (SPZ)	SPZ=na
COORDII	RSION	SCALE FACTOR (LOCAL TO STA. PLANE)	0.99994518
	CONVERSION	ROTATION ANGLE (LOCAL TO STA. PLANE) (CCLOCK=+,CLOCK=-)	-1° 00' 31.13"





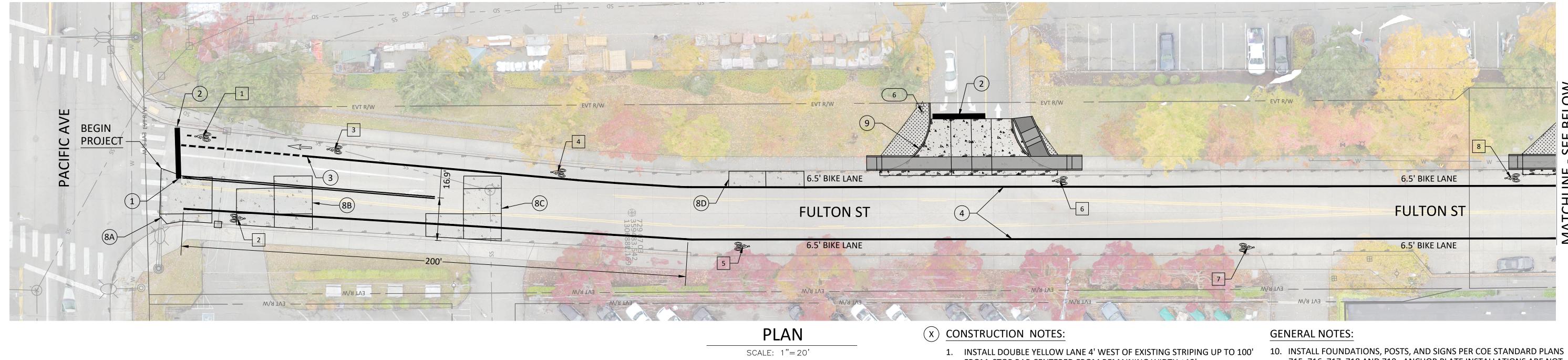
FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

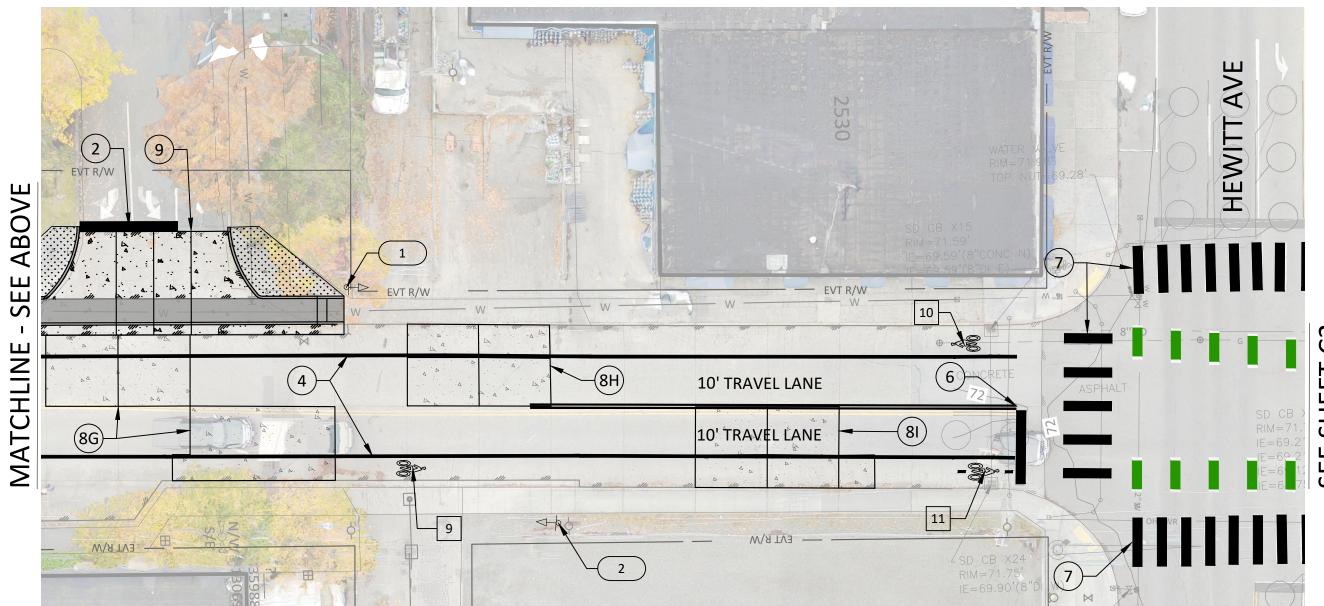
REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

SITE PREP-TESC-SURVEY CONTROL

HEWITT AVE TO CALIFORNIA ST

SP2





BIKE SIGN POINT TABLE								
X	NORTHING	EASTING	DESCRIPTION					
1	359914.21	1306872.05	BIKE SIGN					
2	359956.65	1306922.71	BIKE SIGN					
3	360488.84	1306936.79	BIKE SIGN					
4	360505.42	1306896.75	BIKE SIGN					
5	360554.21	1306938.55	BIKE SIGN					
6	359600.07	1306846.59	STOP SIGN					

SEE SHEET C5 FOR SIGN SCHEDULE

- FROM STOP BAR CENTERED FROM REMAINING WIDTH ±12'.
- 2. INSTALL NEW STOP BAR AT SAME LOCATION.
- 3. INSTALL DASHED BIKE LANE UP TO 50' FROM STOP BAR, THEN SOLID 6.5' BIKE LANE NORTHWARD.
- 4. INSTALL 6.5' WIDE BIKE LANE FROM EDGE OF EXISTING CURB. SIGNS AND
- 5. INSTALL 6.5' WIDE BIKE LANE. SIGNS AND BICYCLE LANE SYMBOLS WILL BE STAKED BY ENGINEER. CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING 3 DAYS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR STAKING.
- 6. INSTALL DOUBLE YELLOW LANE STRIPING 100' LONG SOUTH OF STOP BAR.
- 7. INSTALL NEW CROSSWALK STRIPING.
- 8. REPLACE CEMENT CONCRETE PANEL TO NEAREST EXPANSION JOINT AS SHOWN.
- 9. INSTALL CEMENT CONCRETE DRIVEWAY RAMP TYPE 1 PER COE STANDARD DRAWING 315. SEE DRIVEWAY DETAILS ON SHEET C3.

BIKE SYMBOL POINT TABLE						
Х	NORTHING	EASTING	DESCRIPTION	SHEET		
1	359314.71	1306846.15	BIKE DETECTION PAVEMENT MARKER	C1		
2	359327.28	1306878.91	BIKE LANE	C1		
3	359366.71	1306853.06	BIKE STRAIGHT ARROW	C1		
4	359455.05	1306865.29	BIKE LANE	C1		
5	359526.72	1306897.02	BIKE LANE	C1		
6	359653.70	1306875.43	BIKE LANE	C1		
7	359726.67	1306904.43	BIKE LANE	C1		
8	359833.05	1306880.58	BIKE LANE	C1		
9	359926.26	1306910.25	BIKE LANE	C1		
10	360042.88	1306888.30	BIKE LANE	C1		
11	360045.38	1306915.04	BIKE DETECTION PAVEMENT MARKER	C1		
12	360168.76	1306897.75	BIKE DETECTION PAVEMENT MARKER	C2		
13	360172.16	1306918.23	BIKE LANE	C2		
14	360274.82	1306901.31	SHARROW STRAIGHT	C2		
15	360383.99	1306920.92	BIKE LANE	C2		
16	360474.65	1306908.29	SHARROW STRAIGHT	C2		
17	360546.31	1306927.07	BIKE LANE LEFT/RIGHT TURN ARROW	C2		

- 715, 716, 717, 718 AND 719. ANCHOR PLATE INSTALLATIONS ARE NOT ALLOWED.
- 11. NORTHING/EASTING SHOWN FOR SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE APPROXIMATE. LOCATIONS FOR SIGNS WILL BE MARKED BY THE ENGINEER. CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING THROUGH THE ENGINEER 3 DAYS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- BICYCLE LANE SYMBOLS WILL BE STAKED BY ENGINEER. CONTACT TRAFFIC 12. POST LENGTHS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD AND CUT TO LENGTH AS ENGINEERING 3 DAYS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION FOR STAKING.
 - 13. ALL POSTS SHALL BE 14 GAUGE, 2" PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL SOLID WALL.
 - 14. ALL SIGN SHEETING SHALL BE EITHER TYPE III OR IV.
 - 15. WHERE CALLED FOR IN SIGN SCHEDULE, CORE DRILL SIDEWALK SHALL BE 6" CORE. PATCH BACK WITH COMMERCIAL CONCRETE AND FINISH TO MATCH SURROUNDING SIDEWALK.
 - 16. SHARROWS, BICYCLE SYMBOLS AND GREEN BACKGROUND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE TYPE B PRE-FORMED FUSED THERMOPLASTIC.
 - 17. SHARROWS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THE CENTER LINE OF THE SHARROW IS ALIGNED WITH THE CENTER LINE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE OF INSTALLATION. SHARROWS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED IN THE SHOULDER OR AT THE EDGE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE.
 - 18. MULTIPLE SIGNS WILL BE INSTALLED ON EACH SIGN POST. DESTINATION SIGNS INSTALLED BELOW BIKE ROUTE SIGN SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH NEAREST DESTINATION ON TOP AND FURTHEST DESTINATION ON
 - 19. FOR SIGN SCHEDULE AND INSTALLATION SEE SHEET C5.
 - 20. FOR SIDEWALK DETAILS SEE SHEET C4.

EVERETT **PUBLIC WORKS**

SEE SHEET C6 FOR PAVEMENT MARKING DIMENSIONS

3200 Cedar Street Everett, WA 98201 425.257.8800 everettwa.gov **FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR**

WORK ORDER 3785

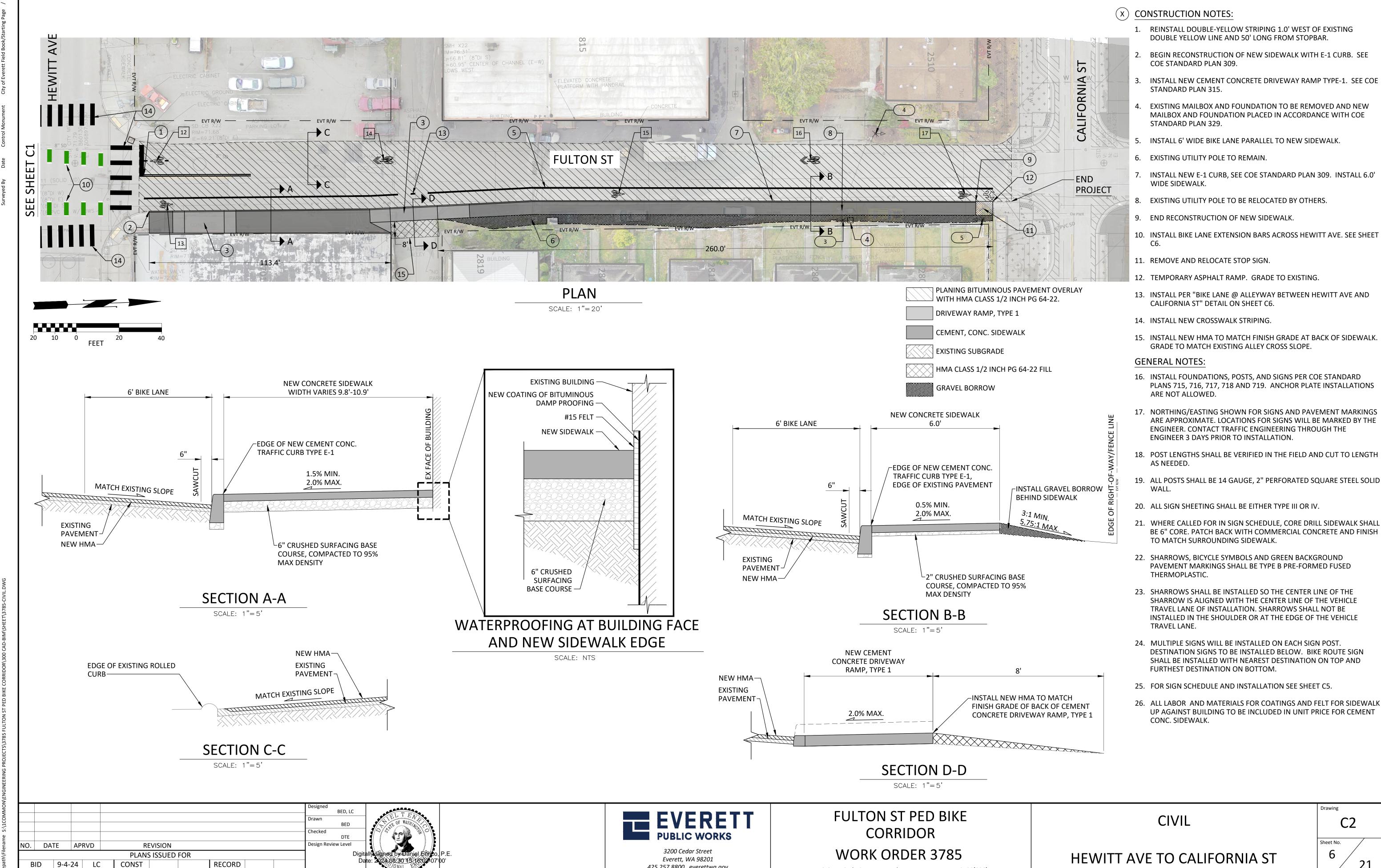
REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

CIVIL

PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE

Sheet No. Of Total

Design Review Level NO. DATE APRVD REVISION PLANS ISSUED FOR RECORD CONST BID | 9-4-24 | LC ACTION DATE APRVD ACTION DATE APRVD ACTION DATE APRVD



425.257.8800 everettwa.gov

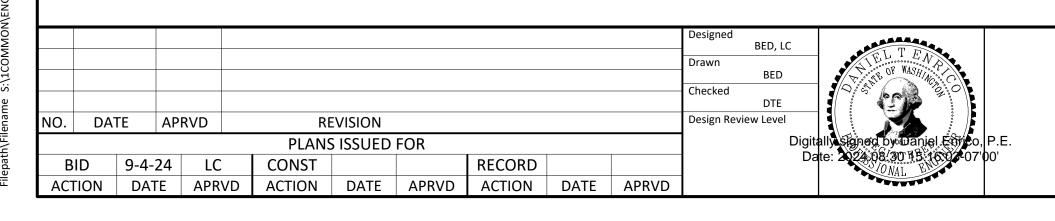
ACTION DATE APRVD

ACTION DATE APRVD

ACTION DATE APRVD

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

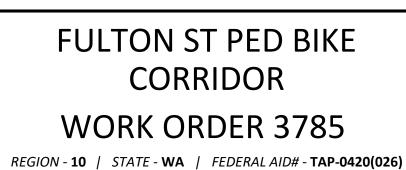
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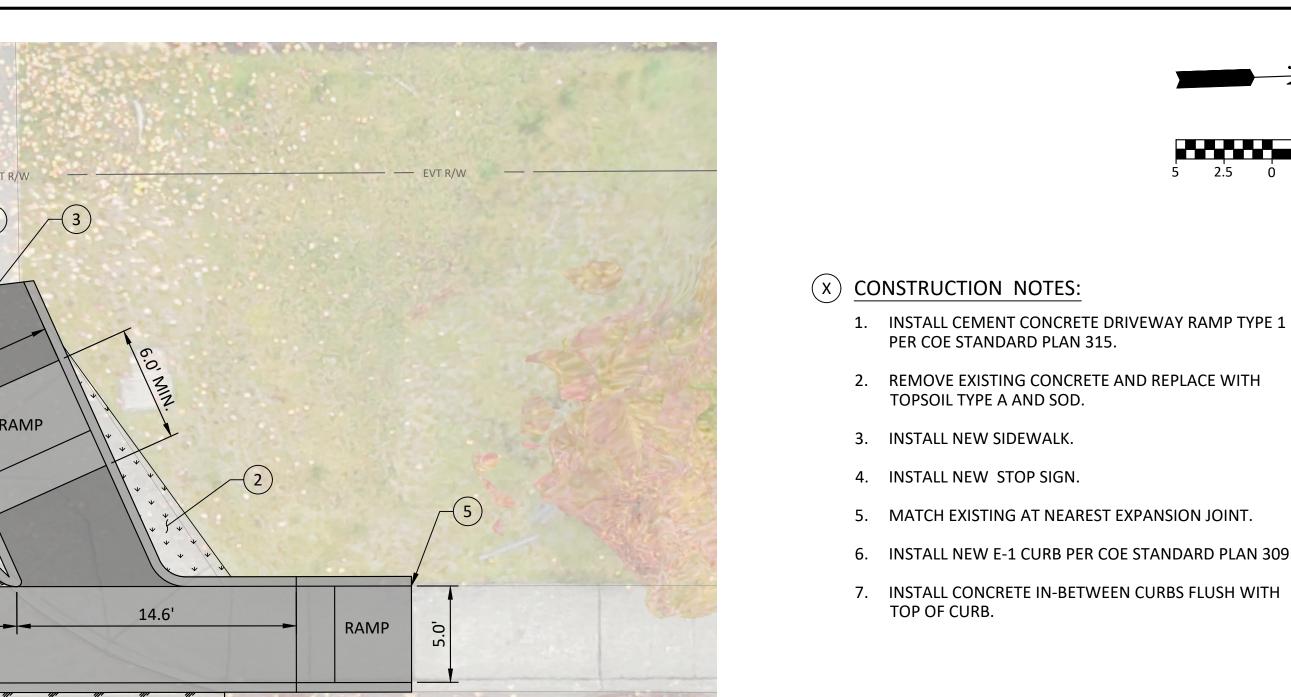
11.6'

6.0' MIN.





CIVIL LOWES DRIVEWAYS



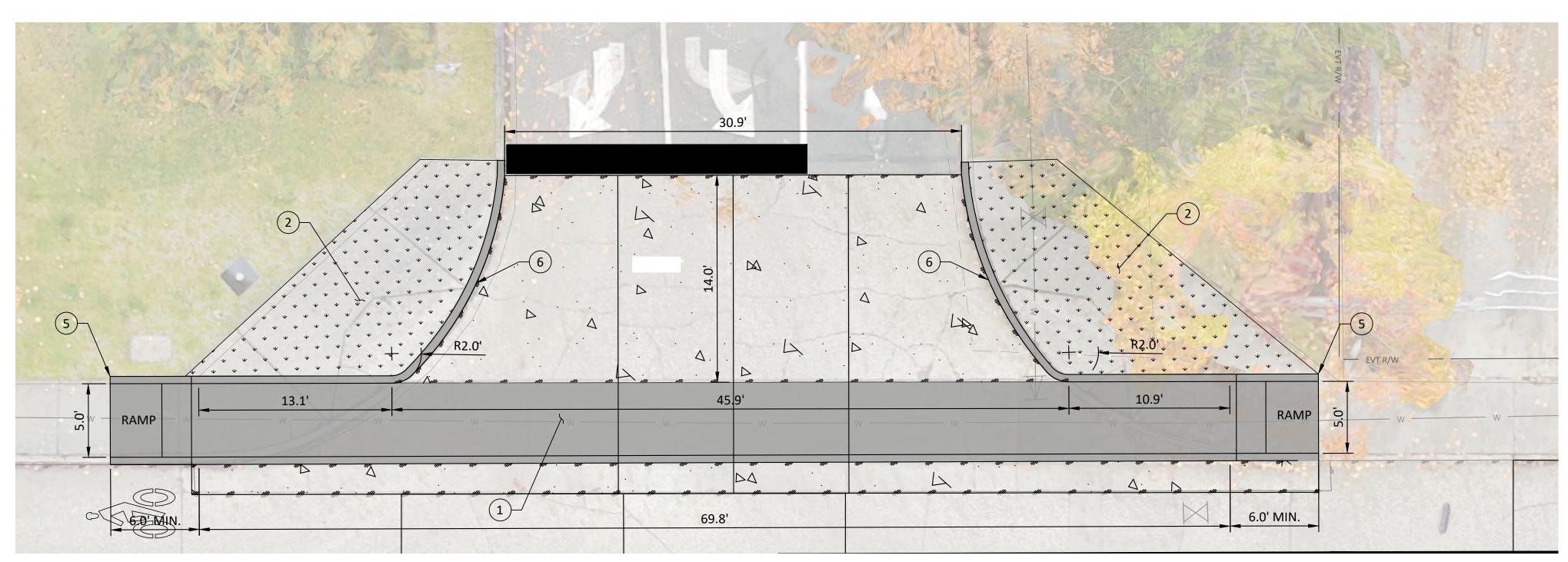
6.0' MIN.

LOWES ENTRANCE - SOUTH FULTON ST

73.4'

32.1'

SCALE: 1"=5'



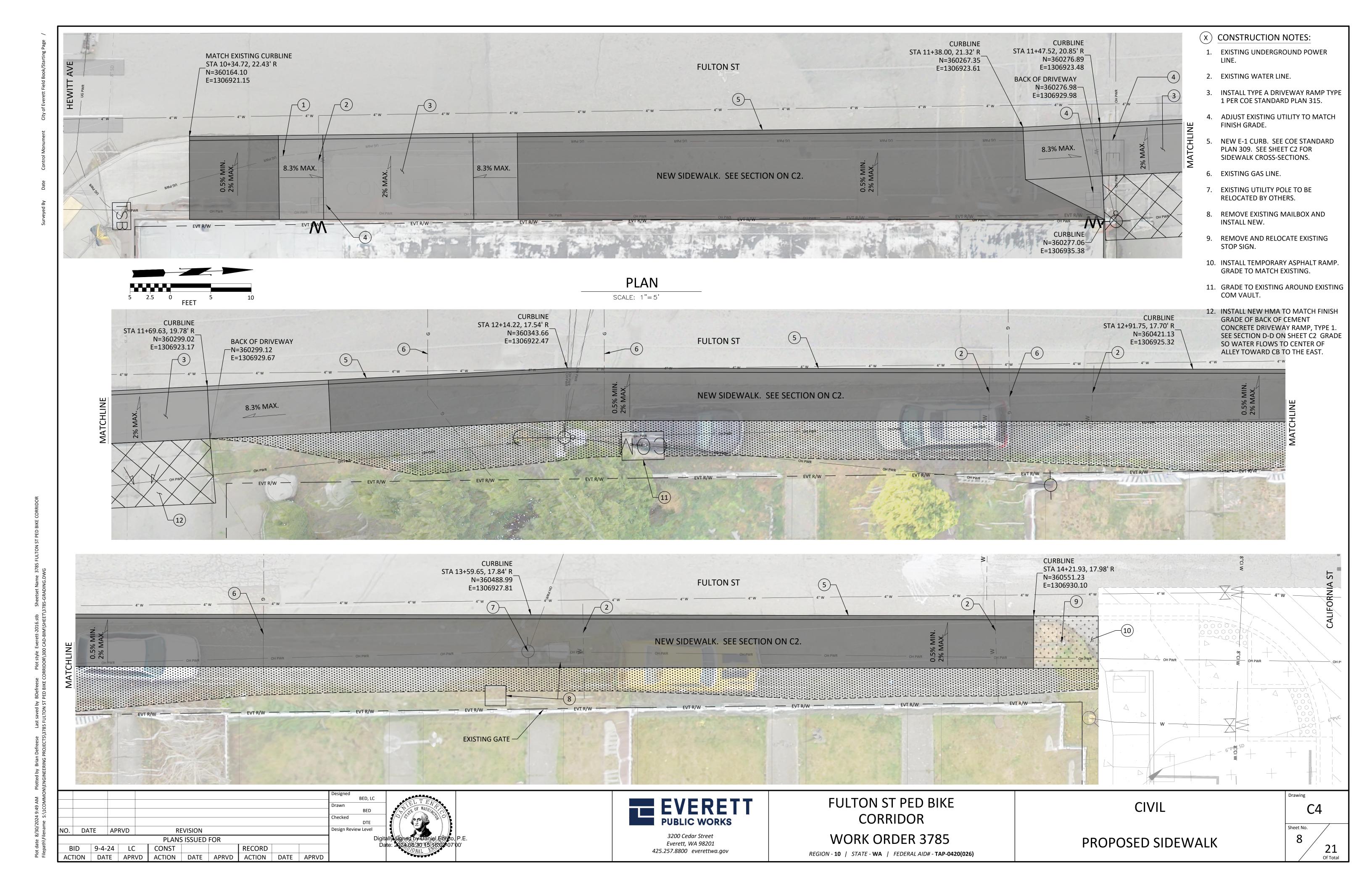
LOWES ENTRANCE - NORTH FULTON ST SCALE: 1"=5'

3. INSTALL NEW SIDEWALK. 4. INSTALL NEW STOP SIGN.

PER COE STANDARD PLAN 315.

TOPSOIL TYPE A AND SOD.

- 5. MATCH EXISTING AT NEAREST EXPANSION JOINT.
- 6. INSTALL NEW E-1 CURB PER COE STANDARD PLAN 309.
- INSTALL CONCRETE IN-BETWEEN CURBS FLUSH WITH TOP OF CURB.

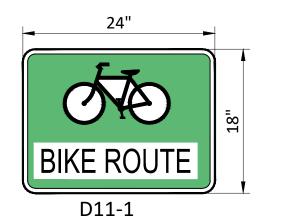


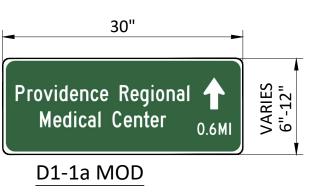
	SIGN SCHEDULE								
	#			SIGN	SIZE	POST			
SHEET	SIGN #	SIGN CODE (DESCRIPTION)	LOCATION	Χ"	Υ"	LENGTH	COMMENTS		
C1	1	D11-1 (BIKE ROUTE)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	24	18	11.5	INSTALL NEW SIGN AND POST WITH FOUNDATION.		
		D1-1a (EVERETT STATION 0.2 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D11-1.		
C1	2	D11-1 (BIKE ROUTE)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	24	18	12.5	INSTALL NEW SIGN AND POST WITH FOUNDATION.		
		D1-1a (DOWNTOWN 0.4 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D11-1.		
		D1-1a (WATERFRONT PLACE 2.3 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D1-1a.		
		D1-1a (EVCC/WSU EVERETT 2.7 MI)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D1-1a.		
C2	3	D11-1 (BIKE ROUTE)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	24	18	12.5	INSTALL NEW SIGN AND POST WITH FOUNDATION.		
		D1-1a (DOWNTOWN 0.3 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D11-1.		
		D1-1a (WATERFRONT PLACE 2.2 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D1-1a.		
		D1-1a (EVCC/WSU EVERETT 2.6 MI)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D1-1a.		
C2	4	D11-1 (BIKE ROUTE)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	24	18	11.5	INSTALL NEW SIGN AND POST WITH FOUNDATION.		
		D1-1a (EVERETT STATION 0.3 MI ^)		24	6		INSTALL NEW SIGN BELOW D11-1.		
C2	5	R1-1 (STOP)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	30	30	12.0	INSTALL NEW POST WITH FOUNDATION. REMOVE EXISTING SIGN AND POST.		
							RELOCATE EXISTING STOP SIGN TO NEW POST.		
C1	6	R1-1 (STOP)	STAKED BY ENGINEER	30	30	12.0	INSTALL NEW SIGN AND POST WITH FOUNDATION.		

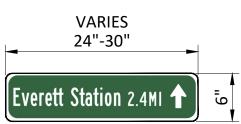
<u>LEGEND</u>

> RIGHT ARROW

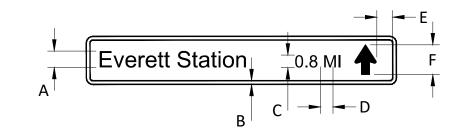
< LEFT ARROW
^ STRAIGHT ARROW



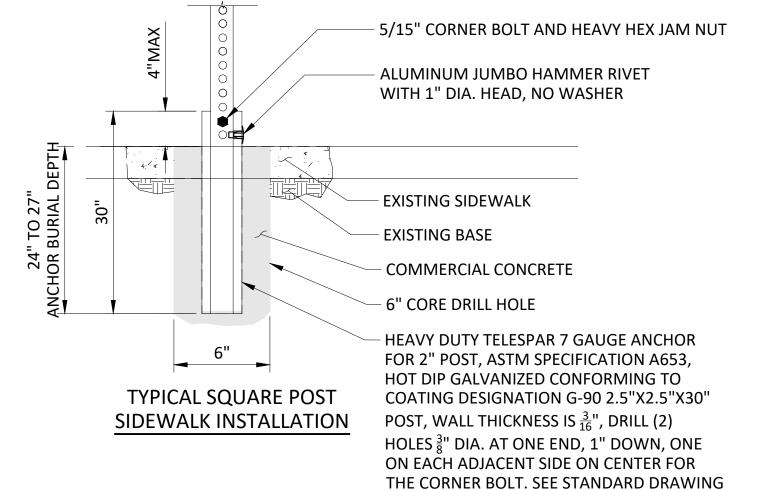








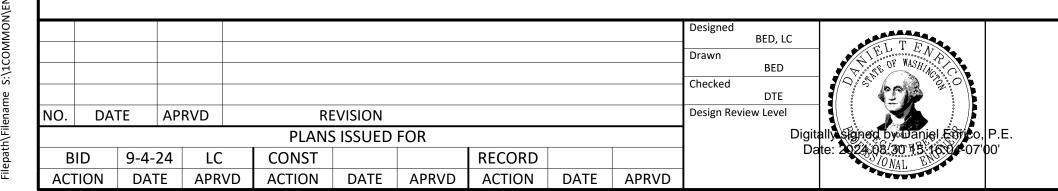
INCHES
2.00
0.50
1.50
1.00
0.75
3.00



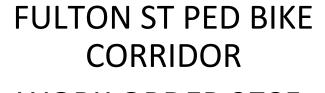
NOTES

- 1. INSTALL FOUNDATIONS, POSTS, AND SIGNS PER COE STANDARD PLANS 715, 716, 717, 718 AND 719. ANCHOR PLATE INSTALLATIONS ARE NOT ALLOWED.
- 2. NORTHING/EASTING SHOWN FOR SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE APPROXIMATE. LOCATIONS FOR SIGNS WILL BE MARKED BY THE ENGINEER. CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING THROUGH THE ENGINEER 3 DAYS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 3. POST LENGTHS SHALL BE VERIFIED IN THE FIELD AND CUT TO LENGTH AS NEEDED.
- 4. ALL POSTS SHALL BE 14 GAUGE, 2" PERFORATED SQUARE STEEL SOLID WALL.
- 5. ALL SIGN SHEETING SHALL BE EITHER TYPE III OR IV.
- 6. WHERE CALLED FOR IN SIGN SCHEDULE, CORE DRILL SIDEWALK SHALL BE 6" CORE. PATCH BACK WITH COMMERCIAL CONCRETE AND FINISH TO MATCH SURROUNDING SIDEWALK.
- 7. SHARROWS, BICYCLE SYMBOLS AND GREEN BACKGROUND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE TYPE B PRE-FORMED FUSED THERMOPLASTIC.
- 8. SHARROWS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THE CENTER LINE OF THE SHARROW IS ALIGNED WITH THE CENTER LINE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE OF INSTALLATION. SHARROWS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED IN THE SHOULDER OR AT THE EDGE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE.
- 9. MULTIPLE SIGNS WILL BE INSTALLED ON EACH SIGN POST. DESTINATION SIGNS INSTALLED BELOW BIKE ROUTE SIGN SHALL BE INSTALLED WITH NEAREST DESTINATION ON TOP AND FURTHEST DESTINATION ON BOTTOM.
- 10. DURING INSTALLATION, THE BOTTOM EDGE OF THE LOWEST SIGN MUST BE A MIN. OF 7 FEET ABOVE FINISHED GRADE.

A 6" CORE SHALL BE DONE FOR ALL SIGNS
THAT ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN EXISTING
CONCRETE. THE LENGTH OF THE CORE SHALL
BE NO LESS THAN THE DEPTH OF THE SIGN
POST FOUNDATION. BACKFILL THE VOID
WITH COMMERCIAL CONCRETE.





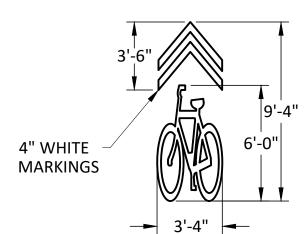


WORK ORDER 3785

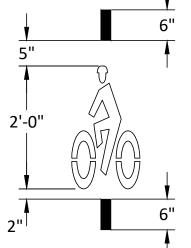
REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

SIGN SCHEDULE

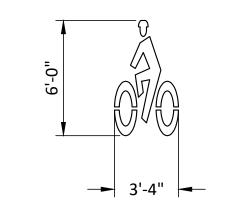




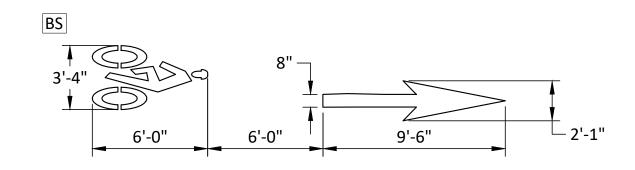




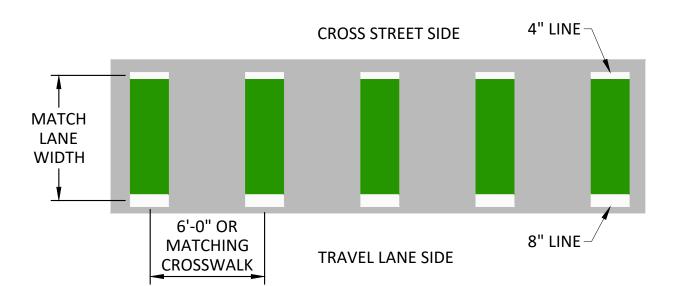
BIKE DETECTION
PAVEMENT MARKING
(WHITE)
N.T.S.



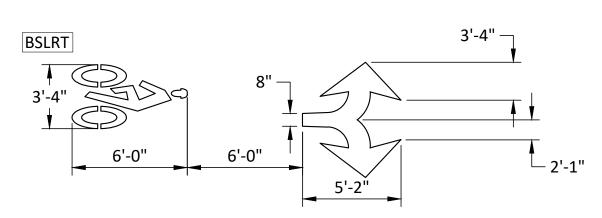
BIKE LANE (WHITE)
N.T.S.



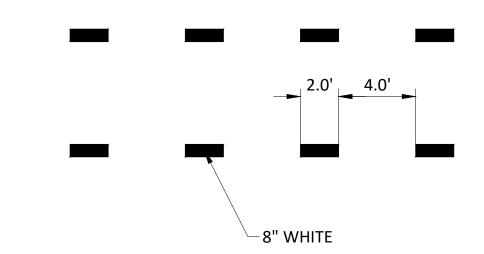
BIKE STRAIGHT ARROW
(WHITE)
N.T.S.



BIKE LANE EXTENSION DETAIL



BIKE LANE LEFT/RIGHT TURN ARROW
(WHITE)
N.T.S.



BIKE LANE @ ALLEYWAY BETWEEN HEWITT AVE AND CALIFORNIA ST

N.T.S.

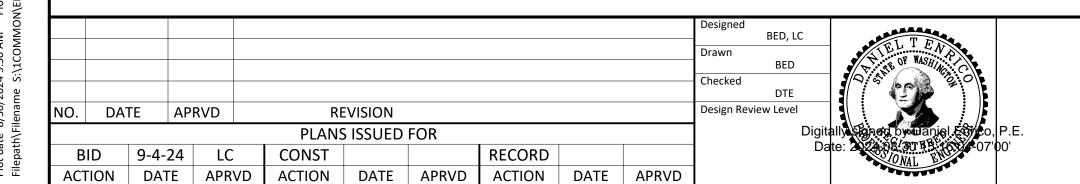
GENERAL NOTES

- 1. INSTALL FOUNDATIONS, POSTS, AND SIGNS PER COE STANDARD PLANS 715, 716, 717, 718 AND 719. ANCHOR PLATE INSTALLATIONS ARE NOT ALLOWED.
- 2. NORTHING/EASTING SHOWN FOR SIGNS AND PAVEMENT MARKINGS ARE APPROXIMATE. LOCATIONS FOR SIGNS WILL BE MARKED BY THE ENGINEER. CONTACT TRAFFIC ENGINEERING THROUGH THE ENGINEER 3 DAYS PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
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- 7. SHARROWS, BICYCLE SYMBOLS AND GREEN BACKGROUND PAVEMENT MARKINGS SHALL BE TYPE B PRE-FORMED FUSED THERMOPLASTIC.
- 8. SHARROWS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO THE CENTER LINE OF THE SHARROW IS ALIGNED WITH THE CENTER LINE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE OF INSTALLATION. SHARROWS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED IN THE SHOULDER OR AT THE EDGE OF THE VEHICLE TRAVEL LANE.
- DESTINATION SIGNS WILL BE INSTALLED ON EACH SIGN POST.

 DESTINATION SIGNS INSTALLED BELOW BIKE ROUTE SIGN SHALL

 BE INSTALLED WITH NEAREST DESTINATION ON TOP AND

 FURTHEST DESTINATION ON BOTTOM.



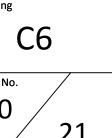


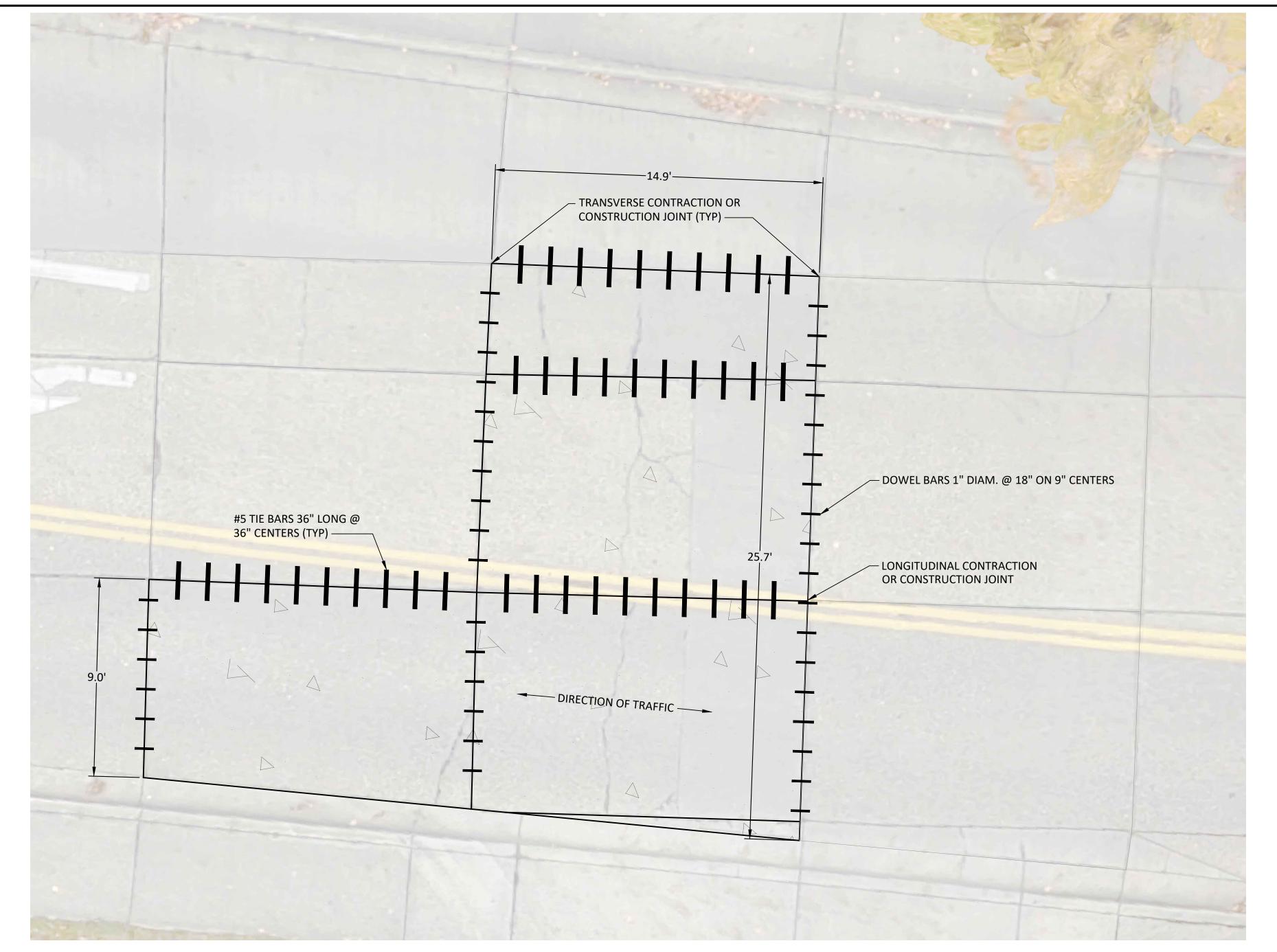
FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

CIVIL

PAVEMENT MARKINGS



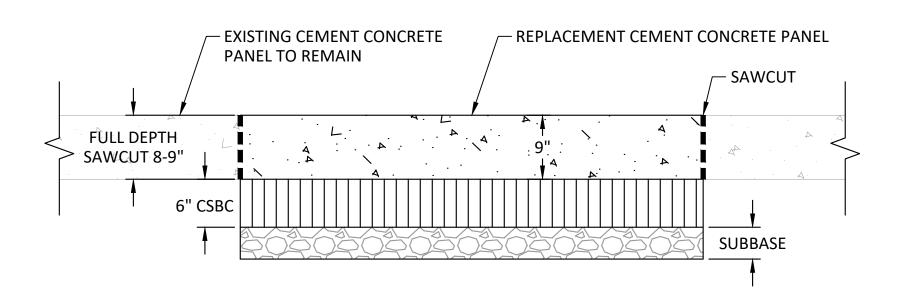


REPLACE CEMENT CONCRETE PANEL TYPICAL DETAIL

SCALE: NTS

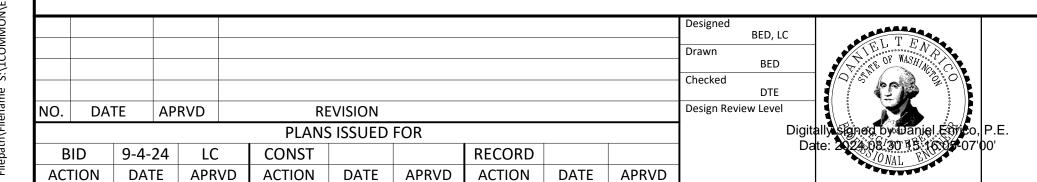
NOTES

- 1. THE TYPICAL JOINTING PLAN PROVIDES TYPICAL JOINT SPACING AND LOCATIONS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROVIDE A DETAILED JOINTING PLAN, PER SPECIAL PROVISIONS SECTION 5-05.3. ADJUSTMENTS TO THE TYPICAL JOINT SPACING TO ACCOMMODATE STRUCTURES AND CURB RADII SHALL BE NOTED IN THE JOINTING PLAN TO BE APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 2. WHERE DOWELS AND TIES ARE USED, PLACEMENT DEPTH SHALL BE AT ONE HALF THE DEPTH OF THE CONCRETE.
- 3. CONTRACTION, CONSTRUCTION, AND ISOLATION JOINTS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED PER THE SPECIFICATIONS AND PER WSDOT STD. PLAN NO. A-40.10-03.
- 4. ISOLATION JOINTS AROUND STRUCTURES SHALL BE PER WSDOT STD. PLAN NO. A-40.15-00. THE CONDITION USED IS DEPENDENT ON THE JOINT LOCATIONS AND SHALL BE IDENTIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN THE JOINTING PLAN AND APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 5. "REPLACE CEMENT CONCRETE PANEL", PER SQUARE YARD. THE UNIT CONTRACT PRICE PER SQUARE YARD SHALL BE FULL PAYMENT FOR ALL COSTS TO COMPLETE THE WORK AS SPECIFIED, INCLUDING SAW CUTTING FULL DEPTH, REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF THE EXISTING PANELS OFF OF THE CONTRACTING AGENCY'S RIGHT OF WAY, PREPARING THE SURFACING BELOW THE NEW PANEL, PROVIDE, PLACE AND COMPACT THE CRUSHED SURFACING OR HOT MIX ASPHALT, FURNISHING AND PLACING POLYETHYLENE FILM OR BUILDING PAPER, FURNISHING AND PLACING THE CEMENT CONCRETE, DRILLING THE HOLES, PROVIDING AND ANCHORING THE DOWEL BARS AND TIE BARS, AND FOR ALL INCIDENTALS REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE WORK AS SPECIFIED.



TYPICAL PANEL SECTION

SCALE: NTS





FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

WORK ORDER 3785

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

CIVIL C7

Sheet No.

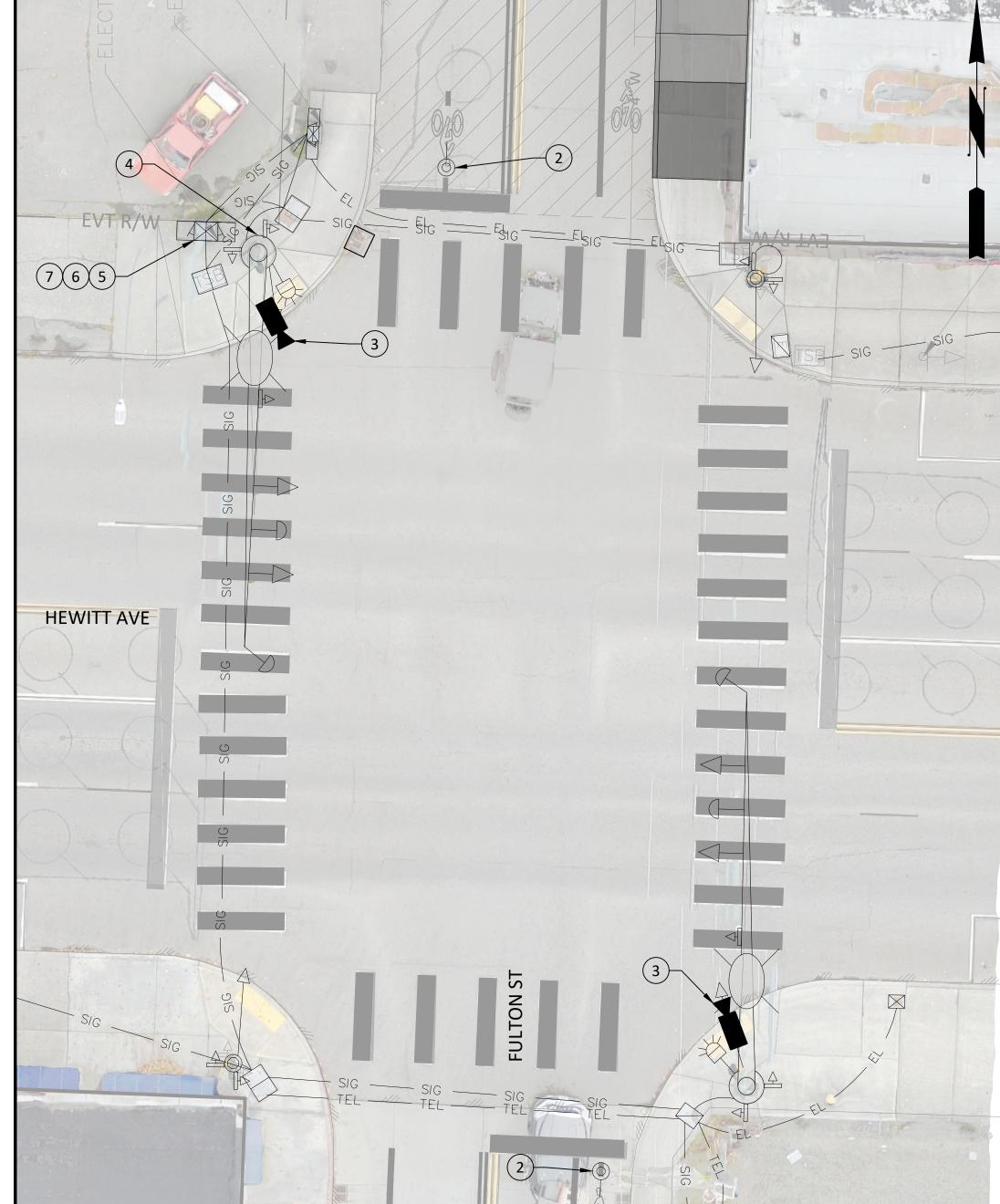
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21

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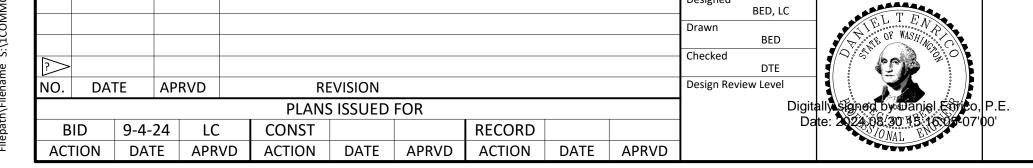
HEWITT AVE/FULTON ST INTERSECTION SCALE: 1"=20'

GENERAL NOTES:

- ALL JUNCTION BOXES SHALL BE TYPE 2 PER COE STANDARD DRAWING 808 UNLESS OTHER WISE NOTED. JUNCTION BOXES LOCATED IN THE PEDESTRIAN ACCESS ROUTE SHALL BE WITH NON-SLIP LIDS.
- ALL CONDUIT SHALL BE PVC SCHEDULE 40 UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
 - EXISTING CONDUIT CROSSINGS SHALL BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION.
 - CONDUIT AND JUNCTION BOX LOCATIONS ARE SCHEMATIC.
 - IT IS THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE WITH THE CITY OF EVERETT'S SIGNAL AND ILLUMINATION MAINTENANCE, THROUGH THE ENGINEER, FIVE (5) DAYS PRIOR TO COMMENCING THE WORK, TO ACCESS EXISTING ELECTRICAL SERVICE AT SOUTHWEST CORNER OF BROADWAY AND WALL ST.
 - ALL JUNCTION BOXES SHALL HAVE FOUNDATIONS PER COE STANDARD DRAWING 808 AND THE SPECIFICATIONS.
- CONDUIT SHALL BE INSTALLED TO MAINTAIN A MINIMUM HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE OF 2 FEET AND VERTICAL CLEARANCE OF 1 FOOT FROM ALL WATER LINES AS SHOWN IN THE CONDUIT TRENCH CROSS SECTION ON DRAWING IL3.

(x) CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- INSTALL ITS CONDUIT INTO EXISTING JUNCTION BOX.
- 2 CORE 4 INCH DIAMETER HOLE AND REMOVE MATERIAL TO 2-3/4 INCHES DEPTH AT LOCATION MARKED IN THE FIELD BY THE ENGINEER. INSTALL SENSYS VSN240-M-2 MICRORADAR SENSOR PER MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATIONS. CARE SHALL BE TAKEN NOT TO DAMAGE EXISTING TRAFFIC LOOPS, CONTACT CITY SIGNAL TECHNICIAN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE FOR LOCATION OF SENSOR. INSTALL MANUFACTURER'S EPOXY IN TWO APPLICATIONS UNTIL LEVEL WITH THE ROAD SURFACE.
- INSTALL FIXED CAMERAS ON EXISTING LIGHT STANDARD ARM USING CAMERA BRACKET. DRILL AND INSTALL SPLIT BUSHING FOR CABLE. ROUTE OUTDOOR RATED ETHERNET CABLE DOWN LUMINAIRE POLE AND THROUGH EXISTING CONDUITS AND JUNCTION BOXES TO THE SIGNAL CONTROL CABINET. TERMINATE AT THE CAMERA AND IN THE SIGNAL CABINET.
- INSTALL FLEXAP ACCESS POINT AP240 ON THE VERTICAL SHAFT OF THE SIGNAL POLE AT A MOUNTING HEIGHT OF 21 FEET, WITH THE PANEL ORIENTED TOWARDS THE CENTER OF THE INTERSECTION. USE MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDED MOUNTING BRACKET, DRILL AND INSTALL SPLIT BUSHING FOR CABLE. ROUTE OUTDOOR RATED ETHERNET CABLE DOWN THE POLE AND THROUGH EXISTING CONDUITS AND JUNCTION BOXES TO THE SIGNAL CONTROL CABINET.
- FOR THE SENSYS MICRORADAR SYSTEM, INSTALL ISOLATOR, APCC FLEXCONTROL CARD AT LOCATION INDICATED BY THE ENGINEER IN THE CABINET. CONTACT CITY SIGNAL TECHINIAN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE TO ADVISE ON EQUIPMENT LOCATION IN THE CABINET AND COMMISSIONING THE
- FOR THE CURRUX VISION SYSTEM, INSTALL GPU SERVER ON SHELF, ANALOG CAMERA ADAPTER, AND SDLC MODULE AT LOCATION INDICATED BY THE ENGINEER. TERMINATE VIDEO CABLES PER MANUFACTURERS RECOMMENDATION. CONTACT CITY SIGNAL TECHNICIAN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE TO ADVISE ON EQUIPMENT LOCATION IN THE CABINET. CONTACT SIGNAL TECHNICIAN FIVE DAYS IN ADVANCE PRIOR TO COMMISSIONING OF THE SYSTEM. COMMISSIONING THE SYSTEM REQUIRES THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE BE PRESENT.
- FOR THE ITERIS BICYCLE SIGN SYSTEM, INSTALL ITERIS BIKE INDICATOR CONTROLLER EXTENSION MODULE AT THE LOCATION IN THE CABINET INDICATED BY THE ENGINEER. PULL 2 CONDUCTOR CABLE INTO THE CABINET FOR TERMINATION. CONTACT CITY SIGNAL TECHNICIAN THREE DAYS IN ADVANCE FOR CABINET WORK AND COMMISSIONING.
- INSTALL ITERIS SMARTCYCLE BIKE INDICATOR WITH INTEGRATED SIGN AT A MOUNTING HEIGHT OF 7 FEET, JUST BELOW THE PEDESTRIAN SIGNAL INDICATION, FACING THE SENSYS DETECTION PUCK. INSTALL SPLIT BUSHING ON CABLE ENTRANCE AND TERMINATE 2 CONDUCTOR CABLE
- INSTALL TWO 30 AMP 2 POLE BREAKERS IN THE EXISTING SERVICE CABINET AT LOCATIONS INDICATED BY THE ENGINEER. TERMINATE NEW CIRCUITS PED 1 AND PED 2, INCLUDING GROUND, AND LABEL BREAKERS WITH A PHENOLIC TAG.





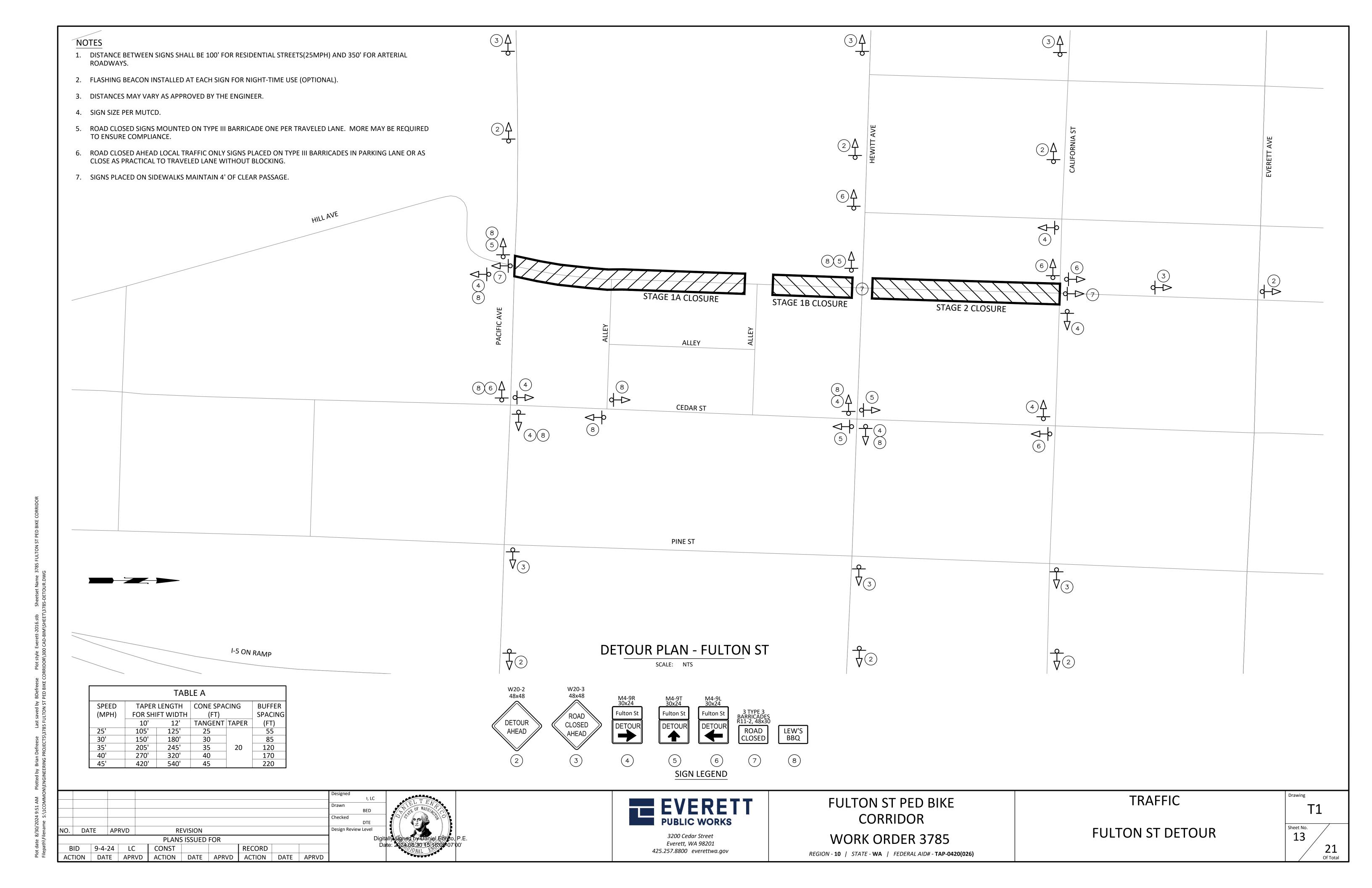
FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR

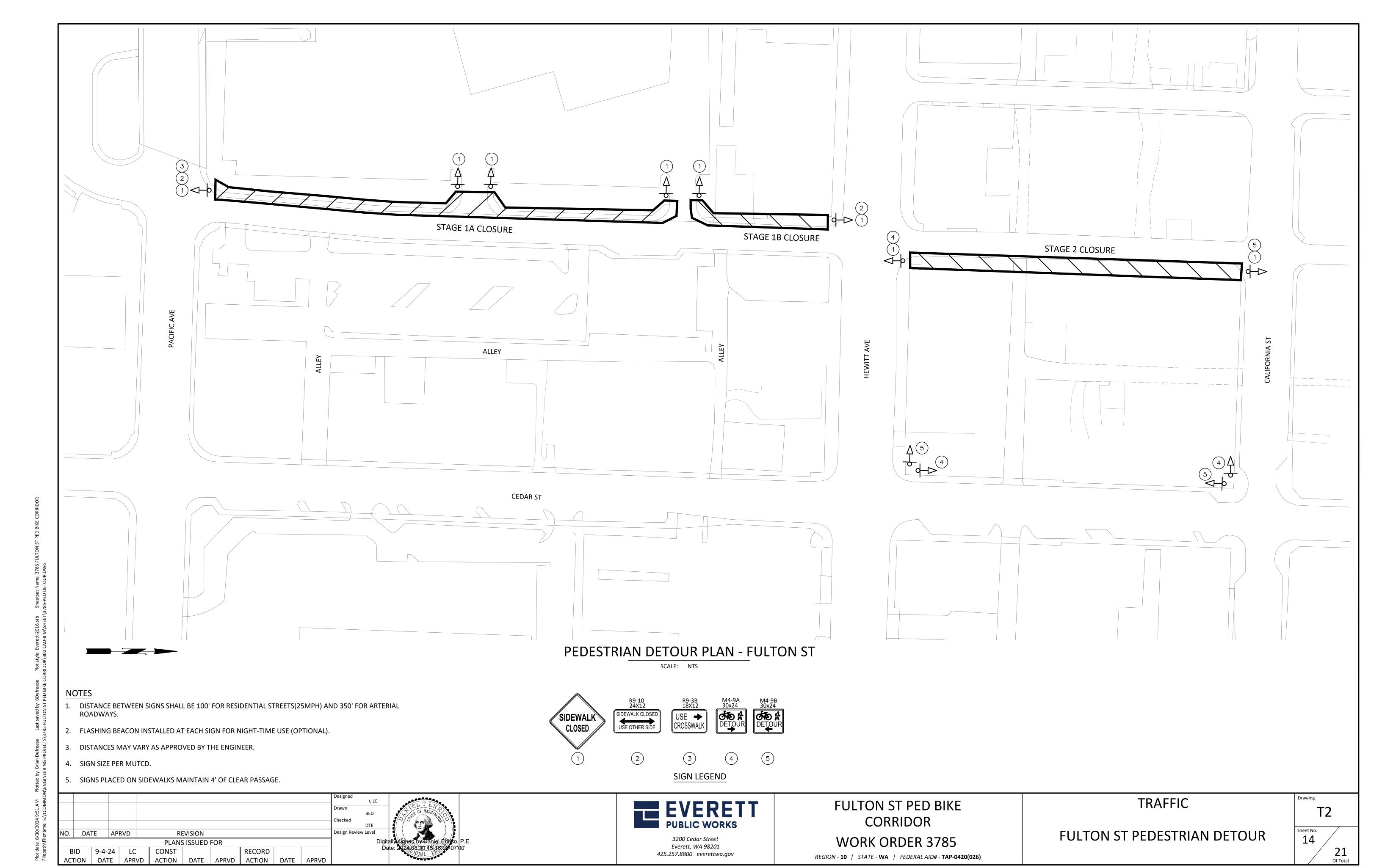
WORK ORDER 3785 WIRING PLAN AND SCHEDULE REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

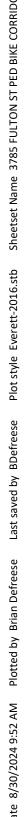
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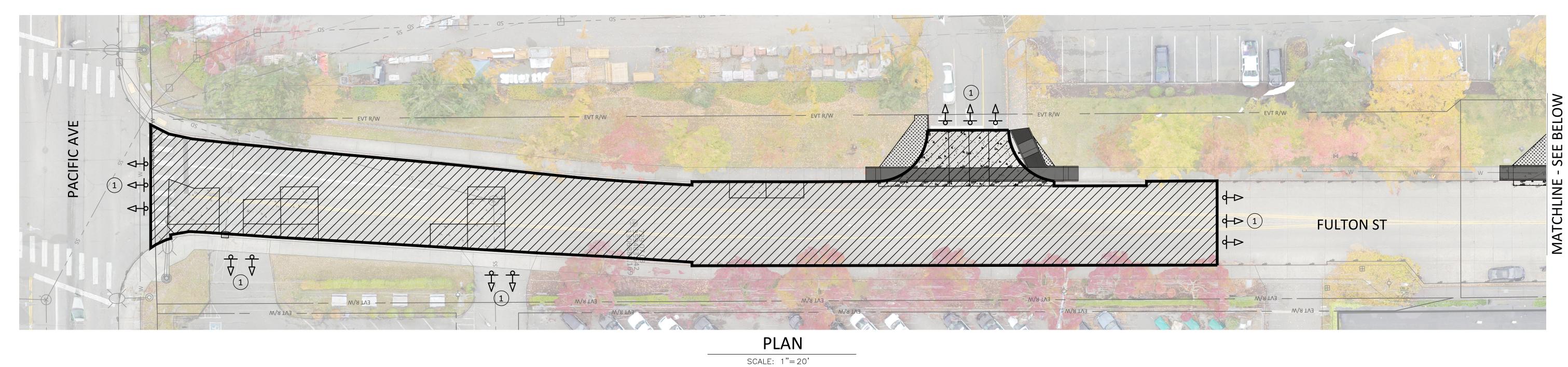
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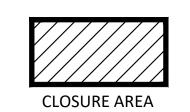




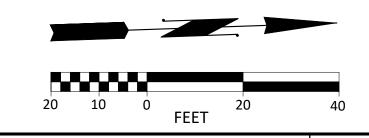








STAGE 1A



NO. DATE APRVD REVISION PLANS ISSUED FOR CONST RECORD ACTION DATE APRVD BID 9-4-24 LC ACTION DATE APRVD

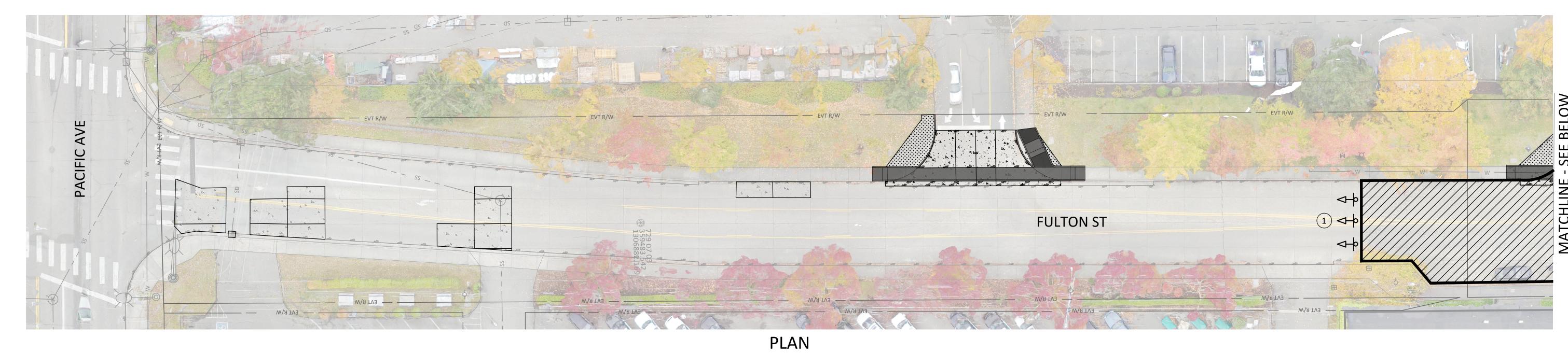


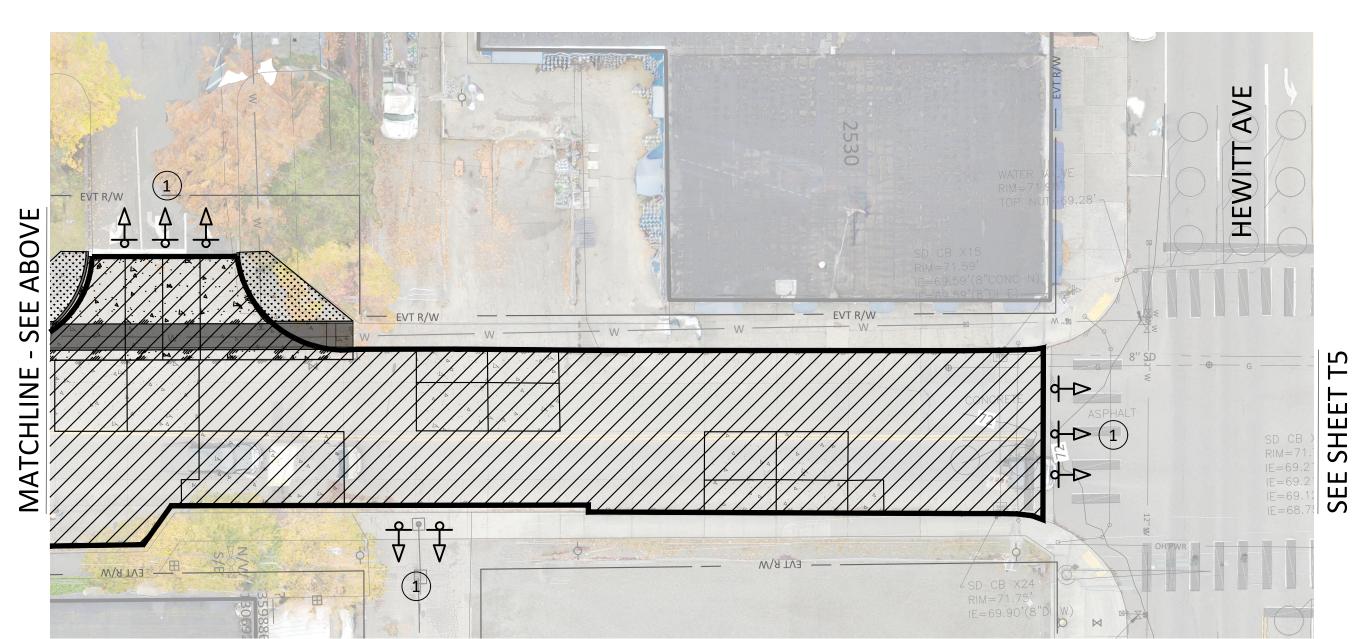
FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

TRAFFIC

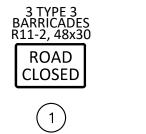
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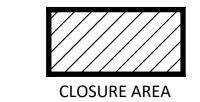
PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE - SOUTH STREET CLOSURE STAGE 1A REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)





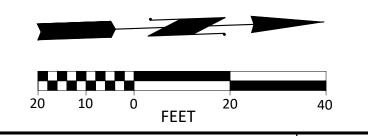
SCALE: 1"=20'





*BARRICADES SHALL COVER ALL LANES

STAGE 1B



Drawn

BED

Checked

DTE

NO. DATE APRVD REVISION

PLANS ISSUED FOR

BID 9-4-24 LC CONST RECORD

ACTION DATE APRVD ACTION DATE APRVD ACTION DATE APRVD

Design Review Level

Digitally Signed by Datie: 20208/3018 (3018) (



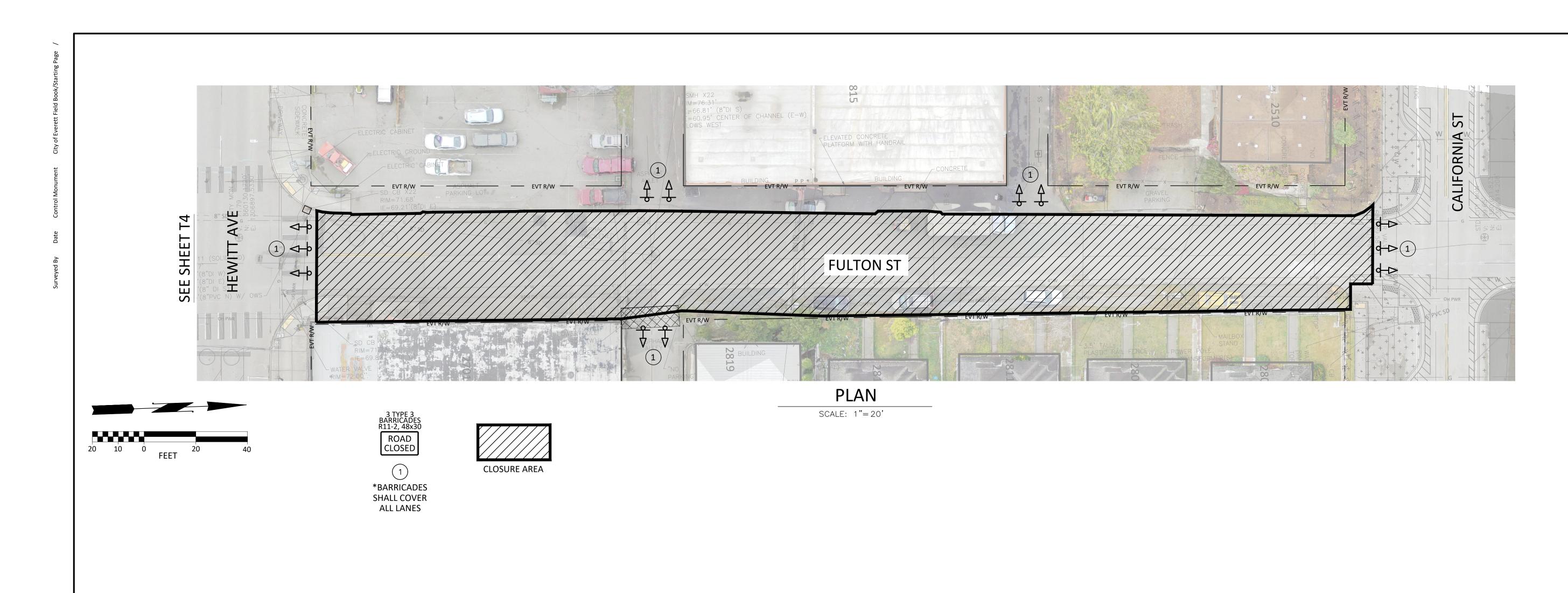
FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

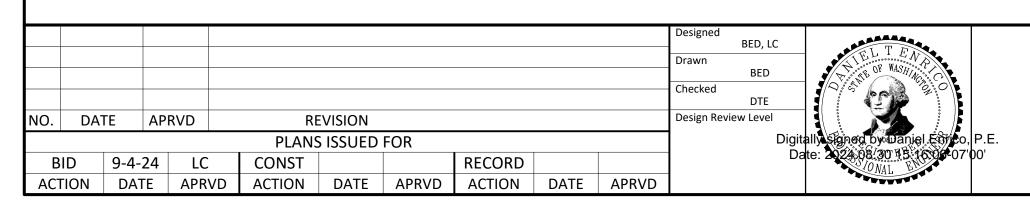
PACIFIC AVE TO HEWITT AVE - NORTH STREET CLOSURE STAGE 1B

TRAFFIC

T4
Sheet No.
16
21
Of Total



STAGE 2





FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

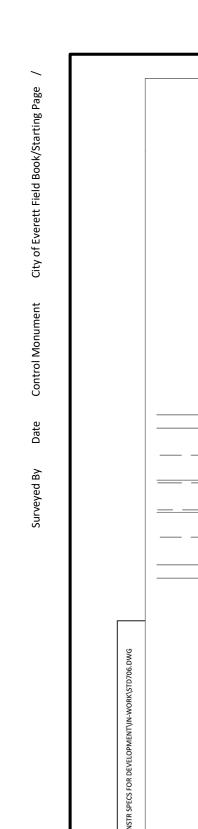
REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

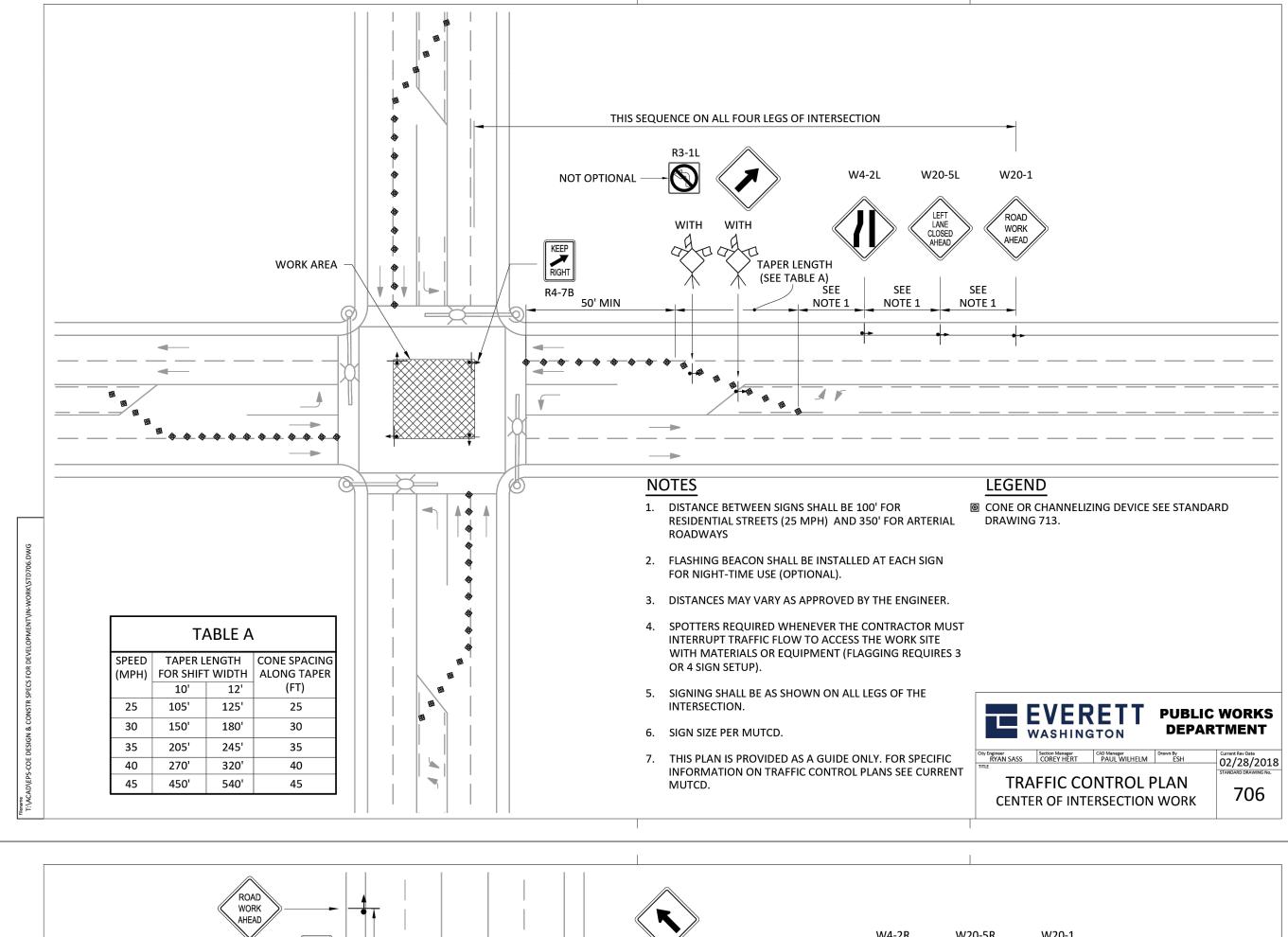
HEWITT AVE TO CALIFORNIA ST STREET CLOSURE STAGE 2

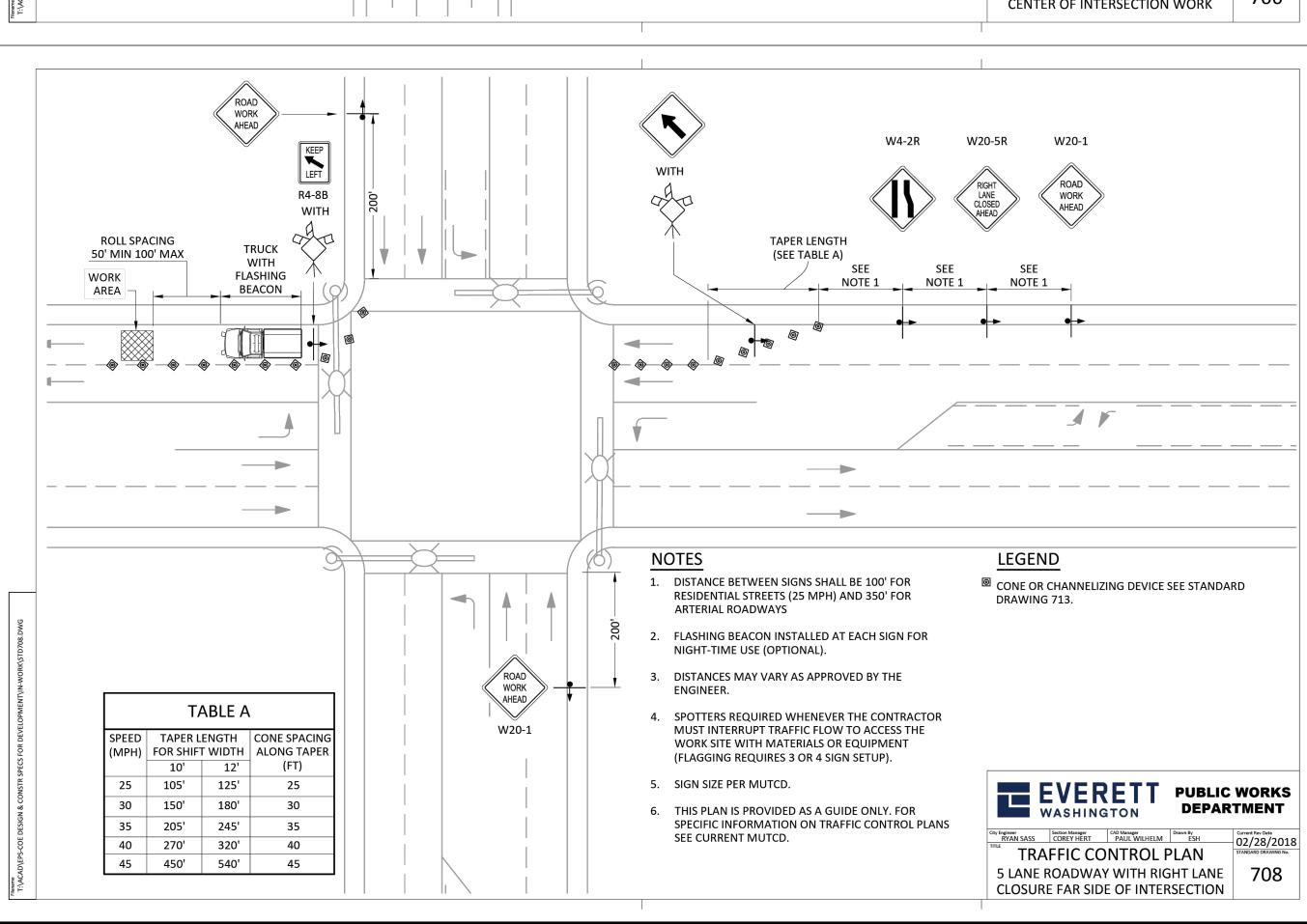
TRAFFIC

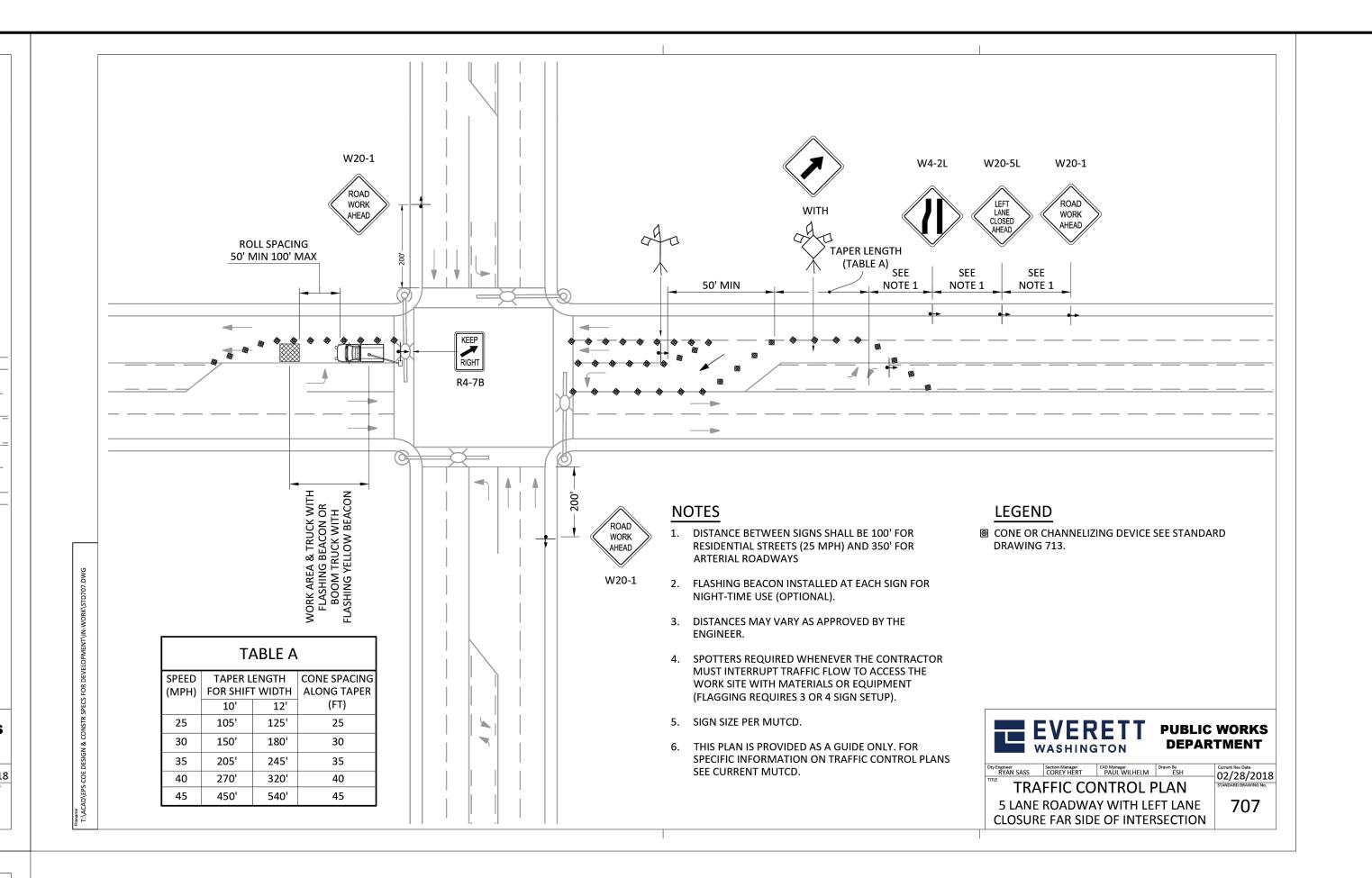
T5
Sheet No.
17
21

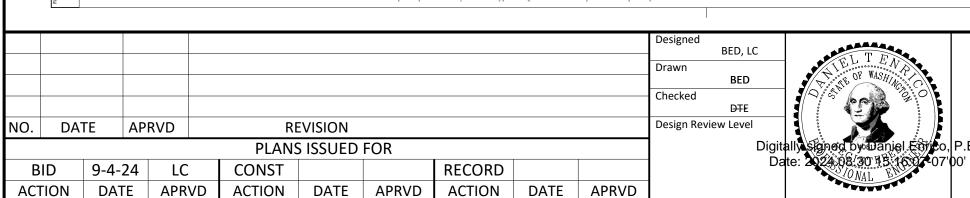
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3200 Cedar Street
Everett, WA 98201
425.257.8800 everettwa.gov

FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR

WORK ORDER 3785

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

TRAFFIC

STANDARD DETAILS 706-708

T6
Sheet No.
18
21
Of Total



NO. DATE APRVD

BID | 9-4-24 | LC

ACTION DATE APRVD

REVISION

CONST

PLANS ISSUED FOR

ACTION DATE APRVD

RECORD

ACTION DATE APRVD

VARIES MAX

TYPE 1 BARRICADE

— GALVANIZED

METAL TYPICAL

WHITE RETRO

REFLECTIVE TAPE

VARIES MAX

TYPE 2 BARRICADE

2"x10" TREATED

→ 4"x4" TREATED

LUMBER OR

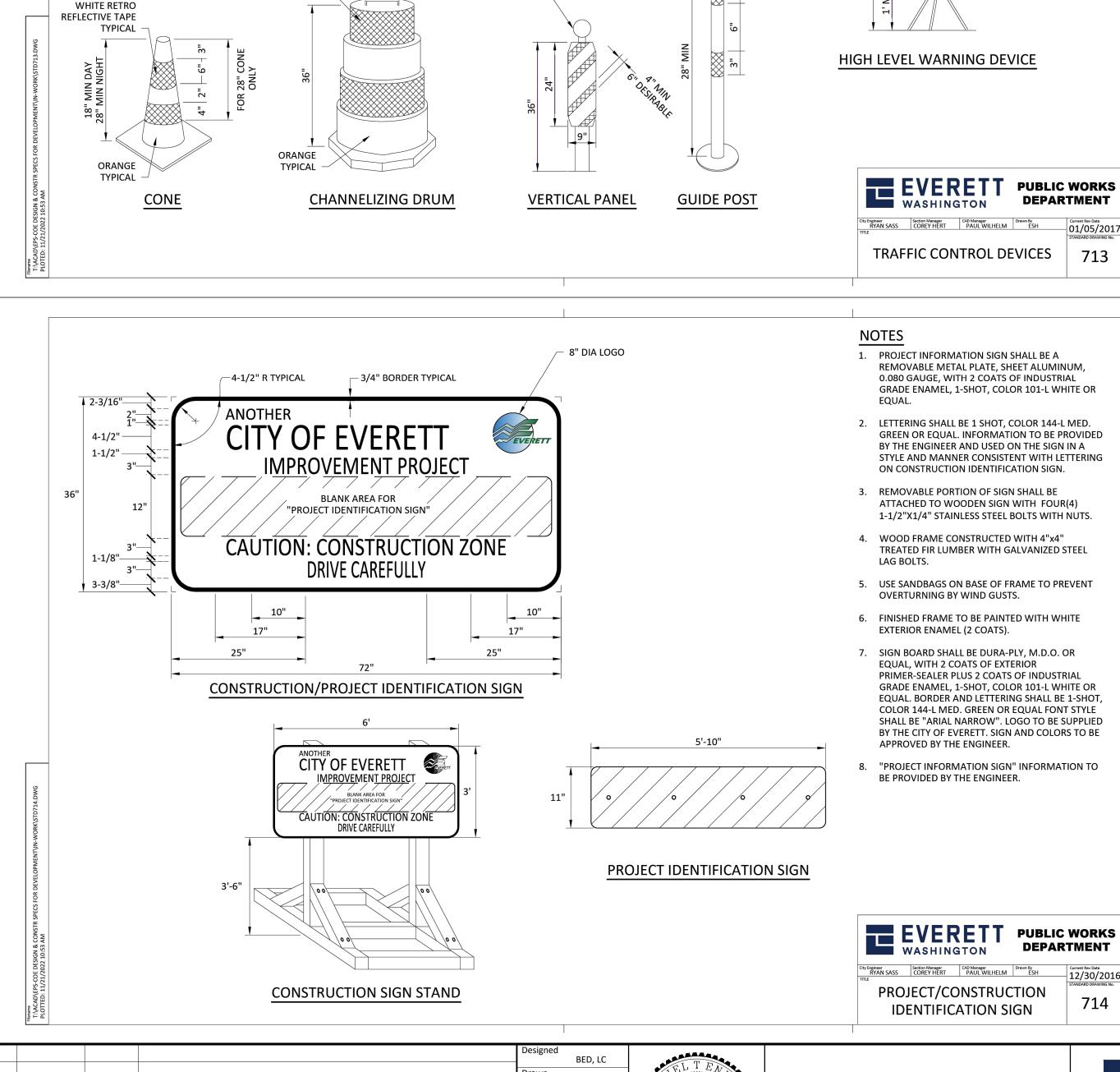
GALVANIZED

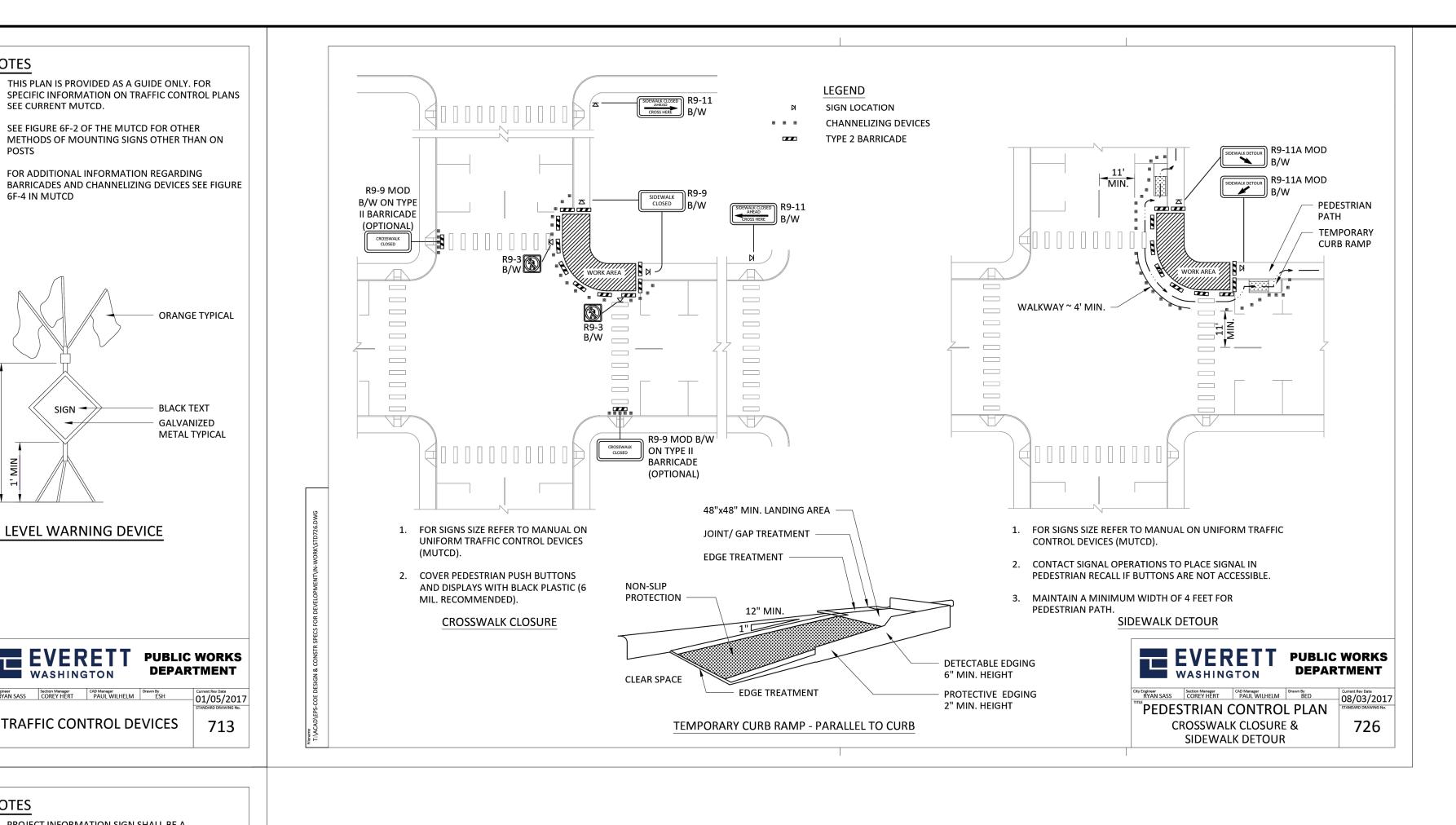
YELLOW FLASHER

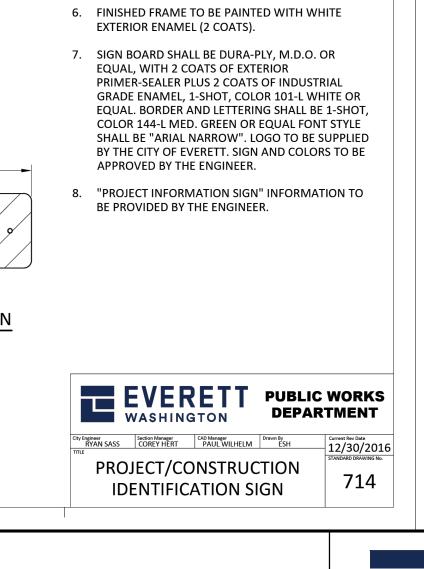
5" MIN DIA

(OPTIONAL)

LUMBER TYP







NOTES

4' MIN

TYPE 3 BARRICADE

→ 4"x4" TREATED

LUMBER OR GALVANIZED 1. THIS PLAN IS PROVIDED AS A GUIDE ONLY. FOR

2. SEE FIGURE 6F-2 OF THE MUTCD FOR OTHER

3. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION REGARDING

SIGN 🔫

BLACK TEXT

GALVANIZED

SEE CURRENT MUTCD.

6F-4 IN MUTCD



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FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR WORK ORDER 3785

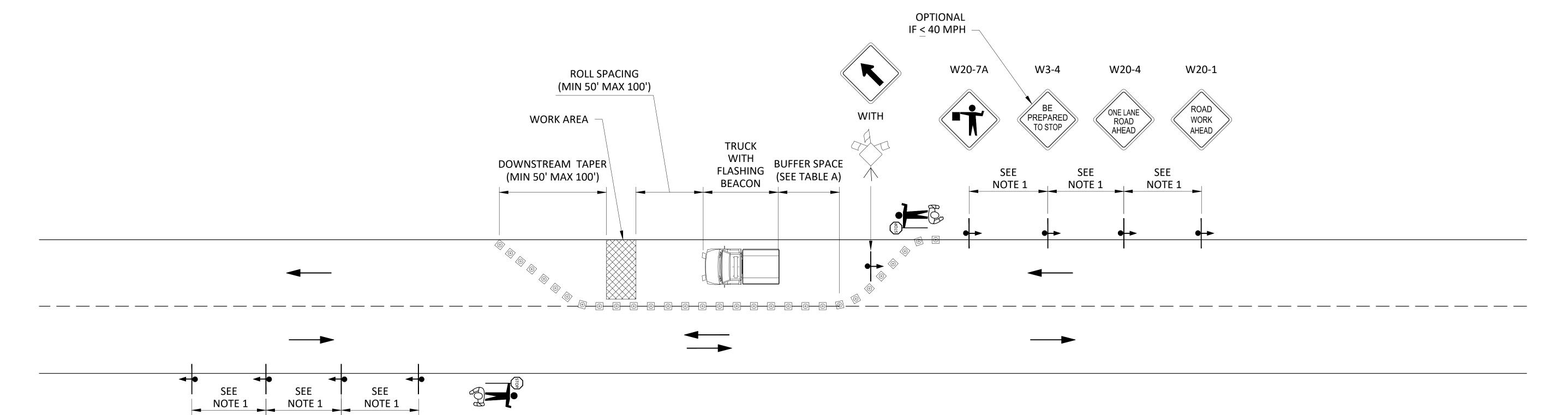
REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

STANDARD DETAILS 713-714 AND 726

TRAFFIC

Of Total

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 2 LANE ROADWAY: ONE LANE CLOSED WITH ALTERNATING ONEWAY TRAFFIC AND SPOTTERS



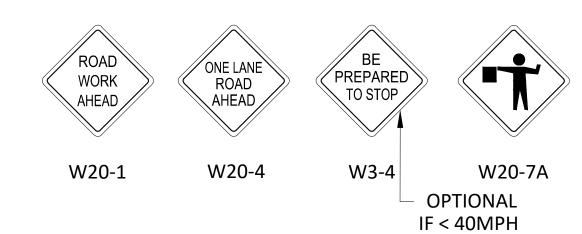


TABLE A							
SPEED (MPH)	CONE SF	BUFFER SPACING					
	TANGENT	(FT)					
25	25		55				
30	30		85				
35	35	20	120				
40	40		170				
45	45		220				

NOTES

- DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS SHALL BE 100' FOR RESIDENTIAL STREETS (25 MPH) AND 350' FOR ARTERIAL ROADWAYS.
- FLASHING BEACON INSTALLED AT EACH SIGN FOR NIGHT-TIME USE (OPTIONAL).
- 3. DISTANCES MAY VARY AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. SIGN SIZE PER MUTCD.
- 5. FULL ROAD CLOSURES ARE NOT ALLOWED.
- 6. THIS PLAN IS PROVIDED AS A GUIDE ONLY. FOR SPECIFIC INFORMATION ON TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS SEE CURRENT MUTCD.
- 7. THIS PLAN APPLIES TO THE FOLLOWING STREETS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS: FLEMING ST, 52ND ST SE, COLLEGE AVE, 47TH ST SE, 46TH ST SE, FEDERAL AVE, AND ELK HILL DR. THIS PLAN DOES NOT APPLY TO MADISON ST AND MUKILTEO BLVD.
- 8. REFER TO CITY OF EVERETT STANDARD DRAWING 701.

LEGEND

CONE OR CHANNELIZING DEVICE SEE STANDARD DRAWING 713.

										Designed	
										BE-D ₇ -LC	TI TEAL
										Drawn BED	OF WASH
										Checked	
										DTE	
NO.	DAT	ΓE A	PRVD	RE	EVISION					Design Review Level	
PLANS ISSUED FOR								Digitally signed by waniel Enviso, P.E.			
В	D	9-4-24	LC	CONST			RECORD				Date: 2024 08/30 15 16:07 07 00'
ACT	ΓΙΟΝ	DATE	APRVE	ACTION	DATE	APRVD	ACTION	DATE	APRVD		



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FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

WORK ORDER 3785

TRAFFIC

2 LANE ROADWAY CLOSURE

T8

20 21 Of Total

TRAFFIC CONTROL PLAN 2 LANE ROADWAY: PARTIAL LANE CLOSURE

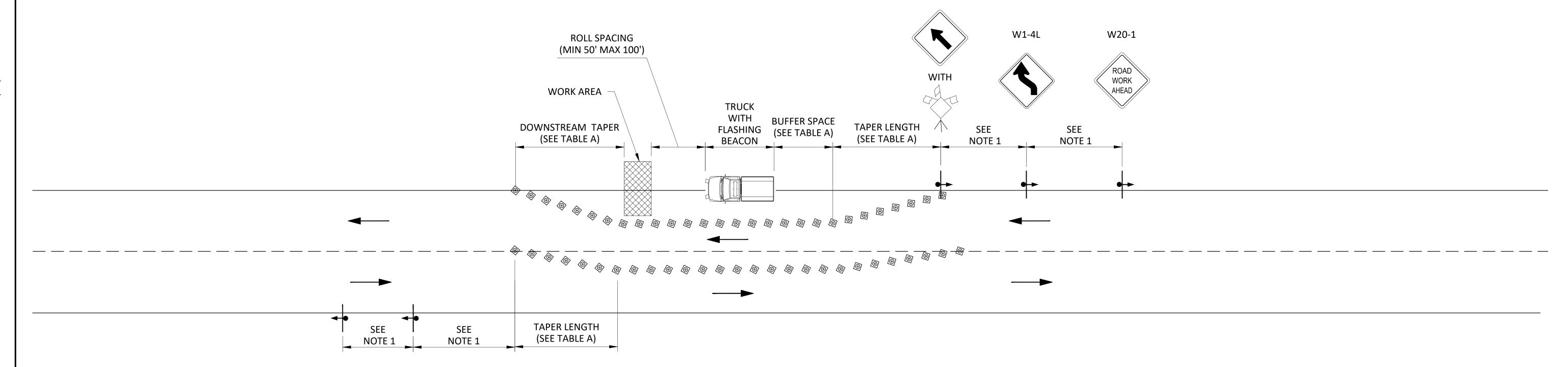


TABLE A							
SPEED (MPH)				BUFFER SPACING			
(1011 11)	5'	6'	TANGENT		(FT)		
25	26'	31'	25		55		
30	38'	45'	30		85		
35	51'	61'	35	20	120		
40	67'	80'	40		170		
45	113'	135'	45		220		

Design Review Level

ROAD NARROWS

ROAD WORK

NOTES

- 1. DISTANCE BETWEEN SIGNS SHALL BE 100' FOR RESIDENTIAL STREET (25 MPH) AND 350' FOR ARTERIAL ROADWAYS.
- NIGHT-TIME USE (OPTIONAL).
- 3. DISTANCES MAY VARY AS APPROVED BY THE ENGINEER.
- 4. SPOTTERS REQUIRED TO CONTROL TRAFFIC WHENEVER THE CONTRACTOR MUST INTERRUPT TRAFFIC FLOW TO ACCESS THE WORK SITE WITH MATERIALS OR EQUIPMENT (FLAGGING REQUIRES 3 OR 4 SIGN SETUP).
- 5. FOR ALTERNATE LANE SHIFT WIDTH REFER TO "MANUAL ON UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES" (MUTCD) TABLE 6C-2 PAGE 6C-10.
- 6. SIGN SIZE PER MUTCD.
- 7. ALL TRAFFIC CONTROL PLANS AND DEVICES MUST COMPLY WITH THE CURRENT VERSION OF THE MANUAL OF UNIFORM TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD).
- 8. THIS PLAN APPLIES TO THE FOLLOWING STREETS WITHIN THE PROJECT LIMITS: FLEMING ST, 52ND ST SE, COLLEGE AVE, 47TH ST SE, 46TH ST SE, FEDERAL AVE, AND ELK HILL DR. THIS PLAN DOES NOT APPLY TO MADISON ST AND MUKILTEO BLVD.
- 9. REFER TO CITY OF EVERETT STANDARD DRAWING 702.



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FULTON ST PED BIKE CORRIDOR

LEGEND

DRAWING 713.

© CONE OR CHANNELIZING DEVICE SEE STANDARD

WORK ORDER 3785

TRAFFIC

T9

21 Of Total

PARTIAL LANE CLOSURE

REGION - 10 | STATE - WA | FEDERAL AID# - TAP-0420(026)

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